
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1996

COMMISSION FILE NO. 1-10403

TEPPCO PARTNERS, L.P. (EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE (STATE OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION) 76-0291058 (I.R.S. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER)

2929 ALLEN PARKWAY
P.O. BOX 2521
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77252-2521
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES, INCLUDING ZIP CODE)

(713) 759-3636 (REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Item 1. Financial Statements

TEPPCO Partners, L.P.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands)

	September 30, 1996	December 31, 1995
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,027 25,737 14,290 20,073 4,105	\$ 39,663 18,587 20,031 22,911 3,145
Property, plant and equipment, at cost (Net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$144,644 and \$128,927)	545,082 13,013	533,470 16,672 10,553
Other assets	4,606 \$ 654,933 =======	4,883 \$ 669,915 =======
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CA	APITAL	
Current liabilities: Current maturities, First Mortgage Notes Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable, general partner Accrued interest Other accrued taxes Other	\$ 13,000 6,559 3,527 2,384 5,496 7,130	\$ 10,000 12,224 3,001 11,232 5,353 6,221
Total current liabilities	38,096	48,031
First Mortgage Notes	326,512 3,282 2,900	339,512 3,170 2,821
General partner's interest	4,267 279,876	3,561 272,820
Total partners' capital	284,143	276,381
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 654,933 =======	\$ 669,915 =======

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

TEPPCO PARTNERS, L.P.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER UNIT AMOUNTS)

	Three Months ended September 30, 1996		Nine Months ended September 30, 1996	Nine Months ended September 30, 1995	
Operating revenues:					
Transportation - Refined products	\$ 26,691	\$ 26,140	\$ 74,913	\$ 72,419	
Transportation - LPGs	14,759	11,350	54,342	44,424	
Gain on sale of inventory	44	44	3,616	4,099	
Mont Belvieu operations	2,741	3,651	8,359	10,074	
Other	5,293	5,105	16,093	14,919	
Total operating revenues	49,528	46,290	157,323	145,935	
Costs and expenses:					
Operating, general and administrative	24,340	26,008	70,610	68,022	
Depreciation and amortization	5,912	5,798	17,805	17,410	
Taxes - other than income taxes	1,827	776	6,426	5,696	
Total costs and expenses	32,079	32,582	94,841	91,128	
Operating income	17,449	13,708	62,482	54,807	
Interest expense, First Mortgage Notes	(8,685)	(8,930)	(26, 237)	(26,915)	
Interest costs capitalized	323	243	703	670	
Other income - net	1,410	1,446	4,290	4,266	
Income before minority interest .	10,497	6,467	41,238	32,828	
Minority interest	(105)	(66)	(416)	(332)	
Net income	\$ 10,392	\$ 6,401	\$ 40,822	\$ 32,496	
	=======	=======	=======	========	
Net income per Unit	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.43	\$ 2.64	\$ 2.16	
	=======	=======	=======	========	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

TEPPCO PARTNERS, L.P.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (IN THOUSANDS)

	Nine Months ended September 30, 1996	Nine Months ended September 30, 1995
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	\$ 40,822	\$ 32,496
Depreciation and amortization	17,805 5,741 2,838 (960) (12,935) 878	17,410 4,369 6,177 (3,058) (11,225) 1,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	54,189	47,169
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from investments	10,879 (14,436) 10,553	58,258 (57,873) 9,750 (10,168)
Net cash used in investing activities	(29, 424) (22, 428)	(19,469) (19,502)
Cash flows from financing activities: Principal payment, First Mortgage Notes	(10,000) (33,397)	(7,000) (29,532)
Net cash used in financing activities	(43,397)	(36,532)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,636)	(8,865)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	39,663	28,567
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 28,027 ========	\$ 19,702 =======
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS: Interest paid during the period (net of capitalized interest)	\$ 33,963 ======	\$ 34,812 =======

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

TEPPCO Partners, L.P. is a Delaware limited partnership which operates through TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership (collectively the "Partnership"), in which TEPPCO Partners, L.P. holds a 99% interest as the sole limited partner. Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company and Subsidiary Companies (the "Company"), a wholly owned subsidiary of PanEnergy Corp (PanEnergy), is the general partner of the Partnership and has agreed not to voluntarily withdraw as the general partner of the Partnership, subject to certain limited exceptions, prior to January 1, 2000.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, of a normal and recurring nature and necessary for a fair statement of the financial position of the Partnership as of September 30, 1996, and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 1996, are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for the full year 1996. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Partnership's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto presented in the TEPPCO Partners, L.P. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995. Certain amounts for the prior year period have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Net income per Unit is computed by dividing net income, after deduction of the general partner's interest, by the weighted average number of Units outstanding (a total of 14,500,000 Units as of September 30, 1996). The general partner's percentage interest in net income is based on its percentage of cash distributions from Available Cash for each period (see Note 6). The general partner was allocated 6.35% and 3.67% of net income for the nine months ended September 30, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

NOTE 2. ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

Effective January 1, 1996, the Partnership adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of," with no impact to the Partnership's consolidated financial statements. Assets are grouped and evaluated based on the ability to identify their respective cash flows.

In October 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." This standard addresses the timing and measurement of stock-based compensation expense. The Partnership has elected to retain the approach of Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," (the intrinsic value method) for recognizing stock-based expense in the consolidated financial statements. The Partnership will adopt SFAS 123 in 1996 with respect to the disclosure requirements set forth therein for companies retaining the intrinsic value approach of APB No. 25.

NOTE 3. INVESTMENTS

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

The Partnership routinely invests cash in liquid short-term investments as part of its cash management program. Investments with maturities at date of purchase of 90 days or less are considered cash and cash equivalents. At September 30, 1996, short-term investments included \$25.7 million of investment-grade medium-term corporate debt securities, which mature within one year. All short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates the aggregate fair value at September 30, 1996, and are classified as held-to-maturity securities.

TEPPCO Partners, L.P.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) (Unaudited)

LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 1996, the Partnership had \$13.0 million invested in investment-grade medium-term corporate debt securities, which have varying maturities from 1997 through 2001. These securities are classified as held-to-maturity securities and are stated at amortized cost. At September 30, 1996, the aggregate fair value and unrealized gain for these securities was \$13.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

NOTE 4. FIRST MORTGAGE NOTES

In connection with its formation, TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership issued 9.60% Series A First Mortgage Notes, due 2000, and 10.20% Series B First Mortgage Notes, due 2010 (collectively the "Notes"). The Notes, which are secured by a mortgage on substantially all property, plant and equipment of the Partnership, have mandatory annual prepayments at par through March 7, 2010. Interest is payable semiannually on each March 7 and September 7 until retirement of the Notes. On March 7, 1996, the Partnership paid \$10.0 million for current maturities due on the Notes. At September 30, 1996, the current maturities of the Notes were \$13.0 million, which is payable on March 7, 1997.

The agreements relating to the Notes contain certain covenant restrictions, including limitations on cash distributions and on the amount of future indebtedness, none of which is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Partnership's operations.

NOTE 5. INVENTORIES

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost (based on weighted average cost method) or market. The major components of inventories were as follows (in thousands):

September 30, 1996	December 31, 1995
Gasolines	\$ 4,582
Propane	6,624
Butanes	6,868
Fuel oils	[′] 548
Other products	1,440
Materials and supplies	2,849
Total	\$ 22,911
=====	=======

The costs of inventories were lower than market at September 30, 1996, and December 31, 1995.

NOTE 6. CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

The Partnership makes quarterly cash distributions of all of its Available Cash, generally defined as consolidated cash receipts less consolidated cash disbursements and cash reserves established by the general partner in its sole discretion or as required by the terms of the Notes.

On August 9, 1996, the Partnership paid the second quarter cash distribution of \$0.75 per Unit to Unitholders of record on July 31, 1996. Additionally, on October 17, 1996, the Partnership declared a cash distribution of \$0.75 per Unit for the quarter ended September 30, 1996. The third quarter distribution is payable on November 8, 1996, to Unitholders of record on October 31, 1996.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) (Unaudited)

The Company receives incremental incentive distributions of 15%, 25% and 50% on quarterly distributions of Available Cash that exceed \$0.55, \$0.65 and \$0.90 per Unit, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 1996 and 1995, incentive distributions paid to the Company totaled \$1.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

NOTE 7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) has approved a remedial investigation phase II sampling plan for the Partnership's Seymour, Indiana, terminal. The phase II sampling plan is part of the Agreed Order entered into between the Partnership and IDEM that will ultimately result in a remediation program for any on-site and off-site environmental problems attributable to the Partnership's operations at Seymour. In the opinion of the general partner, the completion of the remediation program to be proposed by the Partnership, if such program is approved by IDEM, will not have a material adverse impact on the Partnership.

The Partnership is involved in various other claims and legal proceedings incidental to its business. In the opinion of management, these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Partnership's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

The operations of the Partnership are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to protection of the environment. Although the Partnership believes the operations of the pipeline system are in general compliance with applicable environmental regulations, risks of significant costs and liabilities are inherent in pipeline operations, and there can be no assurance that significant costs and liabilities will not be incurred. Moreover, it is possible that other developments, such as increasingly strict environmental laws and regulations and enforcement policies thereunder, and claims for damages to property or persons resulting from the operations of the pipeline system, could result in substantial costs and liabilities to the Partnership. At September 30, 1996, the Partnership had \$2.7 million included in accrued liabilities for environmental remediation programs at certain facilities. The Partnership expects this amount will be paid during 1996 and 1997. The completion of these programs is not expected to have a future material adverse impact on the Partnership.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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The Partnership's operations consist of the transportation, storage and terminaling of refined petroleum products and liquefied petroleum gases (LPGs). Operations are somewhat seasonal with higher revenues generally realized during the first and fourth quarters of each year. Refined products volumes are generally higher during the second and third quarters because of greater demand for gasolines during the spring and summer driving seasons. LPGs volumes are generally higher from November through March due to higher demand in the Midwest and Northeast for propane, a major fuel for residential heating, and higher demand for butane, an additive for gasoline blending.

Net income for the quarter ended September 30, 1996 was \$10.4 million, compared with net income of \$6.4 million for the 1995 third quarter. Operating revenues increased \$3.2 million to \$49.5 million, compared with revenues of \$46.3 million during the third quarter of 1995. Costs and expenses decreased \$0.5 million as a result of lower operating, general and administrative expenses, which included a \$4.5 million charge during the 1995 third quarter for the settlement of certain litigation and remediation costs at the Partnership's Seymour, Indiana, terminal, partially offset by a \$1.1 million increase in taxes - other than income taxes, during the 1996 third quarter.

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 1996 increased \$8.3 million to \$40.8 million, compared with net income of \$32.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1995, due primarily to a \$11.4 million increase in operating revenues and a \$0.7 million decrease in interest expense, partially offset by a \$3.7 million increase in costs and expenses.

See volume and average tariff information below:

	QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		PERCENTAGE INCREASE	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		PERCENTAGE INCREASE
	1996	1995	(DECREASE)	1996	1995	(DECREASE)
VOLUMES DELIVERED (in thousands of barrels)						
Refined products	30,646	29,531	4%	87,187	82,328	6%
LPGs	8,712	6,779	29%		25, 893	11%
Mont Belvieu operations	5,778	8,511	(32%)	17,124	22,548	(24%)
Total	45,136 ======	44,821	1% ======	133,177	130,769	2% ======
AVERAGE TARIFF PER BARREL						
Refined products	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.89	(2%)	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.88	(2%)
LPGs	1.69	1.67	`1%´	1.88	1.72	`9%´
Mont Belvieu operations	0.14	0.15	(7%)	0.16	0.14	14%
Average system tariff per barrel	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.87	8%	\$ 0.99	\$ 0.92	8%

Refined products transportation revenues increased \$0.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 1996, compared with the prior-year quarter, as a result of higher deliveries of jet fuel, motor fuel, and distillates. The increase in jet fuel volumes delivered resulted from the completion of the pipeline connection to the United States Air Force Base at Little Rock, Arkansas, in June 1996 and higher demand from commercial airlines in the Midwest. Motor fuel and distillate deliveries increased from the prior year due to higher demand in the Central and Midwest market areas. These increases were partially offset by lower demand for methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) and gasoline blend stocks in the Chicago market area.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - (CONTINUED)

LPGs transportation revenues increased during the quarter ended September 30, 1996, compared with the third quarter of 1995, as a result of a \$4.5 million increase in propane revenue, partially offset by a \$1.1 million decrease in butane revenue. Lower inventory levels in the Northeast region, favorable price differentials and increased agricultural demand in the Midwest region and higher demand along the upper Texas Gulf Coast resulted in higher propane deliveries throughout the pipeline system. Butane deliveries decreased in the 1996 third quarter due to increased Canadian supply imported into the Midwest and the shut down of a refinery served by the pipeline system in the Northeast.

For the nine months ended September 30, 1996, refined products transportation revenues increased \$2.5 million, compared with the corresponding period in 1995, due to a 6% increase in volumes delivered, partially offset by a 2% decrease in average tariff per barrel. Increased motor fuel and distillate deliveries resulted from growing local economies in areas served by the Partnership. Jet fuel deliveries increased as a result of continued higher demand from commercial airlines, and the completion of the pipeline connection to the United States Air Force Base at Little Rock in 1996. These increases were partially offset by lower deliveries of reformulated gasoline, MTBE and gasoline blend stocks in the Midwest. The decrease in the average tariff per barrel was attributable to higher short-haul deliveries of MTBE at the Partnership's marine terminal near Beaumont, Texas.

LPGs transportation revenues increased \$9.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 1996, compared with the same period in 1995, as a result of a 11% increase in volumes delivered and a 9% increase in the LPGs average tariff per barrel. Volumes delivered increased due primarily to higher long-haul propane deliveries attributable to the colder winter in the upper Midwest and Northeast, lower inventory supplies and favorable price differentials. The increase in propane deliveries was partially offset by lower butane deliveries due to increased Canadian supply imported into the Midwest and the shutdown of a refinery in the Northeast. The 9% increase in the LPGs average tariff per barrel resulted from lower short-haul propane deliveries along the upper Texas Gulf Coast, coupled with an increase in long-haul propane deliveries.

Revenues generated from Mont Belvieu operations decreased during both the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 1996, compared with the corresponding periods in 1995, due primarily to lower storage revenues and lower terminaling fees on butane received into the system. Lower inventory levels along the upper Texas Gulf Coast resulted in decreased demand for Mont Belvieu operations shuttle deliveries. Higher contract deliveries, which generally carry lower tariffs, resulted in the lower average tariff per barrel of shuttle deliveries during the third quarter of 1996.

Gains on the sale of inventory decreased \$0.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 1996, compared with the same period during 1995, as a result of lower volumes of product sold during the first six months of 1996.

Other operating revenues increased \$1.2 million during the first nine months of 1996, compared to the same period in 1995, due to increased propane imports at the Providence, Rhode Island, marine terminal attributable to colder winter weather in the Northeast and increased refined products terminaling revenues. These increases were partially offset by lower butane storage revenue in the Midwest and lower barge receipts at the Partnership's marine terminal near Beaumont, Texas.

Costs and expenses decreased \$0.5 million during the third quarter of 1996, compared with the prior year quarter, due primarily to a \$1.7 million decrease in operating, general and administrative expenses, partially offset by a \$1.1 million increase in taxes - other than income taxes. The decrease in operating, general and administrative expenses reflects the \$4.5 million charge during the 1995 third quarter related to the settlement of certain environmental remediation costs at the Partnership's Seymour, Indiana, terminal. The decrease resulting from the 1995 special

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - (CONTINUED)

charge was offset by higher throughput-related power costs, increased contract labor used for system maintenance and increased benefits and labor costs in 1996. The increase in other taxes was primarily attributable to a \$0.9 million adjustment recorded during the 1995 third quarter related to the reclassification of the Partnership as a non-utility for Ohio property taxes.

Costs and expenses increased \$3.7 million during the nine month period ended September 30, 1996, compared with the corresponding period in 1995, due to a \$2.6 million increase in operating, general and administrative expenses, a \$0.7 million increase in taxes - other than income taxes, and a \$0.4 million increase in charges for depreciation and amortization. The increase in operating, general and administrative expenses was primarily due to a \$1.9 million increase in power costs due to higher mainline transportation volumes, increased system maintenance and increased labor and benefits costs, partially offset by the \$4.5 million special charge recorded in 1995. Other taxes increased as a result of the adjustment recorded in 1995 related to the filing status change for Ohio. Increased depreciation and amortization charges reflects an increased property base resulting from higher capital expenditures.

Interest expense decreased during both the quarter and nine-month periods in 1996, compared with the same periods in 1995, due to principal payments on the First Mortgage Notes of \$7.0 million and \$10.0 million in March 1995 and 1996, respectively.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

Net cash from operations increased \$7.0 million to \$54.2 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 1996, compared with \$47.2 million for the corresponding period in 1995. The increase was attributable to an \$8.7 million increase in income before charges for depreciation and amortization during the 1996 period, which was partially offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in other working capital changes. Net cash from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 1996 and 1995 reflect semi-annual interest payments related to the Notes of \$34.7 million and \$35.5 million, respectively.

Cash flows used in investing activities during the first nine months of 1996 included additional investments of \$14.4 million, partially offset by matured investments of \$10.9 million. Cash flows used in investing activities during the first nine months of 1995 included additional investments of \$57.9 million, offset by \$58.3 million of matured investments. Interest income earned on all investments is included in cash from operations.

During the first quarter of 1995, the Partnership received \$9.8 million in insurance proceeds related to the failure of a LPGs storage cavern in Ohio during April 1993. Pursuant to the agreements relating to the Notes, these proceeds were placed in a trust account and were invested in discounted commercial paper. The proceeds and interest income were released by the trustee during August 1996 after storage and capacity modifications were completed along the pipeline system to replace the reduced storage capacity of the failed storage cavern in Ohio.

Capital expenditures totaled \$29.4 million during the nine-month period ended September 30, 1996, compared with capital expenditures of \$19.5 million for the same period in 1995. The increase in capital expenditures during 1996 reflects higher spending for system expansion projects including the completion of facilities to deliver jet fuel to the United States Air Force Base at Little Rock, Arkansas, and projects to expand the capacity to receive additional product from a refinery near Shreveport, Louisiana, and to increase the mainline capacity by 50,000 barrels per day to serve the Midwest market area. Capital expenditures for the full year of 1996 are expected to total approximately \$50.0 million (including capitalized interest of \$0.9 million). Approximately \$16.0 million of fourth quarter 1996 expenditures will be used for the above expansion projects, with the remaining amount used for other revenue-generating and system integrity projects. The Partnership revises capital spending periodically

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY - (CONTINUED)

in response to changes in cash flows and operations.

The Partnership paid cash distributions of \$33.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 1996. Additionally, on October 17, 1996, the Partnership declared a cash distribution of \$0.75 per Unit for the three months ended September 30, 1996. The third quarter cash distribution is payable on November 8, 1996 to Unitholders of record on October 31, 1996.

The Notes, which are secured by a mortgage on substantially all property, plant and equipment of the Partnership, require annual principal payments through March 2010. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 7 and September 7. Cash and cash equivalents were reduced by the \$10.0 million principal payment related to the Notes on March 7, 1996. At September 30, 1996, the current maturities of the Notes were \$13.0 million. The note agreement relating to the Notes limits the amount of cash distributions that can be made by TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership to TEPPCO Partners, L.P. Such restriction is not anticipated to preclude the Partnership from making quarterly distributions to Unitholders of at least \$0.75 per Unit during the remainder of 1996.

OTHER MATTERS

The operations of the Partnership are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to protection of the environment. Although the Partnership believes the operations of the pipeline system are in general compliance with applicable environmental regulations, risks of significant costs and liabilities are inherent in pipeline operations, and there can be no assurance that significant costs and liabilities will not be incurred. Moreover, it is possible that other developments, such as increasingly strict environmental laws and regulations and enforcement policies thereunder, and claims for damages to property or persons resulting from the operations of the pipeline system could result in substantial costs and liabilities to the Partnership.

The IDEM has approved a remedial investigation phase II sampling plan for the Partnership's Seymour, Indiana, terminal. The phase II sampling plan is part of the Agreed Order entered into between the Partnership and IDEM that will ultimately result in a remediation program for any on-site and off-site environmental problems attributable to the Partnership's operations at Seymour. In the opinion of the general partner, the completion of the remediation program to be proposed by the Partnership, if such program is approved by IDEM, will not have a material adverse impact on the Partnership.

Effective January 1, 1996, the Partnership adopted SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of," with no impact to the Partnership's consolidated financial statements. Assets are grouped and evaluated based on the ability to identify their respective cash flows.

In October 1995, the FASB issued SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." This standard addresses the timing and measurement of stock-based compensation expense. The Partnership has elected to retain the approach of APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," (the intrinsic value method) for recognizing stock-based expense in the consolidated financial statements. The Partnership will adopt SFAS 123 in 1996 with respect to the disclosure requirements set forth therein for companies retaining the intrinsic value approach of APB No. 25.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit

Number Description

27 Financial Data Schedule as of and for the nine

months ended September 30, 1996.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K: None

Items 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Part II were not applicable and have been omitted.

SIGNATURE

PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, THE REGISTRANT HAS DULY CAUSED THIS REPORT TO BE SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY THE UNDERSIGNED DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER.

TEPPCO Partners, L.P. (Registrant)

By: Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company General Partner

CHARLES H. LEONARD

Charles H. Leonard Sr. Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: November 6, 1996

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number

Description

27

Financial Data Schedule as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 1996.

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9-MOS
       DEC-31-1996
          JAN-01-1996
            SEP-30-1996
                28,027
25,737
14,200
                14,290
                   0
                 20,073
             689,726
144,644
654,933
             92,232
        38,096
                     326,512
             0
                           0
                   284,143
654,933
            157,323
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0
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           26,237
41,238
          40,822
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                   0
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2.64
2.64
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