UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 3

то

Form S-1 **REGISTRATION STATEMENT** UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

(Exact Name of Regist as Specified in Its Charter)

> 4922 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

20-5639997 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

> 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 (713) 381-6500

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Richard H. Bachmann

1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002

(713) 381-6500 and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service) (Name, Address, Including Zip Code,

Copies to:

Robert V. Jewell David C. Buck Andrews Kurth LLP 600 Travis, Suite 4200 Houston, Texas 77002 (713) 220-4200

Joshua Davidson Sean T. Wheeler Baker Botts L. L. P. One Shell Plaza, 910 Louisiana Houston, Texas 77002 (713) 229-1234

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. o If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated January 22, 2007

PROSPECTUS



Duncan Energy Partners L.P. is a limited partnership recently formed by Enterprise Products Partners L.P. This is the initial public offering of our common units. We currently estimate that the initial public offering price will be between \$19.00 and \$21.00 per common unit. Before this offering, there has been no public market for our common units. Our common units have been approved for listing, subject to official notice of issuance, on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "DEP."

Investing in our common units involves risks. Please read "Risk Factors" beginning on page 21.

These risks include the following:

- We may not have sufficient cash from operations to enable us to pay distributions on our common units.
- Changes in demand for and production of hydrocarbon products may materially adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.
- We depend on Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and certain other key customers for a significant portion of our revenues. The loss of any of these key customers could result in a decline in our
 revenues and cash from operations available to pay distributions to our unitholders.
- Our general partner and its affiliates, including Enterprise Products Partners L.P., will have conflicts of interest and limited fiduciary duties, which may permit them to favor their own interests to your detriment.
- Affiliates of our general partner, including Enterprise Products Partners L.P., Enterprise GP Holdings L.P. and TEPPCO Partners L.P., may compete with us and be entitled to pursue certain business opportunities before us. This arrangement may limit our ability to grow.
- Our general partner has a limited call right that may require you to sell your common units at an undesirable time or price.
- Unitholders have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors.
- You will experience immediate and substantial dilution of \$5.64 per unit in the net tangible book value of your common units.
- · You may be required to pay taxes on income from us even if you do not receive any cash distributions from us.

	Per Comn	non Unit Total
Initial public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$	\$

(1) Excludes a fee payable to Lehman Brothers of \$1,000,000 in consideration of advice rendered by Lehman Brothers regarding the structure of this offering and our partnership.

We have granted the underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to an additional 1,950,000 common units on the same terms and conditions as set forth above if the underwriters sell more than 13,000,000 common units in this offering.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Lehman Brothers, on behalf of the underwriters, expects to deliver the common units on or about , 2007.

LEHMAN BROTHERS CITIGROUP

MORGAN STANLEY

, 2007

UBS INVESTMENT BANK Goldman, Sachs & Co. Wachovia Securities





SUMMARY	1
Duncan Energy Partners L.P.	1
The Offering	5
Summary of Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties	8
Summary of Certain Risk Factors	11
Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data	13
RISK FACTORS	21
Risks Inherent in Our Business	21
Risks Inherent in an Investment in Us	33
Tax Risks	40
USE OF PROCEEDS	42
CAPITALIZATION	43
DILUTION	44
CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS	46
<u>General</u>	46
Our Initial Distribution Rate	48
Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash	50
Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions	53
Assumptions and Considerations	55
HOW WE MAKE CASH DISTRIBUTIONS	59
Distributions of Available Cash	59
Distributions of Cash upon Liquidation	59
SELECTED HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA	60
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	66
<u>Overview</u>	66
Our Operations	67
How We Evaluate Our Operations	69
Natural Gas Supply and Outlook	71
Factors Affecting Comparability of Future Results	71
Results of Operations	73
Liquidity and Capital Resources	77
Contractual Obligations	81
Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements	83
Inflation	83
<u>Seasonality</u>	83
Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates	84
Recent Accounting Developments	86
Related Party Transactions	88
<u>Other Items</u>	89
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	89

BUSINESS
<u>Our Partnership</u>
Our Relationship with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners
Our Business Strategy
Our Competitive Strengths
Industry Overview
NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services Segment
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services Segment
Petrochemical Pipeline Services Segment
NGL Pipeline Services Segment
Supplies
Employees
Environmental Matters
Regulation of Operations
Title to Properties
Legal Proceedings
MANAGEMENT
General
Governance Matters
Directors and Executive Officers
Executive Compensation
Compensation of Directors of DEP Holdings
SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT
CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
Our Relationship with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners
Related Party Transactions with Enterprise Products Partners
Relationships with TEPPCO Partners
Relationships with Unconsolidated Affiliate
Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement
Commuses Agreement
Ontinuos Agreement Mont Belvieu Caverns Limited Liability Company Agreement
Administrative Services Agreement
CONFLICTS OF INTEREST, BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY AGREEMENTS AND FIDUCIARY DUTIES
Conflicts of Interest and Business Opportunity Agreements
Fiduciary Duties
DESCRIPTION OF OUR COMMON UNITS
Transfer Agent and Registrar
Transfer of Units
LIABLE COMES DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF OUR PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT
Organization and Duration
Purpose
Power of Attorney
Cash Distributions
Casil Distributions

Table of Contents

<u>ontents</u>	
Limited Liability	138
<u>Voting Rights</u>	138
Issuance of Additional Securities	139
Amendments to Our Partnership Agreement	140
Merger, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets	142
Termination or Dissolution	142
Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds	143
Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner	143
Transfer of General Partner Interest	144
Transfer of Ownership Interests in Our General Partner	144
Change of Management Provisions	144
Limited Call Right	145
Meetings: Voting	145
Status as Limited Partner	146
Non-Citizen Assignees; Redemption	146
Indemnification	146
Resolution of Conflicts of Interest	147
Reimbursement of Expenses	147
Books and Reports	148
Right to Inspect Our Books and Records	148
Registration Rights	148
COMMON UNITS ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE	149
MATERIAL TAX CONSEQUENCES	150
Partnership Status	150
Limited Partner Status	151
Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership	152
Tax Treatment of Operations	156
Disposition of Common Units	157
Uniformity of Units	159
Tax-Exempt Organizations and Other Investors	160
Administrative Matters	160
State, Local and Other Tax Considerations	162
SELLING UNTIPOLDER	164
UNDERWEITING	165
VALIDITY OF THE COMMON UNITS	170
EXPERTS	170
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	170
EORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	171
INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	F-1
APPENDIX A — FORM OF FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. APPENDIX B — GLOSSARY OF TERMS	A-1 B-1
APPENDIX B — GLOSSARY OF TERMS Form of Underwriting Agreement	B-1
<u>Amended Limited Liability Company Agreement</u>	
Amended Findinger Fadaria Company Agreement	
Opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP	
Form of Contribution, <u>Conveyance and Assumption Agreement</u>	
Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement	
Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement	
Form of Amended Limited Liability Company Agreement	
Form of Amended Limited Liability Company Agreement	
Form of Fourth Amended Administrative Services Agreement	
Form of Omnibus Agreement	
List of Subsidiaries	
Consent of Deloitie & Touche LLP	

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with

iii

different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since that date.

Until , 2007 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that buy, sell or trade our common units, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the historical and pro forma financial statements and the notes to those financial statements. You should read "Risk Factors" for important information about risks that you should consider before buying our common units. The information presented in this prospectus assumes an initial public offering price per unit of \$20.00 and that the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units is not exercised, unless otherwise noted.

All references in this prospectus to "we," "us," "Duncan Energy Partners," the "Partnership" and "our" refer to Duncan Energy Partners L.P. and its subsidiaries. All references in this prospectus to "we," "us," "our" or the "Company," when used in a historical context, are intended to mean and include the combined business and operations of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor reflects ownership of 100% of the assets being contributed, but we will own only a 66% interest in these assets after their contribution in connection with this offering. For all references in this prospectus to the terms "our general partner," "DEP Holdings," "Enterprise Products OLP," "Enterprise GP Holdings," "EPE Holdings," "EPCO," "Mont Belvieu Caverns," "Acadian Gas," "Sabine Propylene," "Lou-Tex Propylene," "South Texas NGL," "TEPPCO Partners," "TEPPCO GP" and "Evangeline," please read Appendix B — Glossary of Terms. Please also read Appendix B — Glossary of Terms for a glossary of industry terms used in this prospectus.

Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by Enterprise Products Partners in September 2006 to own, operate and acquire a diversified portfolio of midstream energy assets. We are engaged in the business of gathering, transporting, marketing and storing natural gas and transporting and storing natural gas liquids, or NGLs, and petrochemicals. Our assets were previously owned by Enterprise Products Partners and are part of its integrated midstream energy asset network, or "value chain," which includes natural gas gathering, processing, transportation and storing natural gas; NGL fractionation (or separation), transportation, storage and import and export terminaling; crude oil transportation; and offshore products partners sin the subsidiaries that hold our operating assets, and affiliates of Enterprise Products Partners will continue to own the remaining 34%. We believe our relationship with Enterprise Products Partners will enable us to maintain stable cash flows and optimize our scale, strategic location and pipeline connections.

Our operations are organized into the following four business segments:

- NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services. Our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment consists of 33 salt dome caverns located in Mont Belvieu, Texas, with an underground
 storage capacity of approximately 100 MMBbls, and certain related assets. These assets receive, store and deliver NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located
 along the upper Texas Gulf Coast, which has the largest concentration of petrochemical plants and refineries in the United States.
- Natural Gas Pipelines & Services. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment consists of the Acadian Gas system, which is an onshore natural gas pipeline system that gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana. The Acadian Gas system links natural gas supplies from onshore and offshore Gulf of Mexico developments (including offshore pipelines, continental shelf and deepwater production) with local gas distribution companies, electric generation plants and industrial customers, including those in the Baton Rouge-New Orleans-Mississippi River corridor. In the aggregate, the Acadian Gas system includes over 1,000 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and lateral and gathering lines with an aggregate throughput capacity of approximately one Bct/d and a leased storage facility with approximately three Bcf of storage capacity.
- Petrochemical Pipeline Services. Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems with an aggregate of 284 miles of pipeline. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline system consists of a 263-mile pipeline used to transport chemical-grade propylene between

Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas. The Sabine Propylene pipeline system consists of a 21-mile pipeline used to transport polymer-grade propylene from Port Arthur, Texas to a pipeline interconnect in Cameron Parish, Louisiana on a transport-or-pay basis.

NGL Pipeline Services. Our NGL Pipeline Services segment consists of a 290-mile pipeline system used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located
in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas and related interconnections. We acquired a 223-mile segment of the system in August 2006, and we are in the process of acquiring and
constructing other segments of the pipeline. The system operational and began transporting NGLs in January 2007 after undergoing modifications, extensions and
interconnections. Additional expansions are scheduled to be completed during the remainder of 2007.

Our Relationship With Enterprise Products Partners

Enterprise Products Partners is a North American midstream energy company that provides a wide range of services to producers and consumers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil. Enterprise Products Partners' value chain is an integrated midstream energy asset network that links producers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil from some of the largest supply basins in the United States, Canada and the Gulf of Mexico with domestic consumers and international markets. For the year ended December 31, 2005, Enterprise Products Partners had revenues of \$12.3 billion, operating income of \$663 million and net income of \$420 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, Enterprise Products Partners had revenues of \$10.6 billion, operating income of \$653.7 million and net income of \$468.4 million. After giving effect to this offering, we will continue to have a number of commercial relationships, including transportation and storage agreements, with Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates. In addition, in the event we propose to sell any equity interests in our operating subsidiaries or material assets of those entities, other than sales of inventory and other assets in the ordinary course of business, Enterprise Products OLP will have a right of first refusal to purchase those interests or assets.

We believe our relationship with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners will provide us access to an experienced management team and commercial relationships throughout the energy industry. However, this relationship is also a source of potential conflicts. For example, Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and their affiliates are not restricted from competing with us and may generally acquire, construct or dispose of midstream or other assets in the future without any obligation to offer us the opportunity to purchase or construct those assets or participate in these activities. Please read "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties" and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" for more information on these commercial and other relationships.

Formation Transactions

At the closing of this offering, the following transactions will occur:

- Enterprise Products OLP will contribute to us 66% of the equity interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Sabine Propylene, Lou-Tex Propylene and South Texas NGL;
- We will issue to Enterprise Products OLP 7,301,571 common units representing an approximate 35.2% limited partner interest in us (or an approximate 25.8% limited partner interest if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units), and we will issue a 2% general partner interest to our general partner, DEP Holdings, LLC;
- We will borrow approximately \$200 million under our new credit agreement, which will be used to fund a portion of our payment to Enterprise Products Partners in connection with the transactions described above;
- We will sell 13,000,000 common units to the public in this offering representing an approximate 62.8% limited partner interest in us (or an approximate 72.2% limited partner interest if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units), and will use the net proceeds from this offering as described under "Use of Proceeds;"



- We will become party to an existing administrative services agreement among EPCO and certain of its affiliates;
- We will enter into various new transportation, storage and operating agreements with Enterprise Products OLP and its affiliates; and
- We will enter into an omnibus agreement with Enterprise Products OLP, pursuant to which Enterprise Products OLP will agree to (i) indemnify us for certain environmental liabilities, tax liabilities and title and right-of-way defects occurring or existing before the closing and (ii) reimburse us for our 66% share of excess construction costs, if any, above our current estimated cost to complete planned expansions on the South Texas NGL pipeline and Mont Belvieu Caverns brine-related facilities. In addition, we will grant Enterprise Products OLP a right of first refusal on the equity interests in certain of our operating subsidiaries and on the material assets of these entities, other than sales of inventory and other assets in the ordinary course of business, and a preemptive right with respect to equity securities issued by certain of our subsidiaries, other than as consideration in an acquisition or in connection with a loan or debt financing.

Management and Ownership

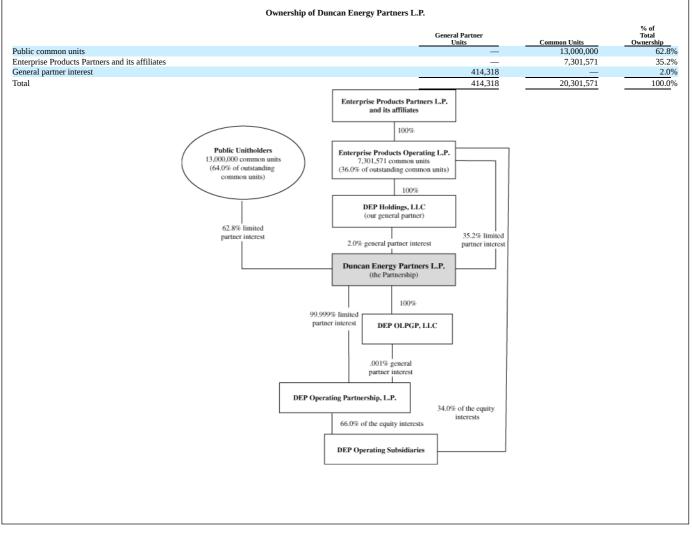
As is common with publicly traded limited partnerships and in order to maximize operational flexibility, we will conduct our operations through subsidiaries.

Our general partner will manage our operations and activities. Some of the executive officers and non-independent directors of our general partner also serve as executive officers or directors of Enterprise Products GP, EPE Holdings and TEPPCO GP. Please read "Management." Our general partner will not receive any management fee or other compensation in connection with its management of our business but will be entitled to be reimbursed for all direct and indirect expenses incurred on our behalf. Neither our general partner nor the board of directors of our general partner will be elected by our unitholders. Unlike shareholders in a corporation, our unitholders will not elect or remove the board of directors of our general partner.

Our principal executive offices are located at 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002, and our telephone number is (713) 381-6500. Our website is located at http://www.deplp.com. Information on our website or any other website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and does not constitute a part of this prospectus.

Our Structure

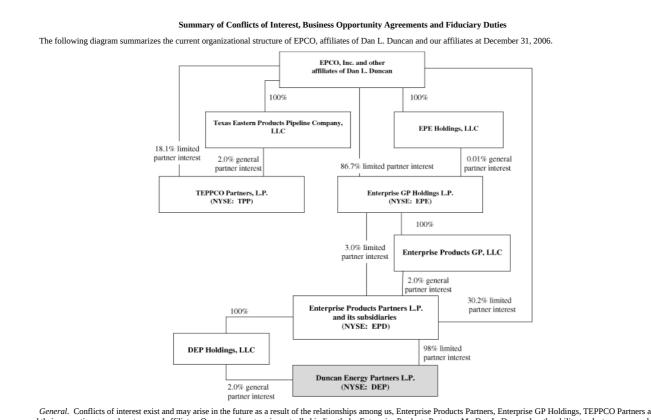
The following diagram depicts our organizational structure after giving effect to this offering and the related transactions assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units.



	The Offering
Common units offered	13,000,000 common units.
Common units subject to the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units	If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional units in full, we will issue 1,950,000 additional common units to the public and redeem 1,950,000 common units from Enterprise Products OLP, who may be deemed to be a selling unitholder in this offering. Please read "Selling Unitholder."
Common units outstanding after this offering	20,301,571 common units.
Use of proceeds	We will use the net proceeds from this offering of approximately \$243.4 million (based on an assumed offering price of \$20.00 per unit), after deducting the underwriting discount and a \$1.0 million structuring fee, but before estimated expenses associated with the offering and related formation transactions, to:
	 distribute approximately \$212.3 million to Enterprise Products OLP as a portion of the cash consideration and reimbursement for capital expenditures relating to the assets contributed to us;
	 provide approximately \$28.2 million to fund our share of estimated capital expenditures to complete planned expansion to the South Texas NGL pipeline system and brine production and above-ground storage projects at Mont Belvieu subsequent to the closing of this offering; and
	 pay approximately \$2.9 million of other estimated net expenses associated with this offering and related formation transactions described on page 2.
	In addition, we will borrow approximately \$200 million under our new \$300 million credit agreement, and we will distribute \$198.9 million of these borrowings to Enterprise Products OLP in partial consideration for the assets contribut to us upon the closing of this offering.
	If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units, we will use all of the net proceeds from th sale of those common units to redeem an equal number of common units from Enterprise Products OLP. For the resulting beneficial ownership, read "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."
Cash distributions	We will make initial quarterly distributions of \$0.40 per common unit to the extent we have sufficient cash from operations after establishment of cash reserves and payment of fees and expenses, including reimbursement of expenses our general partner. Our ability to pay cash distributions at this initial distribution rate is subject to various restrictions ar other factors described in more detail under the caption "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions." We must distribute all of our cash on hand at the end of each quarter, less reserves established by our general partner.

We refer to this cash as "available cash," and we define its meaning in our partnership agreement as summarized in "How We Make Cash Distributions — Distributions of Available Cash — Definition of Available Cash." The amount of variable cash may be greater than or less than the aggregate amount associated with payment of the expected initial quarterly distribution on all common units. In general, we will pay 98% of any cash distributions we make each quarter to our unitholders and the remaining 2% to our general partner. Unlike many publicly traded limited partnerships, our general partner is not entitled to any incentive distributions and we do not have any subordinated units. We believe that, based on the assumptions and considerations described in "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions — Assumptions and Considerations," we will have sufficient available cash to pay the full initial quarterly distribution on all our common units and our general partner interest for each quarter during the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. We estimate that our pro forma available cash for the year ended December 31, 2005 would have been sufficient to pay only 30% of the initial quarterly distributions on our common units and our general partner interest during that period. We estimate that our pro forma available cash for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006 would not have been sufficient to pay any distributions on our common units and our general partner interest. We will pay investors in this offering a prorated distribution for the first quarter during which we are a publicly traded partnership. This distribution will be paid for the period beginning on the first day our common units are publicly traded and ending on the last day of that fiscal quarter. Therefore, we will pay investors in this offering a distribution for the period from the closing date of this offering to and including March 31, 2007. We expect to pay this cash distribution on or about May 15, 2007. If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own 80% or more of our outstanding common units, our general partner has the right, but not the obligation, to purchase all of the remaining common units at a price not less than the then-current Limited call right market price of the common units. Issuance of additional units We can issue an unlimited number of units without the consent of our unitholders. Please read "Common Units Eligible For Future Sale" and "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement --- Issuance of Additional Securities.' Limited voting rights Our general partner will manage all of our operations. Unlike the holders of common stock of a corporation, you will have only limited voting rights on matters affecting our business and you will have no right to elect our general partner or its officers or directors. Our general partner may not be removed except by a vote of the holders of at least 66²/₃% of the outstanding common units, including common units owned by our general partner and its affiliates. Upon completion of this offering, affiliates of our

	general partner will own approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units if the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units is exercised in full). Please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner."
Estimated ratio of taxable income to distributions	We estimate that if you own the common units you purchase in this offering through the record date for distributions for the period ending December 31, 2009, you will be allocated, on a cumulative basis, an amount of federal taxable income for that period that will be less than 20% of the cash distributed with respect to that period. For example, if you receive an annual distribution of \$1.60 per common unit, we estimate that your average allocated federal taxable income per year will be no more than \$0.32 per common unit. Please read "Material Tax Consequences" in this prospectus for the basis of this estimate.
Material tax consequences	For a discussion of other material federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to prospective unitholders who are individual citizens or residents of the United States, please read "Material Tax Consequences."
Exchange listing	Our common units have been approved for listing, subject to official notice of issuance, on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "DEP."



General. Conflicts of interest exist and may arise in the future as a result of the relationships among us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and our and their respective general partners and affiliates. Our general partner is controlled indirectly by Enterprise Products Partners. Mr. Dan L. Duncan has the ability to elect, remove and replace the directors and officers of our general partner and the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners. The assets of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and us overlap in certain areas, which may result in various conflicts of interest in the future.

The directors and officers of our general partner have fiduciary duties to manage our business in a manner beneficial to us and our partners. Some of the executive officers and nonindependent directors of our general partner also serve as executive officers or directors of Enterprise Products GP, EPE Holdings and TEPPCO GP. As a result, they have fiduciary duties to manage the business of each of those entities in a manner beneficial to such entities and their respective partners. Consequently, these directors and officers may

encounter situations in which their fiduciary obligations to Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings or TEPPCO Partners, on the one hand, and us, on the other hand, are in conflict. For a more detailed description of the conflicts of interest involving our general partner, please read "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties."

It is not possible to predict the nature or extent of these potential future conflicts of interest at this time, nor is it possible to determine how we will address and resolve any such future conflicts of interest. However, the resolution of these conflicts may not always be in our best interest or that of our unitholders.

Business Opportunity Agreements under our Administrative Services Agreement. At or prior to the closing of this offering, we and our general partner will become party to an existing administrative services agreement with EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, TEPPCO Partners and its general partner, and certain affiliated entities. The administrative services agreement will address potential conflicts that may arise among us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, TEPPCO Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, TEPPCO Partners and its general partner, and the EPCO Group, which includes EPCO and its affiliates but does not include the aforementioned entities and their controlled affiliates.

The administrative services agreement will provide, among other things, that:

- if a business opportunity to acquire certain equity securities (which we define to include general partner interests in publicly traded partnerships and similar interests and any
 associated incentive distribution rights, limited partner interests or similar interests owned by the owner of such general partner interest or its affiliates), is presented to the EPCO
 Group, us, and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, or Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings will have the first
 right to pursue the acquisition. In the event that Enterprise GP Holdings abandons the acquisition, Enterprise Products Partners will have the second right to pursue such acquisition to
 us, we may pursue such acquisition. In the event that Enterprise Products Partners abandons the acquisition for itself and for us, the EPCO Group may pursue the acquisition without
 any further obligation to any other party or offer such opportunity to other affiliates; and
- if any business opportunity not covered by the preceding bullet point is presented to the EPCO Group, us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise Products Partners will have the first right to pursue such opportunity either for itself or, if desired by Enterprise Products Partners in its sole discretion, for our benefit. In the event that Enterprise Products Partners affirmatively directs the business opportunity to us, we may pursue such business opportunity. In the event Enterprise Products Partners abandons the business opportunity for itself and for us, Enterprise GP Holdings will have the second right to pursue such business opportunity. In the event Enterprise GP Holdings abandons the business opportunity, the EPCO Group may pursue the business opportunity without any further obligation to any other party or offer such opportunity to other affiliates.

None of the EPCO Group, we and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, or Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner will have any obligation to present business opportunities to TEPPCO Partners, its general partner or their controlled affiliates, nor will TEPPCO Partners, its general partner or their controlled affiliates have any obligation to present business opportunities to the EPCO Group, us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, or Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner. For a more detailed description of these provisions, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

Shared Personnel. DEP Holdings, as our general partner, will manage our operations and activities. Under the administrative services agreement, EPCO will provide all employees and administrative, operational and other services for us. All of our general partner's executive officers will, and certain other EPCO employees assigned to our operations may, also perform services for EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners,

Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and their affiliates. The services performed by these shared personnel will generally be limited to non-commercial functions, including but not limited to human resources, information technology, financial and accounting services and legal services. We have adopted policies and procedures intended to protect and prevent inappropriate disclosure by shared personnel of commercial and other non-public information relating to us, EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners.

Because our general partner's executive officers allocate time among EPCO, us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, these officers face conflicts regarding the allocation of their time, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Compensation Arrangements. Dan L. Duncan, as the control person of EPCO, our general partner and the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, is responsible for establishing the compensation arrangements for all EPCO employees, including employees who provide services to us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners.

Fiduciary Duties. Our partnership agreement limits the liability and reduces the fiduciary duties of our general partner and its affiliates to our unitholders. Our partnership agreement also restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions that might otherwise constitute a breach of our general partner's and its affiliates' fiduciary duty owed to unitholders. By purchasing our common units, you are treated as having consented to various actions contemplated in the partnership agreement and conflicts of interest that might otherwise constitute a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable state law. Please read "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties — Fiduciary Duties" for a description of the fiduciary duties imposed on our general partner by Delaware law, the material modifications of these duties contained in our partnership agreement and certain legal rights and remedies available to unitholders.

For a description of our other relationships with our affiliates, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

Summary of Certain Risk Factors An investment in our common units involves risks associated with our business, our partnership structure and the tax characteristics of our common units. The following list of risk factors is not exhaustive. For more information about these and other risks, please read "Risk Factors" beginning on page 21. These risks include, among others: **Risks Inherent in Our Business** · We may not have sufficient cash from operations to enable us to pay our expected initial quarterly distribution on our common units. A decrease in demand for natural gas, NGLs, NGL products or petrochemical products by the petrochemical, refining or heating industries could materially adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial position. • Because of the natural decline in gas production from existing wells, our success depends on our ability to obtain access to new sources of natural gas, which is dependent on factors beyond our control. Any decrease in supplies of natural gas could adversely affect our business and operating results. A natural disaster, catastrophe or other event could result in severe personal injury, property damage and environmental damage, which could curtail our operations and otherwise materially adversely affect our cash flow and, accordingly, affect the market price of our common units. • We may not be able to make acquisitions or to make acquisitions on economically acceptable terms, which may limit our ability to grow. Federal, state or local regulatory measures could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Environmental costs and liabilities and changing environmental regulation could materially affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. We depend on Enterprise Products Partners and certain other key customers for a significant portion of our revenues. The loss of any of these key customers could result in a decline in our revenues and cash available to pay distributions to you. Successful development of LNG import terminals outside our areas of operations could reduce the demand for our services. We do not own all of the land on which our pipelines and facilities are located, which could disrupt our operations. **Risks Inherent in an Investment in Us** Affiliates of our general partner, including Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, may compete with us, and business opportunities may be directed by contract to Enterprise Products Partners and Enterprise GP Holdings before us under the administrative services agreement. • Our general partner and its affiliates own a controlling interest in us and have conflicts of interest and limited fiduciary duties, which may permit them to favor their own interests to your detriment. Our general partner has a limited call right that may require you to sell your common units at an undesirable time or price. Our partnership agreement limits our general partner's fiduciary duties to unitholders and restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

- An affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners will have the power to appoint and remove our directors and management.
- Unitholders have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors, which could lower the trading price of our common units.
- You will experience immediate and substantial dilution of \$5.64 per common unit.
- We may issue additional units without your approval, which would dilute your ownership interests.
- Cost reimbursements to EPCO and its affiliates will reduce cash available for distribution to you.

Tax Risks

- Our tax treatment depends on our status as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, as well as our not being subject to a material amount of entity-level taxation by individual states. If the Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, were to treat us as a corporation or if we were to become subject to entity-level taxation for state tax purposes, then our cash distributions to you would be substantially reduced.
- If the IRS contests the federal income tax positions we take, the market for our common units may be adversely impacted, and the costs of any contest will reduce our cash distributions to you.
- You may be required to pay taxes on your share of our income even if you do not receive any cash distributions from us.

Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. was formed on September 29, 2006; therefore, it does not have any historical financial statements prior to its formation. The following tables set forth, for the periods and at the dates indicated, the summary historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor, which was derived from the books and records of Enterprise Products Partners.

The summary historical combined financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 and combined balance sheet data at September 30, 2006 and at December 31, 2005 and 2004 is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the audited combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus beginning on page F-13. The summary historical combined financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and combined balance sheet data at September 30, 2005 is derived from the unaudited condensed combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. The operating data for all periods are unaudited. The summary unaudited pro forma combined financial data of Duncan Energy Partners was derived from and should be read in conjunction with our unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements included in this prospectus beginning on page F-2. The following information should also be read together with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Enterprise Products Partners, through its subsidiaries, has owned controlling interests and operated the underlying assets of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene for several years. Enterprise Products Partners will retain a 34% ownership interest in each of these four entities (as well as South Texas NGL). Enterprise Products Partners will own our general partner, DEP Holdings, which owns a 2% general partner interest in us, and therefore indirectly has the ability to control us. In addition, Enterprise Products Partners will own approximately 36.0% of our control us if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full. For financial reporting purposes, the ownership interests of Enterprise Products Partners are deemed to represent the parent (or sponsor) interest in our pro forma results of our operations and financial position.

The summary unaudited pro forma combined financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the year ended December 31, 2005 assume the pro forma transactions noted herein occurred at the beginning of each period presented or on September 30, 2006 for the balance sheet data. These transactions include:

- The August 2006 purchase of a pipeline by Enterprise Products Partners for approximately \$97.7 million in cash, the subsequent contribution of this pipeline to South Texas NGL, and estimated additional costs of \$37.7 million required to modify this pipeline and to acquire and construct additional pipelines in order to place this system into operation in January 2007. The pro forma financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$28.6 million that will be made by South Texas NGL in 2007 to complete planned expansions to this system. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$18.9 million) of these estimated capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs. The pro forma combined results of operations data does not reflect any results attributable to the historical activities of this pipeline.
- The expenditure of \$21.3 million in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. The pro forma financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$9.3 million) of these additional capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs.
- The contribution of a 66% interest in certain entities, which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners, and the retention by Enterprise Products Partners of a 34% interest in these entities.

- The revision of related party storage contracts between us and Enterprise Products Partners to (1) increase certain storage fees paid by Enterprise Products Partners and (2) reflect the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of all storage measurement gains and losses relating to products under these agreements, and the execution of a limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for the special allocation and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses to Enterprise Products Partners.
- The assignment to us of certain third-party agreements that effectively reduce tariff rates received by us for the transport of propylene volumes.

Our unaudited pro forma, as adjusted financial data also gives effect to the following:

- our borrowing of \$200 million under a new revolving credit facility;
- our issuance and sale of 13,000,000 common units to the public in this offering;
- our payment of estimated underwriting discounts and commissions, a structuring fee and other offering expenses; and
- our use of net proceeds from the borrowing and this offering as consideration for the contributed ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL from Enterprise Products Partners.

The following table presents the summary historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and our summary unaudited pro forma combined financial information for the annual periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts):

	Dunc	an Energy Partners Pred	Duncan Energy Partners L.P. For the Year Ended December 31, 2005				
	For	the Year Ended Decemb	ber 31,	Pro	Pro Forma		
	2003	2004	2005	Forma	As Adjusted		
Combined Results of Operations Data:(1)							
Revenues	\$ 668,234	\$ 748,931	\$ 953,397	\$ 946,568	\$ 946,568		
Costs and expenses:							
Operating costs and expenses	609,774	685,544	909,044	905,989	905,989		
General and administrative expenses	6,138	5,442	4,483	6,983	6,983		
Total costs and expenses	615,912	690,986	913,527	912,972	912,972		
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	131	231	331	331	331		
Operating income	52,453	58,176	40,201	33,927	33,927		
Interest expense			(532)	(532)	(13,807)		
Other income (expense), net	1	(52)	. ,	. ,			
Total other income (expense)	1	(52)	(532)	(532)	(13,807)		
Income before parent interest	52,454	58,124	39,669	33,395	20,120		
Parent's share of income					(14,274)		
Income from continuing operations	52,454	58,124	39,669	\$ 33,395	\$ 5,846		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle			(582)				
Net income	\$ 52,454	\$ 58,124	\$ 39,087				
Earnings per unit — public, basic and diluted					\$ 0.45		
Combined Balance Sheet Data (at period end):(1)							
Total assets	\$ 581,816	\$ 590,487	\$ 642,840				
Owners' net investment	524,127	509,719	527,767				
Other Combined Financial Data:(1)							
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 64,732	\$ 79,463	\$ 40,568				
Cash flows used in investing activities	340	6,931	19,503				
Cash flows used in (provided by) financing activities (2)	64,392	72,532	21,065				
Gross operating margin	76,473	81,985	64,142	\$ 60,368	\$ 60,368		
EBITDA	70,336	76,498	59,072	53,380	39,106		
Operating Data:(1)							
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, net:							
Natural gas throughput volumes (Bbtus/d)	600	645	640	640	640		
Petrochemical Pipeline Services, net:							
Petrochemical transportation volumes (MBbls/d)	40	39	33	33	33		

The following table presents the summary historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and our summary unaudited pro forma combined financial information for the interim periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts):

		Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor For the Nine Months					Duncan Energy Partners L.P. For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006				
		Ended Se	ptember			Pro			o Forma		
		2005		2006		Forma		As	Adjusted		
Combined Results of Operations Data:(1)											
Revenues	\$	649,404	\$	740,102	\$	733,434		\$	733,434		
Costs and expenses:		614.220		607.070		COC 511			COC 511		
Operating costs and expenses		614,328 3,799		697,979		696,511			696,511		
General and administrative expenses		-		2,469		4,344			4,344		
Total costs and expenses		618,127		700,448		700,855			700,855		
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		280		624		624			624		
Operating income		31,557	_	40,278	_	33,203			33,203		
Interest expense									(9,930)		
Other income				6		6			6		
Total other income (expense)				6		6			(9,924)		
Income before provision for income taxes and parent interest		31,557		40,284		33,209		_	23,279		
Provision for income taxes				(21)		(21)			(21)		
Income before parent interest		31,557		40,263	_	33,188			23,258		
Parent's share of net income		- ,							(15,733)		
Income from continuing operations		31,557	_	40,263	\$	33,188		\$	7,525		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		- ,		9	-	,		-	/		
Net income	\$	31,557	\$	40,272							
Earnings per unit — public, basic and diluted	<u>·</u>		-					\$	0.58		
Combined Balance Sheet Data (at period end):(1)								-	0.00		
Total assets	\$	617,402	¢	747,155	\$	799,675		\$	828,963		
Total debt	Ψ	017,402	Ψ	/4/,155	Ψ	/55,0/5		Ψ	200,000		
Parent's interest in the Partnership									305,233		
Owners' net investment		520,727		662,131		716,465			000,200		
Partners' equity — public				,					240,520		
Other Combined Financial Data:(1)											
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	37,226	\$	62,301							
Cash flows used in investing activities		16,669		58,226							
Cash flows used in financing activities(2)		20,557		4,075							
Gross operating margin		49,611		58,198	\$	52,998		\$	52,998		
EBITDA		45,810		55,761		48,677			32,944		
Operating Data:(1)											
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, net:											
Natural gas throughput volumes (Bbtus/d)		657		773		773			773		
Petrochemical Pipeline Services, net:											
Petrochemical transportation volumes (MBbls/d)		34		36		36			36		

The non-GAAP financial measures of gross operating margin and earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, which we refer to as "EBITDA," are presented in the summary historical financial data for Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and in our pro forma financial data. For a description of these non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, please read "— Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

The following information is provided to highlight significant trends and other information regarding Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor's historical operating results, financial position and other financial data. Each section below represents a footnote to the tables above:

(1) We view the combined financial data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor from the financial statements of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene, which were derived from the accounts and records of Enterprise Products Partners. Enterprise Products Partners did not own certain of the businesses for all periods presented in this section. As a result, the summary selected data reflects the following information:

- Enterprise Products Partners owned Mont Belvieu Caverns and Lou-Tex Propylene for all periods presented. Our pro forma balance sheet data reflects assumed capital expenditures of \$21.3 million by Mont Belvieu Caverns in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs. Our pro forma financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$9.3 million) of these additional capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs.
- Enterprise Products Partners acquired Acadian Gas in April 2001; therefore, the selected data includes Acadian Gas from the date of its acquisition. No financial data was available from the seller for periods prior to April 2001.
- Enterprise Products Partners constructed the pipeline owned by Sabine Propylene and placed it in service in November 2001; therefore, the selected data includes Sabine Propylene from November 2001 to present.
- In August 2006, Enterprise Products Partners purchased a 223-mile pipeline extending from Corpus Christi, Texas to Pasadena, Texas from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company. The total purchase price for this asset was approximately \$97.7 million in cash. This pipeline system will be owned by South Texas NGL (along with others being constructed and to be acquired) and will be used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The total estimated cost to acquire and construct the additional pipelines is \$66.3 million. Our pro forma balance sheet data reflects assumed capital expenditures of \$37.7 million, including approximately \$8 million spent to acquire a 10-mile pipeline from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners, to make this pipeline system operational in January 2007. We expect that it will cost an additional \$28.6 million to complete planned expansions of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this offering, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$18.9 million. This expenditure is not reflected in the pro forma financial data because we expect to use cash on hand from the proceeds of this offering to fund this cost.

Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor's historical financial information does not reflect any transactions related to the NGL pipeline asset acquired in August 2006 or subsequent capital expenditures for the construction and acquisition of related pipelines. Furthermore, the pro forma adjustments are limited to those required to present an estimate of owners' net investment immediately prior to this offering. The pro forma results of operations data does not reflect any results attributable to the historical activities of these NGL pipelines.

ExxonMobil has informed us that no discrete and separable financial information existed for the pipeline we acquired in August 2006, which was comprised of two separately operated pipelines prior to our purchase. The seller had previously utilized these pipelines for a different product and the pipeline was out of service when we acquired it. The 10-mile pipeline acquired from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners was used as a feeder line for NGL products and operated by different management. We understand no financial statement information is available for this minor component asset. There is no meaningful financial data available regarding the prior use of these pipelines by the sellers that would be meaningful to our investors. In addition, such data, if available, would not assist investors in understanding either the evolution of the business (which is a new NGL transportation network) nor the track record of management (which will be different).

(2) Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor operated within the Enterprise Products Partners cash management program for all periods presented. Cash flows used in financing activities represent transfers of excess cash from Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor to Enterprise Products Partners equal to cash provided by operations less cash used in investing activities. Conversely, cash flows provided by financing activities represent contributions from Enterprise Products Partners.

For additional information regarding our combined results of operations and liquidity and capital resources, please read "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We include in this prospectus the non-GAAP financial measures of gross operating margin and EBITDA, and provide reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable measure or measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.

Gross operating margin. We evaluate segment performance based on the non-GAAP financial measure of gross operating margin. Gross operating margin (total and by segment) is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. This measure forms the basis of our internal financial reporting and is used by senior management in deciding how to allocate capital resources among business segments. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that our management uses in evaluating segment results. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to total segment gross operating margin is operating income. Our non-GAAP financial measure of total segment gross operating margin should not be considered as an alternative to GAAP operating income.

We define total (or combined) segment gross operating margin as operating income before: (1) depreciation, amortization and accretion expense; (2) gains and losses on the sale of assets; and (3) general and administrative expenses. Gross operating margin is exclusive of other income and expense transactions, provision for income taxes, minority interest, extraordinary charges and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles. Gross operating margin by segment is calculated by subtracting segment operating costs and expenses (net of the adjustments noted above) from segment revenues, with both segment totals before the elimination of any intersegment and intrasegment transactions. Our combined revenues reflect the elimination of all material intercompany transactions.

We include equity earnings from Evangeline, a subsidiary of Acadian Gas, in our measurement of the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment gross operating margin and operating income. Our equity investments in midstream energy operations such as those conducted by Evangeline are a vital component of our long-term business strategy and important to the operations of Acadian Gas. This method of operation enables us to achieve favorable economies of scale relative to our level of investment and also lowers our exposure to business risks compared the profile we would have on a stand-alone basis. Our equity investments are within the same industry as our combined operations; therefore, we believe treatment of earnings from our equity method investee as a component of gross operating margin and operating income is appropriate.

EBITDA. We define EBITDA as net income or loss plus interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation, accretion and amortization expense. EBITDA is commonly used as a supplemental financial measure by management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and rating agencies, to assess: (1) the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structures or historical cost basis; (2) the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest cost and support our indebtedness; (3) our operating performance and return on capital as compared to those of other companies in the midstream energy industry, without regard to financing and capital structure; and (4) the viability of projects and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities. Because EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect net income or loss and because these measures may vary among other companies, the EBITDA data presented in this prospectus may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to EBITDA is net cash provided by operating activities.

The following tables present (1) a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure of gross operating margin to the GAAP financial measure of operating income and (2) a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure of EBITDA to the GAAP financial measure of net income (income from continuing operations with regards to our pro forma information) on a historical and pro forma basis, as applicable, for each of the periods presented (dollars in thousands). With regards to EBITDA measures determined using the historical financial information of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor, EBITDA is also reconciled to the GAAP financial measure of net cash provided by operating activities.

									ergy Part e Year En nber 31, 2	ded
	Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor For the Year Ended December 31,							Pro		Pro Forma As
		2003	_	2004	_	2005		Forma	-	Adjusted
Reconciliation of GAAP "operating income" to non-GAAP "gross operating margin"										
Operating income	\$	52,453	\$	58,176	\$	40,201	\$	33,927	:	\$ 33,927
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to gross operating margin:										
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in operating costs and expenses		17,882		18,374		19,453		19,453		19,453
Loss (gain) on sale of assets in operating costs and expenses				(7)		5		5		5
General and administrative costs		6,138	_	5,442		4,483	_	6,983		6,983
Total gross operating margin	\$	76,473	\$	81,985	\$	64,142	\$	60,368	:	\$ 60,368
Reconciliation of non-GAAP "EBITDA" to GAAP "net income" (or GAAP "income from continuing operations" with respect to pro forma data) and GAAP "net cash provided by operating activities"							_			
Net income (income from continuing operations with respect to pro forma data)	\$	52,454	\$	58,124	\$	39,087	\$	33,395	:	\$ 5,846
Additions to income to derive EBITDA:										
Interest expense						532		532		13,807
Depreciation, accretion and amortization		17,882	_	18,374		19,453	_	19,453		19,453
EBITDA	\$	70,336	\$	76,498	\$	59,072	\$	53,380	:	\$ 39,106
Adjustments to EBITDA to derive net cash provided by operating activities (add or subtract as indicated by sign of number):										
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle						582				
Interest expense						(532)				
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		(131)		(231)		(331)				
Loss (gain) on sale of assets				(7)		5				
Changes in fair market value of financial instruments		2		5		52				
Net effect of changes in operating accounts		(5,475)		3,198		(18,280)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	64,732	\$	79,463	\$	40,568				

					Duncan Energy Partners L.P. For the Nine Months				
		Duncan	Energy	,			mber 30, 2006		
	Partners Predecessor For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 2006					Pro Forma		Pro Forma As Adjusted	
Reconciliation of GAAP "operating income" to non-GAAP "gross operating margin"									
Operating income	\$	31,557	\$	40,278	\$	33,203	\$	33,203	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to gross operating margin:									
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in operating costs and expenses		14,253		15,468		15,468		15,468	
Loss (gain) on sale of assets in operating costs and expenses		2		(17)		(17)		(17	
General and administrative costs		3,799		2,469		4,344		4,344	
Total gross operating margin	\$	49,611	\$	58,198	\$	52,998	\$	52,998	
Reconciliation of non-GAAP "EBITDA" to GAAP "net income" (or GAAP "income from continuing operations" with respect to pro forma data) and GAAP "net cash provided by operating activities"			_				=		
Net income (income from continuing operations with respect to pro forma data)	\$	31,557	\$	40,272	\$	33,188	\$	7,525	
Additions to income to derive EBITDA:									
Interest expense								9,930	
Provision for income taxes				21		21		21	
Depreciation, accretion and amortization		14,253		15,468		15,468		15,468	
EBITDA	\$	45,810	\$	55,761	\$	48,677	\$	32,944	
Adjustments to EBITDA to derive net cash provided by operating activities (add or subtract as indicated by sign of number):									
Provision for income taxes				(21)					
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle				(9)					
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		(280)		(624)					
Deferred income tax expense				21					
Loss (gain) on sale of assets		2		(17)					
Changes in fair market value of financial instruments		(355)		65					
Net effect of changes in operating accounts		(7,951)		7,125					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	37,226	\$	62,301					

RISK FACTORS

Limited partner interests are inherently different from the capital stock of a corporation, although many of the business risks to which we are subject are similar to those that would be faced by a corporation engaged in a similar business. You should carefully consider the following risk factors together with all of the other information included in this prospectus in evaluating an investment in our common units.

If any of the following risks were actually to occur, our business, financial condition, or results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In that case, we might not be able to pay distributions on our common units, the trading price of our common units could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Inherent in Our Business

We may not have sufficient available cash to enable us to pay our expected initial quarterly distribution on our common units after establishment of cash reserves and payment of fees and expenses, including reimbursement of expenses to our general partner.

We may not have sufficient available cash each quarter to pay our expected initial quarterly distribution. The amount of cash we can distribute on our common units principally depends upon the amount of cash we generate from our operations, which will fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on, among other things:

- the prices we obtain for our transportation and storage services;
- the volumes of natural gas, NGLs and propylene our customers transport or store;
- the prices of, level of production of, and demand for, natural gas, propylene and NGLs in the markets we serve;
- the level of competition from other midstream energy companies, as well as from alternative fuels;
- the level of our operating costs, including reimbursement of expenses to our general partner; and
- · prevailing economic and market conditions.
- In addition, the actual amount of cash we will have available for distribution will depend on other factors such as:
- the level of our capital expenditures;
- · the restrictions on distributions contained in our credit agreement and our debt service requirements;
- the cost of acquisitions, if any;
- fluctuations in our working capital needs;
- · our ability to borrow to make distributions to our unitholders; and
- the amount, if any, of cash reserves established by our general partner.

Please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" for a discussion of how we determine our available cash.

On a pro forma historical basis, we would not have had sufficient cash available for distributions to pay the expected initial quarterly distribution on all common units for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the four quarters ended September 30, 2006.

The amount of available cash we will need to pay our expected initial quarterly distribution for four quarters on the common units and the 2% general partner interest to be outstanding immediately after this offering is approximately \$33.1 million. Pro forma combined available cash to make distributions generated during fiscal 2005 and the four quarters ended September 30, 2006 would have been approximately \$9.9 million and a deficit of \$14.1 million, respectively. These amounts would have been sufficient to allow us

to pay only 30% of the initial quarterly distributions on the common units and the 2% general partner interest during 2005. These amounts would not have been sufficient to allow us to pay any distributions on our common units and the general partner interest during the four quarters ended September 30, 2006. For a calculation of our ability to make distributions to unitholders based on our pro forma results in 2005 and for the twelve months ended September 30, 2006, as well as estimated cash available to pay distributions for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007, please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions."

The assumptions underlying our estimate of cash available for distribution we include in our "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, financial, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected.

Our estimate of cash available for distribution set forth in "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" is based on assumptions that are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, financial, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimated. Furthermore, our estimate of cash available for distribution for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 is equal to the amount of available cash we need to pay the expected initial quarterly distribution on all common units for such quarters. If we do not achieve the estimated results, we may not be able to pay the full expected initial quarterly distribution or any amount on our common units, in which event the market price of our common units may decline materially.

The amount of cash we have available for distribution to unitholders depends primarily on our cash flow and not solely on profitability, which may prevent us from making cash distributions during periods when we record net income.

The amount of cash we have available for distribution depends primarily on our cash flow, including cash flow from financial reserves and working capital or other borrowings, and not solely on profitability, which will be affected by non-cash items. As a result, we may make cash distributions during periods when we record losses and may not make cash distributions during periods when we record net income.

Changes in demand for and production of hydrocarbon products may materially adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

We operate predominantly in the midstream energy sector which includes transporting and storing natural gas, NGLs and propylene. As such, our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition may be materially adversely affected by changes in the prices of these hydrocarbon products and by changes in the relative price levels among these hydrocarbon products. Changes in prices and changes in the relative price levels may impact demand for hydrocarbon products, which in turn may impact production and volumes transported by us and related transportation and storage handling fees. We may also incur price risk to the extent counterparties do not perform in connection with our marketing of natural gas, NGLs and propylene.

In the past, the prices of natural gas have been extremely volatile, and we expect this volatility to continue. The NYMEX daily settlement price for natural gas for the prompt month contract in 2004 ranged from a high of \$8.75 per MMBtu to a low of \$4.57 per MMBtu. In 2005, the same index ranged from a high of \$15.38 per MMBtu to a low of \$5.79 per MMBtu. In 2006, the same index ranged from a high of \$10.63 per MMBtu to a low of \$4.20 per MMBtu.

Generally, the prices of natural gas, NGLs and other hydrocarbon products are subject to fluctuations in response to changes in supply, demand, market uncertainty and a variety of additional factors that are impossible to control. These factors include:

- the level of domestic production and consumer product demand;
- the availability of imported natural gas;
- actions taken by foreign natural gas producing nations;

- · the availability of transportation systems with adequate capacity;
- the availability of competitive fuels;
- · fluctuating and seasonal demand for natural gas and NGLs;
- the impact of conservation efforts;
- · the extent of governmental regulation and taxation of production; and
- the overall economic environment.

A decrease in demand for natural gas, NGLs, NGL products or petrochemical products by the petrochemical, refining or heating industries could materially adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

A decrease in demand for natural gas, NGLs, NGL products or petrochemical products by the petrochemical, refining or heating industries, whether because of a general downturn in economic conditions, reduced demand by consumers for the end products made with products we transport, increased competition from petroleum-based products due to pricing differences, adverse weather conditions, increased government regulations affecting prices and production levels of natural gas or other reasons, could materially adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial position. For example:

- Ethane. Ethane is primarily used in the petrochemical industry as feedstock for ethylene, one of the basic building blocks for a wide range of plastics and other chemical products. If
 natural gas prices increase significantly in relation to NGL product prices or if the demand for ethylene falls (and, therefore, the demand for ethane by NGL producers falls), it may be
 more profitable for natural gas producers to leave the ethane in the natural gas stream to be burned as fuel than to extract the ethane from the mixed NGL stream for sale as an
 ethylene feedstock.
- Propylene. Propylene is sold to petrochemical companies for a variety of uses, principally for the production of polypropylene. Propylene is subject to rapid and material price
 fluctuations. Any downturn in the domestic or international economy could cause reduced demand for, and an oversupply of propylene, which could cause a reduction in the volumes
 of propylene that we transport.

Any decrease in supplies of natural gas could adversely affect our business and operating results. Because of the natural decline in gas production from existing wells, our success depends on our ability to obtain access to new sources of natural gas, which is dependent on factors beyond our control.

Over the past two years that have been reported, gas production from state waters of the Gulf Coast region, which supplies much of our throughput, has declined an average of approximately 2.9% from 133 Bcf for 2003 to 129 Bcf for 2004, according to the Energy Information Administration, or EIA. We cannot give any assurance regarding the gas production industry's ability to find new sources of domestic supply. Production from existing wells and gas supply basins connected to our pipelines will naturally decline over time, which means that our cash flows associated with the gathering or transportation of gas from these wells and basins will also decline over time. The amount of natural gas reserves underlying these wells may also be less than we anticipate, and the rate at which production from these reserves declines may be greater than we anticipate. Accordingly, to maintain or increase throughput levels on our pipelines, we must continually obtain access to new supplies of natural gas. The primary factors affecting our ability to obtain new sources of natural gas to ur pipelines include:

- the level of successful drilling activity near our pipelines;
- our ability to compete for these supplies;
- our ability to connect our pipelines to the suppliers;
- · the successful completion of new LNG facilities near our pipelines; and
- our gas quality requirements.

The level of drilling activity is dependent on economic and business factors beyond our control. The primary factor that impacts drilling decisions is the price of oil and natural gas. These commodity prices reached record levels during 2006, but current prices have declined in recent months. A sustained decline in natural gas prices could result in a decrease in exploration and development activities in the fields served by our pipelines, which would lead to reduced throughput levels on our pipelines. Other factors that impact production decisions include producers' capital budget limitations, the ability of producers to obtain necessary drilling and other governmental permits, the availability and cost of drilling rigs and other drilling equipment, and regulatory changes. Because of these factors, even if new natural gas reserves were discovered in areas served by our pipelines, producers may choose not to develop those reserves or may connect them to different pipelines.

Imported LNG is expected to be a significant component of future natural gas supply to the United States. Much of this increase in LNG supplies is expected to be imported through new LNG facilities to be developed over the next decade. Eleven LNG projects have been approved by the FERC to be constructed in the Gulf Coast region and an additional four LNG projects have been proposed for the region. We cannot predict which, if any, of these projects will be constructed. If a significant number of these new projects fail to be developed with their announced capacity, or there are significant delays in such development, or if they are built in locations where they are not connected to our systems or they do not influence sources of supply on our systems, we may not realize expected increases in future natural gas supply available for transportation through our systems.

If we are not able to obtain new supplies of natural gas to replace the natural decline in volumes from existing supply basins, or if the expected increase in natural gas supply through imported LNG is not realized, throughput on our pipelines would decline which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and ability to make distributions to you.

In accordance with industry practice, we do not obtain independent evaluations of natural gas reserves dedicated to our pipeline systems, including our South Texas NGL pipeline. Accordingly, volumes of natural gas gathered on our pipeline systems in the future could be less than we anticipate, which could adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to make cash distributions to unitholders.

In accordance with industry practice, we do not obtain independent evaluations of natural gas reserves connected to our pipeline systems due to the unwillingness of producers to provide reserve information as well as the cost of such evaluations. Accordingly, we do not have estimates of total reserves dedicated to our systems (or to processing facilities such as those serving Enterprise Products Partners in South Texas) or the anticipated lives of such reserves. If the total reserves or estimated lives of the reserves connected to our pipeline systems, particularly in South Texas, is less than we anticipate and we are unable to secure additional sources of natural gas, then the volumes of natural gas gathered on our South Texas NGL and other pipeline systems in the future could be less than we anticipate. A decline in the volumes of natural gas gathered on our pipeline systems condition and our ability to make cash distributions to you.

We will depend in large part on Enterprise Products Partners and the continued success of its business as we operate our assets as part of their value chain, and adverse changes in its related businesses may reduce our revenue, earnings or cash available for distribution.

We will enter into a number of material contracts with Enterprise Products Partners and its subsidiaries relating to transportation, storage and leases, and our cash flows and financial condition will depend in large part on the continued success of Enterprise Products Partners as we operate our assets as part of its value chain. For example, our South Texas NGL system revenues will depend solely on the volumes processed at the South Texas facilities owned by Enterprise Products Partners. Enterprise Products Partners has no obligation to produce any volumes at these facilities. If anticipated volumes are not processed by Enterprise Products Partners at these facilities, our estimated revenues on this system will be reduced.

Any adverse changes in the business of Enterprise Products Partners, due to market conditions, sales of assets or otherwise, or the failure of Enterprise Products Partners to renew any of its material agreements with



us, could reduce our revenue, earnings or cash available for distribution. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" for a summary of certain of these agreements.

The credit and risk profile of our general partner and its owners could adversely affect our credit ratings and risk profile, which could increase our borrowing costs or hinder our ability to raise capital.

The credit and business risk profiles of a general partner or owners of a general partner may be factors in credit evaluations of a master limited partnership. This is because the general partner controls the business activities of the partnership, including its cash distribution policy and acquisition strategy and business risk profile. Another factor that may be considered is the financial condition of our general partner and its owners, including the degree of their financial leverage and their dependence on cash flow from the partnership to service their indebtedness.

If we were to seek a credit rating in the future, our credit rating may be adversely affected by the leverage of the owners of our general partner, as credit rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Moody's Investors Service may consider these entities' leverage because of their ownership interest in and control of us, the strong operational links between them and their affiliates and us, and our reliance on Enterprise Products Partners for a substantial percentage of our revenue. Any such adverse effect on our credit rating would increase our cost of borrowing or hinder our ability to raise money in the capital markets, which would impair our ability to grow our business and make distributions to unitholders.

Affiliates of Enterprise Products Partners, the indirect owner of our general partner, have significant indebtedness outstanding and are dependent principally on the cash distributions from their general partner and limited partner interests in Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners to service such indebtedness. Any distributions by Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners to such entities will be made only after satisfying their then current obligations to their creditors. Although we have taken certain steps in our organizational structure, financial reporting and contractual relationships to reflect the separateness of us and our general partner from the entities that control our general partner, and other entities controlled by Dan L. Duncan, our credit ratings and business risk profile could be adversely affected if the ratings and risk profiles of Dan L. Duncan or the entities that control our general partner were viewed as substantially lower or more risky than ours.

A natural disaster, catastrophe or other event could result in severe personal injury, property damage and environmental damage, which could curtail our operations and otherwise materially adversely affect our cash flow and, accordingly, affect the market price of our common units.

Some of our operations involve risks of personal injury, property damage and environmental damage, which could curtail our operations and otherwise materially adversely affect our cash flow. For example, natural gas facilities operate at high pressures, sometimes in excess of 1,100 pounds per square inch. Pipelines may suffer inadvertent damage from construction, and farm and utility equipment. Virtually all of our operations are exposed to potential natural disasters, including hurricanes, tornadoes, storms and floods. The location of our assets and our customers' assets in the Gulf Coast region makes them particularly vulnerable to hurricane risk.

If one or more facilities that we own or that deliver natural gas or other products to us are damaged by severe weather or any other disaster, accident, catastrophe or event, our operations could be significantly interrupted. Similar interruptions could result from damage to production or other facilities that supply our facilities or other stoppages arising from factors beyond our control. These interruptions might involve significant damage to people, property or the environment, and repairs might take from a week or less for a minor incident to six months or more for a major interruption. Any event that interrupts expressed by our operations, or which causes us to make significant expenditures not covered by insurance, could reduce our cash available for paying distributions and, accordingly, adversely affect the market price of our common units.

EPCO maintains insurance coverage on behalf of us, although insurance will not cover many types of interruptions that might occur and will not cover amounts up to applicable deductibles. As a result of market



conditions, premiums and deductibles for certain insurance policies can increase substantially, and in some instances, certain insurance may become unavailable or available only for reduced amounts of coverage. For example, changes in the insurance markets subsequent to the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001 and the hurricanes in 2005 have made it more difficult for us to obtain certain types of coverage. As a result, EPCO may not be able to renew existing insurance policies on behalf of us or procure other desirable insurance on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. If we were to incur a significant liability for which we were not fully insured, it could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations. In addition, the proceeds of any such insurance may not be paid in a timely manner and may be insufficient if such an event were to occur.

Our debt levels may limit our flexibility to obtain additional financing and pursue other business opportunities.

At the closing of this offering, we expect to have approximately \$200 million of indebtedness outstanding under our credit agreement and the ability to borrow up to an additional \$100 million, subject to certain conditions and limitations, under the credit agreement. Our significant level of indebtedness could have important consequences to us, including:

- our ability to obtain additional financing, if necessary, for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other purposes may be impaired or such financing may not be available on favorable terms;
- covenants contained in our existing and future credit and debt arrangements will require us to meet financial tests that may affect our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in our business, including possible acquisition opportunities;
- we will need a substantial portion of our cash flow to make principal and interest payments on our indebtedness, reducing the funds that would otherwise be available for operation, future business opportunities and distributions to unitholders; and
- our debt level will make us more vulnerable than our competitors with less debt to competitive pressures or a downturn in our business or the economy generally.

Our ability to service our indebtedness will depend upon, among other things, our future financial and operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions and financial, business, regulatory and other factors, some of which are beyond our control. If our operating results are not sufficient to service our current or future indebtedness, we will be forced to take actions such as reducing distributions, reducing or delaying business activities, acquisition, investments or capital expenditures, selling assets, restructuring or refinancing our indebtedness, or seeking additional equity capital or bankruptcy protection. We may not be able to effect any of these remedies on satisfactory terms or at all.

Our new revolving credit facility will contain operating and financial restrictions, including covenants and restrictions that may be affected by events beyond our control, that may limit our business and financing activities.

The operating and financial restrictions and covenants in our credit agreement and any future financing agreements could restrict our ability to finance future operations or capital needs or to expand or pursue our business activities. For example, our new credit agreement will restrict or limit our ability to:

- make distributions if any default or event of default occurs;
- incur additional indebtedness or guarantee other indebtedness;
- grant liens or make certain negative pledges;
- make certain loans or investments;



- make any material change to the nature of our business, including consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions; or
- · enter into a merger, consolidation, sale and leaseback transaction or sale of assets.

Our ability to comply with the covenants and restrictions contained in our credit agreement may be affected by events beyond our control, including prevailing economic, financial and industry conditions. If market or other economic conditions deteriorate, our ability to comply with these covenants may be impaired. If we violate any of the restrictions, covenants, ratios or tests in our credit agreement, a significant portion of our indebtedness may become immediately due and payable, and our lenders' commitment to make further loans to us may terminate. We might not have, or be able to obtain, sufficient funds to make these accelerated payments.

Restrictions in our revolving credit facility could limit our ability to make distributions upon the occurrence of certain events.

Our payment of principal and interest on our debt will reduce cash available for distributions on our common units. Our new credit agreement will limit our ability to make distributions upon the occurrence of the following events, among others:

- failure to pay any principal, interest, fees, expenses or other amounts when due;
- failure of any representation or warranty to be true and correct in any material respect;
- failure to perform or otherwise comply with the covenants in the credit agreement;
- failure to pay any other material debt;
- a bankruptcy or insolvency event involving us, our general partner or any of our subsidiaries;
- the entry of, and failure to pay, one or more adverse judgments in excess of a specified amount against which enforcement proceedings are brought or that are not stayed pending appeal;
- a change in control of us;
- a judgment default or a default under any material agreement if such default could have a material adverse effect on us; and
- · the occurrence of certain events with respect to employee benefit plans subject to ERISA.

Any subsequent refinancing of our current debt or any new debt could have similar or more restrictive provisions. For more information regarding our credit agreement, please read "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — New Revolving Credit Facility."

Increases in interest rates could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

We have significant exposure to increases in interest rates. After giving effect to this offering and the borrowing of approximately \$200 million under our new credit agreement, pro forma as of September 30, 2006, we would have approximately \$200 million of consolidated debt, of which we expect all will be at variable interest rates. As a result, our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by significant increases in interest rates.

An increase in interest rates may also cause a corresponding decline in demand for equity investments, in general, and in particular for yield-based equity investments such as our common units. Any such reduction in demand for our common units resulting from other more attractive investment opportunities may cause the trading price of our common units to decline.

Our hedging activities may have a material adverse effect on our earnings, profitability, cash flows, including its ability to make distributions, and financial condition.

We utilize derivative financial instruments related to the future price of natural gas and the future price of NGLs with the intent of reducing volatility in our cash flows due to fluctuations in commodity prices. While our hedging activities are designed to reduce commodity price risk, we remain exposed to fluctuations in commodity prices to some extent. The extent of our commodity price exposure is related largely to the effectiveness and scope of our hedging activities. For example, the derivative instruments we utilize are based on posted market prices, which may differ significantly from the actual natural gas prices or NGLs prices that we realize in our operations. Furthermore, our hedges relate to only a portion of the volume of our expected sales and, as a result, we will continue to have direct commodity price exposure to the unhedged portion. Our actual future sales may be significantly higher or lower than estimated at the time we entered into derivative transactions for such period. If the actual amount is higher than estimated, we will have greater commodity price exposure than intended. If the actual amount is lower than the amount that is subject to our derivative financial instruments, we might be forced to satisfy all or a portion of our derivative transactions without the benefit of the cash flow from the sale or purchase of the underlying physical commodity, resulting in a substantial diminution of liquidity.

As a result of these factors, our hedging activities may not be as effective as intended in reducing the volatility of our cash flows, which could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to unitholders. In addition, our hedging activities are subject to the risks that a counterparty may not perform its obligation under the applicable derivative instrument, the terms of the derivative instruments are imperfect, and our hedging procedures may not be properly followed. We cannot assure you that the steps we take to monitor our derivative financial instruments will detect and prevent violations of our risk management policies and procedures, particularly if deception or other intentional misconduct is involved.

Our construction of new assets is subject to regulatory, environmental, political, legal and economic risks, which may result in delays, increased costs or decreased cash flows.

One of the connections between our South Texas NGL pipeline and the Mont Belvieu facility is a pipeline we have leased from TEPPCO Partners. The initial term of this lease will expire on September 15, 2007, and if we are unable to construct our planned replacement pipeline or extend the lease, the operations of our South Texas NGL pipeline will be interrupted. We cannot assure you that any construction will not be delayed due to government permits, weather conditions or other factors beyond our control.

In addition, one of the ways we intend to grow our business is through the construction of new midstream energy assets. The construction of new assets involves numerous operational, regulatory, environmental, political and legal risks beyond our control and may require the expenditure of significant amounts of capital. These potential risks include, among other things, the following:

- we may be unable to complete construction projects on schedule or at the budgeted cost due to the unavailability of required construction personnel or materials, accidents, weather conditions or an inability to obtain necessary permits;
- we will not receive any material increases in revenues until the project is completed, even though we may have expended considerable funds during the construction phase, which may be prolonged;
- · we may construct facilities to capture anticipated future growth in production in a region in which such growth does not materialize;
- since we are not engaged in the exploration for and development of natural gas reserves, we may not have access to third-party estimates of reserves in an area prior to our
 constructing facilities in the area. As a result, we may make construct facilities in an area where the reserves are materially lower than we anticipate;



- where we do rely on third-party estimates of reserves in making a decision to construct facilities, these estimates may prove to be inaccurate because there are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating reserves; and
- we may be unable to obtain rights-of-way to construct additional pipelines or the cost to do so may be uneconomical.

A materialization of any of these risks could adversely affect our ability to achieve growth in the level of our cash flows or realize benefits from expansion opportunities or construction projects.

We may not be able to make acquisitions or to make acquisitions on economically acceptable terms, which may limit our ability to grow.

We will be limited in our ability to make acquisitions by our business opportunity agreements with Enterprise Products Partners and Enterprise GP Holdings. These agreements will entitle them to take business opportunities for the benefit of themselves before allowing us to take them. In addition, our ability to grow depends, in part, on our ability to make acquisitions that result in an increase in the cash generated from operations per unit. If we are unable to make these accretive acquisitions either because we are (1) unable to identify attractive acquisition candidates or negotiate acceptable purchase contracts with them, (2) unable to obtain financing for these acquisitions on economically acceptable terms, or (3) outbid by competitors, then our future growth and ability to maintain and increase over time distributions will be limited.

Acquisitions that appear to be accretive may nevertheless reduce our cash from operations on a per unit basis.

Even if we make acquisitions that we believe will be accretive, these acquisitions may nevertheless reduce our cash from operations on a per unit basis. Any acquisition involves potential risks, including, among other things:

- mistaken assumptions about volumes, revenues and costs, including synergies;
- an inability to integrate successfully the businesses we acquire;
- a decrease in our liquidity as a result of our using a significant portion of our available cash or borrowing capacity to finance the acquisition;
- a significant increase in our interest expense or financial leverage if we incur additional debt to finance the acquisition;
- the assumption of unknown liabilities for which we are not indemnified or for which our indemnity is inadequate;
- an inability to hire, train or retain qualified personnel to manage and operate our growing business and assets;
- · limitations on rights to indemnity from the seller;
- mistaken assumptions about the overall costs of equity or debt;
- the diversion of management's and employees' attention from other business concerns;
- unforeseen difficulties operating in new product areas or new geographic areas; and
- customer or key employee losses at the acquired businesses.

If we consummate any future acquisitions, our capitalization and results of operations may change significantly, and you will not have the opportunity to evaluate the economic, financial and other relevant information that we will consider in determining the application of these funds and other resources.

Federal, state or local regulatory measures could materially affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The Surface Transportation Board, or STB, regulates transportation on interstate propylene pipelines. The current version of the Interstate Commerce Act, or ICA, and its implementing regulations give the STB authority to regulate the rates we charge for service on the propylene pipelines and generally requires that our rates and practices be just and reasonable and nondiscriminatory. The rates we charge for movements on our propylene pipelines may be subject to challenge and any successful challenge to those rates could adversely affect our revenues. Our interstate propylene pipelines formerly were regulated by the FERC, and we cannot guarantee that the FERC will not reassert jurisdiction over those facilities in the future.

The intrastate natural gas pipeline transportation services we provide are subject to various Louisiana state laws and regulations that apply to the rates we charge and the terms and conditions of the services we offer. Although state regulation typically is less onerous than FERC regulation, the rates we charge and the provision of our services may be subject to challenge. In addition, the transportation and storage services furnished by our intrastate natural gas facilities on behalf of interstate natural gas pipelines or certain local distribution companies are regulated by the FERC pursuant to Section 311 of the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, or NGPA. Pursuant to the NGPA, we are required to offer those services on an open and nondiscriminatory basis at a fair and equitable rate. Such FERC-regulated NGPA Section 311 rates also may be subject to challenge and successful challenges may adversely affect our revenues.

Although our natural gas gathering systems are generally exempt from FERC regulation under the Natural Gas Act of 1938, FERC regulation still significantly affects our natural gas gathering business. In recent years, the FERC has pursued pro-competition policies in its regulation of interstate natural gas pipelines. If the FERC does not continue this approach, it could have an adverse effect on the rates we are able to charge in the future. In addition, the distinction between FERC-regulated transmission service and federally unregulated gathering services is the subject of regular litigation, so, in such a circumstance, the classification and regulation of some of our gathering facilities may be subject to change based on future determinations by the FERC and the courts. Additional rules and legislation pertaining to these matters are considered and adopted from time to time. We cannot predict what effect, if any, such regulatory changes and legislation might have on our operations, but we could be required to incur additional capital expenditures.

For a general overview of federal, state and local regulation applicable to our assets, please read "Business — Regulation of Operations."

Our partnership status may be a disadvantage to us in calculating our cost of service for rate-making purposes.

In May 2005, the FERC issued a policy statement permitting the inclusion of an income tax allowance in the cost of service-based rates of a pipeline organized as a tax pass-through partnership entity to reflect actual or potential income tax liability on public utility income, if the pipeline proves that the ultimate owner of its interests has an actual or potential income tax liability on public utility income, if the pipeline proves that the ultimate owner of its interests has an actual or potential income tax liability on public utility income, if the pipeline proves that the ultimate owner of its interests has an actual or potential income tax liability on subic utility on some shave such actual or potential income tax liability will be reviewed by the FERC on a case-by-case basis. In August 2005, the FERC also dismissed requests for rehearing of its new policy statement. On December 16, 2005, the FERC issued its first significant case-specific review of the income tax allowance issue in another company's rate case. The FERC reaffirmed its new income tax allowance policy and directed the subject pipeline to provide certain evidence necessary for the pipeline to determine its income tax allowance. The new tax allowance policy and the December 16 order have been appealed to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. As a result, the ultimate outcome of these proceedings is not certain and could result in changes to the FERC's treatment of income tax allowances in cost of service. Depending upon how the policy statement on income tax allowances is applied in practice to pipelines organized as pass-through entities, and whether it is ultimately upheld or modified on judicial review, these decisions might adversely affect us.

Environmental costs and liabilities and changing environmental regulation could materially affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Our operations are subject to extensive federal, state and local regulatory requirements relating to environmental affairs, health and safety, waste management and chemical and petroleum products. These include, for example, (1) the federal Clean Air Act and comparable state laws and regulations that impose obligations related to air emissions, (2) the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or RCRA, and comparable state laws that impose requirements for the discharge of waste from our facilities and (3) the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, or CERCLA, also known as "Superfund," and comparable state laws that regulate the clean up of hazardous substances that may have been released at properties currently or previously owned or operated by us or locations to which we have sent waste for disposal. Governmental authorities have the power to enforce compliance with applicable regulations and permits and to subject violators to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, including substantial fines, the imposition of remedial requirements, and the issuance of orders enjoining future operations. Certain environmental laws, including CERCLA and analogous state laws and regulations, impose strict, joint and several liability for costs required to cleanup and restore sites where hazardous substances or hydrocarbons have been disposed or otherwise released. Moreover, third parties, including neighboring landowners, may also have the right to pursue legal actions to enforce compliance or to recover for personal injury and property damage allegedly caused by the release of hazardous substances, hydrocarbons or other waste products into the environment.

We will make expenditures in connection with environmental matters as part of normal capital expenditure programs. However, future environmental law developments, such as stricter laws, regulations, permits or enforcement policies, could significantly increase some costs of our operations, including the handling, manufacture, use, emission or disposal of substances and wastes.

Our pipeline integrity program may impose significant costs and liabilities on us.

Pursuant to the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002, the United States Department of Transportation, or DOT, has adopted regulations requiring pipeline operators to develop integrity management programs for transportation pipelines located where a leak or rupture could do the most harm in "high consequence areas." The regulations require operators to:

- · perform ongoing assessments of pipeline integrity;
- identify and characterize applicable threats to pipeline segments that could impact a high consequence area;
- improve data collection, integration and analysis;
- · repair and remediate the pipeline, as necessary; and
- implement preventive and mitigating actions.

At this time, we cannot predict the ultimate costs of compliance with this rule because those costs will depend on the number and extent of any repairs found to be necessary as a result of the pipeline integrity testing that is required by the rule. We will continue our pipeline integrity testing programs to assess and maintain the integrity of our pipelines. The results of these tests could cause us to incur significant and unanticipated capital and operating expenditures for repairs or upgrades deemed necessary to ensure the continued safe and reliable operation of our pipelines.

We are subject to strict regulations at many of our facilities regarding employee safety, and failure to comply with these regulations could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to you.

The workplaces associated with our pipelines are subject to the requirements of the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act, or OSHA, and comparable state statutes that regulate the protection of the health and safety of workers. In addition, the OSHA hazard communication standard requires that we maintain information about hazardous materials used or produced in our operations and that we provide this information

to employees, state and local governmental authorities and local residents. The failure to comply with OSHA requirements or general industry standards, keep adequate records or monitor occupational exposure to regulated substances could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make distributions to you.

We depend on Enterprise Products Partners and certain other key customers for a significant portion of our revenues. The loss of any of these key customers could result in a decline in our revenues and cash available to make distributions to you.

We rely on a limited number of customers for a significant portion of revenues. For the year ended December 31, 2005 and the nine months ended September 30, 2006, Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates accounted for approximately 9% and 12% of our total combined revenues, respectively. We expect Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates will account for an increased percentage of our total revenues after this offering. In addition, several of our assets will also rely on only one or two customers for the asset's cash flow. For example, the only shipper on our South Texas NGL pipeline is Enterprise Products Partners; the only customers on our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline are ExxonMobil and Shell; the only customer on our Sabine Propylene pipeline is Shell; and the only shipper on the pipeline held by Evangeline is Entergy. In order for new customers to use these pipelines, we or the new shippers would be required to construct interim pipeline connections.

Our contracts with affiliates include storage leases between Mont Belvieu Caverns and certain subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners and TEPPCO Partners that will reflect amendments to prior agreements effective concurrently with the closing of this offering. The effect of these amendments will be to decrease the total fees payable to us. Although we believe the current agreements will generally reflect current market rates, these agreements will be entered into with affiliates and not through arms' length negotiations. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Related Party Transactions with Enterprise Products Partners" for a description of our affiliate contracts.

We may be unable to negotiate extensions or replacements of these contracts and those with other key customers on favorable terms. The loss of all or even a portion of the contracted volumes of these customers, as a result of competition, creditworthiness or otherwise, could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and ability to make distributions to you, unless we are able to contract for comparable volumes from other customers at favorable rates.

We are exposed to the credit risks of our key customers, and any material nonpayment or nonperformance by our key customers could reduce our ability to make distributions to our unitholders.

We are subject to risks of loss resulting from nonpayment or nonperformance by our customers. Any material nonpayment or nonperformance by our key customers could reduce our ability to make distributions to our unitholders. Furthermore, some of our customers may be highly leveraged and subject to their own operating and regulatory risks. We generally do not require collateral for our accounts receivable. If we fail to adequately assess the creditworthiness of existing or future customers, unanticipated deterioration in their creditworthiness and any resulting increase in nonpayment or nonperformance by them could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions to you.

We depend on the leadership and involvement of Dan L. Duncan and other key personnel for the success of our and our subsidiaries' businesses.

We depend on the leadership, involvement and services of Dan L. Duncan, the founder of EPCO and the Chairman of our general partner. Mr. Duncan has been integral to the success of Enterprise Products Partners and the success of EPCO, and will be integral to our success, due in part to his ability to identify and develop business opportunities, make strategic decisions and attract and retain key personnel. The loss of his leadership and involvement or the services of any members of our senior management team could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Successful development of LNG import terminals outside our areas of operations could reduce the demand for our services.

Development of new, or expansion of existing, LNG facilities outside our areas of operations could reduce the need for customers to transport natural gas from supply basins connected to our pipelines. This could reduce the amount of gas transported by our pipelines for delivery off-system to other intrastate or interstate pipelines serving these customers. If we are not able to replace these volumes with volumes to other markets or other regions, throughput on our pipelines would decline which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and ability to make distributions to you.

We do not own all of the land on which our pipelines and facilities are located, which could disrupt our operations.

We do not own all of the land on which our pipelines and facilities are located, and we are therefore subject to the risk of increased costs to maintain necessary land use. We obtain the rights to construct and operate certain of our pipelines and related facilities on land owned by third parties and governmental agencies for a specific period of time. Our loss of these rights, through our inability to renew right-of-way contracts or otherwise, or increased costs to renew such rights, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and ability to make distributions to you.

Mergers among our customers or competitors could result in lower volumes being shipped on our pipelines, thereby reducing the amount of cash we generate.

Mergers among our existing customers or competitors could provide strong economic incentives for the combined entities to utilize systems other than ours and we could experience difficulty in replacing lost volumes and revenues. Because most of our operating costs are fixed, a reduction in volumes would result in not only a reduction of revenues, but also a decline in net income and cash flow of a similar magnitude, which would reduce our ability to meet our financial obligations and make distributions to you.

Because of our lack of asset and geographic diversification, adverse developments in our pipeline operations would reduce our ability to make distributions to our unitholders.

We rely on the revenues generated from our pipelines and related assets. Furthermore, our assets are concentrated in Texas and Louisiana. Due to our lack of diversification in asset type and location, an adverse development in our business or our operating areas would have a significantly greater impact on our financial condition and results of operations than if we maintained more diverse assets and operating areas.

Terrorist attacks aimed at our facilities or our customers' facilities could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Since the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks on the United States, the United States government has issued warnings that energy assets, including our nation's pipeline infrastructure, may be the future target of terrorist organizations. Any terrorist attack on our facilities or pipelines or those of our customers could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Risks Inherent in an Investment in Us

Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and their affiliates may compete with us, and business opportunities may be directed by contract to those affiliates prior to us under the administrative services agreement.

Our partnership agreement will not prohibit Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and their affiliates, other than our general partner, from owning and operating natural gas and NGL pipeline and storage assets or engaging in businesses that otherwise compete directly or indirectly with us. In addition, Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO may acquire, construct or dispose of additional midstream or other natural gas assets in the future, without any obligation to offer us the opportunity to purchase or construct any of these assets.

Under the administrative services agreement that we will enter into at or prior to the closing of this offering, if any business opportunity, other than a business opportunity to acquire general partner interests and other related equity securities in a publicly traded partnership, is presented to EPCO and its affiliates, us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, or Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, then Enterprise Products Partners will have the first right to pursue such opportunity for itself or, in its sole discretion, to affirmatively direct the opportunity to us. If Enterprise Products Partners abandons the business opportunity for itself or for us, then Enterprise GP Holdings will have the second right to pursue such opportunity to acquire general partner interests and other related equity securities in a publicly traded partnership is presented, then Enterprise GP Holdings will have the second right to pursue such opportunity to acquire general partner interests and other related equity securities in a publicly traded partnership is presented, then Enterprise GP Holdings will have the right to pursue such opportunity before Enterprise Products Partners is given the opportunity to us. Accordingly, we will be limited by contract in our ability to take certain business opportunities for our partnership. Please read "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties."

Our general partner and its affiliates own a controlling interest in us and have conflicts of interest and limited fiduciary duties, which may permit them to favor their own interests to your detriment.

Following the offering, Enterprise Products OLP will own indirectly a 2% general partner interest and directly approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units if the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units is exercised in full) and will own and control our general partner, which controls us. Although our general partner in a manner beneficial to Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates. Furthermore, certain directors and officers of our general partner may be directors or officers of affiliates of our general partner. Conflicts of interest may arise between Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates, including our general partner, on the one hand, and us and our unitholders, the directors is of its aresult of these conflicts, our general partner may favor its own interests and the interests of its affiliates over the interests of our unitholders. Please read "— Our partnership agreement limits our general partner's fiduciary duty." These potential conflicts include, among others, the following situations:

- Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and their affiliates may engage in substantial competition with us on the terms set forth in an amended and restated administrative services agreement. Please read "— Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and their affiliates may engage in competition with us, and business opportunities may be directed by contract to those affiliates prior to us under an amended and restated administrative services agreement."
- Neither our partnership agreement nor any other agreement requires EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners or their affiliates (other than
 our general partner) to pursue a business strategy that favors us. Directors and officers of EPCO and the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and
 TEPPCO Partners and their affiliates have a fiduciary duty to make decisions in the best interest of their shareholders or unitholders, which may be contrary to our interests.
- Our general partner is allowed to take into account the interests of parties other than us, such as EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners
 and their affiliates, in resolving conflicts of interest, which has the effect of limiting its fiduciary duty to our unitholders.
- Some of the officers of EPCO who provide services to us also may devote significant time to the business of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, and will be compensated by EPCO for such services.
- Our partnership agreement limits the liability and reduces the fiduciary duties of our general partner, while also restricting the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that, without these limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty. By purchasing common units, unitholders will



be deemed to have consented to some actions and conflicts of interest that might otherwise constitute a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable law.

- Our general partner determines the amount and timing of asset purchases and sales, operating expenditures, capital expenditures, borrowings, repayments of indebtedness, issuances of
 additional partnership securities and cash reserves, each of which can affect the amount of cash that is available for distribution to our unitholders.
- · Our general partner determines which costs, including allocated overhead, incurred by it and its affiliates are reimbursable by us.
- Enterprise Products Partners or TEPPCO Partners may propose to contribute additional assets to us and, in making such proposal, the directors of those entities have a fiduciary duty to their unitholders and not to our unitholders.
- Our partnership agreement does not restrict our general partner from causing us to pay it or its affiliates for any services rendered on terms that are fair and reasonable to us or entering
 into additional contractual arrangements with any of these entities on our behalf.
- · Our general partner intends to limit its liability regarding our contractual obligations.
- Our general partner may exercise its rights to call and purchase all of our common units if at any time it and its affiliates own 80% or more of the outstanding common units.
- Our general partner controls the enforcement of obligations owed to us by it and its affiliates, including the administrative services agreement.

Our general partner decides whether to retain separate counsel, accountants or others to perform services for us.

Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties."

We may be limited in our ability to consummate transactions, including acquisitions with affiliates of our general partner.

We will have inherent conflicts of interest with affiliates of our general partner, including Enterprise Products Partners and TEPPCO Partners. These conflicts may cause the audit and conflicts committees of these entities not to approve, or unitholders of these entities to dispute, any transactions that may be proposed or consummated between or among us and these affiliates. This may inhibit or prevent us from consummating transactions, including acquisitions, with them.

We do not have any officers or employees and rely solely on officers of our general partner and employees of EPCO and its affiliates.

Certain of the executive officers and directors of our general partner are also officers and/or directors of EPCO, the general partner of Enterprise GP Holdings, the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners, the general partner of TEPPCO or other affiliates of EPCO. These relationships may create conflicts of interest regarding corporate opportunities and other matters. The resolution of any such conflicts may not always be in our or our unitholders' best interests. In addition, these overlapping executive officers and directors allocate their time among EPCO, Enterprise GP Holdings, Enterprise Products Partners, TEPPCO Partners, us and other affiliates of EPCO. These officers and directors face potential conflicts regarding the allocation of their time, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

An affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners will have the power to appoint and remove our directors and management.

Because Enterprise Products OLP owns 100% of DEP Holdings, it will have the ability to elect all the members of the board of directors of our general partner. Our general partner will have control over all

decisions related to our operations. Furthermore, the goals and objectives of Enterprise Products OLP relating to us may not be consistent with those of a majority of the public unitholders.

Our general partner has a limited call right that may require you to sell your common units at an undesirable time or price.

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own 80% or more of the outstanding common units, our general partner will have the right, which it may assign to any of its affiliates or to us, but not the obligation, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the common units held by unaffiliated persons at a price equal to the greater of:

- the average of the daily closing prices of the common units over the 20 trading days preceding the date three days before notice of exercise of the call right is first mailed and
- the highest price paid by our general partner or any of its affiliates for common units during the 90-day period preceding the date such notice is first mailed.

As a result, you may be required to sell your common units at a price that is less than the initial offering price in this offering or, because of the manner in which the purchase price is determined, at a price less than the then current market price of the common units. In addition, this call right may be exercised at an otherwise undesirable time or price and you may not receive any return on your investment. You may also incur a tax liability upon a sale of your common units. Our general partner is not obligated to obtain a fairness opinion regarding the value of the common units to be repurchased by it upon exercise of the call right. There is no restriction in our partnership agreement that prevents our general partner from issuing additional common units or other equity securities and exercising its call right. If our general partner exercised its call right, the effect would be to take us private and, if the common units were subsequently deregistered, we might no longer be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Following this offering, affiliates of our general partner will own approximately 36.0% of the outstanding common units (approximately 26.4% of the outstanding common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).

For additional information about the call right, please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Limited Call Right."

Our partnership agreement limits our general partner's fiduciary duties to unitholders and restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that reduce the standards to which our general partner would otherwise be held by state fiduciary duty law. For example, our partnership agreement:

- permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner. This entitles our general partner to consider only the interests and factors that it desires, and it has no duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or any limited partner. Examples include the exercise of its limited call right, its rights to vote or transfer the common units it owns, its registration rights and the determination of whether to consent to any merger or consolidation of the partnership or amendment to the partnership agreement;
- provides in the absence of bad faith by the audit and conflicts committee or our general partner, the resolution, action or terms made, taken or provided in connection with a potential
 conflict of interest transaction will be conclusive and binding on all persons (including all partners) and will not constitute a breach of the partnership agreement or any standard of
 care or duty imposed by law;
- provides the general partner shall not be liable to the partnership or any partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of the partnership agreement to the extent it has duties, including fiduciary duties, and liabilities at law or in equity;



- generally provides that affiliate transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest not approved by the audit and conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner
 must be on terms no less favorable to us than those generally provided to or available from unrelated third parties or be "fair and reasonable" to us;
- provides that it shall be presumed that the resolution of any conflicts of interest by our general partner or the audit and conflicts committee was not made in bad faith, and in any
 proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or us, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption; and
- provides that our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or our limited partners for any acts or omissions unless there has been a
 final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that the general partner or those other persons acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or
 willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the conduct was criminal.

By purchasing a common unit, a unitholder will become bound by the provisions of our partnership agreement, including the provisions described above. Please read "Description of Our Common Units — Transfer of Units."

Unitholders have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors, which could lower the trading price of our common units.

Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, unitholders have only limited voting rights on matters affecting our business and, therefore, limited ability to influence management's decisions regarding our business. Unitholders will have no right to elect our general partner or its board of directors on an annual or other continuing basis. The board of directors of our general partner, including the independent directors, is chosen entirely by its owners and not by the unitholders. Furthermore, even if our unitholders were dissatisfied with the performance of our general partner, they will, practically speaking, have no ability to remove our general partner. As a result of these limitations, the price at which the common units will trade could be diminished because of the absence or reduction of a control premium in the trading price.

The vote of the holders of at least 66²/3% of all outstanding common units is required to remove our general partner. Following the closing of this offering, Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates will own approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).

You will experience immediate and substantial dilution of \$5.64 per unit.

The assumed initial public offering price of \$20.00 per unit exceeds the pro forma net tangible book value of \$14.36 per common unit. Based on this assumed initial public offering price, you will incur immediate and substantial dilution of \$5.64 per unit. This dilution results primarily because the assets sold and contributed by our general partner and its affiliates are recorded at their historical cost, and not their fair value, in accordance with GAAP. Please read "Dilution."

We may issue additional units without your approval, which would dilute your ownership interests.

At any time, we may issue an unlimited number of limited partner interests of any type without the approval of our unitholders. Our partnership agreement does not give our unitholders the right to approve our issuance of equity securities ranking junior to the common units at any time. In addition, our partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by our subsidiaries of equity securities, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

- The issuance by us of additional common units or other equity securities will have the following effects:
- the ownership interest of unitholders immediately prior to the issuance will decrease;
- the amount of cash distributions on each common unit may decrease;

- the relative voting strength of each previously outstanding common unit may be diminished;
- the ratio of taxable income to distributions may increase; and
- · the market price of the common units may decline.

Our partnership agreement restricts the voting rights of unitholders owning 20% or more of our common units.

Our partnership agreement restricts unitholders' voting rights by providing that any common units held by a person that owns 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, other than our general partner, its affiliates, their transferees and persons who acquired such units with the prior approval of the board of directors of our general partner, cannot vote on any matter. Our partnership agreement also contains provisions limiting the ability of common unitholders' ability to influence the manner or direction of management.

We have a holding company structure in which our subsidiaries conduct our operations and own our operating assets, which may affect our ability to make distributions to you.

We are a partnership holding company and our operating subsidiaries conduct all of our operations and own all of our operating assets. We have no significant assets other than the ownership interests in our subsidiaries and joint ventures. As a result, our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the performance of our subsidiaries and joint ventures and their ability to distribute funds to us. The ability of our subsidiaries and joint ventures to make distributions to us may be restricted by, among other things, the provisions of existing and future indebtedness, applicable state partnership and limited liability company laws and other laws and regulations, including FERC policies. For example, all cash flows from Evangeline are currently used to service its debt.

Affiliates of Enterprise Products Partners currently own a minority equity interest in all of our subsidiaries and will have a right of first refusal to acquire these subsidiaries or their material assets if we desire to sell them, other than inventory and other assets solid in the ordinary course of business. These rights may adversely affect our ability to dispose of these assets. In addition, our ownership interest in Mont Belvieu Caverns may be diluted, and the cash flow from our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment may be reduced, if we do not contribute our proportionate share of any future costs to fund expansion projects at Mont Belvieu Caverns.

We do not have the same flexibility as other types of organizations to accumulate cash and equity to protect against illiquidity in the future.

Unlike a corporation, our partnership agreement requires us to make quarterly distributions to our unitholders of all available cash reduced by any amounts of reserves for commitments and contingencies, including capital and operating costs and debt service requirements. The value of our common units and other limited partner interests may decrease in direct correlation with decreases in the amount we distribute per common unit. Accordingly, if we experience a liquidity problem in the future, we may not be able to issue more equity to recapitalize.

Cost reimbursements to EPCO and its affiliates will reduce cash available for distribution to you.

Prior to making any distribution on the common units, we will reimburse EPCO and its affiliates for all expenses they incur on our behalf, including allocated overhead. These amounts will include all costs incurred in managing and operating us, including costs for rendering administrative staff and support services to us, and overhead allocated to us by EPCO. Please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions," "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties — Conflicts of Interest and Business Opportunity Agreements." The



payment of these amounts, including allocated overhead, to EPCO and its affiliates could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to you.

Unitholders may not have limited liability if a court finds that unitholder action constitutes control of our business.

The limitations on the liability of holders of limited partner interests for the obligations of a limited partnership have not been clearly established in some of the states in which we do business. You could have unlimited liability for our obligations if a court or government agency determined that:

- · we were conducting business in a state, but had not complied with that particular state's partnership statute; or
- your right to act with other unitholders to remove or replace our general partner, to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement or to take other actions under our
 partnership agreement constituted "control" of our business.
- Please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement Limited Liability" for a discussion of the implications of the limitations of liability on a unitholder.

Unitholders may have liability to repay distributions.

Under certain circumstances, unitholders may have to repay amounts wrongfully returned or distributed to them. Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "Delaware Act"), we may not make a distribution to you if the distribution would cause our liabilities to exceed the fair value of our assets. Liabilities to partners on account of their partnership interests and liabilities that are non-recourse to the partnership are not counted for purposes of determining whether a distribution is permitted. Delaware law provides that for a period of three years from the date of an impermissible distribution, limited partners who received the distribution and who knew at the time of the distribution that it violated Delaware law will be liable to the limited partnership for the distribution amount. A purchaser of common units who becomes a limited partner is liable for the obligations of the transferring limited partner to make contributions to the partnership that are known to such purchaser of common units at the time it became a limited partner and for unknown obligations if the liabilities could be determined from our partnership agreement.

Our general partner's interest in us and the control of our general partner may be transferred to a third party without unitholder consent.

Our general partner may transfer its general partner interest to a third party in a merger or in a sale of all or substantially all of its assets without the consent of the unitholders. Furthermore, there is no restriction in our partnership agreement on the ability of DEP Holdings or Enterprise Products OLP to transfer their equity interests in our general partner or our general partner to a third party. The new equity owner of our general partner would then be in a position to replace the board of directors and officers of our general partner with their own choices and to influence the decisions taken by the board of directors and officers of our general partner.

There is no existing market for our common units, and a trading market that will provide you with adequate liquidity may not develop.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the common units. After this offering, there will be 13,000,000 publicly traded common units, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units. We do not know the extent to which investor interest will lead to the development of a trading market or how liquid that market might be. You may not be able to resell your common units at or above the initial public offering price. Additionally, the lack of liquidity may result in wide bid-ask spreads, contribute to significant fluctuations in the market price of the common units and limit the number of investors who are able to buy the common units.

The initial public offering price for the common units will be determined by negotiations between us and the representatives of the underwriters and may not be indicative of the market price of the common units that will prevail in the trading market. The market price of our common units may decline below the initial public offering price.

Tax Risks

You should read "Material Tax Consequences" for a more complete discussion of the expected material federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of common units.

Our tax treatment depends on our status as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, as well as our not being subject to a material amount of entity-level taxation by individual states. If the IRS were to treat us as a corporation or if we were to become subject to a material amount of entity-level taxation for state tax purposes, then our cash distributions to you would be substantially reduced.

The anticipated after-tax benefit of an investment in the common units depends largely on our being treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. We have not requested, and do not plan to request, a ruling from the IRS on this or any other matter affecting us.

If we were treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, we would pay federal income tax on our income at the corporate tax rate, which is currently a maximum of 35%. Distributions to you would generally be taxed again as corporate distributions, and no income, gains, losses, deductions or credits would flow through to you. Because a tax would be imposed upon us as a corporation, our cash available for distribution to you would be substantially reduced. Thus, treatment of us as a corporation would result in a material reduction in the anticipated cash flow and after-tax return to you, likely causing a substantial reduction in the value of the common units.

Current law may change, causing us to be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes or otherwise subjecting us to a material amount of entity-level taxation. In addition, because of widespread state budget deficits and other reasons, several states, including Texas, are evaluating ways to enhance state-tax collections. For example, our operating subsidiaries will be subject to a newly revised Texas franchise tax (the "Texas Margin Tax") on the portion of their revenue that is generated in Texas beginning for tax reports due on or after January 1, 2008. Specifically, the Texas Margin Tax will be imposed at a maximum effective rate of 0.7% of the operating subsidiaries' gross revenue that is apportioned to Texas. If any additional state were to impose a tax upon us or the operating subsidiaries as an entity, the cash available for distribution to you would be reduced.

If the IRS contests the federal income tax positions we take, the market for our common units may be adversely impacted, and the costs of any contest will reduce our cash distributions to you.

We have not requested any ruling from the IRS with respect to our treatment as a partnership for federal income tax purposes or any other matter affecting us. The IRS may adopt positions that differ from our counsel's conclusions expressed in this prospectus. It may be necessary to resort to administrative or court proceedings to sustain some or all of our counsel's conclusions or the positions we take. A court may not agree with some or all of our counsel's conclusions or the positions we take. Any contest with the IRS may materially and adversely impact the market for our common units and the price at which they trade. In addition, because the costs of any contest with the IRS will be borne indirectly by our unitholders and our general partner, any such contest will result in a reduction in cash available for distribution.

You may be required to pay taxes on your share of our income even if you do not receive any cash distributions from us.

You will be required to pay federal income taxes and, in some cases, state and local income taxes on your share of our taxable income, whether or not you receive cash distributions from us. You may not receive cash distributions from us equal to your share of our taxable income or even equal to the actual tax liability that results from your share of our taxable income.



Tax gain or loss on the disposition of our common units could be different than expected.

If you sell your common units, you will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized and your tax basis in those common units. Prior distributions to you in excess of the total net taxable income you were allocated for a common unit, which decreased your tax basis in that common unit, will, in effect, become taxable income to you if the common unit is sold at a price greater than your tax basis in that common unit, even if the price you receive is less than your original cost. A substantial portion of the amount realized, whether or not representing gain, may be ordinary income to you.

Tax-exempt entities and foreign persons face unique tax issues from owning common units that may result in adverse tax consequences to them.

Investment in common units by tax-exempt entities, such as individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"), other retirement plans, and non-U.S. persons raises issues unique to them. For example, virtually all of our income allocated to organizations that are exempt from federal income tax, including IRAs and other retirement plans, will be unrelated business taxable income and will be taxable to them. Distributions to non-U.S. persons will be reduced by withholding taxes at the highest applicable effective tax rate, and non-U.S. persons will be required to file United States federal tax returns and pay tax on their share of our taxable income. If you are a tax-exempt entity or a non-U.S. person you should consult your tax advisor before investing in our common units.

We will treat each purchaser of common units as having the same tax benefits without regard to the common units purchased. The IRS may challenge this treatment, which could result in a decrease in the value of the common units.

Because we cannot match transferors and transferees of common units, we will adopt depreciation and amortization positions that may not conform with all aspects of existing Treasury regulations. A successful IRS challenge to those positions could decrease the amount of tax benefits available to you. It also could affect the timing of these tax benefits or the amount of gain from your sale of common units and could have a negative impact on the value of our common units or result in audit adjustments to your tax returns. Please read "Material Tax Consequences — Uniformity of Units" for a further discussion of the effect of the depreciation and amortization positions we will adopt.

The sale or exchange of 50% or more of our capital and profits interests will result in the termination of our partnership for federal income tax purposes.

We will be considered to have terminated for federal income tax purposes if there is a sale or exchange of 50% or more of the total interests in our capital and profits within a twelve month period. Our termination would, among other things, result in the closing of our taxable year for all unitholders and could result in a deferral of depreciation deductions allowable in computing our taxable income. Please read "Material Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units — Constructive Termination" for a discussion of the consequences of our termination for federal income tax purposes.

You may be subject to state and local taxes and return filing requirements as a result of investing in our common units.

In addition to federal income taxes, you will likely be subject to other taxes, such as state and local income taxes, unincorporated business taxes and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that are imposed by the various jurisdictions in which we do business or own property. You may be required to file state and local income tax returns and pay state and local income taxes in some or all of these various jurisdictions. Further, you may be subject to penalties for failure to comply with those requirements. We will initially own property or conduct business in Louisiana and Texas. We may own property or conduct business in other states or foreign countries in the future. It is your responsibility to file all federal, state and local tax returns. Our counsel has not rendered an opinion on the state and local tax consequences of an investment in our common units.



USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect to receive net proceeds from this offering of approximately \$243.4 million (based on an assumed offering price of \$20.00 per unit), after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and a \$1.0 million structuring fee, but before estimated net expenses associated with the offering and related formation transactions.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to:

- distribute approximately \$212.3 million to Enterprise Products OLP as a portion of the cash consideration and reimbursement for capital expenditures relating to the assets contributed to us;
- provide approximately \$28.2 million to fund our 66% share of estimated capital expenditures to complete planned expansions to the South Texas NGL pipeline system and brine
 production and above-ground storage projects at Mont Belvieu subsequent to the closing of this offering; and
- pay approximately \$2.9 million of other estimated net expenses associated with this offering and related formation transactions described on page 2.

The portion of net proceeds that we retain to fund planned expansions (and the amount that we plan to distribute to Enterprise Products OLP) assumes that, prior to the closing date of this offering, South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns will have recorded \$59 million of a total estimated additional cost of \$101.7 million to complete our acquisition and construction of the South Texas NGL pipeline system and our completion of brine production and above-ground storage projects at Mont Belvieu. The amounts actually distributed or retained at the closing of this offering will be increased or decreased by an amount equal to 66% of the difference between:

- (1) \$101.7 million (the estimated total additional costs); and
- (2) the actual construction and acquisition costs paid with respect to (i) the South Texas NGL pipeline (excluding the original pipeline purchase costs of approximately \$97.7 million) and (ii) the Mont Belvieu brine production and above-ground storage projects, prior to the contribution of interests in South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns to us at the closing of this offering.

Of the \$59 million in total estimated costs noted above, as of December 31, 2006, we had recorded \$19.6 million of the estimated additional costs for construction and acquisition of the South Texas NGL pipeline system and \$21.3 million of the estimated additional costs related to the Mont Belvieu brine production and above-ground storage projects.

If the offering price is more or less than the assumed \$20.00 per unit price, the amount that we will actually distribute to Enterprise Products OLP will also be increased or decreased by all of the difference in such net proceeds from this offering.

Concurrently with the closing of this offering, we will also borrow approximately \$200 million under our new \$300 million credit agreement. We will distribute \$198.9 million of these borrowings to Enterprise Products OLP in partial consideration for the assets contributed to us upon the closing of this offering. For a description of our credit agreement, please read "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — New Revolving Credit Facility."

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units, we will use all of the net proceeds from the sale of those common units to redeem an equal number of common units from Enterprise Products OLP, which may be deemed a selling unitholder in this offering. Please read "Selling Unitholder" and "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth:

- the cash and capitalization of our predecessor, Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor, as of September 30, 2006 on a combined historical basis;
- our pro forma cash and capitalization as of September 30, 2006, after, giving effect to:
 - the August 2006 purchase of a pipeline by Enterprise Products Partners for approximately \$97.7 million in cash, the subsequent contribution of this pipeline to South Texas
 NGL and the payment of estimated additional costs of \$37.7 million required to modify this pipeline and to acquire and construct additional pipelines in order to place this
 pipeline system into operation in January 2007;
 - the payment of estimated additional costs of \$21.3 million required to expand our Mont Belvieu brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs;
 - the contribution of a 66% interest in certain entities which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners, and the retention by Enterprise Products Partners of a 34% interest in these entities;
 - the revision of related party storage contracts between us and Enterprise Products Partners to (1) increase certain storage fees paid by Enterprise Products Partners and
 (2) reflect the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of all storage measurement gains and losses relating to products under these agreements, and the execution of a limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for the special allocation and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses to Enterprise Products Partners; and
 - the assignment to us of certain third-party agreements that effectively reduce tariff rates received by us for the transport of propylene volumes; and
- our unaudited pro forma, as adjusted cash and capitalization as of September 30, 2006, after giving effect to the transactions described above, this offering, the borrowing of
 approximately \$200 million under a new \$300 million credit agreement by us in connection with our acquisition of ownership interests in our subsidiaries from Enterprise Products
 Partners, and the application of the net proceeds from this offering and the borrowings as described under "Use of Proceeds."

This table is derived from, and should be read together with, the historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and our unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information included elsewhere in this prospectus. You should also read this table in conjunction with "Summary — Duncan Energy Partners L.P. — Formation Transactions," "Use of Proceeds," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

		As of September 30, 2006	
	Historical	Pro Forma (Dollars in thousands)	Pro Forma, As Adjusted
Cash	\$	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 28,188(a)
Debt			200,000
Owner's net investment — predecessor	662,131	716,465	_
Parent's interest in Partnership	—	—	305,233
Partnership equity — common units — public			240,520
Total capitalization	\$ 662,131	\$ 716,465	\$ 745,753

(a) Represents cash retained for our 66% share of estimated 2007 capital expenditures to complete planned expansions of our South Texas NGL pipeline and Mont Belvieu brine-related facilities.

DILUTION

Dilution is the amount by which the offering price paid by purchasers of our common units sold in this offering will exceed the pro forma net tangible book value per common unit after the offering. Assuming an initial public offering price of \$20.00 per common unit, on a pro forma basis as of September 30, 2006, after giving effect to the offering of 13,000,000 common units, our net tangible book value was \$297.5 million, or \$14.36 per common unit. This amount includes equity from new investors of \$240.5 million and the parent's interest in common units and the general partner interest of \$61.6 million less the Partnership's 66% share of intangible assets. Purchasers of our common units in this offering will experience substantial and immediate dilution in net tangible book value per common unit for financial accounting purposes, as illustrated in the following table.

Assumed initial public offering price per common unit		\$ 2	20.00
Pro forma net tangible book value per common unit before the offering(1)	\$ 60.68		
Decrease in net tangible book value per common unit attributable to purchasers in the offering	46.32		
Less: Pro forma net tangible book value per common unit after the offering(2)		1	4.36
Immediate dilution in net tangible book value per common unit to purchasers in the offering		\$	5.64

(1) Determined by dividing the net tangible book value of the contributed net assets of \$468.2 million, net of subsidiary ownership interests retained by parent of \$243.6 million, by the number of common units (7,301,571 common units and the 2% general partner interest, which has a dilutive effect equivalent to 414,318 common units) to be issued to our general partner and its affiliates for their contribution of assets and liabilities to us. Our general partner's dilutive effect equivalent was determined by multiplying the total number of common units deemed to be outstanding (i.e., the total number of common units outstanding of 20,301,571 divided by 98%) by our general partner's 2% general partner interest.

(2) Determined by dividing our pro forma net tangible book value of \$297.5 million, which reflects the application of the assumed net proceeds of this offering, by the total number of common units (20,301,571 common units and the 2% general partner interest, which has a dilutive effect equivalent to 414,318 common units) to be outstanding after the offering. The following table shows our calculation of pro forma net tangible book value (dollars in thousands):

Pro forma net book value, including Parent interest	Э	302,155
Less: 66% share of intangible assets attributable to parent's interest in common units and the general partner interest and new investors		(4,636)
Pro forma net tangible book value, including Parent interest	\$	297,519

The following table sets forth the number of common units that we will issue and the total consideration contributed to us by our general partner and its affiliates and by the purchasers of common units in this offering (dollars in thousands):

	Common Unit Acquired	s	Total Considerati	ion
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent
Parent's interest in common units and general partner interest (1)(2)	7,715,889	37.2%	\$ 61,635	20.4%
New investors	13,000,000	62.8%	240,520	79.6%
Total	20,715,889	100.0%	\$ 302,155	100.0%

Upon the consummation of this offering, Enterprise Products OLP and our general partner will own an aggregate of 7,301,571 common units and a 2% general partner interest having a (1) dilutive effect equivalent to 414,318 common units.

(2) The assets contributed by Enterprise Products OLP were recorded at historical cost in accordance with GAAP. Book value of the consideration provided by our general partner and Enterprise Products OLP, as of September 30, 2006, after giving effect to the application of the net proceeds of the offering and the retention of a 34% equity interest in the contributed subsidiaries is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Pro forma owners' net investment	\$ 716,465
Less: Payment to Parent from the net proceeds of the offering and borrowings under the credit agreement	(411,232)
Less: Parent retention of 34% of the equity interests in contributed subsidiaries of the Partnership	(243,598)
Total consideration for Parent's interest in common units and general partner interest	\$ 61,635

For financial reporting purposes, the parent's retained interest in the subsidiaries of \$243.6 million and the carryover basis in the common units and the general partner interest as part of this offering is presented outside the Partnership equity from the new public investors.

CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS

You should read the following discussion of our cash distribution policy in conjunction with the specific assumptions included in this section. For detailed information regarding the factors and assumptions upon which our cash distribution policy is based, please read "— Assumptions and Considerations" below. In addition, you should read "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" for information regarding statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and certain risks inherent in our business.

For additional information regarding our historical and pro forma financial information, you should refer to the audited historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2004 and 2005 and the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our unaudited historical financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, and our unaudited proforma condensed combined financial information at September 30, 2006 and for the year ended December 31, 2005 and nine months ended September 30, 2006 included elsewhere in this prospectus.

General

Rationale for Our Cash Distribution Policy

Our partnership agreement requires us to distribute all of our available cash on a quarterly basis. Available cash is defined to mean generally, for each fiscal quarter, all cash and cash equivalents on the date of determination of available cash for such quarter, less the reserves that our general partner determines are necessary or appropriate to provide for the conduct of our business, to comply with applicable law, any of our debt instruments or other agreements or to provide for future distributions to our unitholders for any one or more of the upcoming four quarters. We intend to fund a portion of our capital expenditures with additional borrowings under our new revolving credit facility or the issuance of additional units. We may also borrow to make distributions to unitholders, for example, in circumstances where we believe that the distribution level is sustainable over the long term, but short-term factors have caused available cash from operations to be insufficient to pay the distribution at the current level. Our partnership agreement will not restrict our ability to borrow to pay distributions. It is the current policy of the board of directors of our general partner, however, that we should maintain or increase our level of quarterly cash distributions only when, in its judgment, we can sustain such distribution levels over a long-term period. Our cash distribution policy reflects a basic judgment that our unitholders will be better served by us distributing our available cash, after expenses and reserves, rather than retaining it. Also, because we are not subject to an entity-level federal income tax, we have more cash to distribute to you than would be the case if we were subject to federal income tax.

Restrictions and Limitations on Cash Distributions and Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy

- There is no guarantee that unitholders will receive quarterly distributions from us. Our distribution policy is subject to certain restrictions and may be changed at any time, including:
- Our cash distribution policy will be subject to restrictions on distributions under our new credit facility. Specifically, our revolving credit facility contains certain material financial tests, such as a Consolidated Debt to Consolidated EBITDA ratio, or leverage ratio, not to exceed 4.75 to 1.00 and a Consolidated EBITDA to Consolidated Interest Expense ratio, or interest coverage ratio, of not less than 2.75 to 1.00, and other covenants that we must satisfy. Should we be unable to satisfy these restrictions under our revolving credit facility, or if we otherwise default under our revolving credit facility, we would be prohibited from making a distribution to you notwithstanding our stated cash distribution policy. These financial tests and covenants are described in the prospectus under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources New Revolving Credit Facility."
- Our general partner will have the authority to establish cash reserves for the prudent conduct of our business and for future cash distributions to our unitholders, and the establishment
 of those reserves



could result in a reduction in cash distributions to you from levels we currently anticipate pursuant to our stated cash distribution policy. Any determination to establish reserves made by our general partner in the absence of bad faith will be binding on the unitholders. Over a period of time, if we do not set aside sufficient cash reserves or make sufficient cash expenditures to maintain our asset base, we will be unable to pay distributions at the current level from cash generated from operations and would therefore expect to reduce our distributions. We will not be able to increase our current level of distributions without making accretive acquisitions or capital expenditures that grow our asset base. A significant decrease in throughput volumes or in the demand for or production of hydrocarbon products from current levels would adversely affect our ability to pay distributions. If our asset base decreases and we do not reduce our distributions, a portion of the distributions you receive may be considered a return of part of your investment in us as opposed to a return on your investment.

- While our partnership agreement requires us to distribute all of our available cash, our partnership agreement, including our cash distribution policy contained therein, may be
 amended with the consent of the general partner and a vote of the holders of a majority of our common units. Following completion of this offering, our public unitholders will own
 64.0% of our common units and Enterprise Products Partners (our parent and sponsor) will own the remainder.
- Even if our cash distribution policy is not amended, modified or revoked, the amount of distributions we pay under our cash distribution policy and the decision to make any
 distribution is determined by our general partner, taking into consideration the terms of our partnership agreement. Enterprise Products OLP owns our general partner.
- Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, we may not make a distribution to our partners if the distribution would cause our liabilities to
 exceed the fair value of our assets.

We may lack sufficient cash to pay distributions to our unitholders due to a number of factors, including:

- A reduction in throughput volumes on our pipelines would decrease our cash receipts from pipeline transportation revenues, which would reduce cash available to pay distributions.
- An increase in operating expenses, general and administrative costs and state and federal income taxes would increase our cash outlays for such items, which would reduce cash
 available to pay distributions.
- Principal repayments (to the extent not refinanced) and interest payments on any current or future debt would generally be made from cash generated by operating activities, which would reduce cash available to pay distributions.
- Capital expenditures reduce cash available to pay distributions to the extent such amounts are funded from cash generated by operating activities.
- To the extent not funded by borrowings under our revolving credit facility, working capital needs for such items as inventory or prepaid items reduce cash available to pay distributions.

Please read "Risk Factors" for additional discussion of these factors.

Our Ability to Grow Depends on Our Ability to Access External Growth Capital

Our partnership agreement requires us to distribute all of our available cash to our unitholders. As a result, we expect to rely primarily upon external financing sources, including commercial bank borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities, to fund acquisition capital expenditures. To the extent we are unable to finance growth externally, our cash distribution policy will significantly impair our ability to grow. To the extent we issue additional units in connection with any acquisitions or other capital expenditures, the payment of distributions on those additional units may increase the risk that we will be unable to maintain or increase our per unit distribution level, which in turn may impact the available cash that we have to distribute on each unit. There are no limitations in our partnership agreement or our revolving credit facility on our ability to issue additional units, including units ranking senior to the common units. The incurrence of additional

commercial borrowings or other debt to finance any future growth would result in increased interest expense, which in turn may impact the amount of available cash that we have to distribute to our unitholders.

Our Initial Distribution Rate

Upon completion of this offering, the board of directors of our general partner will adopt a cash distribution policy pursuant to which we will declare an initial distribution of \$0.40 per unit per quarter (pro rated for the first quarter during which we are a publicly traded partnership), or \$1.60 per unit per year, to be paid no later than 45 days after the end of each fiscal quarter. This equates to an aggregate cash distribution of approximately \$8.3 million per quarter, or \$33.1 million per year, based on the units outstanding immediately after completion of this offering. If the underwriters' option to purchase additional units is exercised, an equivalent number of common units will be redeemed from Enterprise Products OLP. Accordingly, the exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional units will not affect the total amount of units outstanding or the amount of cash needed to pay the initial distribution rate on all units. Our ability to make cash distributions at the initial distribution rate pursuant to this policy will be subject to the factors described above under the caption "— General — Restrictions and Limitations on Cash Distributions and Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy."

As of the date of this offering, our general partner will be entitled to 2% of all distributions that we make prior to our liquidation. The general partner's initial 2% interest in these distributions may be reduced if we issue additional units in the future and our general partner does not contribute a proportionate amount of capital to us to maintain its initial 2% general partner interest. Our general partner is not obligated to contribute a proportionate amount of capital to us to maintain its current general partner interest.

The following table sets forth the estimated aggregate distribution amounts payable on our common units and general partner interest during the year following the closing of this proposed offering at our initial distribution rate of \$0.40 per common unit per quarter (or \$1.60 per common unit on an annualized basis).

		Initial Quarterly Distribution			
Units	One	Quarter	Four Quarters		
		(Dollars	in thousands)		
Common units held by parent (Enterprise Products OLP)	\$	2,141	\$	8,562	
Common units held by public unitholders (non-parent)		5,980		23,920	
General partner interest		166		663	
Total	\$	8,287	\$	33,145	

These distributions will not be cumulative. Consequently, if distributions on our common units are not paid with respect to any fiscal quarter at the expected initial quarterly distribution, our unitholders will not be entitled to receive such payments in the future. We will pay distributions on or about the 15th of each February, May, August and November to holders of record on or about the 1st of each such month. If the distribution date does not fall on a business day, we will make the distribution on the business day immediately preceding the indicated distribution date. On or before May 15, 2007 to the extent we have available cash in accordance with the terms of our partnership agreement, we will pay a distribution to our unitholders equal to the initial quarterly distribution prorated for the portion of the quarter ending March 31, 2007 that we are public.

We do not have a legal obligation to pay distributions at our initial distribution rate or at any other rate except as provided in our partnership agreement. Our distribution policy is consistent with the terms of our partnership agreement, which requires that we distribute all of our available cash quarterly. Under our partnership agreement, available cash is defined to mean generally, for each fiscal quarter, all cash and cash equivalents on the date of determination of available cash for such quarter, less the reserves that our general partner determines are necessary or appropriate to provide for the conduct of our business, to comply with applicable law, any of our debt instruments or other agreements or to provide for future distributions to our unitholders for any one or more of the upcoming four quarters.

In the sections that follow, we present in detail the basis for our belief that we will be able to fully fund our initial quarterly distribution of \$0.40 per common unit per quarter for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. In those sections we present two tables, including:

- Our "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash," in which we present the amount of pro forma available cash that we would have had available for distribution to our limited
 partners and parent with respect to the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006 based on our pro forma financial statements included in this
 prospectus. Our calculation of pro forma available cash in this table should only be viewed as a general indication of the amount of available cash that we might have generated had
 we been in existence in an earlier period.
- Our "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions," in which we present our estimate of available cash to pay distributions for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007, which
 supports our belief that we will be able to fully fund our initial annual distribution of \$1.60 per common unit during such period.

If we had completed the transactions contemplated in this prospectus on January 1, 2005, our pro forma available cash to pay distributions for the year ended December 31, 2005 would have been \$9.9 million. This amount would have been insufficient by approximately \$23.2 million to pay the initial annual distribution of \$33.1 million on all our common units and general partner interest. Likewise, our pro forma available cash to pay distributions for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006 would have been a deficit of \$14.1 million. This amount would have been insufficient by approximately \$47.2 million to pay the initial annual distribution amount of \$33.1 million on all our common units and general partner interest.

The pro forma financial information does not reflect certain changes in operating assumptions and expected results that affect our projections for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007, including principally:

- The commencement of operations within our NGL Pipeline Services segment. The South Texas NGL pipeline became operational in January 2007 and is expected to generate an
 additional \$16.4 million of Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA during the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. For a definition of Estimated Consolidated Adjusted
 EBITDA, please read "—Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions;" and
- The funding of growth capital expenditures with sources other than cash from operations. Because we had no external financing of capital projects in the year ended December 31, 2005 and the four quarters ended September 30, 2006, pro forma available cash was reduced by \$19.5 million and \$61.1 million for capital expenditures in those respective periods. We expect that, in the future, growth capital expenditures will be funded with sources other than cash from operations, such as proceeds from this offering, borrowings under our new revolving credit facility, debt or equity financings, or contributions from Enterprise Products OLP.

Therefore, we believe that we will have sufficient cash available to pay quarterly distributions of \$0.40 per unit on all our common units and our general partner interest during the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. See "— Assumptions and Considerations" for the specific assumptions underlying this belief.

The tables used in this section, "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash" and "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions," have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of our management. Our independent registered public accounting firm has neither examined, compiled or otherwise applied procedures to such information presented herein and, accordingly do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with the prospective financial information. Such independent registered public accounting firm's reports included elsewhere in this prospectus relate to the appropriately described historical financial information. Such reports do not extend to the tables and related information and should not be read to do so. In addition, such tables and information were not prepared with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the Securities and Exchange Commission or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of prospective financial information, and were not prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America nor



were procedures applied for auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States).

Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash

The pro forma financial statements, upon which our pro forma combined available cash for distributions is based, do not purport to present our results of operations had the transactions contemplated in this prospectus actually been completed as of the dates indicated. Furthermore, cash available for distribution is a cash accounting concept, while our pro forma financial statements have been prepared on an accual basis. We derived the amounts of pro forma combined available cash for distribution in the manner described in the table below. As a result, the amount of pro forma combined available cash for distribution of the amount of cash available for distribution that we might have generated had we been formed in earlier periods.

The following table illustrates, on a pro forma basis, for the year ended December 31, 2005 and for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006, the amount of cash that would have been available for distribution to the holders of our common units (including Enterprise Products Partners) and our general partner assuming that this offering had been consummated at the beginning of each such period. The pro forma adjustments in the following table give effect to (i) the contribution of 66% of the ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene, (ii) the revision of related party storage contracts with Enterprise Products Partners, including terms relating to the allocation of measurement gains and losses, (iii) the execution of a limited liability company agreement with Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for special allocations to Enterprise Products Partners, and (iv) the assignment of certain third-party propylene transportation agreements, as if they had occurred at the beginning of the periods presented.

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash (Dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts)

	Ŷ	ro Forma ear Ended cember 31, 2005	Fou	ro Forma nr Quarters Ended otember 30, 2006
Cash Provided by Operating Activities(a)	\$	40,568	\$	65,643
Adjustments to derive Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA(a):				
Interest expense		532		532
Equity income of unconsolidated affiliates		331		675
Net effect of changes in operating accounts(b)		18,280		3,204
Changes in fair market value of financial instruments for Acadian Gas		(52)		(472)
Non-cash gain (loss) on sale of assets		(5)		14
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA		59,654		69,596
Pro forma increase in storage revenues(c)		11,610		12,902
Pro forma decrease in operating expense due to allocation of measurement losses by parent(d)		3,055		2,053
Pro forma decrease in transportation revenues(e)		(18,439)		(21,238)
Additional expenses of being a public company(f)		(2,500)		(2,500)
Pro Forma Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA		53,380		60,813
Less: Cash interest expense(g)		(13,000)		(13,000)
Cash distributions to parent by subsidiaries(h)		(13,100)		(737)
Parent contribution (distribution) for operating losses(d)		2,122		(49)
Capital expenditures(i)		(19,472)		(61,083)
Pro Forma Combined Available Cash	\$	9,930	\$	(14,056)
Expected Cash Distributions:				
Expected distribution per unit	\$	1.60	\$	1.60
Distributions to our general partner	\$	663	\$	663
Distributions on common units held by public unitholders (non-parent)		23,920		23,920
Distributions on common units held by parent		8,562		8,562
Total cash distributions	\$	33,145	\$	33,145
(Shortfall)	\$	(23,215)	\$	(47,201)
Debt Covenant Ratios				
Leverage ratio(j)		5.56		5.07
Interest coverage ratio(j)		2.66		2.91

Notes to "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Available Cash" table:

(a) Reflects historical combined cash provided by operating activities of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor for the year ended December 31, 2005 or derived from such predecessor information for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006.

(b) Primarily reflects the historical combined changes in operating accounts of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. Such changes are generally the result of timing of cash receipts from sales and cash payments for purchases and other expenses near the end of each period. We will be able to use borrowings under our new \$300 million revolving credit facility to satisfy discretionary cash needs for working capital requirements and, thereby potentially decrease the use of cash flows from operations to satisfy such

needs. We expect to have \$100 million of additional borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility immediately after giving effect to this offering and the transactions contemplated at the closing. Consequently, we do not reflect any adjustments to pro forma combined available cash as a result of working capital components.

- (c) Reflects an increase in related party storage fees charged to Enterprise Products Partners attributable to its use of the storage facilities owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns.
- (d) Reflects the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of measurement gains and losses relating to products under storage agreements between Enterprise Products Partners and Mont Belvieu Caverns and the execution of a limited liability company agreement with Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for special allocations to Enterprise Products Partners and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses.
- (e) Reflects a reduction in transportation rates we charge for usage of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines.
- (f) Reflects \$2.5 million of our incremental general and administrative expenses that we expect to incur as a result of becoming a publicly traded entity. These costs include fees associated with annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, investor relations, registrar and transfer agent fees, incremental insurance costs, accounting and legal services. These costs also include estimated related party amounts payable to EPCO in connection with the administrative services agreement. For additional information regarding the administrative services agreement, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Administrative Services Agreement."
- (g) Reflects \$13 million of cash interest cost resulting from an assumed \$200 million borrowed at an estimated variable interest rate of 6.5% per annum under our \$300 million revolving credit facility. If the variable interest rate used to calculate this interest expense were $\frac{1}{8}$ % higher, our annual cash interest cost would increase to \$13.3 million.
- (h) Reflects Enterprise Products Partners contributions to (and distributions from) subsidiaries. These amounts are net of the parent's share of capital expenditures of each subsidiary. Enterprise Products Partners will own a 34% interest in each of our subsidiaries and will be allocated a portion of the cash flows of each subsidiary in accordance with its ownership percentage. However, the parent's 34% earnings allocation with respect to Mont Belvieu Caverns is after a special allocation by Mont Belvieu Caverns to the parent in an amount equal to the subsidiary's net measurement gain or loss each period. Enterprise Products Partners will receive a cash distribution from Mont Belvieu Caverns with respect to a net measurement gain each quarter. Conversely, Enterprise Products Partners will make a cash contribution to Mont Belvieu Caverns with respect to a net measurement loss each quarter.
- (i) Reflects actual capital expenditures, net of contributions in aid of construction costs, for growth and sustaining capital projects for the periods indicated. The majority of these capital expenditures were for the construction of additional brine production capacity at the storage facility owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns.
- (j) With the exception of meeting the interest coverage ratio for the pro forma four quarters ending September 30, 2006, we would not have been in compliance with the expected financial covenants of our new revolving credit facility. These financial tests and covenants are described under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources New Revolving Credit Facility." The reason for this compliance shortfall is the lack of pro forma EBITDA from our South Texas NGL pipeline, which became operational in January 2007. Prior to the consummation of this offering, we will enter into a ten-year transportation contract with Enterprise Products Partners that will include all of the volumes of NGLs transported on this pipeline system. Please read "Business NGL Pipeline Services Segment Customer and Related Party Contract" and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Related Party Transactions with Enterprise Products Partners."

Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions

In order for us to pay an initial distribution rate of \$0.40 per unit for each quarter in the four quarters ending December 31, 2007, we must generate at least \$77.1 million in Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA during that period. Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA should not be viewed as management's projection of the actual Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA that we would generate during the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA of \$77.1 million is \$23.7 million higher than Pro Forma Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$16.3 million higher than Pro Forma Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006.

Our definition of EBITDA included under "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures" differs from "Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA." We define EBITDA as net income or loss plus interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense. We defined Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA before parent interest in earnings. Our measures of EBITDA and Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered alternatives to net income, income from continuing operations, cash flows from operating activities, or any other measure of financial performance calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as those items are used to measure operating performance, liquidity or ability to service debt obligations.

We believe that we will be able to generate sufficient Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to pay our estimated initial quarterly distribution during each of the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. In "Assumptions and Considerations," we discuss the major assumptions underlying this belief. We can give you no assurance that our assumptions will be realized or that we will generate the Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA or the expected level of available cash, in which event we will not be able to pay the initial quarterly distribution of \$1.60 per year on our units.

When considering our Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements, including those under the headings "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements," included in elsewhere in this prospectus. Any of these factors or the other risks discussed in this prospectus could cause our financial condition and consolidated results of operations to vary significantly from those set forth in the table, "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions."

As a matter of policy, we do not make public projections regarding our future sales, earnings, or other results. However, we have prepared the prospective financial information set forth below to present the table entitled "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions." We do not undertake any obligation to publicly release the results of any future revisions we may make to the financial forecast or to update this financial forecast to reflect events or circumstances after the date in this prospectus. Therefore, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.

In the following table entitled "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions," we estimate that our Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA will be approximately \$77.1 million for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007.

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. Estimated Cash Available to Pav Distributions

	De	ur Quarters Ending ecember 31, 2007 rs in thousands)
Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA	\$	77,073
Less: Cash interest expense(a)		(13,000)
Cash distributions to parent by subsidiaries(b)		(25,059)
Sustaining capital expenditures(c)		(5,869)
Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions	\$	33,145
Expected Cash Distributions:		
Annualized initial quarterly distributions per unit	\$	1.60
Distributions to our general partner	\$	663
Distributions on common units held by public unitholders (non-parent)		23,920
Distributions on common units held by parent		8,562
Total estimated cash distributions	\$	33,145
Debt Covenant Ratios		
Leverage ratio(d)		4.0x
Interest coverage ratio(d)		3.9x

Notes to "Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions" table:

(a) Reflects \$13 million of cash interest cost resulting from an assumed \$200 million borrowed at an estimated variable interest rate of 6.5% per annum under our new revolving credit facility. If the variable interest rate used to calculate this interest expense were 1/8% higher, our annual cash interest cost would increase to \$13.3 million.

(b) Reflects the cash distributions payable to Enterprise Products Partners attributable to its interest in our subsidiaries. These distributions are net of Enterprise Products Partners' share of projected capital expenditures for each subsidiary.

(c) In this table, we have included sustaining capital expenditure estimates for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007. Sustaining capital expenditures are capital expenditures (as defined by GAAP) resulting from improvements to and major renewals of existing assets. Such expenditures serve to maintain (or sustain) existing operations but do not generate additional revenues. For purposes of this table, we are assuming that all of our sustaining capital expenditures for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 will be funded with cash flow from operations. We may, however, borrow under our new revolving credit facility to fund certain of our sustaining capital expenditure needs. Borrowings to fund capital expenditures would result in increased interest expense. This table does not include \$18.9 million net to us for the expansion of the South Texas NGL pipeline system and \$9.3 million net to us for the expansion of brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu, which we expect to fund with proceeds from this offering, any expenditures for the currently contemplated Mont Belvieu expansion projects, which we expect to fund with borrowings under our new revolving credit facility, equity or debt financings, or contributions from Enterprise Products OLP, or any other growth capital expenditures.

(d) Based on the terms of our new revolving credit facility, we believe that we will be in compliance with our financial covenants during 2007. These financial tests and covenants are described under "Management's

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — New Revolving Credit Facility."

Assumptions and Considerations

Based upon the specific assumptions outlined below with respect to the four quarters ending December 31, 2007, we expect to generate cash flow from operations in an amount sufficient to pay the initial quarterly distribution on all units through December 31, 2007.

While we believe that these assumptions are reasonable in light of management's current expectations concerning future events, the estimates underlying these assumptions are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, regulatory, environmental and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those we anticipate. If our assumptions do not materialize, the amount of actual cash available to pay distributions could be substantially less than the amount we currently estimate and could, therefore, be insufficient to permit us to pay the full initial quarterly distribution (absent borrowings under our new revolving credit facility), or any amount, on all units, in which event the market price of our units may decline substantially.

Over a period of time, if we do not set aside sufficient cash reserves or make sufficient cash expenditures to maintain our asset base, we will be unable to pay distributions at the current level from cash generated from operations and would therefore expect to reduce our distributions. We will not be able to sustain our current level of distributions without making accretive acquisitions or capital expenditures that maintain or grow our asset base. Decreases in throughput volumes or an increase in natural gas prices from current levels will adversely affect our ability to pay distributions. If our asset base decreases and we do not reduce our distributions, a portion of the distributions you receive may be considered a return of part of your investment in us as opposed to a return on your investment.

Revenues

The following table shows the selected operating data and segment revenues that support our Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 along with a comparison of historical volumetric and revenue data underlying our Pro Forma Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006.

	Dece	r Ended mber 31, 2005	r Quarters Ended tember 30, 2006	I Dec	Quarters Ending ember 31, 2007
Operating data (on a 100% basis): (a)					
Natural gas throughput, net (Bbtu/d)(b)		640	728		700
NGL transportation, net (MBPD)(c)					68
Petrochemical transportation, net (MBPD)(d)		33	35		37
Pro forma segment revenues (dollars in millions):					
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services(e)	\$	866.7	\$ 947.6	\$	738.4
NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services(f)		64.4	72.5		75.8
NGL Pipeline Services(c)					20.6
Petrochemical Pipeline Services(d)		15.5	15.7		14.9
Total pro forma revenues	\$	946.6	\$ 1,035.8	\$	849.7

Notes to "Revenues" table:

(a) Operating data presented in the preceding table for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006 reflect actual volumes.

(b) Natural gas throughput represents combined transportation and sales volumes for the Acadian Gas pipeline system, including our 50% share of Evangeline's transportation volumes. Throughput volumes forecast for

2007 on the Acadian Gas system are expected to be 60 billion British thermal units per day, or Bbtu/d, higher than those posted for the year ended December 31, 2005. The increase in transportation volumes between the two periods is primarily due to the addition of new customers and an increase in transport activity by customers related to pricing differentials. Throughput volumes for the four quarters ended December 31, 2007 are based on similar levels realized during the four quarters ending September 30, 2006.

- (c) The South Texas NGL pipeline became operational in January 2007. No volumetric data or revenue information is provided for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006. The estimated volumes shown in this table are based on expected production at Enterprise Products Partners' Shoup and Armstrong fractionation facilities. We expect production from these facilities in 2007 to be slightly higher than production levels in 2006 due to higher processed gas volumes in the South Texas region.
- (d) We expect petrochemical transportation volumes for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 to exceed realized volumes for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006. Throughput volumes on these pipelines were lower following Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in 2005. The change in revenues between periods is primarily attributable to the change in volumes.
- (e) The period-to-period fluctuation in revenues from our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment is largely due to changes in the price of natural gas. Revenues from this segment are primarily generated from the sale of natural gas to customers in South Louisiana (using industry index prices). The market price of natural gas, as measured at Henry Hub in Louisiana, averaged \$8.64 per MMBtu and \$8.85 per MMBtu for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006, respectively. Forecast revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007 are based on an estimated natural gas price of \$8.20 per MMBtu. As of December 31, 2006, the Henry Hub spot price for natural gas was expected (based on an average monthly price of NYMEX futures for 2007 deliveries) to average \$7.07 per MMBtu in 2007.
- (f) Revenues from our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment for the year ended December 31, 2007 are \$11.4 million higher than those presented for the year ended December 31, 2005. Revenues for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 are \$3.3 million higher than those presented for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006. The increase in revenues for the 2007 period relative to the pro forma periods is primarily due to the renegotiation of related-party revenue contracts with Enterprise Products Partners.

Costs and Expenses

The following table shows the components of costs and expenses used to determine our Estimated Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 along with a comparison of cost and expense data underlying our Pro Forma Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006.

	Dec	ar Ended ember 31, 2005	l Sept	r Quarters Ended ember 30, 2006	r Quarters Ending cember 31, 2007
Pro forma cost and expense data (dollars in millions):					
Cost of natural gas sales(a)	\$	836.5	\$	920.5	\$ 706.9
Operating costs and expenses, excluding non-cash costs(b)		50.0		49.5	59.2
General and administrative costs, including pro forma incremental public company costs(c)		7.0		5.7	6.5
Total	\$	893.5	\$	975.7	\$ 772.6

Notes to "Costs and Expenses" table:

(a) The period-to-period change in the cost of natural gas sales is largely due to changes in the price of natural gas. We purchase natural gas at industry index-based prices to satisfy our contractual sales obligations.

The market price of natural gas, as measured at Henry Hub in Louisiana, averaged \$8.64 per MMBtu and \$9.34 per MMBtu for the year ended December 31, 2005 and four quarters ended September 30, 2006, respectively. Forecast revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007 are based on an estimated natural gas price of \$8.20 per MMBtu. As of December 31, 2006, the Henry Hub spot price for natural gas was expected (based on an average monthly price of NYMEX futures for 2007 deliveries) to average \$7.07 per MMBtu in 2007.

- (b) We forecast our operating costs and expenses, excluding non-cash costs, for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 to approximate \$59.2 million. This amount is \$9.2 million higher than pro forma operating costs and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$9.7 million higher than those for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006. The 2007 period includes \$3.7 million of operating costs and expenses associated with our south Texas NGL pipeline system, which became operational in January 2007. In addition, forecast operating costs and expenses for 2007 includes pipeline integrity-related expenses of \$2.8 million, which is \$2 million higher than those recorded for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$1 million lower than those for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006.
- (c) Costs and expenses for all periods include the pro forma effect of \$2.5 million of incremental general and administrative expenses that we expect to incur as a result of becoming a publicly traded entity. These costs include fees associated with annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, investor relations, registrar and transfer agent fees, incremental insurance costs, accounting and legal services. These costs also include estimated related party amounts payable to EPCO, Inc. in connection with the administrative services agreement. For additional information regarding the administrative services agreement, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Administrative Services Agreement." Estimated general and administrative costs for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 include \$0.6 million attributed to our South Texas NGL pipeline system.

Capital Expenditures

Our capital expenditures consist of sustaining capital expenditures and those related to growth projects. Sustaining capital expenditures are capital expenditures (as defined by GAAP) resulting from improvements to and major renewals of existing assets. Such expenditures serve to maintain (or sustain) existing operations but do not generate additional revenues. Growth capital spending relates to projects that (i) result in additional revenue streams from existing assets or (ii) expand our asset base through construction of new facilities that will generate additional revenue streams.

Combined capital spending, net of contributions in aid of construction costs, was \$19.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$61.1 million for the four quarters ended September 30, 2006. Construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at the facility owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns accounted for \$11.4 million and \$38.2 million of capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2005 and nine months ended September 30, 2006. All of these projects are estimated to be completed and placed in service by the end of the first quarter of 2007. The remainder of combined capital spending for the year ended December 31, 2005 and nine months ended September 30, 2006 as attributable to sustaining capital projects, the majority of which relate to pipeline integrity projects.

During 2007, we expect that South Texas NGL will make capital expenditures of \$28.6 million to complete planned expansions (Phase II) to the South Texas NGL pipeline system. In addition, we expect that Mont Belvieu Caverns will make additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million to complete prine production and above-ground storage projects. We expect to fund our 66% share of these expenditures (approximately \$28.2 million) with proceeds from this offering. We may also incur \$25 million to \$75 million of additional growth capital expenditures in 2007 in connection with currently contemplated expansion projects at Mont Belvieu Caverns. We expect to finance any such projects through borrowings under our new revolving credit facility, the issuance of debt or additional equity, or contributions from Enterprise Products OLP. The tables in this section do not reflect these planned and potential capital expenditures.

Our Estimated Cash Available to Pay Distributions for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 includes an anticipated \$5.9 million of sustaining capital expenditures.

Interest Cost

Our interest cost reflects \$13 million of cash interest cost resulting from an assumed \$200 million borrowed at an estimated variable interest rate of 6.5% per annum under our new \$300 million revolving credit facility. If the variable interest rate used to calculate this interest expense were 1/8% higher, our annual cash interest cost would increase to \$13.3 million.

Supplemental Forecast Data

Our forecast of total gross operating margin for the four quarters ending December 31, 2007 is approximately \$83.6 million. A reconciliation of forecast GAAP operating income for 2007 to forecast non-GAAP gross operating margin in total is as follows:

Revenues	\$ 849,692
Costs and expenses:	
Cash costs and expenses	772,620
Depreciation and amortization	 26,877
Total costs and expenses	799,497
Operating income	50,195
Adjustments to derive non-GAAP forecast gross operating margin:	
Add general and administrative costs, including pro forma incremental public company costs	6,569
Add non-cash depreciation and amortization	26,877
Gross operating margin in total	\$ 83,641

For a description of non-GAAP gross operating margin, please read "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures." On a percentage basis, we expect forecast gross operating margin by segment for 2007 to approximate 49% for the NGL and Petrochemical Storage Services segment, 20% for the NGL Pipeline Services segment, 18% for the Natural Gas Pipelines and Services segment, and 13% for the Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment.

HOW WE MAKE CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

Following is a description of the relative rights and preferences of holders of our common units in and to cash distributions. The information presented in this section assumes that our general partner continues to make capital contributions to Duncan Energy Partners in order to maintain its 2% general partner interest in Duncan Energy Partners.

Distributions of Available Cash

General. Within approximately 45 days after the end of each quarter, commencing with the quarter ending on March 31, 2007, we will distribute all of our available cash to unitholders of record on the applicable record date. We will distribute 98% of our available cash to our common unitholders, pro rata, and 2% to our general partner. Unlike many publicly traded limited partnerships, our general partner is not entitled to any incentive distributions and we do not have any subordinated units.

Definition of Available Cash. Available cash is defined in our partnership agreement and generally means, with respect to any fiscal quarter, all cash and cash equivalents on the date of determination of available cash for such quarter:

- less the amount of cash reserves established by the general partner:
 - provide for the proper conduct of our business (including reserves for future capital expenditures and for our future credit needs);
 - comply with applicable law or any debt instrument or other agreement; or
 - provide funds for distributions to unitholders and our general partner in respect of any one or more of the next four quarters.

Distributions of Cash upon Liquidation

If we dissolve in accordance with our partnership agreement, we will sell or otherwise dispose of our assets in a process called a liquidation. We will first apply the proceeds of liquidation to the payment of our creditors and the liquidator in the order of priority provided in our partnership agreement and by law and, thereafter, we will distribute any remaining proceeds to our unitholders and our general partner in accordance with their respective capital account balances as so adjusted.

Manner of Adjustments for Gain. The manner of the adjustment is set forth in our partnership agreement. Upon our liquidation, we will allocate any net gain (or unrealized gain attributable to assets distributed in kind to our partners) as follows:

- first, to our general partner and the holders of our common units having negative balances in their capital accounts to the extent of and in proportion to such negative balances; and
- *thereafter*, 98% to all of our unitholders, pro rata, and 2% to our general partner.

Manner of Adjustments for Losses. Upon our liquidation, any loss will generally be allocated to our general partner and our unitholders as follows:

- first, 98% to the holders of our common units in proportion to the positive balances in their respective capital accounts and 2% to our general partner, until the capital accounts of our unitholders have been reduced to zero; and
- thereafter, 100% to our general partner.

Adjustments to Capital Accounts. In addition, interim adjustments to capital accounts will be made at the time we issue additional partnership interests or make distributions of property. Such adjustments will be based on the fair market value of the partnership interests or the property distributed and any gain or loss resulting therefrom will be allocated to our unitholders and our general partner in the same manner as gain or loss is allocated upon liquidation.



SELECTED HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. was formed on September 29, 2006; therefore, it does not have any historical financial statements prior to its formation. The following tables set forth, for the periods and at the dates indicated, the selected historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor, which was derived from the books and records of Enterprise Products Partners.

The selected historical financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 and combined balance sheet data at September 30, 2006 and at December 31, 2005 and 2004 is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the audited combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus beginning on page F-13. The selected historical financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and combined balance sheet data at September 30, 2005 is derived from the unaudited condensed combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Predecessor. The operating data for all periods are unaudited. The selected unaudited pro forma combined financial data of Duncan Energy Partners was derived from and should be read in conjunction with our unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements included in this prospectus beginning on page F-2. The following information should be read together with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Enterprise Products Partners, through its subsidiaries, has owned controlling interests and operated the underlying assets of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene for several years. Enterprise Products Partners will retain a 34% ownership interest in each of these four entities (as well as South Texas NGL). Enterprise Products Partners will own our general partner, DEP Holdings, which owns a 2% general partner interest in us, and therefore indirectly has the ability to control us. In addition, Enterprise Products Partners will own approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units after completion of this proposed offering, or approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units in full. For financial reporting purposes, the ownership interests of Enterprise Products Partners are deemed to represent the parent (or sponsor) interest in our pro forma results of operations and financial position.

Our selected unaudited pro forma combined financial data gives effect to the following significant transactions and events:

- The August 2006 purchase of a pipeline by Enterprise Products Partners for approximately \$97.7 million in cash, the subsequent contribution of this pipeline to South Texas NGL, and estimated additional costs of \$37.7 million, including \$8 million spent to acquire a pipeline asset from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners, to make this system operational in January 2007. The pro forma financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$28.6 million that will be made by South Texas NGL in 2007 to complete planned expansions to this system. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$18.9 million) of these estimated capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs. The pro forma combined results of operations data does not reflect any results attributable to the historical activities of this pipeline.
- The expenditure of \$21.3 million in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. The pro forma
 financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete
 these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$9.3 million) of these additional capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in
 order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs.
- The contribution of a 66% interest in each of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL, all of which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners, and the retention of Enterprise Products Partners of a 34% interest in these entities.
- The revision of related party storage contracts between us and Enterprise Products Partners to (1) increase certain storage fees paid by Enterprise Products Partners and (2) reflect the allocation to

Enterprise Products Partners of all storage measurement gains and losses relating to products under these agreements, and the execution of a limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for the special allocation and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses to Enterprise Products Partners.

The assignment to us of certain third-party agreements that effectively reduce tariff rates received by us compared to rates previously charged by Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine
Propylene to Enterprise Products Partners for the transport of propylene volumes.

Our unaudited pro forma, as adjusted financial data also gives effect to the following:

- our borrowing of \$200 million under a new \$300 million revolving credit facility;
- our issuance and sale of 13,000,000 common units in this offering;
- our payment of estimated underwriting discounts and commissions, a structuring fee and other offering expenses; and
- our use of net proceeds from the borrowing and this offering as consideration for the contributed ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL from Enterprise Products Partners.

The selected unaudited pro forma combined financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the year ended December 31, 2005 assume the pro forma transactions noted herein occurred at the beginning of each period presented or on September 30, 2006 for the balance sheet data.

The following table presents the selected historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and our selected pro forma financial information for the annual periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts):

		Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor					Duncan Energy Partners L.P. For the Year Ended December 31, 2005		
		For the Year Ended December 31,			Pro		Pro Forma		
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Forma	As A	Adjusted	
Combined Results of Operations Data:(1)									
Revenues	\$ 427,857	\$ 533,829	\$ 668,234	\$ 748,931	\$ 953,397	\$ 946,568	\$	946,568	
Costs and expenses:									
Operating costs and expenses	385,140	472,171	609,774	685,544	909,044	905,989		905,98	
General and administrative expenses	5,851	6,302	6,138	5,442	4,483	6,983		6,983	
Total costs and expenses	390,991	478,473	615,912	690,986	913,527	912,972		912,97	
Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates	(145)	(58)	131	231	331	331		333	
Operating income	36,721	55,298	52,453	58,176	40,201	33,927		33,92	
Interest expense					(532)	(532)		(13,80)	
Other income (expense), net	448	113	1	(52)					
Total other income (expense)	448	113	1	(52)	(532)	(532)		(13,80	
Income before parent interest	37,169	55,411	52,454	58,124	39,669	33,395		20,12	
Parent's share of income								(14,27	
Income from continuing operations	37,169	55,411	52,454	58,124	39,669	\$ 33,395	\$	5,84	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle					(582)				
Net income	\$ 37,169	\$ 55,411	\$ 52,454	\$ 58,124	\$ 39,087				
Earnings per unit — public, basic and diluted							\$	0.4	
Combined Balance Sheet Data (at period end):(1)									
Total assets	\$ 482,436	\$ 594,455	\$ 581,816	\$ 590,487	\$ 642,840				
Owners' net investment — predecessor	433,750	536,066	524,127	509,719	527,767				
Other Combined Financial Data:(1)									
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 53,043	\$ 81,528	\$ 64,732	\$ 79,463	\$ 40,568				
Cash flows used in investing activities	29,241	145,129	340	6,931	19,503				
Cash flows used in (provided by) financing activities(2)	13,585	(39,891)	64,392	72,532	21,065				
Gross operating margin			76,473	81,985	64,142	\$ 60,368	\$	60,36	
EBITDA			70,336	76,498	59,072	53,380		39,10	
Operating Data:(1)									
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, net:									
Natural gas throughput volumes (Bbtus/d)	783	700	600	645	640	640		64	
Petrochemical Pipeline Services, net:									
Petrochemical transportation volumes (MBbls/d)	27	36	40	39	33	33		3	

The following table presents the selected historical combined financial and operating data of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and our pro forma combined financial information for the interim periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts):

	Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor For the Nine Months			Duncan Energy Partners L.P For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006			
	 Ended Se 2005	eptember 30, 2006	Pro Forma		ro Forma Adjusted		
Combined Results of Operations Data:(1)	 2005		<u> </u>		- Tujusteu		
Revenues	\$ 649,404	\$ 740,102	\$ 733,434	\$	733,434		
Costs and expenses:							
Operating costs and expenses	614,328	697,979	696,511		696,511		
General and administrative expenses	3,799	2,469	4,344		4,344		
Total costs and expenses	618,127	700,448	700,855		700,855		
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	 280	624	624	_	624		
Operating income	 31,557	40,278	33,203		33,203		
Interest expense					(9,930)		
Other income		6	6		6		
Total other income (expense)		6	6	_	(9,924)		
Income before provision for income taxes and parent interest	 31,557	40,284	33,209		23,279		
Provision for income taxes		(21)	(21)		(21)		
Income before parent interest	 31,557	40,263	33,188	-	23,258		
Parent's share of income					(15,733)		
Income from continuing operations	 31,557	40,263	\$ 33,188	\$	7,525		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		9					
Net income	\$ 31,557	\$ 40,272					
Earnings per unit — public, basic and diluted				\$	0.58		
Combined Balance Sheet Data (at period end):(1)							
Total assets	\$ 617,402	\$ 747,155	\$ 799,675	\$	828,963		
Total debt	- , -	, ,			200,000		
Parent's interest in the Partnership					305,233		
Owners' net investment — predecessor	520,727	662,131	716,465				
Partners' equity — public					240,520		
Other Combined Financial Data:(1)							
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 37,226	\$ 62,301					
Cash flows used in investing activities	16,669	58,226					
Cash flows used in financing activities(2)	20,557	4,075					
Gross operating margin	49,611	58,198	\$ 52,998	\$	52,998		
EBITDA	45,810	55,761	48,677		32,944		
Operating Data:(1)							
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, net:							
Natural gas throughput volumes (Bbtus/d)	657	773	773		773		
Petrochemical Pipeline Services, net:							
Petrochemical transportation volumes (MBbls/d)	34	36	36		36		

The non-GAAP financial measures of gross operating margin and earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, which we refer to as "EBITDA," are presented in the selected historical and pro forma financial data for Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. For a description of the non-GAAP financial measures that we use in this prospectus and reconciliations of such non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable financial measure or measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, please read "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

The following information is provided to highlight significant trends and other information regarding Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor's historical operating results, financial position and other financial data. Each section below represents a footnote to the tables above:

(1) We view the combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor as the predecessor of the Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership formed on September 29, 2006. The financial statements of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene combined to create Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor were derived from the accounts and records of Enterprise Products Partners, which did not own certain of the businesses for all periods presented in this "Selected Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data" section. As a result, the selected data reflects the following information:

- Enterprise Products Partners owned Mont Belvieu Caverns and Lou-Tex Propylene for all periods presented. Our pro forma balance sheet data reflects assumed capital expenditures of \$21.3 million by Mont Belvieu Caverns in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs. Our pro forma financial statements do not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share of the additional capital expenditures (approximately \$9.3 million) from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs.
- Enterprise Products Partners acquired Acadian Gas in April 2001; therefore, the selected data includes Acadian Gas from the date of its acquisition. No financial data was available from the seller prior to April 2001.
- Enterprise Products Partners constructed the pipeline owned by Sabine Propylene and placed it in service in November 2001; therefore, the selected data includes Sabine Propylene from November 2001 to present.
- In August 2006, Enterprise Products Partners purchased 223 miles of NGL pipelines extending from Corpus Christi, Texas to Pasadena, Texas from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company. The purchase price for this asset was approximately \$97.7 million. This pipeline system will be contributed to South Texas NGL (along with others being constructed and to be acquired) and will be used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The total estimated cost to acquire and construct the additional pipelines is \$66.3 million. Our pro forma balance sheet data reflects assumed capital expenditures of \$37.7 million, including \$8 million spent to acquire a 10-mile pipeline from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners, to make this system operational in January 2007. We expect that it will cost an additional \$28.6 million to complete planned expansions of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this offering, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$18.9 million. This expenditure is not reflected in the pro forma financial data because we expect to use cash on hand from the proceeds of this offering to fund this cost. The pro forma combined results of operations data does not reflect any results of operations attributable to the historical activities of the existing NGL pipelines.

Furthermore, the pro forma adjustments are limited to those required to present an estimate of owners' net investment immediately prior to the Partnership's initial public offering.

With respect to the pipeline acquired in August 2006, the seller has informed us that no discrete and separable financial information existed for the pipeline, which was comprised of two separately operated pipelines prior to our purchase. The seller had previously utilized these pipelines for a different product and

the pipeline was out of service when we acquired it. With respect to the 10-mile pipeline acquired from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners, this pipeline was used as a feeder line for NGL products and operated by different management. We understand no financial statements information is available for this minor component asset. There is no meaningful financial data available regarding the prior use of these pipelines by the sellers that would be meaningful to our investors. In addition, such data, if available, would not assist investors in understanding either the evolution of the business (which is a new NGL transportation network) nor the track record of management (which will be different).

(2) Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor operated within the Enterprise Products Partners cash management program for all periods presented. Cash flows used in financing activities represent transfers of excess cash from Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor to Enterprise Products Partners equal to cash provided by operations less cash used in investing activities. Conversely, cash flows provided by financing activities represent contributions from Enterprise Products Partners. These cash transfers have been reflected in owner's net investment.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The historical combined financial statements included in this prospectus reflect assets, liabilities and operations to be contributed to us by Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and various wholly owned subsidiaries upon the closing of this offering. We refer to these assets, liabilities and operations as the assets, liabilities and operations of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. The following discussion analyzes the financial condition and results of operations of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor, which reflects ownership of 100% of the assets, liabilities and operations to be contributed to us. However, we will only have a 66% interest in the assets, liabilities and operations being contributed to us, and Enterprise Products Partners will retain the remaining 34% interest. You should read the following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations for Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor in conjunction with the historical combined financial statements and notes of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements for Duncan Energy Partners L.P. included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Overview

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by Enterprise Products Partners in September 2006 to own, operate and acquire a diversified portfolio of midstream energy assets. For the period discussed below, our operations were organized into the following three business segments:

- our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment, which consists of 33 salt dome caverns located in Mont Belvieu, Texas, with an underground storage capacity of approximately 100 MMBbls, and certain related assets;
- our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment, which consists of an onshore natural gas pipeline system that gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana;
- our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment, which consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems totaling 284 miles, including the 263-mile Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline system and the 21-mile Sabine Propylene pipeline system; and

Our South Texas NGL pipeline system became operational in January 2007. This business will be accounted for under a fourth reporting segment, NGL Pipeline Services. The South Texas NGL pipeline system consists of a 290-mile pipeline system used to transport NGLs from two of Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas and related interconnections. The historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor do not include any results of operations for this pipeline segment.

Our operating revenues from each of our segments (other than our NGL Pipeline Services segment which became operational in January 2007), and their relative percentages of our total revenues, consisted of the following (dollars in millions):

			Year Ended D	ecember 31,					ths Ended iber 30,	
	200	5	20	04	20	03	20	06	20	05
Revenues:										
NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services	\$ 52.8	5%	\$ 49.5	7%	\$ 49.4	7%	\$ 43.2	6%	\$ 36.4	6%
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services	866.7	91%	658.4	88%	576.5	86%	668.7	90%	587.8	90%
Petrochemical Pipeline Services	33.9	4%	41.0	5%	42.3	7%	28.2	4%	25.2	4%
Total revenues	\$ 953.4	100%	\$ 748.9	100%	\$ 668.2	100%	\$ 740.1	100%	\$ 649.4	100%

Our gross operating margin by business segment and in total is as follows for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

												Nine Mon			
		2005		Ŷ	ear Ended Dece 2004	ember 31,		2003			2006	Septen	iber 3	2005	
	¢		260/	¢		2.40/	¢			¢		200/	¢		1.00/
NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services(1)	\$	16,636	26%	\$	19,843	24%	\$	19,838	26%	\$	15,080	26%	\$	7,824	16%
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services(1)		18,939	30%		25,256	31%		18,272	24%		17,058	29%		19,667	40%
Petrochemical Pipeline Services(1)		28,567	44%		36,886	45%		38,363	50%		26,060	45%		22,120	44%
Total segment gross operating margin(1)	\$	64,142	100%	\$	81,985	100%	\$	76,473	100%	\$	58,198	100%	\$	49,611	100%

(1) Please read "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a reconciliation of total segment gross operating margin to operating income.

Our segment operating assets will be held by various subsidiaries. In connection with this offering, Enterprise Products OLP will contribute to us equity interests representing a 66% interest in the following subsidiaries:

- Mont Belvieu Caverns;
- Acadian Gas;
- Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene; and
- South Texas NGL (the assets of which became operational in January 2007).

Our Operations

NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services Segment. Our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment consists of 33 salt dome caverns located in Mont Belvieu, Texas, with an underground storage capacity of approximately 100 MMBbls, and certain related assets. These assets receive, store and deliver NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast, which has the largest concentration of petrochemical plants and refineries in the United States.

We charge our customers monthly storage reservation fees to reserve a specific storage capacity in our underground caverns to meet their storage requirements. Customers pay reservation fees based on the quantity of capacity reserved even if that capacity is not actually utilized. When a customer exceeds its reserved capacity, we will charge those customers an excess storage fee. In addition, we charge our customers throughput fees based on volumes injected and withdrawn from the storage facility. Lastly, brine production revenues are derived from customers that use brine in the production of feedstocks for production of polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

We have a broad range of customers with contract terms that vary from month-to-month to long-term contracts with durations of one to ten years. We currently offer our customers, in various quantities and at varying terms, two main types of storage contracts:

- multi-product fungible storage contracts, which allow customers to store any combination of fungible products; and
- segregated product storage contracts, which are available to customers who desire to store non-fungible products such as propylene, ethylene and naphtha.



We evaluate pricing, volume and availability for storage on a case-by-case basis. Segregated storage allows a customer to reserve an entire storage cavern and have its own product injected and withdrawn without having its product commingled.

Natural Gas Pipelines & Services Segment. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment consists of the Acadian Gas system, which is an onshore natural gas pipeline system that gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana. The Acadian Gas system links natural gas supplies from onshore and offshore Gulf of Mexico developments (including offshore pipelines, continental shelf and deepwater production) with local gas distribution companies, electric generation plants and industrial customers, including those in the Baton Rouge-New Orleans-Mississippi River corridor.

Natural gas throughput in our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment consists of a combination of natural gas marketing sales volumes and transportation volumes delivered on behalf of third-party shippers, with marketing volumes and transportation volumes representing approximately 45% and 55%, respectively, of the average daily gas volumes for the first nine months of 2006.

In our gas marketing activities, we purchase natural gas supplies for our gas marketing business under contracts with quantities and market-based pricing indices that correspond to the quantities and the pricing indices utilized in our gas sales activities, thereby limiting our commodity price risk. We do not enter into "back-to-back" agreements in which the terms of any purchase agreement are matched directly with any sales agreement.

In addition to our gas marketing activities, the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment provides fee-based gas transportation services for producers and gas marketing companies under intrastate and Section 311 interruptible transportation contracts. The primary term of these transportation service contracts may vary from month-to-month to longer-term contracts, with durations typically of one to three years. The revenues derived from these gas transportation contracts are based on the quantities of gas delivered multiplied by the per-unit transportation rate paid.

Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment includes our indirect ownership of 49.5% of the ownership interests in the Evangeline pipeline, a 27-mile pipeline extending from Taft, Louisiana to Westwego, Louisiana. The Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment's most significant natural gas sales contract is a 21-year arrangement with Evangeline, which was entered into in 1991, and includes minimum annual quantities. Evangeline uses these natural gas volumes to meet its own supply obligation under a corresponding sales agreement with Entergy Louisiana, its only customer. We include equity earnings from Evangeline in our measurement of segment gross operating margin and operating income. Our equity investments in midstream energy operations, such as those conducted by Evangeline, are a vital component of our long-term business strategy and important to the operations of our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment.

Our combined Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment revenues and operating costs and expenses are significantly influenced by changes in natural gas prices. In general, higher natural gas prices result in increased revenues from the sale of natural gas; however, these same higher commodity prices also increase the associated cost of sales as purchase prices rise.

Petrochemical Pipeline Services Segment. Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems with an aggregate of 284 miles of pipeline. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline system consists of a 263-mile pipeline used to transport chemical-grade propylene between Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas. The Sabine Propylene pipeline system consists of a 21-mile pipeline used to transport polymer-grade propylene from Port Arthur, Texas to a pipeline interconnect in Cameron Parish, Louisiana on a transport-or-pay basis.

Shell and ExxonMobil are the only customers that use the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. We have entered into separate product exchange agreements with Shell and ExxonMobil through which we agree to receive



propylene product in one location and deliver like product to another location. The following is a summary of certain terms of our exchange agreements for the use of the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline:

- Shell Exchange Agreement. This agreement expires on March 1, 2020, but will continue on an annual basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by Shell are fixed until such time as a published power index in Louisiana becomes available and the parties agree to use such index. Shell is obligated to meet minimum delivery requirements under this agreement. If Shell fails to meet these requirements, it will be obligated to pay us a deficiency fee.
- ExxonMobil Exchange Agreement. This agreement expires on June 1, 2008, but will continue on a monthly basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by ExxonMobil are based on the volume of chemical grade propylene delivered to us.

Shell is the only current customer that uses the Sabine Propylene pipeline. We are a party to a product exchange agreement with Shell for the use of the Sabine Propylene pipeline. This agreement expires on November 1, 2011, but will continue on an annual basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by Shell are adjusted yearly based on the U.S. Department of Labor wage index and the yearly operating costs of the Sabine Propylene pipeline. Shell is obligated to meet minimum delivery requirements under this agreement. If Shell fails to meet these minimum delivery requirements, it will be obligated to pay us a deficiency fee.

NGL Pipeline Services Segment. Our NGL Pipeline Services segment consists of a 290-mile pipeline system used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas and related interconnections. We acquired a 223-mile segment of the system in August 2006, and we are in the process of acquiring and constructing other segments of the pipeline system. The system was placed into operation and began transporting NGLs in January 2007, after undergoing modifications, extensions and interconnections. Additional expansions are scheduled to be completed during the remainder of 2007.

The sole customer of our NGL Pipeline Services segment is Enterprise Products Partners, which will use the South Texas NGL pipeline system to ship the following products to Mont Belvieu, Texas:

- NGLs processed at its Shoup fractionation plant in Corpus Christi, Texas;
- NGLs processed at its Armstrong fractionation plant located near Victoria, Texas; and
- NGLs purchased by Enterprise Products Partners from third parties in South Texas.

Prior to the closing of this offering, we will enter into a ten-year transportation contract with Enterprise Products Partners that will include all of the volumes of NGLs transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. Under this contract, Enterprise Products Partners will pay us a dedication fee of \$0.02 per gallon for all NGLs produced at the Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants. This dedication fee is payable whether or not Enterprise Products Partners ships any NGLs on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Shoup and Armstrong plants collectively produced 65,884 Bbls/d of NGLs. We will not take title to the products transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system; rather, Enterprise Products Partners will retain title and the associated commodity risk.

How We Evaluate Our Operations

Our management uses a variety of financial and operational measurements to analyze our performance. These measurements include the following: (1) pipeline volumes, (2) gross operating margin and (3) EBITDA.

Pipeline Throughput Volumes. We view pipeline throughput volumes as an important component of maximizing our profitability. We gather and transport natural gas, NGLs and propylene under fee-based contracts. Pipeline throughput volumes from existing wells connected to our pipelines will naturally decline over time as wells deplete. Accordingly, to maintain or increase throughput levels on these pipelines, we must continually obtain new supplies of natural gas. Our ability to maintain existing supplies of natural gas and NGLs and obtain new supplies are impacted by (1) the level of workovers or recompletions of existing

connected wells and successful drilling activity in areas currently dedicated to our pipelines and (2) our ability to compete for volumes from successful new wells in other areas. We regularly monitor producer activity in the areas served by the Acadian Gas pipeline system, and the areas served by South Texas NGL pipeline system and Enterprise Products Partners' Shoup and Armstrong fractionation facilities. The throughput volumes of propylene on our Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines are substantially dependent upon the quantities of propylene produced at third-party plants that have pipeline connections with our propylene pipelines.

Gross Operating Margin. We evaluate segment performance based on gross operating margin, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Gross operating margin (either in total or by individual segment) is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. This measure forms the basis of our internal financial reporting and is used by senior management in deciding how to allocate capital resources among business segments. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that our management uses in evaluating segment results. The most directly comparable GAAP measure to total segment gross operating margin is operating income. Our gross operating margin should not be considered as an alternative to operating income.

We define total (or combined) segment gross operating margin as operating income before:

- · depreciation, amortization and accretion expense;
- gains and losses on the sale of assets; and
- general and administrative expenses.

Gross operating margin is exclusive of other income and expense transactions, provision for income taxes, minority interest, extraordinary charges and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles. Gross operating margin by segment is calculated by subtracting segment operating costs and expenses (net of the adjustments noted above) from segment revenues, with both segment totals before the elimination of any intersegment and intrasegment transactions. Our combined revenues reflect the elimination of all material intercompany transactions.

We include equity earnings from Evangeline in our measurement of segment gross operating margin and operating income. This method of operation enables us to achieve favorable economies of scale relative to our level of investment and also lowers our exposure to business risks compared to the profile we would have on a stand-alone basis. Our equity investments are within the same industry as our combined operations; therefore, we believe treatment of earnings from our equity method investee as a component of gross operating margin and operating income is appropriate.

Gross operating margin should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income, operating income, cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with GAAP. Please read "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

EBITDA. We define EBITDA as net income or loss plus interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation, accretion and amortization expense. EBITDA is commonly used as a supplemental financial measure by management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and rating agencies, to assess:

- · the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structures or historical cost basis;
- the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest cost and support our indebtedness;
- our operating performance and return on capital as compared to those of other companies in the midstream energy industry, without regard to financing and capital structure; and
- the viability of projects and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities.

Because EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect net income or loss and because these measures may vary among other companies, the EBITDA data presented in this prospectus may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to EBITDA is net cash flows provided by operating activities.

EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income, operating income, cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with GAAP. Please read "Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial and Operating Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Natural Gas Supply and Outlook

We believe that current natural gas prices will continue to cause relatively high levels of natural gas-related drilling in the United States, including Texas and Louisiana, as producers seek to increase their level of natural gas production. Although the number of natural gas wells drilled in the United States has increased overall in recent years, a corresponding increase in production has not been realized, primarily as a result of smaller discoveries and the decline in production from existing wells. We believe that an increase in United States drilling activity, additional sources of supply such as liquefied natural gas, and imports of natural gas will be required for the natural gas industry to meet the expected increased demand for, and to compensate for the slowing production of, natural gas in the United States. A number of the areas in which we operate are experiencing significant drilling activity as a result of recent high natural gas prices, increased drilling for deeper natural gas formations and the implementation of new exploration and production techniques.

While we anticipate continued high levels of exploration and production activities in a number of the areas in which we operate, fluctuations in energy prices can greatly affect production rates and investments by third parties in the development of new natural gas reserves. Drilling activity generally decreases as natural gas prices decrease. We have no control over the level of drilling activity in the areas of our operations.

Factors Affecting Comparability of Future Results

You should read the discussion of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our historical and pro forma financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our future results could differ materially from our historical results due to a variety of factors, including the following:

Partial Ownership of Operating Assets. After this offering, we will own 66% of the equity interests in the subsidiaries that hold our operating assets and affiliates of Enterprise Products Partners will continue to own the remaining 34%. The historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor were prepared from Enterprise Products Partners' separate historical accounting records related to our operating assets. Accordingly, the discussion that follows includes 100% of the results of operations for our operating assets, but in the future we will only have a 66% interest in those results.

No Historical Results for Our NGL Pipeline Services Segment. The discussion of our historical results that follows does not reflect any operations related to our NGL Pipeline Services segment, which includes a 223-mile pipeline, a 10-mile pipeline acquired by an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners for \$8 million and subsequently contributed to us, and a 12-mile pipeline in August 2006, at which time the seller informed us that no discrete and separable financial information existed for the pipeline. In addition, the seller had previously utilized the pipeline for a different product and the pipeline was out of service when we acquired it. The 10-mile pipeline acquired by an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners form an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners and contributed to us was used as a feeder line for NGL products and operated by different management. We understand no financial statement information is available for this minor component asset. There is no meaningful financial data available regarding the prior use of these pipelines by the sellers that would be meaningful to our investors. In addition, such data, if available, would not assist investors in understanding either the evolution of the business (which is a new NGL transportation network) nor the track record of management (which will be different).



Increase in Outstanding Indebtedness. Historically, we have not had any consolidated indebtedness and, therefore, we have not had consolidated interest expense. We expect to borrow approximately \$200 million under a new revolving credit facility in connection with this offering, which amount will be paid to Enterprise Products Partners in connection with its contribution of our operating assets to us. These additional borrowings are expected to increase interest expense by approximately \$13 million per year assuming an interest rate of 6.5% and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Increased Storage Fees. In connection with this offering, we will increase certain storage fees charged to Enterprise Products Partners for use of the facilities owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns. Historically, such intercompany charges were below market and eliminated in the consolidated revenues and costs and expenses of Enterprise Products Partners. Prospectively, such rates will be market-related. The pro forma increase in storage revenues is \$9.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$11.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Special Allocation of Measurement Gains and Losses. Storage well gains and losses occur when product movements into a storage well are different from those redelivered to customers. In general, such variations result from difficulties in precisely measuring significant volumes of liquids at varying flow rates and temperatures. It is expected that substantially all product delivered into storage well due to problems with caver integrity.

Historically, storage well measurement gains and losses, and associated reserve accounts, have been included in our financial statements. Operating costs and expenses reflect well loss accruals of \$3.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$2.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0 and \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. At September 30, 2006, the financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor included \$1.8 million in a measurement gain and loss reserve account.

In addition, operating gains and losses due to measurement variances for product movements to and from storage wells relating primarily to pipeline and well connection activities are included in our financial statements. Many of our customer storage arrangements allow us to retain a small amount of liquid volumes to help offset any measurement losses. These variances are estimated and settled at current prices each reporting period as a net credit or charge to operating costs and expenses. We do not retain volumes in inventory. The net amounts for each of the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were a \$2.1 million charge, a \$0.2 million credit and a \$1.4 million credit, respectively, and a \$1.0 million charge and a \$3.2 million charge for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

In connection with storage agreements for a variety of products entered into between Enterprise Products Partners and Mont Belvieu Caverns effective concurrently with the closing of this offering, Enterprise Products Partners will agree to the allocation of all measurement gains and losses relating to these products.

In addition, the limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns will specially allocate to Enterprise Products Partners any items of income and gain or loss and deduction relating to net measurement losses and measurement gains, including amounts that Mont Belvieu Caverns may retain or deduct as handling losses. Enterprise Products Partners will also be required to contribute cash to Mont Belvieu Caverns, or will be entitled to receive distributions from Mont Belvieu Caverns, based on the then-current net measurement gains or measurement losses. As a result, we will continue to record measurement gains and losses associated with the operation of our Mont Belvieu storage facility for parties other than Enterprise Products Partners after the closing date of this offering on a combined basis as operating costs and expenses. However, these measurement gains and losses should not affect our net income or have a significant impact on us with respect to our cash flows from operating activities and, accordingly, no reserve account will be established by us for measurement losses on our balance sheet.

We will be responsible for product losses attributable to cavern integrity events. During the three years ended December 31, 2005 and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we did not experience any significant physical loss of product due to a loss of cavern integrity.



Decrease in Propylene Transportation Rates. The transportation rates that we receive for our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline and our Sabine Propylene pipeline for periods after our initial public offering will be lower than our historical transportation rates. Historically, Enterprise Products Partners was the shipper of record, and we charged it the maximum tariff rate for using these assets. Enterprise Products Partners then contracted with third parties to ship volumes on these pipelines under exchange agreements. In general, the revenues recognized by Enterprise Products Partners in connection with these exchange agreements were less than the maximum tariff rate it paid us. In connection with this offering, Enterprise Products Partners will assign its exchange agreements to us. Accordingly, the transportation rates we receive for use of our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline and Sabine Propylene pipeline will be less than the historical rates that we received from Enterprise Products Partners. The pro forma reduction in revenues was \$16.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$18.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Additional General and Administrative Expenses. We expect to incur approximately \$2.5 million in incremental general and administrative expenses as a result of becoming a publicly traded entity. These costs include fees associated with annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax returns and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, investor relations, registrar and transfer agent fees, incremental insurance costs, accounting and legal services. These costs also include estimated related party amounts payable to EPCO in connection with the administrative services agreement. For additional information regarding the administrative services agreement, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

Results of Operations

The following table summarizes the key components of our results of operations for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

			Year End	ed December 31	,			For the Ni Ended Sep	
	_	2005		2004		2003	_	2006	2005
Revenues	\$	953,397	\$	748,931	\$	668,234	\$	740,102	649,404
Operating costs and expenses		909,044		685,544		609,774		697,979	614,328
General and administrative costs		4,483		5,442		6,138		2,469	3,799
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		331		231		131		624	280
Operating income		40,201		58,176		52,453		40,278	31,557
Net income		39,087		58,124		52,454		40,272	31,557

Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005

Combined Revenues. Combined revenues for the first nine months of 2006 were \$740.1 million compared to \$649.4 million for the first nine months of 2005. The period-to-period increase in combined revenues is primarily due to a \$79.9 million increase in revenues associated with natural gas marketing activities, which benefited from higher natural gas sales volumes and prices. In addition, revenues from the NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment increased \$6.8 million period-to-period primarily due to higher storage volumes.

Combined Costs and Expenses. Combined operating costs and expenses were \$698 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$614.3 million for the first nine months of 2005. The period-to-period increase in costs and expenses is primarily due to an \$84 million increase in purchase costs associated with our natural gas marketing activities. General and administrative costs decreased \$1.3 million period-to-period.

Changes in our combined revenues and costs and expenses period-to-period are explained in part by changes in energy commodity prices. In general, higher natural gas prices result in an increase in our combined revenues attributable to the sale of natural gas by Acadian Gas; however, these same commodity prices also increase the associated cost of sales as purchase prices rise. The Henry Hub market price of natural

gas averaged \$7.47 per MMBtu for the first nine months of 2006 versus \$7.18 per MMBtu for the first nine months of 2005.

To a lesser extent, changes in our revenues and costs and expenses are attributable to demand for NGL and petrochemical storage services and activity on our propylene pipelines. Demand for storage services affects the reservation, excess storage and throughput fees earned by our NGL and petrochemical storage business. In turn, demand for our storage services is driven by such factors such as demand for petrochemical feedstocks by the petrochemical industry and the quantity of NGLs extracted from natural gas streams at regional gas processing facilities.

Segment Results. The following information highlights significant period-to-period variances in gross operating margin by business segment.

Gross operating margin from the NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment was \$15.1 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$7.8 million for the first nine months of 2005. Revenues increased \$6.8 million period-to-period primarily due to (i) higher excess storage and throughput fees and (ii) brine production revenues. Operating costs and expenses decreased \$0.5 million period-to-period attributable to reduced measurement losses in 2006 compared to 2005, which were partially offset by higher utility and maintenance costs.

Storage revenues for the first nine months of 2006 were \$5.5 million higher than the first nine months of 2005 primarily due to an increase in excess storage and throughput fees. These fees were higher period-to-period due to an increase in storage volumes. We attribute the increase in storage volumes to strong demand for petrochemical feedstocks by the petrochemical industry and improved NGL processing economics. Strong NGL processing economics in recent years have increased the quantity of NGLs extracted from natural gas streams at regional gas processing facilities, which increases the demand for storage services. Also, brine production revenues increase \$1.2 million period-to-period, which reflects contractual changes made to the sales agreements with our customers during 2006.

Gross operating margin from the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment was \$17.1 million for the first nine months of 2006 versus \$19.7 million for the first nine months of 2005. Natural gas transportation volumes increased to 773 Bbtu/d during the first nine months of 2006 from 657 Bbtu/d during the same period in 2005. Gross operating margin decreased \$2.6 million period-to-period primarily due to lower margins on natural gas sales during the first nine months of 2006 relative to the same period of 2005. Also, gross operating margin for the first nine months of 2006 includes a \$2.3 million benefit from the collection of a contingent asset related to a prior business acquisition. Equity earnings from our investment in Evangeline increased \$0.3 million period-to-period.

We realized higher natural gas sales margins during the first nine months of 2005, as compared to the same period in 2006, primarily due to the effects of Hurricane Katrina. This hurricane impacted supply and demand for natural gas, NGLs, crude oil and motor gasoline. In general, this resulted in an increase in energy commodity prices, which was exacerbated in certain regions due to local supply and demand imbalances. Our natural gas sales margins, subsequent to Hurricane Katrina, benefited from increased regional demand for natural gas and the general increase in commodity prices.

Gross operating margin from the Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment was \$26.1 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$22.1 million for the first nine months of 2005. Petrochemical transportation volumes were 36 MBPD during the first nine months of 2006 versus 34 MBPD during the 2005 period. Transportation revenues increased \$3.1 million period-to-period primarily due to higher transportation volumes and a higher average transportation fee on our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. Operating costs and expenses decreased \$0.9 million period-to-period primarily due to a reduction in property taxe associated with the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. During 2006, we successfully negotiated a lower property tax rate with the Louisiana state taxing authority, which we estimate will provide an annual benefit of approximately \$1.9 million in 2006.

The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline transports chemical-grade propylene from multiple receipt points to multiple delivery points. The contractual transportation fee we charge our customers is based upon the



distance that product moves through the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. During the first nine months of 2006 compared to the same period of 2005, we earned a higher average transportation fee due to our customers' election to move chemical-grade propylene over a greater distance through the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2005 with Year Ended December 31, 2004

Combined Revenues. Combined revenues for 2005 were \$953.4 million compared to \$748.9 million for 2004. The year-to-year increase in combined revenues is primarily due to higher natural gas sales prices during 2005 relative to 2004, which accounted for a \$208.2 million increase in combined revenues associated with natural gas marketing activities.

Combined Costs and Expenses. Combined operating costs and expenses for 2005 were \$909 million compared to \$685.5 million for 2004. The year-to-year increase in costs and expenses is primarily due to an increase in the cost of sales associated with natural gas marketing activities. Such costs increased \$213 million year-to-year as a result of higher natural gas prices. General and administrative costs decreased \$1 million year-to-year.

Changes in our combined revenues and costs and expenses period-to-period are explained in part by changes in energy commodity prices. In general, higher natural gas prices result in an increase in our combined revenues attributable to the sale of natural gas by Acadian Gas; however, these same commodity prices also increase the associated cost of sales as purchase prices rise. The Henry Hub market price of natural gas averaged \$8.64 per MMBtu during 2005 versus \$6.13 per MMBtu during 2004.

Other Income (Expense), Net. The amount in 2005 relates to interest accrued on potential assessments related to a state sales tax dispute.

Segment Results. The following information highlights significant year-to-year variances in gross operating margin by business segment:

Gross operating margin from the NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment was \$16.6 million for 2005 compared to \$19.8 million for 2004. Revenues increased \$3.3 million year-to-year primarily due to higher excess storage and throughput fees. These fees were higher in 2005 compared to 2004 due an increase in storage volumes, which resulted from strong demand for petrochemical feedstocks by the petrochemical industry and improved NGL processing economics. The \$3.3 million increase in revenues was offset by a \$6 million year-to-year increase in operating costs and expenses primarily due to higher utility costs and higher measurement losses recognized in 2005.

Historically, operating costs and expenses of our NGL and petrochemical storage business have been affected each period by measurement gains and losses. Operating costs and expenses reflect measurement losses of \$5.2 million for 2005 compared to losses of \$0.4 million for 2004. Prospectively, effective concurrent with the closing of this offering, we will specifically allocate to Enterprise Products Partners any items of income and gain or loss and deduction relating to net measurement gains and losses. Accordingly, in the future, these measurement gains and losses should not affect our net income or have a significant impact on us with respect to our cash flows or operating activities.

Gross operating margin from the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment was \$18.9 million for 2005 compared to \$25.3 million for 2004. Natural gas throughput was 640 Bbtu/d during 2005 compared to 645 Bbtu/d during 2004. Gross operating margin decreased \$6.4 million year-to-year primarily due to lower margins on natural gas sales during 2005 relative to 2004. In general, Acadian Gas purchases natural gas at prices that are based upon the Henry Hub index. In turn, Acadian Gas generally wholesales natural gas to its customers at the Henry Hub price plus a contractual margin. Acadian Gas' natural gas sales contract with Evangeline contains a provision whereby a portion of the contractual margin is determined through a comparison of (i) Acadian Gas's annual weighted average natural gas purchase cost to (ii) a benchmark determined by reference to a weighted average grouping of natural gas market indices. As a result of this benchmarking mechanism, we realized \$4.8 million in higher natural gas sales margins in 2004 relative to 2005. In addition, operating costs and expenses increased \$1.7 million year-to-year primarily due to higher

sales tax and pipeline integrity costs during 2005 as compared to 2004. Equity earnings from our investment in Evangeline increased \$0.1 million year-to-year.

Gross operating margin from the Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment was \$28.6 million for 2005 compared to \$36.9 million for 2004. Petrochemical transportation volumes decreased to 33 MBPD during 2005 from 39 MBPD during 2004. Gross operating margin decreased \$8.3 million year-to-year primarily due to reduced transportation volumes on our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. Lower transportation volumes accounted for \$6.8 million of the year-to-year decrease in gross operating margin. In addition, operating costs and expenses increased \$1.1 million year-to-year primarily due to higher pipeline integrity costs during 2005 compared to 2004.

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle. Net income for 2005 includes a \$0.6 million noncash charge for the cumulative effect of change in accounting principle related to asset retirement obligations. For additional information regarding this accounting change, please read "--- Other Items" below.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2004 with Year Ended December 31, 2003

Combined Revenues. Combined revenues were \$748.9 million for 2004 compared to \$668.2 million for 2003. The year-to-year increase is primarily due to higher natural gas sales prices during 2004 relative to 2003, which accounted for an \$80.5 million increase in combined revenues associated with natural gas marketing activities.

Combined Costs and Expenses. Combined operating costs and expenses were \$685.5 million for 2004 compared to \$609.8 million for 2003. The year-to-year increase in costs and expenses is primarily due to an increase in the cost of sales associated with natural gas marketing activities. Such costs increased \$76.8 million year-to-year primarily due to higher natural gas prices. General and administrative costs decreased \$0.7 million year-to-year.

Changes in our combined revenues and costs and expenses period-to-period are explained in part by changes in energy commodity prices. In general, higher natural gas prices result in an increase in our combined revenues attributable to the sale of natural gas by Acadian Gas; however, these same commodity prices also increase the associated cost of sales as purchase prices rise. The Henry Hub market price of natural gas averaged \$6.13 per MMBtu during 2004 versus \$5.38 per MMBtu during 2003.

Segment Results. The following information highlights significant year-to-year variances in gross operating margin by business segment:

Gross operating margin from the NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment was \$19.8 million for 2004 and 2003. Revenues and operating costs and expenses were essentially unchanged period-to-period. A decrease of \$1.0 million in net measurement losses in 2004 relative to 2003 was offset by a \$1.1 million increase in repair and other maintenance costs in 2004.

Gross operating margin from the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment was \$25.3 million for 2004 versus \$18.3 million for 2003. Natural gas throughput increased to 645 Bbtu/d during 2004 from 600 Bbtu/d during 2003. Gross operating margin increased \$7 million year-to-year primarily due to improved margins on natural gas sales and higher natural gas transportation volumes. Higher natural gas sales margins, primarily due to the benchmarking mechanism in Acadian Gas' natural gas sales contract with Evangeline, accounted for \$3.6 million of the period-to-period increase in gross operating margin for 2004 includes a \$1.7 million of the period-to-period increase in gross operating margin for 2004 includes a \$1.7 million benefit from the collection of a contingent asset related to a prior business acquisition. Equity earnings from our investment in Evangeline increased \$0.1 million year-to-year.

Gross operating margin from the Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment was \$36.9 million for 2004 compared to \$38.4 million for 2003. Petrochemical transportation volumes were 39 MBPD during 2004 versus 40 MBPD during 2003. Gross operating margin from the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline decreased \$1.5 million year-to-year as a result of reduced transportation volumes.



Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary cash requirements will be normal operating and general and administrative expenses, capital expenditures, business acquisitions, distributions to partners and debt service. We expect to fund our short-term needs for such items as operating expenses and sustaining capital expenditures with operating cash flows and borrowings under a new revolving credit facility. Capital expenditures for long-term needs resulting from internal growth projects and business acquisitions are expected to be funded by a variety of sources (either separately or in combination), including cash flows from operating activities, borrowings under the new revolving credit facility, and the issuance of additional debt or equity securities. We expect to fund cash distributions to partners primarily with operating cash flows. Debt service requirements are expected to be funded by operating cash flows or refinancing arrangements.

Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor Cash Flow

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands). For information regarding the individual components of our cash flow amounts, please read the Statements of Combined Cash Flows included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	 Fo	r Year En	ded Decembe	For Year Ended December 31.						
	 2005		2004		2003	_	2006	_	2005	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 40,568	\$	79,463	\$	64,732	\$	62,301	\$	37,226	
Net cash used in investing activities	19,503		6,931		340		58,226		16,669	
Net cash used in financing activities	21,065		72,532		64,392		4,075		20,557	

We have operated within the Enterprise Products Partners' cash management program for all periods presented. For purposes of presentation in the Statements of Combined Cash Flows, cash flows from financing activities represent transfers of excess cash from us to Enterprise Products Partners equal to cash provided by operations less cash used in investing activities. Such transfers of excess cash are shown as distributions to owners in the Statements of Combined Owners' Net Investment. Conversely, if cash used in investing activities is greater than cash provided by operations, then a deemed contribution by owners is presented. As a result, the combined financial statements do not present cash balances for any of the periods presented.

Due to the foregoing method of presentation, our owners were deemed to have paid \$4.1 million and \$20.6 million in net cash distributions during the first nine months of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Cash used in investing activities primarily represents expenditures for capital projects. Cash used in financing activities generally consists of contributions from and distributions to owners.

The following information highlights the significant period-to-period variances in our cash flow amounts:

Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005

Operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$62.3 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$37.2 million for the first nine months of 2005. The \$25.1 million increase in net cash provided by operating activities is primarily due to higher earnings for the first nine months of 2006 relative to the same period in 2005 and the timing of cash receipts from sales and cash payments for purchases and other expenses between periods. For information regarding changes in revenues and costs and expenses between the two nine month periods, please read "— Results of Operations" above.

Investing activities. Cash used in investing activities was \$58.2 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$16.7 million for the first nine months of 2005. The \$41.5 million increase in cash used in investing activities is primarily due to an expansion of our Mont Belvieu, Texas storage complex. The expansion includes the drilling of two new brine production wells and the construction of two above-ground brine storage reservoirs.

Financing activities. Net cash distributions to owners were \$4.1 million for the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$20.6 million for the first nine months of 2005. The net change in cash distributions

resulted from an increase in cash provided by operating activities and an increase in cash used for capital expenditures for the first nine months of 2006.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2005 with Year Ended December 31, 2004

Operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$40.6 million for 2005 compared to \$79.5 million for 2004. The \$38.9 million decrease in net cash provided by operating activities is primarily due to lower earnings in 2005 relative to 2004 and the timing of cash receipts from sales and cash payments for purchases and other expenses between periods. For information regarding changes in revenues and costs and expenses between the two years, please read "— Results of Operations" above.

Investing activities. Cash used in investing activities was \$19.5 million for 2005 compared to \$6.9 million for 2004. The \$12.6 million increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily due to the expansion of brine production and storage reservoirs at our Mont Belvieu storage complex.

Financing activities. Net cash distributions to owners were \$21.1 million for 2005 compared to \$72.5 million for 2004. The change in cash distributions results from a decrease in cash provided by operating activities in 2005 combined with an increase in cash used for capital expenditures in 2005.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2004 with Year Ended December 31, 2003

Operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$79.4 million for 2004 compared to \$64.7 million for 2003. The \$14.7 million increase in net cash provided by operating activities is due to higher earnings in 2004 relative to 2003 and the timing of cash receipts from sales and cash payments for purchases and other expenses between periods. For information regarding changes in revenues and costs and expenses between the two years, please read "— Results of Operations" above.

Investing activities. Cash used in investing activities was \$6.9 million for 2004 compared to \$0.3 million for 2003. In January 2002, we acquired a number of storage wells from a thirdparty seller. The purchase price we paid included four wells that were later determined not to be usable for storage. We received a \$10 million refund of the purchase price from the seller in 2003, which is reflected as "Cash refund from prior business combination" on our Statements of Combined Cash Flows.

Financing activities. Net cash distributions to owners were \$72.5 million for 2004 compared to \$64.4 million for 2003. The change in cash distributions results primarily from a \$14.7 million increase in cash provided by operating activities in 2004 partially offset by a \$6.6 increase in cash used in investing activities. As noted above, cash used in investing activities for 2003 includes a \$10 million refund, related to an asset acquisition (a benefit).

Capital Requirements

General. The midstream energy business can be capital intensive, requiring significant investment to maintain and upgrade existing operations. For example, our NGL, petrochemical and natural gas pipelines are subject to pipeline safety programs administered by the U.S. Department of Transportation through its Office of Pipeline Safety. This federal agency has issued safety regulations containing requirements for the development of integrity management programs for hazardous liquid pipelines (which include NGL and petrochemical pipelines) and natural gas pipelines. In general, these regulations require companies to assess the condition of their pipelines in certain high consequence areas (as defined by the regulation) and to perform any necessary repairs. In connection with the regulations for hazardous liquid pipelines, we developed a pipeline integrity management program in 2004.

The following table summarizes our expenditures for pipeline integrity costs for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

			For th Mo	e Nine nths
For Year I	Ended Decembe	r 31,	Ended Sep	tember 30,
2005	2004	2003	2006	2005
\$ 1,927	\$ 707	\$ 25	\$ 2,511	\$ 600
1,750	1		5,433	1,154
\$ 3,677	\$ 708	\$ 25	\$ 7,944	\$ 1,754
	2005 \$ 1,927 1,750	2005 2004 \$ 1,927 \$ 707 1,750 1	\$ 1,927 \$ 707 \$ 25 1,750 1	For Year Ended December 31, 2005 Mo Ended Sep 2006 2005 2004 2003 2006 \$ 1,927 \$ 707 \$ 25 \$ 2,511 1,750 1 5,433

We expect our net cash outlay for pipeline integrity program expenditures to approximate \$2.7 million during the remainder of 2006.

Our capital requirements have consisted primarily of, and we anticipate will continue to consist of, the following:

- sustaining capital expenditures, which are capital expenditures made to replace partially or fully depreciated assets, to maintain the existing operating capacity of our assets and to extend their useful lives, or other capital expenditures that are incurred in maintaining existing system volumes and related cash flows (such as pipeline integrity costs); and
- growth capital expenditures such as those to acquire additional assets to grow our business, to expand and upgrade gathering systems and processing plants and to construct or acquire
 similar systems or facilities.

During the first nine months of 2006, our capital expenditures, including sustaining and growth capital expenditures, totaled \$59.0 million. We have budgeted sustaining capital expenditures of \$5.9 million for the year ending December 31, 2007. We expect that the costs to complete the planned expansion of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this offering and Mont Belvieu brine production and above-ground storage projects will be approximately \$42.7 million, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$28.2 million. We expect to use cash on hand from the proceeds of this offering to fund our share of these planned expansion costs and Enterprise Products Partners will make a capital contribution to South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns for its 34% share of the planned expansion costs.

We are evaluating several expansion projects at our Mont Belvieu facilities. The projects currently contemplated may be commenced during 2007 in the range of \$25 to \$75 million. Additional expenditures of up to \$200 million may be made during 2008 and 2009. Pursuant to the Mont Belvieu Caverns limited liability company agreement, Enterprise Products OLP may, in its sole discretion, fund a portion of any costs related to these projects. We cannot assure you that we will pursue any expansion projects, but if we do, we expect to finance any such projects through borrowings under our new revolving credit facility, the issuance of debt or additional equity, or contributions from Enterprise Products OLP. For a further description of our agreements with Enterprise Products Partners relating to potential expansion opportunities, please read "Business — NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services Segment — Mont Belvieu Expansion Opportunities," and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Mont Belvieu Caverns Limited Liability Company Agreement — Future Mont Belvieu Caverns Expansion Capital."

New Revolving Credit Facility

We have entered into a new \$300 million revolving credit facility, all of which may be used for letters of credit, with a \$30 million sublimit for Swingline loans. The funding date of the revolving credit facility will occur not later than ninety days after the closing of this offering, at which point, we may make our initial drawing under the facility. The new revolving credit facility will mature four years from the funding date. We may make up to two requests for one-year extensions of the maturity date (subject to certain restrictions). The revolving credit facility will be available to pay distributions upon the initial contribution of assets to us, fund working capital, make acquisitions and provide payment for general partnership purposes. We can increase the revolving credit facility, without consent of the lenders, by an amount not exceeding \$150 million by

adding to the facility one or more new lenders and/or increasing the commitments of existing lenders. No lender will be required to increase its commitment, unless it agrees to do so in its sole discretion.

The revolving credit facility offers the following unsecured loans, each having different minimum amount and interest requirements:

- LIBOR loans. LIBOR loans can be exercised in a minimum amount of \$5 million and multiples of \$1 million thereafter. No more than eight LIBOR borrowings may be outstanding at any time under the revolving credit facility. LIBOR loans will bear interest, at a rate per annum, equal to LIBOR plus the applicable LIBOR margin.
- Base Rate Loans. Base Rate Loans can be exercised in a minimum amount of \$1 million and multiples of \$500 thousand thereafter. These loans bear interest, at a rate per annum, equal to the Base Rate plus zero. The Base Rate is the higher of (i) the rate of interest publicly announced by the administrative agent, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as its Base Rate and (ii) 0.5% per annum above the Federal Funds Rate in effect on such date.
- Swingline Loans. Swingline loans can be exercised in a minimum amount of \$1 million and multiples of \$100 thousand thereafter. These loans bear interest at the LIBOR Market Interest Rate plus the applicable LIBOR margin.

The revolving credit facility may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time upon same day notice, in a minimum amount of \$3 million with respect to LIBOR loans and \$1 million with respect to Base Rate Loans (or any lesser amount equal to outstanding borrowings), and integral multiples of \$1 million above that amount. Unless LIBOR loans are prepaid on interest payment dates, breakage costs could be incurred.

The revolving credit facility requires us to maintain a leverage ratio for the prior four fiscal quarters of not more than 4.75 to 1.00 at the last day of each fiscal quarter commencing June 30, 2007; provided, upon the closing of a permitted acquisition, such ratio shall not exceed (a) 5.25 to 1.00 at the last day of the fiscal quarter in which such specified acquisition occurred and at the last day of each of the two fiscal quarters following the fiscal quarter in which such specified acquisition occurred, and (b) 4.75 to 1.00 at the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter. In addition, prior to obtaining an investment-grade rating by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service or Fitch Ratings, our interest coverage ratio, for the prior four fiscal quarter shall not be less than 2.75 to 1.00 at the last day of each fiscal quarter commencing June 30, 2007.

Our new revolving credit facility contains various operating and financial covenants, including those restricting or limiting our ability, and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries, to:

- make distributions;
- incur additional indebtedness;
- grant liens or make certain negative pledges;
- engage in certain asset conveyances, sales, leases, transfers, distributions or otherwise dispose of certain assets, businesses or operations;
- make certain investments;
- enter into a merger, consolidation, or dissolution;
- engage in transactions with affiliates;
- · directly or indirectly make or permit any payment or distribution in respect of our partnership interests; or
- permit or incur any limitation on the ability of any of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make distributions to, repay indebtedness to, or make subordinated loans or advances to us.

If an event of default exists under the new credit agreement, the lenders will be able to accelerate the maturity of the credit agreement and exercise other rights and remedies. Each of the following is an event of default under the new credit agreement:

- non-payment of any principal, interest or fees when due under the credit agreement subject to grace periods to be negotiated;
- non-performance of covenants subject to grace periods to be negotiated;
- failure of any representation or warranty to be true and correct in any material respect;
- failure to pay any other material debt exceeding \$10 million in the aggregate;
- a change of control;
- other customary defaults, including specified bankruptcy or insolvency events, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or ERISA, violations, and judgment defaults.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our significant contractual obligations at December 31, 2005. There have been no material changes in the nature or amounts of such obligations subsequent to December 31, 2005 other than the capital expenditures related to South Texas NGL discussed below.

	Payment or Settlement Due by Period												
Contractual Obligations(1)	-	Total	1	Less Than 1 Year (2006)	(2	1-3 Years 007-2008)	(3-5 Years 2009-2010)		Aore Than 5 Years eyond 2010			
Operating leases:													
Underground natural gas storage cavern	\$	3,276	\$	468	\$	936	\$	936	\$	936			
Right-of-way agreements	\$	533	\$	79	\$	159	\$	26	\$	269			
Purchase obligations:													
Product purchase commitments:													
Estimated payment obligations:													
Natural gas	\$	1,518,016	\$	216,690	\$	433,973	\$	433,380	\$	433,973			
Other	\$	7,480	\$	2,138	\$	4,282	\$	1,060					
Underlying major volume commitments:													
Natural gas (in Bbtus)		127,850		18,250		36,550		36,500		36,550			
Capital expenditure commitments	\$	616	\$	616									
Other long-term liabilities	\$	608							\$	608			
Total	\$	1,530,529	\$	219,991	\$	439,350	\$	435,402	\$	435,786			

(1) The contractual obligations in this table reflect the obligations of our subsidiaries on a total consolidated basis even though we own less than a 100% equity interest in our operating subsidiaries.

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt. The foregoing table does not reflect approximately \$200 million of borrowings that we expect to make under our new revolving credit facility that we will enter into at or prior to the closing of this offering.

Estimated cash payments for interest. The foregoing table does not reflect any estimated cash payments for interest on expected initial borrowings of approximately \$200 million under our new revolving credit facility that are expected to be made under variable interest rates.



Operating leases. We lease certain property, plant and equipment under non-cancelable and cancelable operating leases. Amounts shown in the preceding table represent our minimum cash lease payment obligations under operating leases with terms in excess of one year for the periods indicated.

Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment leases an underground natural gas storage cavern that is integral to its operations. The primary use of this cavern is to store natural gas held-for-sale by us. The current term of the cavern lease expires in December 2012. The term of this contract does not provide for an additional renewal period, but it requires the lessor to enter into diligent negotiations with us under similar terms and conditions if we wish to extend the lease agreement beyond December 2012.

In addition, our pipeline operations have entered into leases for land held pursuant to right-of-way agreements. Our significant right-of-way agreements have original terms that range from five to 50 years and include renewal options that could extend the agreements for up to an additional 25 years. Our rental payments are generally at fixed rates, as specified in the individual contracts, and may be subject to escalation provisions for inflation and other market-determined factors.

Lease expense is charged to operating costs and expenses on a straight line basis over the period of expected economic benefit. Contingent rental payments, if any, are expensed as incurred. In general, we are required to perform routine maintenance on the underlying leased assets. In addition, certain leases give us the option to make leasehold improvements. Maintenance and repairs of leased assets attributable to our operations are charged to expense as incurred. We have not made any significant leasehold improvements during the periods presented. Lease expense included in operating income was \$1.2 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 and \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Purchase Obligations. We define purchase obligations as agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable and legally binding (unconditional) on us that specify all significant terms, including: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transactions.

Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment has a product purchase commitment for the purchase of natural gas in Louisiana from a third party. This purchase agreement expires in January 2013. Our purchase price under this contract approximates the market price of natural gas at the time we take delivery of the volumes. The preceding table shows the volume we are committed to purchase and an estimate of our future payment obligations for the periods indicated. Our estimated future payment obligations are based on the contractual price at December 31, 2005 applied to all future volume commitments. Actual future payment obligations may vary depending on market prices at the time of delivery.

At December 31, 2005, we do not have any product purchase commitments with fixed or minimum pricing provisions having remaining terms in excess of one year.

We also have short-term payment obligations relating to capital projects we have initiated. These commitments represent unconditional payment obligations that we have agreed to pay vendors for services to be rendered or products to be delivered in connection with our capital spending programs. The preceding table shows these capital project commitments for the periods indicated.

In August 2006, Enterprise Products Partners purchased 223 miles of NGL pipelines extending from Corpus Christi, Texas to Pasadena, Texas from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company. The total purchase price for this asset was approximately \$97.7 million in cash. Enterprise Products Partners will contribute this pipeline system to South Texas NGL prior to the closing of this offering. This pipeline system is used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The total estimated cost to acquire and construct the additional pipelines that will complete this system is \$66.3 million. South Texas NGL made capital expenditures of \$37.7 million to make this pipeline system operational in January 2007. We expect that it will cost approximately \$28.6 million to complete planned expansions of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this offering, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$18.9 million. In addition, we expect that Mont Belvieu Caverns will make additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million to complete construction of brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs, of which our 66%



share will be approximately \$9.3 million. Following this offering, we expect to use cash on hand from the proceeds of this offering to fund our share of the planned expansion costs. The preceding contractual obligations table does not include these capital expenditures entered into after December 31, 2005.

Other Long-Term Liabilities. We have recorded long-term liabilities on our combined balance sheet reflecting amounts we expect to pay in future periods beyond one year. These liabilities primarily represent the present value of our asset retirement obligations. Amounts shown in the preceding table represent our best estimate as to the timing of settlements based on information currently available.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

- At September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, long-term debt for Evangeline consisted of:
- \$23.2 million in principal amount of 9.9% fixed interest rate senior secured notes due December 2010 (the "Series B" notes); and
- a \$7.5 million subordinated note payable to Evangeline Northwest Corporation (the "ENC Note").
- The Series B notes are collateralized by the following:
- Evangeline's property, plant and equipment;
- proceeds from Evangeline's Entergy Louisiana natural gas sales contract; and
- a debt service reserve requirement.

Scheduled principal repayments on the Series B notes are \$5 million annually through 2009 with a final repayment in 2010 of approximately \$3.2 million. The trust indenture governing the Series B notes contains covenants such as requirements to maintain certain financial ratios. Evangeline was in compliance with such covenants during the periods presented.

Evangeline incurred the ENC Note obligations in connection with its acquisition of the Entergy natural gas sales contract in 1991. The ENC Note is subject to a subordination agreement which prevents the repayment of principal and accrued interest on the note until such time as the Series B note holders are either fully cash secured through debt service accounts or have been completely repaid. Variable rate interest accrues on the subordinated note at a LIBOR rate plus 0.5%. Variable interest rates charged on this note at December 31, 2005 and 2004 were 4.23% and 1.83%, respectively.

Except for the foregoing, we have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably expected to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Inflation

Inflation in the United States has been relatively low in recent years and did not have a material impact on our results of operations for the three-year period ended December 31, 2005 or the first nine months of 2006. It may in the future, however, increase the cost to acquire or replace property, plant and equipment and may increase the costs of labor and supplies. Our operating revenues and costs are influenced to a greater extent by specific price changes in natural gas and NGLs. To the extent permitted by competition, regulation and our existing agreements, we have and will continue to pass along increased costs to our customers in the form of higher fees and through escalation provisions in specific contracts.

Seasonality

For a discussion of seasonality in each of our business segments, please read the description of each such segment contained in "Business" below.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In our financial reporting process, we employ methods, estimates and assumptions that will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of our financial statements. These methods, estimates and assumptions also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Investors should be aware that actual results could differ from these estimates if the underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect. The following is a description of the estimation risk underlying our most significant financial statement items.

Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

In general, depreciation is the systematic and rational allocation of an asset's cost, less its residual value (if any), to the periods it benefits. The majority of our property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method, which results in depreciation expense being incurred evenly over the life of the assets. Our estimate of depreciation incorporates assumptions regarding the useful economic lives and residual values of our assets. At the time we place our assets in service, we believe such assumptions are reasonable; however, circumstances may develop that would cause us to change these assumptions, which would change our depreciation amounts on a going forward basis. Some of these circumstances include changes in laws and regulations relating to restoration and abandonment requirements; changes in expected costs for dismantlement, restoration and abandonment as a result of changes, or expected changes, in labor, materials and other related costs associated with these activities; changes in the useful life of an asset based on the actual known life of similar assets, changes in technology, or other factors; and changes in expected salvage proceeds as a result of a change, or expected change in the salvage market.

At September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the net book value of our property, plant and equipment was \$656.0 million and \$512.2 million, respectively. We recorded \$19.2 million, \$18.1 million and \$17.6 million in depreciation expense during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Depreciation expense was \$15.4 million and \$14.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Measuring recoverability of long-lived assets and equity method investments

In general, long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Examples of such events or changes might be production declines that are not replaced by new discoveries or long-term decreases in the demand or price of natural gas, oil or NGLs. Long-lived assets with recorded values that are not expected to be recovered through expected future cash flows are written-down to their estimated fair values. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the existing asset. Our estimates of such undiscounted cash flows are based on a number of assumptions including anticipated operating margins and volumes; estimated useful life of the asset or asset group; and estimated salvage values. An impairment charge would be recorded for the excess of a long-lived asset's carrying value over its estimated fair value. Fair value of a long-lived asset is estimated through appropriate valuation techniques, which consider quoted market prices, replacement cost estimates and probability-weighted discounted cash flows. We did not recognize any asset impairment charges during the periods presented.

Equity method investments are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that there is a possible loss in value of the investment other than a temporary decline. Examples of such events include sustained operating losses by the investee or long-term negative changes in the investee's industry. The carrying value of an equity method investment is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the discounted estimated cash flows expected to be derived from the investment. This estimate of discounted cash flows is based on a number of assumptions including discount rates; probabilities assigned to different cash flow scenarios; anticipated margins and volumes and estimated useful life of the investment. A significant change in these underlying assumptions could result in our recording an impairment charge. We did not recognize any impairment charges related to our Evangeline affiliate during the periods presented.



Amortization methods and estimated useful lives of qualifying intangible assets

The specific, identifiable intangible assets of a business enterprise depend largely upon the nature of its operations. Intangible assets include, but are not limited to, patents, trademarks, trade names, contracts, customer relationships and non-compete agreements. The method used to value each intangible asset varies depending upon the nature of the intangible asset, the business in which it is utilized, and the economic returns it is generating or is expected to generate.

If our underlying assumptions regarding the estimated useful life of an intangible asset change, then the amortization period for such asset would be adjusted accordingly. Additionally, if we determine that an intangible asset's unamortized cost may not be recoverable due to impairment, we may be required to reduce the carrying value and the subsequent useful life of the asset. Any such write-down of the value and unfavorable change in the useful life of an intangible asset would increase operating costs and expenses at that time.

Our intangible assets consist primarily of renewable storage contracts with various customers that we acquired in connection with the purchase of storage caverns from a third party in January 2002. Due to the renewable nature of these contracts, we amortize them on a straight-line basis over a 35-year period, which is the estimated remaining economic life of the storage assets to which they relate.

At September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the carrying value of our intangible asset portfolio was \$7.0 million and \$7.2 million, respectively. We recorded \$0.2 million in amortization expense associated with our intangible assets for all periods presented.

Our revenue recognition policies and use of estimates for revenues and expenses

In general, we recognize revenue from our customers when all of the following criteria are met:

- persuasive evidence of an exchange arrangement exists;
- · delivery has occurred or services have been rendered;
- the buyer's price is fixed or determinable; and
- collectibility is reasonably assured.

When sales contracts are settled (i.e., either physical delivery of product has taken place or the services designated in the contract have been performed), we record any necessary allowance for doubtful accounts.

We make estimates for certain revenue and expense items due to time constraints on the financial accounting and reporting process. At times, we must estimate revenues from a customer before we actually bill the customer or accrue an expense we incur before physically receiving a vendor's invoice. Such estimates reverse in the following period and are offset by our recording the actual customer billing and vendor invoice amounts. If the basis of our estimates proves to be substantially incrrect, it could result result in material adjustments in results of operations between periods. For all periods presented, our revenue and cost estimates are substantially correct as compared to actual amounts.

Natural gas imbalances

Natural gas imbalances result when a customer injects more or less gas into a pipeline than it withdraws. The values of our imbalance receivables and payables are based on natural gas prices during the month such imbalances are created.

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, our imbalance receivables were \$1.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, and are reflected as a component of "Accounts receivable — trade" on our Combined Balance Sheets. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, our imbalance payable was \$2.9 million and \$0.5 million respectively, and is reflected as a component of "Accrued gas payables" on our Combined Balance Sheets. At September 30, 2006, our imbalance receivable was \$1.9 million and our imbalance payable was \$0.5 million.

Storage gains and losses

Storage well gains and losses occur when product movements into a storage well are different than those redelivered to customers. In general, such variations result from difficulties in precisely measuring significant volumes of liquids at varying flow rates and temperatures. It is expected that substantially all product delivered into a storage will be withdrawn over time. A measurement loss in one period is expected to be offset by a measurement gain in a subsequent period, unless product is physically lost in a storage well due to problems with cavern integrity. We did not experience any significant net losses resulting from problems with cavern integrity during the three years ended December 31, 2005 or for the nine month period ended September 30, 2006.

Since we expect that storage well gains and losses will approximate each other over time, we historically charged storage well gains or losses to a storage imbalance account during the month such imbalances are created based on current pricing. The reserve was increased by measurement gains and loss accruals and decreased by measurement losses. On an annual basis, the storage imbalance reserve account was reviewed for reasonableness based on historical storage well measurement gains and losses and adjusted accordingly through a charge to earnings. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, our storage imbalance account was \$4.5 million and \$3.5 million. At September 30, 2006, our storage imbalance was \$1.8 million. Net measurement losses of \$2.0 million, \$2.2 million and \$1.5 million were charged to the reserve during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$2.7 and \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$2.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0 and \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

In addition, operating gains and losses due to measurement variances for product movements to and from storage wells relating primarily to pipeline and well connection activities are included in our financial statements. Many of our customer storage arrangements allow us to retain a small amount of liquid volumes to help offset any measurement losses. These variances are estimated and settled at current prices each reporting period as a net credit or charge to operating costs and expenses. We do not retain volumes in inventory. The net amounts for each of the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were a \$2.1 million charge, \$0.2 million credit and \$1.4 million credit, respectively, and a \$1.0 million charge and a \$3.2 million charge for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

In connection with storage agreements for a variety of products entered into between Enterprise Products Partners and Mont Belvieu Caverns effective concurrently with the closing of this offering, Enterprise Products Partners will agree to the allocation of all storage well measurement gains and losses relating to these products.

In addition, the limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns will specially allocate to Enterprise Products Partners any items of income and gain or loss and deduction relating to measurement losses and measurement gains, including amounts that Mont Belvieu Caverns may retain or deduct as handling losses. Enterprise Products Partners will also be required to contribute cash to Mont Belvieu Caverns, or will be entitled to receive distributions from Mont Belvieu Caverns, based on the then-current net measurement gains or measurement losses. As a result, we will continue to record measurement gains and losses associated with the operation of our Mont Belvieu storage facility for parties other than Enterprise Products Partners after the closing date of this offering on a consolidated basis as operating costs and expenses. However, these measurement gains and losses on our balance sheet.

Recent Accounting Developments

Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 04-13, "Accounting for Purchases and Sales of Inventory With the Same Counterparty." This accounting guidance requires that two or more inventory transactions with the same counterparty be viewed as a single non-monetary transaction, if the transactions were entered into in contemplation of one another. Exchanges of inventory between entities in the same line of business should be



accounted for at fair value or recorded at carrying amounts, depending on the classification of such inventory. This guidance was effective April 1, 2006, and our adoption of this guidance had no impact on our combined financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

EITF 06-3, "How Taxes Collected From Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)." This accounting guidance requires companies to disclose their policy regarding the presentation of tax receipts on the face of their income statements. This guidance specifically applies to taxes imposed by governmental authorities on revenue-producing transactions between sellers and customers (gross receipts taxes are excluded). This guidance is effective January 1, 2007. As a matter of policy, we report such taxes on a net basis.

Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes." FIN 48 provides that the tax effects of an uncertain tax position should be recognized in a company's financial statements if the position taken by the entity is more likely than not sustainable, if it were to be examined by an appropriate taxing authority, based on technical merit. After determining a tax position meets such criteria, the amount of benefit that has more than a 50 percent chance of being realized upon settlement. The provisions of FIN 48 are not material to our financial statements.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments." This accounting standard amends SFAS 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, amends SFAS 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, and resolves issues addressed in Statement 133 Implementation Issue D1, Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests to Securitized Financial Assets. A hybrid financial instrument is one that embodies both an embedded derivative and a host contract. For certain hybrid financial instruments, SFAS 133 requires an embedded derivative instrument be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a separate derivative instrument. SFAS 155 amends SFAS 133 to provide a fair value measurement alternative for certain hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative that would otherwise be recognized as a derivative separately from the host contract. For chybrid financial instruments within its scope, SFAS 155 allows the holder of the instrument to make a one-time, irrevocable election to initially and subsequently measure the instrument in its entirety at fair value instead of separately accounting for the embedded derivative and host contract. We are evaluating the effect of this recent guidance, which is effective January 1, 2007.

SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This accounting standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies only to fair-value measurements that are already required or permitted by other accounting standards and is expected to increase the consistency of those measurements. The statement emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Companies will be required to disclose the extent to which fair value is used to measure assets and liabilities, the inputs used to develop the measurements, and the effect of certain of the measureming on earnings (or changes in net assets) for the period. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007 and we will be required to adopt SFAS 157 as of January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 157 no our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." SAB 108 addresses how the effects of prior-year uncorrected misstatements should be considered when quantifying misstatements in current-year financial statements. The SAB requires registrants to quantify misstatements using both the balance-sheet and income-statement approaches and to evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying an error that is material in light of relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. When the effect of initial adoption is determined to be material, SAB 108 allows registrants to record that effect as a cumulative-effect adjustment to beginning-of-year reding after November 15, 2006. Additionally, the nature and amount of each individual error being corrected through the cumulative-effect adjustment, when and how each error arose, and the fact that the errors

had previously been considered immaterial is required to be disclosed. We are required to adopt SAB 108 for our current fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SAB 108 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Related Party Transactions

We have an extensive and ongoing business relationships with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners and each of their affiliates, including the following:

- Enterprise Products Partners. Enterprise Products Partners will assign to us all of the exchange agreements with the customers of our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines but will remain jointly and severally liable on these agreements. We also provide underground storage services to Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates to store NGLs and petrochemicals. Prior to the closing of this offering, we will become party to a ground lease with Enterprise Products Partners as a result of an assignment by an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners. Upon the completion of our offering, we expect that certain terms of the related party storage contracts between us and Enterprise Products Partners will change, including (1) a reduction in transportation rates on our Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines, (2) an increase in underground storage fees and (3) the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of all storage measurement gains and losses relating to its products. In addition, the limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns will specially allocate measurement gains and losses to Enterprise Products Partners, and contain related contribution and distribution provisions. Enterprise Products Partners will also remain jointly and severally liable for certain contracts with third parties that it will assign to us. Concurrently with the closing of this offering, we will enter into an omnibus agreement with Enterprise Products OLP pursuant to which Enterprise Products OLP will agree to (i) indemnify us for certain environmental liabilities, ax liabilities and liabilite and right-of-way defects occurring or existing before the closing of this offering and (ii) reimburse us for our 66% share of excess construction costs, if any, above our current estimated cost to complete planned expansions on the South Texas NGL pipeline and Mont Belvieu Caverns brine-related facilities. In addition, we will grant Enterprise Products OLP a right of first refusal on the equity interests
- TEPPCO Partners. During January 2007, an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners purchased from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners a 10-mile, 18-inch segment of pipeline that
 forms part of the South Texas NGL pipeline for an aggregate purchase price of \$8 million. This pipeline will be among the assets owned by South Texas NGL at the closing of this
 offering. We have also entered into a lease with TEPPCO Partners for a 12-mile, 10-inch interconnecting pipeline extending from Pasadena, Texas to Baytown, Texas. The primary
 term of this lease will expire on September 15, 2007, and will continue on a month-to-month basis subject to termination by either party upon 60 days' notice. This pipeline is being
 leased by us in connection with operations on our South Texas NGL pipeline until we complete the construction of a parallel pipeline.
- EPCO. We have no employees. Prior to the closing of this offering, we will become party to the administrative services agreement with EPCO. Under this agreement, EPCO will
 provide general administrative, management, engineering and operating services as may be necessary to operate our businesses, properties and assets (in accordance with prudent
 industry practices). We will be required to reimburse EPCO for its services in an amount equal to the sum of all costs and expenses incurred by EPCO which are directly or indirectly
 related to our business or activities (including EPCO expenses reasonably allocated to us). The administrative services agreement also contains agreements relating to business
 opportunities.
- Evangeline. We sell natural gas to Evangeline, which, in turn, uses such natural gas to satisfy its sales commitments to Entergy Louisiana. In addition, we also have a service
 agreement with Evangeline whereby we provide Evangeline with construction, operations, maintenance and administrative support related to its pipeline system.



For more information, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and Note 6 of the combined financial statements of the Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor.

Other Items

Provision for income taxes — Texas Margin Tax. All of our operating subsidiaries are organized as pass-through entities for income tax purposes. As a result, the owners of such entities are responsible for federal income taxes on their share of each entity's taxable income.

In May 2006, the State of Texas substantially revised its existing state franchise tax. The revised tax (the "Texas Margin Tax") becomes effective for franchise tax reports due on or after January 1, 2008. In general, legal entities that conduct business in Texas and benefit from limited liability protection are subject to the Texas Margin Tax. We believe that our operating subsidiaries will be subject to the Texas Margin Tax on the portion of their revenues generated in Texas. We recorded an estimated deferred tax liability of approximately \$21 thousand for the Texas Margin Tax in June 2006, with an offsetting expense shown as provision for income taxes.

Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles. We recorded a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle of \$0.6 million in connection with our implementation of FASB Interpretation No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Requirement Obligations" ("FIN 47") in December 2005, which represents the depreciation and accretion expense we would have recognized had we recorded these conditional asset retirement obligations when incurred. The pro forma effects of our adoption of FIN 47 are not presented due to the immaterial nature of these amounts to our financial statements. Based on information currently available, we estimate that annual accretion expense will approximate \$0.1 million for each of the years 2006 through 2010.

Certain key employees of EPCO who allocate a portion of their time to our affairs participate in long-term incentive compensation plans managed by EPCO. These plans include the issuance of restricted units of Enterprise Products Partners and limited partner interests in EPE Unit L.P., a Delaware limited partnership. Prior to January 1, 2006, EPCO accounted for these awards using the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." On January 1, 2006, EPCO adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to account for such awards. Upon adoption of this accounting standard, we recognized a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of \$9 thousand (a benefit). Such awards are immaterial to our combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

General. We use financial instruments in our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment to secure certain fixed price natural gas sales contracts (referred to as "customer fixed-price arrangements"). We also enter into a limited number of cash flow hedges in connection with such business. We recognize such instruments on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities based on an instrument's fair value. Fair value is generally defined as the amount at which the financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, not in a forced or liquidation sale. Changes in fair value of financial instrument contracts are recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met.

To qualify as a hedge, the item to be hedged must expose us to commodity price risk and the hedging instrument must reduce the exposure and meet the hedging requirements of SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (as amended and interpreted). We formally designate such financial instruments as hedges and document and assess the effectiveness of the hedge at inception and on a quarterly basis. Any ineffectiveness is immediately recognized in earnings. Our customer fixed-price arrangements do not qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS 133; therefore, these instruments are accounted for using a mark-to-market approach each reporting period.

If a financial instrument meets the criteria of a cash flow hedge, gains and losses from the instrument are recorded in other comprehensive income. Gains and losses on cash flow hedges are reclassified from other



comprehensive income to earnings when the forecasted transaction occurs or, as appropriate, over the economic life of the underlying asset. If the financial instrument meets the criteria of a fair value hedge, gains and losses from the instrument will be recorded on the income statement to offset corresponding losses and gains of the hedged item. A contract designated as a hedge of an anticipated transaction that is no longer likely to occur is immediately recognized in earnings.

Commodity financial instrument portfolio. In addition to its natural gas transportation business, our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment engages in the purchase and sale of natural gas to third party customers in the Louisiana area. The price of natural gas fluctuates in response to changes in supply, market uncertainty, and a variety of additional factors that are beyond our control. We may use commodity financial instruments such as futures, swaps and forward contracts to mitigate such risks. In general, the types of risks we attempt to hedge are those related to the variability of future earnings and cash flows resulting from changes in applicable commodity prices. The commodity financial instruments we utilize may be settled in cash or with another financial instrument. As a matter of policy, we do not use financial instruments for speculative (or "trading") purposes.

Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment enters into a small number of cash flow hedges in connection with its purchase of natural gas held-for-sale. In addition, our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment enters into a limited number of offsetting financial instruments that effectively fix the price of natural gas for certain of its customers. Historically, the use of commodity financial instruments was governed by policies established by the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners. The objective of this policy was to assist us in achieving its profitability goals while maintaining a portfolio with an acceptable level of risk, defined as remaining within the position limits established by the general partner. In general, we may enter into risk management transactions to manage price risk, basis risk, physical risk or other risks related to its commodity positions on both a short-term (less than 30 days) and long-term basis, not to exceed 24 months.

The general partner of Enterprise Products Partners monitored the hedging strategies associated with the physical and financial risks of our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment (such as those mentioned previously), approved specific activities subject to the policy (including authorized products, instruments and markets) and established specific guidelines and procedures for implementing and ensuring compliance with the policy. Our general partner will continue such policies in the future.

Due to the limited number and nature of the financial instruments utilized by us, the effect on the portfolio of a hypothetical 10% movement in the underlying quoted market prices of natural gas is negligible at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004. The fair value of our commodity financial instrument portfolio was a negligible amount at September 30, 2006, a liability of \$0.1 million at December 31, 2005, and a liability of \$0.3 million at December 31, 2004.

We recorded losses of \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million related to our commodity financial instruments for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2003, respectively. In 2004, we recorded a gain of \$0.2 million from our commodity financial instruments. We recorded \$0.3 million gain related to our commodity financial instruments during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. We recorded \$0.2 million of expense related to this portfolio during the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

Product purchase commitments. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment has a long-term natural gas purchase contract with a third party. This purchase agreement expires in January 2013. Our purchase price under this contract approximates the market price of natural gas at the time we take delivery of the volumes. For additional information regarding our commitments, please read "— Contractual Obligations" above.

BUSINESS

Our Partnership

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by Enterprise Products Partners in September 2006 to own, operate and acquire a diversified portfolio of midstream energy assets. We are engaged in the business of gathering, transporting, marketing and storing natural gas and transporting and storing NGLs and petrochemicals. Our assets were previously owned by Enterprise Products Partners and are part of its integrated midstream energy asset network or value chain, which includes natural gas gathering, processing, transportation and storage; NGL fractionation (or separation), transportation, storage and import and export terminaling; crude oil transportation; and offshore production platform services. After this offering, we will own 66% of the equity interests in the subsidiaries that hold our operating assets and affiliates of Enterprise Products Partners will continue to own the remaining 34%. We believe our relationship with Enterprise Products Partners will enable us to maintain stable cash flows and optimize our scale, strategic location and pipeline connections.

Our operations are organized into the following four business segments:

- NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services. Our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment consists of 33 salt dome caverns located in Mont Belvieu, Texas, with an underground storage capacity of approximately 100 MMBbls, and certain related assets. These assets receive, store and deliver NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast, which has the largest concentration of petrochemical plants and refineries in the United States.
- Natural Gas Pipelines & Services. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment consists of the Acadian Gas system, which is an onshore natural gas pipeline system that gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana. The Acadian Gas system links natural gas supplies from onshore and offshore Gulf of Mexico developments (including offshore pipelines, continental shelf and deepwater production) with local gas distribution companies, electric generation plants and industrial customers, including those in the Baton Rouge-New Orleans-Mississippi River corridor. In the aggregate, the Acadian Gas system includes over 1,000 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and lateral and gathering lines with an aggregate throughput capacity of approximately one Bcf/d and a leased storage facility with approximately three Bcf of storage capacity.
- Petrochemical Pipeline Services. Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems with an aggregate of 284 miles of pipeline. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline system consists of a 263-mile pipeline used to transport chemical-grade propylene between Sorento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas. The Sabine Propylene pipeline system consists of a 21-mile pipeline used to transport polymer-grade propylene from Port Arthur, Texas to a pipeline interconnect in Cameron Parish, Louisiana on a transport-or-pay basis.
- NGL Pipeline Services. Our NGL Pipeline Services segment consists of a 290-mile pipeline system used to transport NGLs from two Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located
 in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas and related interconnections. We acquired a 223-mile segment of the system in August 2006, and we are in the process of acquiring and
 constructing other segments of the pipeline. This system became operational and began transporting NGLs in January 2007 after undergoing modifications, extensions and
 interconnections. Additional expansions to this system are scheduled to be completed during the remainder of 2007.

Our Relationship with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners

One of our principal attributes is our relationship with Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO. Our assets connect to various midstream energy assets of Enterprise Products Partners and, therefore, form integral links within Enterprise Products Partners' value chain. Enterprise Products Partners is a North American midstream energy company that provides a wide range of services to producers and consumers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil, and is an industry leader in the development of pipeline and other midstream infrastructure in the



continental United States and Gulf of Mexico. Enterprise Products Partners' value chain is an integrated midstream energy asset network that links producers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil from some of the largest supply basins in the United States, Canada and the Gulf of Mexico with domestic consumers and international markets. We believe the operational significance of these assets to Enterprise Products Partners, as well as the alignment of our respective economic interests in them, will result in a collaborative effort to promote their operational efficiency and maximize value.

All of our and Enterprise Products Partners' management, administrative and operating functions will be performed by employees of EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners' ultimate parent company under common control by Dan L. Duncan, pursuant to an amended and restated administrative services agreement. Dan L. Duncan and his affiliates will have a significant interest in our partnership through Enterprise Products OLP's ownership of 34% of the equity interests in our operating subsidiaries and Enterprise Products OLP's direct ownership of approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or approximately 26.4% if the underwriters' option to purchase additional units is exercised in full) and indirect ownership of our 2% general partner interest. We believe our relationship with Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO provides us with a distinct advantage in both the operation of our current assets and in the identification and execution of potential future acquisitions that are not otherwise taken by Enterprise Products Partners or Enterprise GP Holdings in accordance with our business opportunity agreements.

Our Business Strategy

Our primary business objectives are to maintain and, over time, to increase our cash available for distributions to our unitholders. Our business strategies to achieve these objectives are to:

- optimize the benefits of our economies of scale, strategic location and pipeline connections serving our natural gas, NGL, petrochemical and refining markets;
- manage our existing and future asset portfolio to minimize the volatility of our cash flows;
- invest in organic growth projects to capitalize on market opportunities which expand our asset base and generate additional cash flow; and
- pursue acquisitions of assets and businesses from related parties, or, in accordance with our business opportunity agreements, from third parties.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe we are well-positioned to achieve our primary objectives and to execute our business strategies successfully because of the following competitive strengths:

- our operations currently consist of mature assets and a new NGL pipeline which are expected to generate stable, predictable cash flows;
- our assets are strategically located in areas with high demand for our services play a critical role in Enterprise Products Partners' midstream energy value chain;
- · Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO have established a reputation in the midstream natural gas and NGL industry as reliable and cost-effective operators;
- the senior management team and board of directors of our general partner have extensive industry experience and include some of the most senior officers of Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO;
- we have a lower cost of capital than other publicly-traded partnerships that have incentive distribution rights; and
- our affiliation with Enterprise Products Partners and its affiliates, may provide us access to attractive acquisition opportunities from them and third parties.

Industry Overview

We are currently engaged in the business of gathering, transporting, marketing, and storing natural gas and transporting, marketing and storing NGLs and petrochemicals. Our business is directly impacted by changes in domestic demand for and production of natural gas, NGLs, propylene and other petrochemical products.

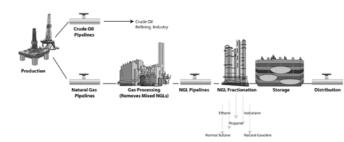
Natural Gas Demand and Production

Natural gas continues to be a critical component of energy consumption in the United States. According to the Energy Information Administration, or the EIA, total annual domestic consumption of natural gas is expected to increase from approximately 22.4 rtillion cubic feet, or Tcf, (61.4 Bcf/d) in 2004 to approximately 26.9 Tcf (73.7 Bcf/d) in 2030, representing an average annual growth rate of over 1.12% per year. Most of that increase is expected to occur before 2017, when total U.S. natural gas consumption reaches just over 26.5 Tcf. After 2017, rising natural gas prices are predicted to curb consumption growth and reduce the natural gas share of total energy consumption. The industrial and electricity generation sectors are the largest users of natural gas in the United States. During the last three years, these sectors accounted for approximately 56% of the total natural gas consumed in the United States. In 2004, natural gas represented approximately 24.9 of all end-user domestic energy requirements. During the last five years, the United States has on average consumed approximately 22.4 Tcf per year, with average annual domestic production of approximately 18.9 Tcf during the same period. Driven by growth in natural gas demand and high natural gas prices, domestic natural gas production is projected to increase 10.4 Tcf per year between 2004 and 2015.

Midstream Industry

Once natural gas is produced from wells, producers then seek to deliver the natural gas and its components to end-use markets. The midstream natural gas industry is the link between upstream exploration and production activities and downstream end-user markets, and generally consists of natural gas gathering, transportation, processing, storage and fractionation activities. The midstream industry is generally characterized by regional competition based on the proximity of gathering systems and processing plants to natural gas producing wells.

The following diagram illustrates the natural gas gathering, processing, fractionation, storage and transportation process. We supply Enterprise Products Partners and our other customers with several gathering, transportation, and storage services for their natural gas, NGL and petrochemical products.



Natural Gas Gathering

Once a well has been completed, the well is connected to a gathering system. Gathering systems typically consist of a network of small diameter pipelines and, if necessary, compression systems that collect natural gas from points near producing wells and transport it to larger pipelines for further transmission. Offshore gathering uses a similar process, but production platforms provide production handling services, which in the case of a well producing a mixture of oil and gas involves the separation of natural gas from the oil and water

before the natural gas enters the gathering lateral. Gathering laterals then connect to a main or trunk line of larger diameter pipe. The mainline then transports the natural gas collected from the various laterals to an onshore location, typically a treating facility or gas processing plant. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services business segment provides for the gathering, transmission, and storage of natural gas in Louisiana, and currently consists of over 1,000 miles of onshore natural gas pipelines.

Natural Gas Treating

Natural gas has a varied composition depending on the field, the formation and the reservoir from which it is produced. Treating plants remove carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulfide from natural gas to ensure that it meets pipeline quality specifications. The principal component of natural gas is methane, but most natural gas also contains varying amounts of NGLs including ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline. NGLs have economic value and are utilized as a feedstock in the petrochemical and oil refining industries or directly as a heating, engine or industrial fuel. Once separated from the natural gas, NGLs must be handled and transported to its end users through a dedicated pipeline system.

Natural Gas Transportation

Natural gas transportation pipelines receive natural gas from other mainline transportation pipelines and gathering systems and deliver the processed natural gas to industrial end-users and utilities and to other pipelines. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services business segment currently engages in natural gas transportation.

NGL Fractionation

NGL fractionation facilities separate mixed NGL streams into discrete NGL products, including ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, natural gasoline and propylene, which are also called "purity NGLs." The three primary sources of mixed NGLs fractionated in the United States are (i) domestic natural gas processing plants, (ii) domestic crude oil refineries and (iii) imports of butane and propane mixtures. NGLs are fractionated by heating mixed NGL streams and passing them through a series of distillation towers, in order to take advantage of the differing boiling points of the various NGL products. As the temperature of the NGL stream is increased, the lightest (lowest boiling point) NGL product boils off to the top of the tower where it is condensed and routed to storage. The mixture from the bottom of the first tower is then moved into the next tower where the process is repeated, and a heavier NGL product is separated and stored. This process of fractionation process requires large quantities of heat, energy costs are a major component of the total cost of fractionation.

NGL Transportation

NGLs are transported to market by means of pipelines, pressurized barges, rail car and tank trucks. The method of transportation utilized depends on, among other things, the existing resources of the transporter, the locations of the production points and the delivery points, cost-efficiency and the quantity of NGLs being transported. Pipelines are generally the most cost-efficient mode of transportation when large, steady volumes of NGLs are to be delivered. Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems with an aggregate of 284 miles of pipeline that provide for the transportation of propylene in Texas and Louisiana.

In general, refinery-grade propylene (a mixture of propane and propylene) is separated into either polymer-grade propylene or chemical-grade propylene along with by-products of propane and mixed butane. Polymer-grade propylene can also be produced from chemical-grade propylene feedstock. Chemical-grade propylene is also a by-product of olefin (ethylene) production. The demand for polymer-grade propylene is attributable to the manufacture of polypropylene, which has a variety of end uses, including packaging film, fiber for carpets and upholstery and molded plastic parts for appliance, automotive, houseware and medical products. Chemical-grade propylene is a basic petrochemical used in plastics, synthetic fibers and foams.



NGL Storage

After NGLs are fractionated, the fractionated products are stored for customers when they are unable or do not wish to take immediate delivery. NGL storage customers may include both NGL producers, who sell to end users, and NGL end users, such as retail propane companies and petrochemical facilities. Both the producers and the end users seek to store NGL products to ensure an adequate supply for their respective customers over the course of the year, particularly during periods of increased demand. We maintain NGL storage facilities as part of our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services business segment that help us meet this industry need.

NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services Segment

General

Our NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment consists of three integrated and strategically located underground storage facilities in Mont Belvieu, Texas, which we refer to as Mont Belvieu East, West and North storage facilities. We have multiple pipelines that interconnect these facilities, and each facility is comprised of a network of caverns located several hundred feet below ground. These facilities include 33 storage caverns with an aggregate underground storage capacity of approximately 100 MMBbls, and a brine system with approximately 20 MMBbls of above-ground storage pit capacity and two brine production wells.

These assets, known as Mont Belvieu Caverns, accept, store and deliver NGLs and petrochemical products, such as ethane and propane, for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast. This area has the largest concentration of petrochemical plants and refineries in the United States. The storage facilities are interconnected by multiple pipelines to other producing and offtake facilities throughout the Gulf Coast, including the largest NGL import/export facility in this region owned by Enterprise Products Partners, as well as connections to the Rocky Mountain and Midwest regions via the Seminole pipeline and to the Louisiana Gulf Coast via the Lou-Tex NGL pipeline, which are NGL pipelines owned by Enterprise Products Partners.

- Mont Belvieu East Facility. The Mont Belvieu East facility is the largest of the three facilities. This facility consists of 13 storage caverns available for service with an underground storage capacity of approximately 55 MMBbls and above-ground brine pit capacity of approximately 10 MMBbls. This facility also has two brine production wells.
- Mont Belvieu West Facility. The Mont Belvieu West facility consists of ten caverns available for service with an underground storage capacity of approximately 15 MMBbls and above-ground brine pit capacity of approximately 2 MMBbls.
- Mont Belvieu North Facility. The Mont Belvieu North facility consists of ten caverns available for service with an underground storage capacity of approximately 30 MMBbls and above-ground brine pit capacity of approximately 8 MMBbls.

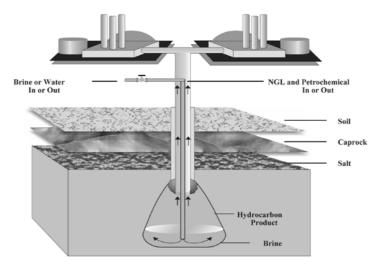
Mont Belvieu Caverns derives essentially all of its revenues from four main sources. These sources are:

- storage reservation fees;
- excess storage fees;
- throughput fees; and
- · brine production and storage.

We charge our customers monthly storage reservation fees to reserve a specific storage capacity in our underground caverns. The customers pay reservation fees based on the quantity of capacity reserved rather than on the amount of reserved capacity actually utilized. When a customer exceeds its reserved capacity, we charge those customers an excess storage fee. In addition, we charge our customers throughput fees based on volumes injected and withdrawn from the storage facility. Lastly, brine production revenues are derived from customers that use brine in the production of feedstocks for production of chlorine and caustic soda, which is

used in the production of PVC and for industrial products used in crude oil production and fractionation. Brine is produced by injecting fresh water into the well to create cavern space within the salt dome. This process enables brine to be produced for our customer as well as for developing new wells for product storage.

The picture below depicts a typical storage cavern. Mont Belvieu Caverns receives NGL and petrochemical products from related and third party pipelines and facilities. As this product is injected into the well it displaces brine that is then transferred to the above-ground storage pit. When it is time to redeliver the product, brine is then injected back into the well displacing the product being stored. This product is delivered to third party pipelines or other facilities.



During 2005 and 2006, we constructed additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. These projects are expected to be completed during the first quarter of 2007. We will retain \$9.3 million from the proceeds of this offering to fund our 66% share of estimated capital expenditures to complete these projects. Through December 31, 2006, we recorded total capital expenditures of \$71.5 million related to these projects.

Customers

Our customers include a broad range of NGL and petrochemical producers and consumers, including many of the petrochemical facilities and refineries in the Texas Gulf Coast and the Louisiana Gulf Coast. Our five largest third-party customers, which accounted for 38% of our total storage revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, were ExxonMobil, Chevron/Phillips, Dow, Shell and Westlake Petrochemicals. Our underground storage services to Enterprise Products Partners for the storage of NGLs and petrochemicals accounted for 34% of our total storage revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.



Contracts

We have a broad range of customers with contract terms that vary from month-to-month to long-term contracts with durations of one to ten years. We currently offer our customers, in various quantities and at varying terms, two main types of storage contracts: multi-product fungible storage and segregated product storage. Multi-product fungible storage allows customers to store any combination of fungible products. Segregated product storage allows customers to store non-fungible products such as propylene, ethylene and naphtha. Segregated storage allows a customer to reserve an entire storage cavern and have its own product injected and withdrawn without having its product commingled. We evaluate pricing, volume and availability for storage on a case-by-case basis.

Related Party Contracts

Enterprise Products OLP has seven contracts for storage with Mont Belvieu Caverns that include multi-product fungible storage for its NGL marketing activities, and for feedstocks for its isomerization, iso-octane, NGL fractionation, and propylene fractionation businesses and segregated product storage for polymer grade propylene that is produced at propylene fractionation facilities. These contracts have a duration of five to ten years. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we recorded \$17.6 million, \$17.0 million and \$17.3 million, respectively, in storage revenues from Enterprise Products Partners. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, we recorded \$14.8 million and \$13.9 million, respectively, in storage revenues from Enterprise Products Partners.

Seasonality

We operate our NGL and related product storage facilities based on the needs and requirements of our customers. We usually experience an increase in the demand for storage services during the spring and summer months due to increased feedstock storage requirements for motor gasoline production and a decrease during the fall and winter months when propane inventories are being drawn for heating needs. In general, our import volumes peak during the spring and summer months and our export volumes are their highest levels during the winter months. Typically, we do not experience any significant seasonality with our petrochemical customers because those customers withdraw and inject petrochemicals on a regular basis.

Competition

Our competitors in the NGL, petrochemical and related product storage business are integrated major oil companies, chemical companies and other storage and pipeline companies. We compete against Mont Belvieu Storage Partners, L.P., Targa Resources, Texas Brine and ONEOK in the Gulf Coast region. The principal competitive factors affecting our product storage business are storage fees, quantity and location of pipeline connections and operational dependability. We believe that the fees we charge our customers are competitive with those charged by other storage operators because we have historically been able to renew existing contracts as they mature, yielding many long-standing relationships. We are distinguished from our competitors by the location and quantity of our pipeline connections. The number of pipeline connections gives us flexibility to offer a wide variety of receipt and delivery options to customers and meet their requests on an efficient basis. Our pipeline connections to the petrochemical plants, NGL fractionators and imports from the Houston ship channel allow us to effectively compete in this business because these are the services required by our customers. In addition, we differentiate ourselves through our emphasis on operational dependability that consists of a focus on maintaining our facilities.

NGL and Petrochemical Sources and Transportation Options

We generally receive the NGLs and petrochemicals that we inject into our facilities, and our customers generally choose to transport the NGLs that we withdraw from our facilities, through the intrastate and interstate NGL and petrochemical pipelines that interconnect with our storage facilities, including Black Lake, Lakemont, Lou-Tex NGL Pipeline, Skelly-Belvieu, Cypress, Seadrift, Chaparral, West Texas and Panola. We



are also connected to some of Enterprise Products Partners' pipelines, including the Seminole pipeline, the Port Neches Pipeline and the Channel Pipeline system. In addition we are also connected to the truck and rail loading and unloading facilities owned by Enterprise Products Partners. We are also connected to numerous other pipelines through several interconnecting pipelines to ARCO Junction, which is a large pipeline hub in Mont Belvieu, Texas. We are also connected to multiple third-party pipelines owned by Equistar, ExxonMobil, ONEOK, Huntsman, ChevronPhillips, Dow, Valero and Shell. In addition, we are connected to all of the NGL fractionators in Mont Belvieu that are owned by Enterprise Products Partners, Targa, ONEOK and Gulf Coast Fractionators. We also receive specialized NGL products from the ExxonMobil Fractionator at Beaumont, Texas and the ConocoPhillips Fractionator at Sweeny, Texas.

Mont Belvieu Expansion Opportunities

We are evaluating several projects to better integrate the three Mont Belvieu facilities. These projects include additional pipelines to more efficiently connect the facilities and additional entries into certain wells to increase flow rates. We are also evaluating projects that would allow us to store natural gas. The contemplated Mont Belvieu expansion project (the "Mont Belvieu Expansion") is currently anticipated to include new entries into existing wells, the conversion of existing wells to store natural gas and the installation of new piping and certain related facilities, which may be commenced during 2007 in the estimated range of \$25 to \$75 million. Additional expenditures of up to \$200 million may be made during 2008 and 2009. Pursuant to the Mont Belvieu limited liability company agreement, Enterprise Products OLP may, in its sole discretion, fund a portion of any costs related to these projects. Additionally, we may finance any such projects through borrowings under our new revolving credit facility or the issuance of debt or additional equity. For a further description of our agreements with Enterprise Products Partners relating to these potential expansion opportunities, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Mont Belvieu Caverns Limited Liability Company Agreement — Future Mont Belvieu Caverns Expansion Capital."

Import/Export Business

Enterprise Products Partners has a growing import/export business in which it imports various NGL products and transports these to and from our facilities in Mont Belvieu, Texas. These products can be stored in our underground storage facilities for our customers. Enterprise Products Partners is in the process of expanding this import/export capability and expects to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2006.

Natural Gas Pipelines & Services Segment

General

Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment consists of the Acadian Gas system, which is an onshore natural gas pipeline system that gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana. The Acadian Gas system links natural gas supplies from onshore and offshore Gulf of Mexico developments (including offshore pipelines, continental shelf and deepwater production) with local gas distribution companies, electric generation plants and industrial customers, located primarily in the natural gas market area of the Baton Rouge — New Orleans — Mississippi River corridor. In the aggregate, the Acadian Gas system includes over 1,000 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and connected lateral segments with an aggregate throughput capacity of approximately one Bc//d and three Bcf of storage capacity.

The Acadian Gas system has over 150 physical end-user market direct connections. In addition, the system interconnects with 12 interstate and 4 intrastate pipelines through 50 separate interconnections, has a bi-directional interconnect with the largest U.S. natural gas marketplace at the Henry Hub, and is directly connected to six merchant and utility electric generation facilities with over 6,000 megawatts of generating capacity. The numerous interconnections allow the Acadian Gas system to leverage basis differentials across the South Louisiana pipeline network, maintain a diversified supply portfolio and create capacity and transportation opportunities for its shippers. The Acadian Gas system's bi-directional interconnect with the Henry Hub provides physical and financial pricing flexibility, in addition to facilitating access to the many buyers and sellers of natural gas at the hub.

The Acadian Gas system includes the following assets:

- Acadian Pipeline. The Acadian pipeline is located in southern Louisiana and consists of approximately 438 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and smaller diameter lateral and
 gathering lines ranging from 12 inches to 24 inches in diameter. The Acadian pipeline receives natural gas at numerous interconnections with natural gas production facilities and
 from third-party pipelines and delivers the natural gas to customers' facilities in southern Louisiana. Through numerous interconnections with other pipelines, including receipt and
 delivery capability at the Henry Hub, the Acadian pipeline has the capability to deliver gas to markets that it does not physically reach. The Acadian pipeline has a throughput capacity
 of approximately 650 MMcf/d. The Acadian pipeline maintains multiple active interconnects with the Cypress pipeline to facilitate gas deliveries between the systems as may be
 required to meet customer needs.
- Cypress Pipeline. The Cypress pipeline is located in south central Louisiana and consists of approximately 577 miles of transmission lines and smaller diameter lateral and gathering
 lines ranging from 10 inches to 22 inches in diameter. This pipeline has interconnections with many of the interstate and intrastate pipeline systems operating in southern Louisiana
 and has a throughput capacity of approximately 350 MMcf/d. The Cypress pipeline was originally built to gather onshore Louisiana natural gas supplies and to provide natural gas
 pipeline service to the greater Baton Rouge industrial market, in particular, the ExxonMobil Baton Rouge Refinery. Through the 1950's and 1960's, it was expanded to access the
 interstate pipeline supply network and the Geismar, Louisiana and Donaldsonville, Louisiana industrial market areas. The Cypress pipeline also has the capability to access deepwater
 gas production through an interconnect with the Nautilus Gas Pipeline system and numerous third-party pipelines.
- Evangeline Pipeline. The Evangeline pipeline is a 27-mile pipeline extending from Taft, Louisiana to Westwego, Louisiana. The Evangeline pipeline, which consists mainly of
 transmission lines ranging from 20 inches to 26 inches in diameter, connects with three Entergy Louisiana natural gas fired electric generation stations, the Acadian pipeline and a
 pipeline owned by the Columbia Gulf Transmission Company. We indirectly own approximately 49.5% of the ownership interests in the Evangeline pipeline. A subsidiary of
 ConocoPhillips and a private investor own the remaining interests in Evangeline.
- Underground Storage Facility. The storage assets in the Acadian Gas system consist of a leased underground natural gas storage facility located at the center of the Acadian Pipeline system near Napoleonville, Louisiana. The storage facility has approximately 3.0 Bcf of storage capacity, 220 MMC/d of withdrawal capacity and a maximum of 80 MMC/d of injection capacity. This facility is designed to handle high levels of injections and withdrawals of natural gas to meet load swings and to cover major supply interruption events, such as hurricanes and temporary losses of production. In addition, the storage facility permits sustained periods of high natural gas deliveries and has the ability to switch quickly from full injection to full withdrawal. An affiliate of Shell is leasing the storage facility to Acadian Gas through December 31, 2012. The term of this contract does not provide for an additional renewal period. However, Shell has agreed to enter into diligent negotiations with us under similar terms and conditions for an extension if we wish to extend the lease agreement beyond December 2012. Acadian Gas is the operator of this underground storage facility and owns 75% of its leased storage, withdrawal and injection capacity. A third party owns the remaining 25% interest.

System Throughput

Natural gas throughput on the Acadian Gas system consists of a combination of natural gas sales volumes owned by us and transportation volumes delivered on behalf of third-party shippers, with marketing volumes and transportation volumes representing approximately 38% and 62%, respectively, of the average daily gas

volumes for the first nine months of 2006. The following table summarizes Acadian Gas system's sales and transportation volumes for the periods indicated:

Average Gas Sales and Transportation Volumes (Bbtu/d)

		Years Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended		
	2003	2004	2005	September 30, 2006		
Gas Sales Volumes	331	330	317	345		
Transportation Volume	269	315	323	428		
Total System Volume	600	645	640	773		

Customers

The Acadian Gas system transported approximately 773 Bbtu/d of natural gas to its customers during the first nine months of 2006. We have long-standing relationships with a majority of our customers. Many of our customers purchase and transport a substantial portion of their natural gas requirements through the Acadian Gas system and for some customers our pipelines are the only access point for their natural gas supplies. Our customers include:

- · electric generating facilities, such as those owned by Entergy Louisiana and Calpine Corporation;
- · integrated refining and petrochemical facilities, such as ExxonMobil's Baton Rouge Complex;
- local distribution companies and various city and parish systems; and
- other industrial and commercial customers of varying size.

The Acadian Gas system has a diversified customer base, with its largest customer representing only 9% of its total revenue in 2005 and the top ten customers representing only 40% of its total revenue in 2005.

Contracts and Transportation Services

In addition to its marketing gas activities, the Acadian Gas system provides fee-based gas transportation services for producers and gas marketing companies under intrastate and interruptible NGPA Section 311 transportation contracts. The primary term of these transportation service contracts may vary from month-to-month to longer-term contracts, with durations typically of one to three years. The revenues derived from these gas transportation contracts are based on the quantities of gas delivered multiplied by the per-unit transportation rate paid. Based on volumes moved, the most significant shippers on the Acadian Gas system include ExxonMobil, Coral Energy Resources, BP Energy and BG Energy Merchants. These shippers transport gas on the Acadian Gas system to meet the natural gas requirements of their affiliated industrial and power generation facilities, and to market commodity gas services to third parties. ExxonMobil is the most significant long-term shipper on the Acadian Gas system, and we entered into a long-term gas transportation agreement with ExxonMobil in 1993 in conjunction with our acquisition of the Cypress pipeline, which was formerly owned and operated by ExxonMobil. The primary term of this agreement expired on December 1, 2006, but the parties entered into an amendment to extend the term until November 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, ExxonMobil shipped approximately 143 Bbtu/d on the Acadian Gas system utilizing our system as the primary fuel gas pipeline service provider for its Baton Rouge Refinery and Chemical complex.

Natural Gas Sales

The Acadian Gas system is currently connected to approximately 116 customers with an approximate total gas requirement of over 3.0 Bc//d. The Acadian Gas system has maintained active and long-term relationships, and currently has long-term natural gas sales or transportation contracts, with most of these customers. Our natural gas sales arrangements are implemented under contracts with market-based pricing indices that correspond to the pricing indices utilized in our gas purchasing activities.

The majority of gas sales on the Acadian Gas system are made pursuant to long-term contracts, most of which are at least one year in duration. Gas sales are also made under short-term agreements, which generally range from one day to one month. Much of our gas sales volume is under agreements that provide for minimum annual volumes to be delivered at Henry Hub indexed market prices (determined monthly), plus a predetermined adjustment or differential. The Acadian Gas system has historically received higher margins under long-term contracts that provide customers with supply certainty as well as value added services to ensure gas supplies through dedicated facilities. These additional services are necessary to accommodate large swings in a customers' natural gas requirement, which may vary hourly, daily and monthly.

The Acadian Gas system's most significant natural gas sales contract is a 21-year arrangement with Evangeline, which was entered into in 1991, and includes minimum annual quantities. Evangeline uses these natural gas volumes to meet its own supply obligation under a corresponding sales agreement with Entergy Louisiana, its only customer. Under the Entergy Louisiana gas sales contract, Evangeline is obligated to make available for sale and deliver to Entergy Louisiana certain specified minimum quantities of gas on a hourly, daily, monthly and annual basis. The gas sales contract provides for minimum annual quantities of 63.75 Bbtus until the contract expires on January 1, 2013 (which is coterminous with the natural gas purchase commitment with ConocoPhillips described below). Please read "— Evangeline Long-Term Debt" below for a discussion regarding the use of proceeds by Evangeline from these natural gas sales.

In connection with Acadian Gas' gas sales contract with Evangeline, a portion of the revenues received are attributable to a "seller's margin" agreement contained with the contract. The "seller's margin" set forth in the contract is a fixed dollar amount paid per MMBtu per month in the first contract year and adjusted upwards in successive years. Seller's margin is used to calculate fees incurred on the contract when a buyer exercises an option to reduce the minimum annual quantity or when firm gas is delivered pursuant to the contract.

The electric utility and industrial customers of Acadian Gas system normally consume the natural gas in their own operations for fuel or feedstock, while local distribution companies and city-gate systems generally resell the natural gas to the customers of their respective gas pipeline systems.

Natural Gas Purchases

The Acadian Gas system currently purchases gas supply from 41 different gas producers through 59 separate gas production receipt locations. Substantially all of the Acadian Gas system's natural gas requirements are purchased under contracts that contain market-responsive pricing provisions. The Acadian Gas system's most significant long-term gas purchase commitment is with ConocoPhillips, which was entered into in 1991 as part of the formation of Evangeline Gas Pipeline Company, L.P. This gas purchase contract expires on January 1, 2013 (which is coterminous with the natural gas sales agreement with Evangeline described above) and provides for minimum annual quantities of natural gas to be purchased by the Acadian Gas system, similar in structure to the minimum annual obligations between Acadian Gas system and Evangeline, and the corresponding obligations between Evangeline and Entergy Louisiana. The pricing terms of the gas purchase contract and the Entergy Louisiana gas sales contract are based on a weighted-average cost of natural gas each month (subject to certain market index price ceilings and incentive margins), plus a pre-determined margin. The amount of natural gas purchased under this contract totaled \$148.3 million in 2005, \$11.2.7 million in 2004 and \$10.3 million in 2003.

Natural Gas Interconnections

General. The Acadian Gas system procures gas supply from natural gas production facilities, third party natural gas pipelines, and market center pipeline hubs such as the Henry Hub and the Nautilus Hub operated by third parties. The Acadian Gas system has approximately 50 separate pipeline-to-pipeline interconnects with 12 interstate pipeline systems, and four unaffiliated intrastate pipeline systems. These third-party gas supplies in support of Acadian Gas system's gas marketing activities and as receipt volumes for gas

transportation activities may be sourced from any of these locations as pipeline pressures, facility interconnect capacities and landed gas pricing levels will dictate.

The Henry Hub. The Acadian Gas system includes a bi-directional interconnect with the Henry Hub which is generally considered to be one of the most liquid natural gas market locations in North America. The Henry Hub has interconnects with nine interstate and four intrastate pipelines providing shippers with access to pipelines reaching markets in the Midwest, Northeast, Southeast, and Gulf Coast regions of the United States. The Henry Hub is also the delivery point for the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) natural gas futures contract with NYMEX deliveries occurring at the Henry Hub being handled the same as cash-market transactions, thereby providing the connected Henry Hub participants with additional market flexibility.

The Nautilus Hub. The Acadian Gas system is also connected to the Nautilus Hub, which is the terminal end of the Nautilus Gas Pipeline system. The Nautilus Gas Pipeline system is a 101-mile, 30-inch FERC- regulated gas transmission system that gathers deepwater Gulf of Mexico natural gas production for delivery onshore in St. Mary Parish, Louisiana at the Neptune natural gas processing plant, which is operated by Enterprise Products Partners. After natural gas is processed at the Neptune facility, it is redelivered into the Nautilus Hub which has seven separate interconnects with interstate and intrastate gas pipeline systems, including the Acadian Gas system.

Evangeline Long-Term Debt

In connection with the acquisition of the Entergy Louisiana natural gas sales contract and construction of the Evangeline pipeline, Evangeline entered into a long-term debt arrangement consisting of 9.9% fixed interest rate senior secured notes due December 2010, or the Series B Notes, and a \$7.5 million subordinated note payable to Evangeline Northwest Corporation, or the ENC Note. The Series B notes are collateralized by: (i) Evangeline's property, plant and equipment; (ii) proceeds from the Entergy Louisiana natural gas sales contract; and (iii) a debt service reserve requirement. Scheduled principal repayments on the Series B notes are \$5 million annually through 2009 with a final repayment in 2010 of approximately \$3.2 million. Evangeline incurred the ENC Note obligations in connection with its acquisition of the Entergy Louisiana natural gas sales contract; in 1991. The ENC Note is subject to a subordination agreement which prevents the repayment of principal and accrued interest on the note until such time as the Series B note holders are either fully cash secured through debt service accounts or have been completely repaid. Substantially all of the net proceeds received by Evangeline from its contracts with Entergy Louisiana are used to pay off the Series B notes and ENC Note.

Entergy Louisiana's Option

Entergy Louisiana has the option to purchase the Evangeline pipeline system for a nominal price, plus the complete performance and compliance with the gas sales contract. The option period begins on the earlier of July 1, 2010 or upon the payment in full of the Series B Notes and the ENC Note, and terminates on December 31, 2012. We cannot know when, or if, Entergy Louisiana will exercise this option. Factors that may influence Entergy Louisiana's decision include, but are not limited to, Entergy Louisiana's future business plans, natural gas procurement strategies, required regulatory approvals, and the pipeline system's residual value, if any, at the time the option is exercisable.

Commodity Price Risk

With regard to physical marketing gas activities, the Acadian Gas system purchases gas in quantities and under pricing terms that mirror its sales obligations. Within the transportation services function, the Acadian Gas system transports quantities of gas on behalf of others, with those shippers being responsible for managing any commodity price risk that may be associated with matching gas purchases with gas sale. The Acadian Gas system does not engage in any type of commodity hedging, nor any futures, options, or basis trading for the purpose of attempting to create or optimize a proprietary trading position. Accordingly, the Acadian Gas system does not manage or utilize a strategy that would involve trading of financial positions. Certain physical customers of the Acadian Gas system will from time to time request the ability to control the

volatility inherent in a monthly indexed natural gas sales arrangement, which requires that the Acadian Gas system take a position in the futures market corresponding to the hedge request of that customer. When this transaction takes place, it is only at the request of the customer, and only in a volume and for a time period that corresponds to coverage of that customer's request, and as it would relate to that customer's physical delivery contract with the Acadian Gas system.

Seasonality

Typically, the Acadian Gas system experiences higher throughput rates during the summer months as gas-fired power generation facilities increase output to satisfy residential and commercial demand for electricity for air conditioning. Likewise, seasonality impacts the timing of injections and withdrawals at our natural gas storage facility. In the winter months, natural gas is needed as fuel for residential and commercial heating, generally increasing the need for deliveries to local distribution companies and city-gate stations.

Competition

Our Acadian Gas system competes with several onshore natural gas pipelines in the South Louisiana market on the basis of price (in terms of transportation fees or natural gas selling prices), location, service, reliability and flexibility. The transportation fees and natural gas sales prices we charge our customers are competitive with those charged by other onshore pipelines in the area because we rely on certain published indices for our pricing. We are distinguished from our competitors within the onshore South Louisiana market because of our long-standing customer relationships. Due to the limited number of alternative delivery pipeline connections to those customers, we have been able to retain our customers for many years. Our competitors have the ability to connect into various customers on our pipeline but at a higher cost due to new pipelines and other related facilities. It is critical to the customers in the region that we provide reliable service to enable our customers flexibility of supply through the many connections to our system. Because of our location and long-standing presence in South Louisiana, we are able to compete effectively in this market.

Petrochemical Pipeline Services Segment

General

Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment consists of two petrochemical pipeline systems with an aggregate of 284 miles of pipeline that provide for the transportation of propylene in Texas and Louisiana. This segment includes the following assets:

- Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline consists of a 263-mile, 10-inch pipeline used to transport chemical-grade propylene between Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas. Currently, this pipeline is used to transport chemical-grade propylene from production facilities in Louisiana to customers in Louisiana and Texas under transportation contracts that Enterprise Products OLP has with Shell and ExxonMobil. The chemical-grade propylene transported for Shell originates from the Shell Sorrento underground storage facility and is delivered to various delivery points between an underground storage facility in Sorrento, Louisiana and an underground storage facility in Mont Belvieu, Texas owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns. The delivery points on the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline include Vulcan, Westlake Lake Charles, Beaumont Novus, and Shell's Texas chemical grade propylene delivery system. The chemical-grade propylene delivered for Exxon originates from the Exxon Baton Rouge refining and chemical complex and is delivered to an underground storage well in Mont Belvieu, Texas owned by Mont Belvieu for Exxon originates from the Exxon Baton Rouge refining and chemical complex and is delivered to an underground storage well in Mont Belvieu, Texas owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline was constructed in 1997 and acquired by Enterprise Products Partners in March 2000 from an affiliate of Shell.
- Sabine Propylene Pipeline. The Sabine Propylene pipeline consists of a 21-mile, 8-inch pipeline used to transport polymer-grade propylene that begins in Groves, Texas and terminates at a connection to Enterprise Products Partners' Lake Charles propylene line in Cameron Parish, Louisiana. The polymer-grade propylene transported for Shell originates from the TOTAL/BASF Port Arthur cracker facility

and is delivered to the Basell polypropylene facility in Lake Charles, Louisiana. The pipeline was constructed by Enterprise Products Partners and placed in service in 2002.

Customers and Contracts

Customers. Shell and ExxonMobil are the only customers that use the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. Shell is the only customer that uses the Sabine Propylene pipeline.

Contracts. Enterprise Products Partners has entered into separate product exchange agreements with Shell and ExxonMobil involving the use of our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines. Concurrently with the closing of this offering, Enterprise Products Partners will assign these exchange agreements to us. Through these exchange agreements, we will agree to receive propylene product in one location and deliver it to another location.

- Shell Exchange Agreements. We will become a party to separate product exchange agreements with Shell for the use of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines. The
 term of the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline agreement expires on March 1, 2020, but will continue on an annual basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by
 Shell are fixed until such time as a published power index in Louisiana becomes available and the parties agree to use such index. The term of the Sabine Propylene pipeline
 agreement expires on November 1, 2011, but will continue on an annual basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by Shell are adjusted yearly based on the
 U.S. Department of Labor wage index and the yearly operating costs of the Sabine Propylene pipeline. Shell is obligated to meet minimum delivery requirements under the Lou-Tex
 Propylene and Sabine Propylene agreements. If Shell fails to meet such minimum delivery requirements, it will be obligated to pay a deficiency fee to us.
- Exxon Exchange Agreement. We will become a party to a product exchange agreement with ExxonMobil for the use of the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline. The term of the Lou-Tex
 Propylene exchange agreement expires on June 1, 2008, but will continue on a monthly basis subject to termination by either party. The exchange fees paid by ExxonMobil are based
 on the volume of chemical grade propylene delivered to Enterprise Products Partners and us.

Related Party Contracts

Enterprise Products Partners will assign the exchange agreements for the use of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines with Shell and ExxonMobil to us concurrently with the closing of this offering. Prior to 2004, the Sabine Propylene pipeline was regulated by the FERC. The Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline was also subject to the FERC's jurisdiction until 2005. For the periods in which the Sabine Propylene pipeline and the Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline was regulations, related party revenues with Enterprise Products Partners were based on the maximum tariff rate allowed for each system. We continued to charge Enterprise Products Partners such maximum transportation rates after both entities were declared exempt from FERC oversight. The assignment of these contracts to us concurrently with the closing of this offering will make the tariff charged by us to equal the rates charged to ExxonMobil and Shell.

Throughput

The following table summarizes throughput of each of our petrochemical pipelines for the periods indicated:

Throughput (Bbls/d)(1)

		Years Ended December 31,			Nine Months Ended		
	Capacity (Bbls/d)	2003 Total	2004 Total	2005 Total	September 30, 2006 Total		
Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline	52,500	28,883	27,810	23,066	26,076		
Sabine Propylene Pipeline	20,600	11,265	11,336	10,394	9,990		

(1) The maximum number of barrels that these systems can transport per day depends on the operating balance achieved at a given time between various segments of the systems. Because the balance is dependent upon the mix of receipt and delivery capabilities, the exact capacities of the systems cannot be stated. We measure the utilization rates of our NGL and petrochemical pipelines in terms of throughput (on a net basis in accordance with our ownership interest).

Seasonality

Our propylene transportation business has historically exhibited little seasonality.

Competition

Our petrochemical pipelines encounter competition from fully integrated oil companies and various petrochemical companies in the Gulf Coast market. Our petrochemical transportation competitors have varying levels of financial and personnel resources, and competition generally revolves around price, service, logistics and location. We differentiate ourselves from the larger oil and petrochemical companies primarily through the location of our pipelines and dedication of our pipelines to a single product service. Our petrochemical pipelines are in single product service due to the required purity of the product being shipped. Because there are no other pipelines in our market area which ship the same single product, we are able to compete against our larger competitors for this service. In the future, a competitor could change service of an existing pipeline to ship single products, but they would have to incur additional costs to connect to our customers.

NGL Pipeline Services Segment

General

Our NGL Pipeline Services segment consists of a 290-mile intrastate pipeline system and related interconnections to be used to transport NGLs from two fractionation facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The South Texas NGL pipeline system became operational and began transporting NGLs in January 2007 after undergoing modifications, extensions and interconnections which we refer to as Phase I. Enterprise Products Partners purchased the 223-mile segment of pipeline, ranging from 12 inches to 16 inches in diameter, from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company in August 2006. This segment of the South Texas NGL pipeline system originates in Corpus Christi, Texas and extends to Pasadena, Texas. Currently, the capacity of the 223mile pipeline we purchased from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company is approximately 100,000 Bbls/d and expandable to 175,000 Bbls/d. During Phase I:

(1) we will construct approximately 13 miles of pipeline and utilize an existing 32-mile pipeline to complete pipeline laterals to connect the two fractionation facilities to the 223-mile segment of our South Texas NGL pipeline system; and

(2) we have entered into a lease with TEPPCO Partners for a 12-mile, 10-inch interconnecting pipeline extending from Pasadena, Texas to Baytown, Texas. The primary term of the pipeline lease will expire on September 15, 2007, and will continue on a month-to-month basis subject to termination by either party upon 60 days' notice.

During January 2007, an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners acquired an additional 10-mile, 18-inch segment of pipeline from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners, which connects the leased TEPPCO pipeline to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The purchase of the 10-mile segment of 18-inch pipeline from TEPPCO Partners was for an aggregate purchase price of \$8 million. This pipeline will be among the assets owned by South Texas NGL at the closing of this offering.

During Phase II, we will construct 21 miles of 18-inch pipeline to replace the leased 12-mile, 10-inch pipeline and the 12-inch segments of the pipeline acquired from ExxonMobil. The Phase II upgrade will provide a significant increase in pipeline capacity and is expected to be operational during the third quarter of 2007.

Customer and Related Party Contract

The sole customer of our NGL Pipeline Services segment is Enterprise Products Partners, which will use the South Texas NGL pipeline system to ship NGLs processed at the Shoup fractionation plant in Corpus Christi, Texas, the Armstrong fractionation plant located near Victoria, Texas and NGLs purchased from third parties in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. We have entered into a ten-year transportation contract with Enterprise Products Partners that includes all of the volumes of NGLs transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. Under this contract, Enterprise Products Partners will pay us a dedication fee of no less than \$0.02 per gallon for all NGLs produced at the Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants whether or not Enterprise Products Partners ships any NGLs on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. We will not take title to the products transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system; rather, Enterprise Products Partners will retain title and the associated commodity risk.

Revenues

Revenues from the dedication fee of no less than \$0.02 per gallon of NGLs produced at Enterprise Products Partners' Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants will represent substantially all of the revenues for our NGL Pipeline Services Segment and South Texas NGL pipeline system. These NGL volumes have varied during recent periods and may vary in the future. Because the South Texas NGL pipeline system provides transportation services to Enterprise Products Partners on a dedicated fee basis, the results of our operations are dependent upon the level of production of NGLs from the Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants. If one of the plants shuts down or otherwise reduces production, our revenues would decrease.

Seasonality

Our NGL Pipeline Services segment will not exhibit a significant degree of seasonality.

Supplies

NGL Supply

The sources of the NGLs to be transported on our NGL pipeline system originates primarily from the Shoup fractionation plant located in Corpus Christi, Texas and the Armstrong fractionation plant located 26 miles north of Victoria, Texas.

- Shoup Fractionation Plant. The Shoup fractionation plant, located in Corpus Christi, Texas, separates a mixed NGL stream into its components such as purity ethane, propane, mixed butane and natural gasoline. The fractionator has a capacity of 69,000 Bbls/d and produces purity ethane, propane and butane/gasoline streams. The facility fractionates mixed NGLs from 6 gas processing plants located throughout South Texas and delivered to the fractionation plant by approximately 350 miles of NGL gathering pipelines.
- Armstrong Fractionation Plant. The Armstrong fractionation plant is located adjacent to the Armstrong gas processing plant in Dewitt County, Texas. The fractionator has a capacity
 of 18,000 Bbls/d and fractionates mixed NGLs sourced from the Armstrong processing plant exclusively. The facility

produces purity ethane, propane, mixed butane and natural gasoline. The Armstrong gas processing plant is a double train expander facility with approximately 250 MMcf/d of processing capacity.

The Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants produced the following aggregate amounts of NGLs during the periods set forth below:

Period	NGLs Produced (Bbls/d)
2003	56,752
2004	66,557
2005	64,505
2006 (nine months ended September 30)	65,884

Natural Gas Supply

The natural gas that supplies the gas processing plants which provide the NGLs for the South Texas NGL pipeline system is sourced from the prolific Texas Gulf Coast producing area. Production trends based on 2005 EIA data show a 1% per year increase over the last 25 years. New drilling permits (per IHS Inc.) and rig counts (per Baker Hughes) have also increased 5% per year over the last three years. The EIA report on production of rich gas also shows an annual average increase of 1% over the last 25 years. New resources of rich gas may exist in the Cretaceous sands of southwest Texas and the Oligocene Vicksburg below 14,000' of South Texas. In the middle Gulf Coast, rich Wilcox gas is found in the 10,000-15,000' depth range. Shale gas may also have a large potential in these areas with expected high liquids content.

Employees

We do not have any employees. EPCO employs most of the persons necessary for the operation of our business. At September 30, 2006, EPCO had approximately 80 dedicated employees and 176 employees that share a portion of their time in the management and operations of our business, none of whom were members of a union. We will continue to reimburse EPCO for the costs of all employees providing services to us. For a detailed discussion of our related party transactions with EPCO, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions." In addition to EPCO employees, we will engage various contract maintenance and other personnel who will support our operations.

Environmental Matters

General

We are subject to extensive federal, state and local laws and regulations, as well as orders of regulatory bodies pursuant thereto, governing a wide variety of matters, including environmental quality and pollution control, community right-to-know, safety and other matters. These laws and regulations may, in certain instances, require us to restrict the way we handle or dispose of our wastes, limit or prohibit construction activities in environmentally sensitive areas, remedy the environmental effects of the disposal or release of certain substances at current and former operating sites or halt the operations of facilities deemed in non-compliance with permits issued pursuant to such environmental laws and regulations.

We may incur significant costs and liabilities in order to comply with existing environmental laws and regulations. It is also possible that other developments, such as claims for damages to property, employees, other persons and the environment resulting from current or past operations, could result in substantial costs and liabilities in the future. It is possible that new information or future developments, such as increasingly strict environmental laws, could regulate to reassess our potential exposure related to environmental matters. Although we do not believe that compliance with federal, state or local environmental laws and regulations will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position or results of operations, we cannot assure you that the development or discovery of new facts or conditions will not cause us to incur significant costs. As this information becomes available, or other relevant developments occur, we will make accordingly. For a summary of our significant environmental-related accruals, please read Note 2 of the Notes

to Combined Financial Statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus.

We have ongoing programs designed to keep our pipelines and storage facility in compliance with environmental and safety requirements, and we believe that our facilities are in material compliance with the applicable regulatory requirements. As of September 30, 2006, we had a reserve of approximately \$0.2 million included in other current liabilities for remediation of ground contamination related to the Acadian Gas system. Below is a discussion of the material environmental laws and regulations that relate to our business.

Specific Environmental Laws and Regulations

Pipelines. Pursuant to the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002, the DOT has adopted regulations requiring pipeline operators to develop integrity management programs for transportation pipelines located where a leak or rupture could do the most harm in "high consequence areas." The regulations require operators to perform ongoing assessments of pipeline integrity, identify and characterize applicable threats to pipeline segments that could impact a high consequence area, and repair and remediate the pipeline as necessary.

Several other federal and state environmental statutes and regulations may pertain specifically to the operations of our pipelines. Among these, the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act regulates materials capable of posing an unreasonable risk to health, safety and property when transported in commerce, and the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act and the Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act authorize the development and enforcement of regulations governing pipeline transportation of natural gas and NGLs. Although federal jurisdiction is exclusive over regulated pipelines, the statutes allow states to impose additional requirements for intrastate lines if compatible with federal programs. New Mexico, Texas and Louisiana have developed regulatory programs that parallel the federal program for the transportation of natural gas and NGLs by pipelines. For example, our intrastate gas pipelines and gas storage operations in Louisiana are subject to state regulations issued by the Louisiana Public Commission and the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources. Within the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources, the Office of Conservation has the authority to regulate all pipeline interconnections, transportation and construction or abandonment of facilities, and the Office of Pipeline Safety monitors the implementation of the DOT and Louisiana pipeline safety regulations.

Solid Waste. The operations of our pipelines may generate both hazardous and nonhazardous solid wastes that are subject to the requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and its regulations, and other federal and state statutes and regulations. Further, it is possible that some wastes that are currently classified as nonhazardous, via exemption or otherwise, perhaps including wastes currently generated during pipeline operations, may, in the future, be designated as "hazardous wastes," which would then be subject to more rigorous and costly treatment, storage, transportation and disposal requirements. Such changes in the regulations may result in additional expenditures or operating expenses for us.

Hazardous Substances. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, or CERCLA, and comparable state statutes, also known as "Superfund" laws, impose liability, without regard to fault or the legality of the original conduct, on certain classes of persons that cause or contribute to the release of a "hazardous substance" into the environment. These persons include the current owner or operator of a site, the past owner or operator of a site, and companies that transport, dispose of, or arrange for the disposal of the hazardous substances found at the site. CERCLA also authorizes the Environmental Protection Agency or state agency, and in some cases, third parties, to take actions in response to threats to the public health or the environment and to seek to recover from the responsible classes of persons the costs they incur. Despite the "petroleum exclusion" of CERCLA Section 101(14) that currently encompasses crude oil, refined petroleum products, natural gas and NGLs, we may nonetheless handle "hazardous substances," within the meaning of CERCLA or similar state statutes, in the course of our ordinary operations.

Air. Our operations may be subject to the Clean Air Act and other federal and state statutes and regulations that impose certain pollution control requirements with respect to air emissions from operations, particularly in instances where a company constructs a new facility or modifies an existing facility. We may be

required to incur certain capital expenditures in the next several years for air pollution control equipment in connection with maintaining or obtaining operating permits and approvals addressing other air emission-related issues. However, we do not believe these requirements will have a material adverse affect on our operations.

Water. The Federal Water Pollution Control Act imposes strict controls against the unauthorized discharge of pollutants, including produced waters and other oil and natural gas wastes, into navigable waters. It provides for civil and criminal penalties for any unauthorized discharges of oil and other substances and, along with the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, or OPA, imposes substantial potential liability for the costs of oil or hazardous substance removal, remediation and damages. Similarly, the OPA imposes liability for the discharge of oil into or upon navigable waters or adjoining shorelines. State laws for the control of water pollution also provide varying civil and criminal penalties and liabilities in the case of an unauthorized discharge of pollutants into state waters.

Worker Safety and Hazard Communication. We are subject to the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act, or OSHA, and comparable state statutes. These laws and the implementing regulations strictly govern the protection of the health and safety of employees. OSHA, the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act and comparable state statutes require those entities that operate facilities for us to organize and disseminate information to employees, state and local organizations, and the public about the hazardous materials used in its operations and its emergency planning.

Regulation of Operations

Regulation of Our Intrastate Natural Gas Pipelines and Services

At the federal level, our gas pipelines and gas storage facilities are subject to regulations of the FERC under the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, or the NGPA. Our natural gas intrastate systems provide transportation and storage pursuant to Section 311 of the NGPA and Section 284 of the FERC's regulations. Under Section 311 of the NGPA, an intrastate pipeline company may transport gas for an interstate pipeline company or any local distribution company served by an interstate pipeline. We are required to provide these services on an open and nondiscriminatory basis and to make certain rate and other filings and reports in compliance with the regulations. The rates for Section 311 service can be established by the FERC or the respective state agency. The associated rates may not exceed a fair and equitable rate and are subject to challenge.

In the past, the FERC has approved market-based rates for Section 311 storage service for the storage facility in Louisiana. Recently, we filed petitions for each of our Acadian and Cypress pipelines requesting approval of increased rates for interruptible transportation service performed under Section 311, to be effective October 1, 2006, subject to refund. Each of these petitions was protested by a single shipper. We did not place the proposed rates for the Acadian and Cypress pipelines into effect on October 1, 2006, subject to refund. Each of these rates that are subject to refund, although the currently effective rates remain subject to complaint by all shippers. We are currently engaged in settlement discussions with the shipper and the FERC staff to establish the proposed rates for the Acadian and Cypress pipelines. Any settlement agreement between the parties must be approved by the FERC. The Louisiana Public Service Commission also reviews and approves rates for pipelines providing Section 311 service in Louisiana. For example, the Louisiana Public Service Commission regulates Acadian Gas's city gate sales. We also have a natural gas underground storage facility in Louisian that is subject to state regulation. In addition to the above-regulations, the natural gas industry has historically been subject to numerous other forms of federal, state and local regulation.

Regulation of Our Petrochemical Pipeline Services

Our interstate Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines are common carrier pipelines regulated by the Surface Transportation Board or STB under the current version of the ICA. The ICA and its implementing regulations give the STB authority to regulate the rates we charges for service on the propylene pipelines and generally require that our rates and practices be just and reasonable and nondiscriminatory.



The majority of the natural gas pipelines in the Acadian Gas system are intrastate common carrier pipelines that are subject to various Louisiana state laws and regulations that affect the rates it charges and the terms of service. We also have a natural gas underground storage facility in Louisiana that is subject to state regulations.

For additional information regarding the potential impact of federal, state or local regulatory measures on our business, please read "Risk Factors."

Title to Properties

Our real property holdings fall into two basic categories: (1) parcels that we own in fee, such as the land and underlying storage caverns at Mont Belvieu, Texas and (2) parcels in which our interest derives from leases, easements, rights-of-way, permits or licenses from landowners or governmental authorities permitting the use of such land for our operations. The fee sites upon which our major facilities are located have been owned by us or our predecessors in tille for many years without any material challenge known to us relating to tille to the land upon which the assets are located, and we believe that we have satisfactory tille to such fee sites. We have no knowledge of any challenge to the underlying fee tille of any material lease, easement, right-of-way or license held by us or to our tille to any material lease, easement, right-of-way, permit or license, and we believe that we have satisfactory tille to all of our material leases, easements, rights-of-way and licenses.

Some of the leases, easements, rights-of-way, permits and licenses to be transferred to us require the consent of the grantor of such rights. Our general partner expects to obtain, prior to the closing of this offering, sufficient third-party consents, permits and authorizations for the transfer of the assets necessary to enable us to operate our business in all material respects as described in this prospectus. With respect to any material consents, permits or authorizations that have not been obtained prior to closing of this offering, the closing of this offering will not occur unless reasonable basis exist that permit our general partner to conclude that such consents, permits or authorizations of our business.

Legal Proceedings

On occasion, we are named as a defendant in litigation relating to our normal business operations, including regulatory and environmental matters. Although we are insured against various business risks to the extent we believe is prudent, the nature and amount of such insurance may not be adequate, in every case, to indemnify us against liabilities arising from future legal proceedings as a result of our ordinary business activity.

In 1997, Acadian Gas, along with numerous other energy companies, were named defendants in actions brought by Jack Grynberg on behalf of the U.S. Government under the False Claims Act. Generally, these complaints allege an industry-wide conspiracy to underreport the heating value as well as the volumes of the natural gas produced from federal and Native American lands, which deprived the U.S. Government of royalties. The plaintiff in this case seeks royalties that he contends the government should have received had the volume and heating value been differently measured, analyzed, calculated and reported, together with interest, treble damages, civil penalties, expenses and future injunctive relief to require the defendants to adopt allegedly appropriate gas measurement practices. These matters have been consolidated for pretrial purposes (In re: Natural Gas Royalties Qui Tam Litigation, U.S. District Court for the District of Wyoming, filed June 1997). On October 20, 2006, the U.S. District Court dismissed all of Grynberg's claims with prejudice.

We are not aware of any other significant litigation, pending or threatened, that may have a significant adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

MANAGEMENT

General

As is commonly the case with publicly traded limited partnerships, we do not directly employ any of the persons responsible for the management or operations of our business. These functions are performed by the employees of EPCO pursuant to an administrative services agreement under the direction of the Board of Directors and executive officers of our general partner. For a description of the administrative services agreement, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

Our general partner is liable for all debts we incur (to the extent not paid by us), except to the extent that such indebtedness or other obligations are non-recourse to our general partner. Whenever possible, our general partner intends to make any such indebtedness or other obligations non-recourse to itself and its general partner.

Governance Matters

We are committed to sound principles of governance. Such principles are critical for us to achieve our performance goals, and maintain the trust and confidence of investors, employees, suppliers, business partners and stakeholders. The following is a brief description of certain existing practices we use to maintain strong governance principles.

Independence of Board Members. A key element for strong governance is independent members of the board of directors. Pursuant to the NYSE listing standards, a director will be considered independent if the board determines that he or she does not have a material relationship with our general partner or us (either directly or as a partner, unitholder or officer of an organization that has a material relationship with Enterprise Products GP or us). Based on the foregoing, the Board has affirmatively determined that William A. Bruckmann, III, Larry J. Casey and Joe D. Havens are "independent" under the NYSE rules.

Heightened Independence for Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee Members. As required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the SEC adopted rules that direct national securities exchanges and associations to prohibit the listing of securities of a public company if members of its audit committee do not satisfy a heightened independence standard. In order to meet this standard, a member of an audit committee may not receive any consulting fee, advisory fee or other compensation from the public company other than fees for service as a director or committee member and may not be considered an affiliate of the public company. Neither our general partner nor any individual member of its Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee has relied on any exemption in the NYSE rules to establish such individual's independence. Based on the foregoing criteria, the Board of Directors of our general partner has affirmatively determined that all members of its Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee satisfy this heightened independence requirement.

Audit Committee Financial Expert. An audit committee plays an important role in promoting effective corporate governance, and it is imperative that members of an audit committee have requisite financial literacy and expertise. As required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, SEC rules require that a public company disclose whether or not its audit committee has an "audit committee financial expert" as a member. An "audit committee financial expert" is defined as a person who, based on his or her experience, satisfies all of the following attributes:

· An understanding of generally accepted accounting principles and financial statements.

- · An ability to assess the general application of such principles in connection with the accounting for estimates, accruals, and reserves.
- Experience preparing, auditing, analyzing or evaluating financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the
 breadth and level of complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by our financial statements, or experience actively supervising one or more persons engaged in
 such activities.



- · An understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting.
- · An understanding of audit committee functions.
- Based on the information presented, the Board of Directors has affirmatively determined that

satisfies the definition of "audit committee financial expert."

Executive Sessions of Board. The Board of Directors of our general partner holds regular executive sessions in which non-management board members meet without any members of management present. The purpose of these executive sessions is to promote open and candid discussion among the non-management directors. During such executive sessions, one director is designated as the "Presiding Director," who is responsible for leading and facilitating such executive sessions. The Presiding Director will be the Chairman of the Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee.

In accordance with the rules of the NYSE, we have designated our toll-free, confidential Hotline as the method for interested parties to communicate with the Presiding Director, alone, or with the non-management Directors of our general partner as a group. All calls to this Hotline are reported to the Chairman of the Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee of our general partner, who is responsible for communicating any necessary information to the other non-management directors as a group. The number of our confidential Hotline is 877-888-0002. The Hotline is operated by The Network, an independent contractor that specializes in providing feedback and reporting services to more than 1,000 companies in a variety of industries.

Committees of Board of Directors

After giving effect to this offering, the Board of Directors of our general partner will have one committee, the Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee, which we refer to in this prospectus as the ACG Committee.

Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee

In accordance with NYSE rules and Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act, the Board of Directors of our general partner has named three of its members to serve on its ACG Committee. The members of the ACG Committee are independent directors, free from any relationship with us or any of our subsidiaries that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment.

The members of the ACG Committee must have a basic understanding of finance and accounting and be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, and at least one member of the committee shall have accounting or related financial management expertise. The members of the ACG Committee will be Messrs. Bruckmann, Casey and Havens. The primary responsibilities of the ACG Committee include:

- monitoring the integrity of our financial reporting process and related systems of internal control;
- · ensuring our legal and regulatory compliance and that of our general partner;
- · overseeing the independence and performance of our independent public accountants;
- approving all services performed by our independent public accountants;
- · providing for an avenue of communication among the independent public accountants, management, internal audit function and the Board of Directors;
- · encouraging adherence to and continuous improvement of our policies, procedures and practices at all levels; and
- · reviewing areas of potential significant financial risk to our businesses.

Under our partnership agreement, the ACG Committee serves the function of the Audit and Conflicts Committee referred to therein and has the authority to review specific matters as to which the Board of Directors believes there may be a conflict of interests in order to determine if the resolution of such conflict proposed by our general partner is fair and reasonable to us. Any matters approved by the ACG Committee

are conclusively deemed to be fair and reasonable to our business, approved by all of our partners and not a breach by our general partner or its Board of Directors of any duties they may owe us or our unitholders.

Pursuant to its formal written charter, the ACG Committee has the authority to conduct any investigation appropriate to fulfilling its responsibilities, and it has direct access to our independent public accountants as well as any EPCO personnel whom it deems necessary in fulfilling its responsibilities. The ACG Committee has the ability to retain, at our expense, special legal, accounting or other consultants or experts it deems necessary in the performance of its duties.

The ACG Committee is also appointed by the Board to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities. The ACG Committee's primary duties and responsibilities are to develop and recommend to the Board a set of governance principles applicable to us, review the qualifications of candidates for Board membership, screen and interview possible candidates for Board membership and communicate with members of the Board negarding Board meeting format and procedures.

Governance Guidelines

Governance guidelines, together with committee charters, provide the framework for effective governance. The Board of Directors of our general partner has adopted the Governance Guidelines of Duncan Energy Partners, which address several matters, including qualifications for directors, responsibilities of directors, retirement of directors, the composition and responsibility of committees, the conduct and frequency of board and committee meetings, management succession, director access to management and outside advisors, director compensation, director orientation and continuing education, and annual self-evaluation of the board. The Board of Directors of our general partner recognizes that effective governance is an on-going process, and thus, the Board will review the Governance Guidelines of Duncan Energy Partners annually or more often as deemed necessary.

Code of Conduct

Our general partner has adopted a "Code of Conduct" that applies to all directors, officers and employees. This code sets out our requirements for compliance with legal and ethical standards in the conduct of our business, including general business principles, legal and ethical obligations, compliance policies for specific subjects, obtaining guidance, the reporting of compliance issues and discipline for violations of the code.

Code of Ethics

Our general partner has adopted a code of ethics, the "Code of Ethical Conduct for Senior Financial Officers and Managers," that applies to our CEO, CFO, Principal Accounting Officer and senior financial and other managers. In addition to other matters, this code of ethics establishes policies to prevent wrongdoing and to promote honest and ethical conduct, including ethical handling of actual and apparent conflicts of interest, compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in public communications and prompt internal reporting violations of the code.

Web Access

We provide access through our website at www.deplp.com to current information relating to governance, including the Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee Charter, the Code of Ethical Conduct for Senior Financial Officers and Managers, the Governance Guidelines of Duncan Energy Partners and other matters impacting our governance principles. You may also contact our investor relations department at (866) 230-0745 for printed copies of these documents free of charge.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Under our limited partnership agreement and subject to specified limitations, we will indemnify to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, from and against all losses, claims, damages or similar events (i) our general partner, any affiliate of our general partner, (ii) any person who is or was a member, director officer,



fiduciary or trustee of our partnership and our subsidiaries, or of our general partner and its affiliates and (iii) any person who is or was serving at the request of our general partner as a director, officer, member, partner, fiduciary or trustee of another person.

Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth the name, age and position of each of the directors and executive officers of our general partner at January 19, 2007. Each member of the Board of Directors of our general partner serves until such member's death, resignation or removal. The executive officers of our general partner are elected for one-year terms and may be removed, with or without cause, only by the Board of Directors. Our unitholders do not elect the officers or directors of our general partner. Dan. L. Duncan, through his indirect control of our general partner, has the ability to elect, remove and replace at any time, all of the officers and directors of our general partner. Each of the individuals listed below, including Mr. Duncan, is an executive officer of our general partner.

Name	Age	Position with DEP Holdings
Dan L. Duncan	74	Director and Chairman
Richard H. Bachmann	54	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer
Michael A. Creel	53	Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Gil H. Radtke	45	Director, Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
W. Randall Fowler	50	Director, Senior Vice President and Treasurer
Michael J. Knesek	52	Senior Vice President, Principal Accounting Officer and Controller
William A. Bruckmann, III	55	Director Nominee
Larry J. Casey	74	Director Nominee
Joe D. Havens	77	Director Nominee

Because we are a limited partnership and meet the definition of a "controlled company" under the listing standards of the NYSE, we are not required to comply with certain requirements of the NYSE. Accordingly, we have elected to not comply with Section 303A.01 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual, which would require that the Board of Directors of our general partner be comprised of a majority of independent directors. In addition, we have elected to not comply with Sections 303A.04 and 303A.05 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual, which would require that the Board of Directors of our general partner maintain a Nominating Committee and a Compensation Committee, each consisting entirely of independent directors.

Dan L. Duncan was elected Chairman and a Director of our general partner in October 2006, Chairman and a Director of EPE Holdings in August 2005 and Chairman and a Director of Enterprise Products GP in April 1998. Mr. Duncan has served as Chairman and a Director of the general partner of Enterprise Products OLP in December 2003 and as Chairman of EPCO since 1979.

Richard H. Bachmann was elected President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of our general partner in October 2006 and a Director of EPE Holdings and Enterprise Products GP in February 2006. Mr. Bachmann previously served as a Director of Enterprise Products GP from June 2000 to January 2004. Mr. Bachmann was elected Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary of Enterprise Products GP and of EPCO, and a Director of EPCO, in January 1999. In November 2006, Mr. Bachmann was appointed as an independent manager of Constellation Energy Partners LLC. Mr. Bachmann serves as a member of the audit, compensation and nominating and governance committee of Constellation Energy Partners LLC.

Michael A. Creel was elected Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and a Director of our general partner in October 2006. Also, he was elected Executive Vice President of Enterprise Products GP and EPCO in January 2001, after serving as a Senior Vice President of Enterprise Products GP and EPCO from



November 1999 to January 2001. Mr. Creel, a certified public accountant, served as Chief Financial Officer of EPCO from June 2000 through April 2005 and was named Chief Operating Officer of EPCO in April 2005. In June 2000, Mr. Creel was also named Chief Financial Officer of Enterprise Products GP. Mr. Creel has served as a Director of the general partner of Enterprise Products OLP since December 2003, and has served as President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of EPE Holdings since August 2005. Mr. Creel was elected a Director of Edge Petroleum Corporation (a publicly traded oil and natural gas exploration and production company) in October 2005 and a Director of Enterprise Products GP in February 2006.

Gil H. Radtke was elected Senior Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and a Director of our general partner in October 2006 and Senior Vice President of Enterprise Products GP in February 2002. Mr. Radtke joined Enterprise Products Partners in connection with their purchase of Diamond-Koch's storage and propylene fractionation assets in January and February 2002. Before joining Enterprise Products Partners, Mr. Radtke served as President of the Diamond-Koch joint venture from 1999 to 2002, where he was responsible for its storage, propylene fractionation, pipeline and NGL fractionation businesses.

W. Randall Fowler was elected Senior Vice President, Treasurer and a Director of our general partner in October 2006 and a Director of EPE Holdings and Enterprise Products GP in February 2006. Mr. Fowler was elected Senior Vice President and Treasurer of Enterprise Products GP in February 2005 and Chief Financial Officer of EPCO in April 2005. Mr. Fowler, a certified public accountant (inactive), joined Enterprise Products Partners as Director of Investor Relations in January 1999 and served as Treasurer and a Vice President of Enterprise Products GP and EPCO from August 2000 to February 2005. Mr. Fowler has served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of EPE Holdings since August 2005.

Michael J. Knesek, a certified public accountant, was elected Senior Vice President, Principal Accounting Officer and Controller of our general partner in October 2006. He was also elected Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer of Enterprise Products GP in February 2005. Previously, Mr. Knesek served as Principal Accounting Officer and a Vice President of Enterprise Products GP in February 2005. Previously, Mr. Knesek served as Principal Accounting Officer and a Vice President of Enterprise Products GP in February 2005. Previously, Mr. Knesek has been the Controller and a Vice President of EPCO since 1990.

William A. Bruckmann, III, director nominee, has been self-employed as a consultant and private investor since April 2004. From September 2002 to April 2004, Mr. Bruckmann served as a financial advisor with UBS Securities, Inc. He is a former managing director at Chase Securities, Inc. and has more than 25 years of banking experience, starting with Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, where he became a senior officer in 1985. Mr. Bruckmann later served as managing director, sector head of the Manufacturers Hanover's gas pipeline and midstream practices through the acquisition of Manufacturers Hanover by Chemical Bank and the acquisition of Chemical Bank by Chase Bank. Mr. Bruckmann also served as a director of Williams Energy Partners L.P. from May 2001 to June 2003. Mr. Bruckmann will serve on our Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee.

Larry J. Casey, director nominee, has been a private investor managing real estate and personal investments since he retired in 1982 from a career in the energy industry. In 1974, Mr. Casey founded Xcel Products Company, a natural gas liquids and petrochemical trading company. Also in 1974, he founded Xral Underground Storage, the first privately-owned underground merchant storage facility for natural gas liquids and specialty chemicals at Mont Belvieu, Texas. Mr. Casey sold these companies in 1982. Mr. Casey will serve on our Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee.

Joe D. Havens, director nominee, is an entrepreneur engaged in the energy, banking and real estate industries. Mr. Havens founded Enterprise Petroleum Company, Inc., the predecessor to EPCO, in 1968, and sold his interest in the successor entity and related businesses to Mr. Duncan in 1990. Mr. Havens has also served on the board of directors of the First Commerce Bank of Corpus Christi, a private bank, since 1991, and currently serves as that board's Chairman. Mr. Havens will serve on our Audit, Conflicts and Governance Committee.

Executive Compensation

We do not directly employ any of the persons responsible for managing or operating our business. Instead, we are managed by our general partner, DEP Holdings, the executive officers of which are employees of EPCO. Our reimbursement for the compensation of executive officers is governed by the administrative services agreement with EPCO. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement" for a description of the administrative services agreement.

None of the named executive officers of our general partner were allocated compensation with respect to our specific operations during 2005 and 2006. Since the named executive officers of our general partner were allocated compensation with respect to Enterprise Products Partners, as a whole, and/or Enterprise GP Holdings, with respect to our specific operations during these periods, we cannot indicate historical or projected salaries or other elements of compensation that could have been allocated or will be paid by EPCO and allocated to us pursuant to the administrative services agreement. We expect that each of these named executive officers will continue to perform services for Enterprise Products Partners and other affiliates after the consumation of this offering.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

We do not directly employ any of the persons responsible for managing our business and we have no compensation committee. We are managed by our general partner, DEP Holdings, LLC, the executive officers of which are employees of EPCO. Our reimbursement for the compensation of executive officers is governed by the administrative services agreement with EPCO, and is generally based on time allocated during a period to the activities of EPCO or the EPCO affiliates who reimburse EPCO pursuant to this agreement.

During 2006, none of our executive officers had any of their time or compensation allocated specifically to our assets or business. Following the consummation of this offering, we currently expect our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer), our Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer) and the three other persons (Messrs. Radtke, Fowler and Knesek) that we expect would constitute our most highly compensated executive officers at December 31, 2006 (collectively, the "named executive officers") will have substantially less than a majority of their time and compensation allocated to us, other than Mr. Radtke, who we expect may have a majority of his time allocated to us. Compensation paid or awarded by us in 2007 with respect to our named executive officers will reflect only the portion of compensation paid by EPCO that is allocated to us pursuant to the administrative services agreement, including an allocation of a portion of equity-based awards for the equity of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and the Employee Partnership discussed below.

Dan L. Duncan controls EPCO and has ultimate decision-making authority with respect to compensation of our named executive officers. The following elements of compensation, and EPCO's decisions with respect to determinations on payments, will not be subject to approvals by our board or our audit and conflicts committee. Awards under Enterprise Products Partners' long-term incentive plan will be approved by the audit and conflicts committee of its general partner. Our general partner, the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners and the general partner of Enterprise GP Holdings have no separate compensation committees.

The elements of EPCO's compensation program discussed below, along with EPCO's other rewards (for example, benefits, work environment, career development), are intended to provide a total rewards package designed to drive performance and reward contributions in support of the business strategies of EPCO and its affiliates at the partnership and individual levels. During 2006, EPCO did not use any elements of compensation based on specific performance-based criteria and did not have any other specific performance-based objectives.

The primary elements of EPCO's compensation program are a combination of annual cash and long-term equity-based compensation. During 2006, elements of compensation for our named executive officers consisted of the following:

Annual base salary;

- · Discretionary annual cash awards;
- · Long-term incentive unit option/restricted unit plan of Enterprise Products Partners;
- EPE Unit Partnership ownership of Class B limited partner interests in EPE Unit L.P.; and
- Other compensation, including very limited perquisites.

With respect to compensation objectives and decisions regarding our named executive officers during 2006, Mr. Duncan sought and received (and with respect to discretionary cash awards relating to 2006 paid during 2007 will seek and receive) recommendations of Robert G. Phillips, the Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Products Partners, after preliminary formulation of such recommendations by him and the Senior Vice President of Human Resources for EPCO with respect to employees other than Mr. Phillips. EPCO takes note of market data for determining relevant compensation levels and compensation program elements through the review of and, in certain cases, participation in, various relevant compensation consultants with respect to determining 2006 compensation for our named executive officers. During late 2006, EPCO engaged an outside compensation consultant to prepare a report that it expects to consider when determining future compensation, but EPCO does not expect to use this report with respect to decisions on discretionary annual cash compensation with respect to 2006 performance for us, Enterprise Products Partners or their affiliates. All compensation determinations are discretionary and, as noted above, subject to Mr. Duncan's ultimate decision-making authority.

As discussed above, the portion of 2007 base salaries paid by EPCO allocable to us and reported as compensation to our named executive officers by us after the consummation of this offering will be based on the percentage of time allocated by the officers to our business in accordance with the administrative services agreement. EPCO is expected to base these salaries on historical salaries paid to our named executive officers, market data and responsibilities of our named executive officers that may or may not be related to our business.

The discretionary cash awards to each of the named executive officers for Enterprise Products Partners for the year ended December 31, 2006, including our named executive officers, will be determined by consultation among Mr. Duncan, Mr. Phillips and the Senior Vice President of Human Resources for EPCO, and subject to Mr. Duncan's final determination. The cash awards, in combination with base salaries, are intended to yield competitive total cash compensation levels for the executive officers and drive performance in support of our business strategies, as well as the performance of Enterprise Products Partners and other EPCO affiliates for which our named executive officers perform services. The portion of any discretionary cash awards paid by EPCO allocable to us and reported as compensation to these executive officers by us will be based on the administrative services agreement. It is EPCO's general policy to pay these awards during the first quarter.

The 2006 equity-based awards under Enterprise Products Partners' long-term incentive unit option/restricted unit plan of each of our named executive officers were determined by consultation among Mr. Duncan, Mr. Phillips and the Senior Vice President of Human Resources for EPCO, and were approved by the audit and conflicts committee of the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners. The equity-based awards are intended to align the long-term interests of the executive officers of Enterprise Products Partners with those of its unitholders. As discussed above, none of the 2006 equity-based awards to our named executive officers have been allocated to us as of the date of this prospectus, and a portion of any awards under this plan will be allocable to us pursuant to the administrative services agreement. It is EPCO's general policy to recommend, and the audit and conflicts committee of the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners to current employees during the second quarter.

Some of our named executive officers are Class B limited partners of EPE Unit L.P. (the "Employee Partnership"). These interests were awarded and issued to these executive officers during 2005 in connection with the initial public offering of Enterprise GP Holdings L.P. and provide additional long-term incentives for

these officers with respect to our operations. These Class B limited partner interests entitle the holders to participate in the appreciation in value of units of Enterprise GP Holdings with an original value of approximately \$51 million owned by the Employee Partnership through the vesting date on December 5, 2011, and these Class B limited partner interests are subject to forfeiture. At December 31, 2006, the persons we expect would have constituted our named executive officers' approximate percentage interests in the total profits interest of the Employee Partnership were approximately as follows: Richard H. Bachmann — 7.2%; Michael A. Creel — 7.2%; Gil H. Radtke — 2.4%; W. Randall Fowler — 4.8%; and Michael J. Knesek — 2.4%. If the Employee Partnership had been liquidated at December 31, 2006, the estimated value of the total profits interest would have been approximately \$14.4 million, of which each named executive officers may derive some benefit on these interests from our results of operations. The portion of any expenses paid by EPCO attributable to the interests owned by our named executive officers in the Employee Partnership will be allocated to us under the administrative services agreement as a non-cash expense. We, Enterprise Products Partners and Enterprise Products OF will not reimburge EPCO, the Employee Partnership or the administrative services agreement or otherwise, for any expenses related to the Employee Partnership to the Employee Partnership or the purchase of the units of Enterprise GP Holdings by the Employee Partnership.

EPCO generally does not pay for perquisites for any of our named executive officers, other than reimbursement of certain club membership dues and parking, and expects to continue its policy of covering very limited perquisites allocable to our named executive officers. EPCO also makes matching contributions under its 401(k) plan for the benefit of our named executive officers in the same manner as for other EPCO employees.

We believe that each of the base salary, cash awards, and equity awards fit the overall compensation objectives of us and of Enterprise Products Partners, as stated above, i.e., to provide competitive compensation opportunities to align and drive employee performance toward the creation of sustained long-term unitholder value, which will also allow us to attract, motivate and retain high quality talent with the skills and competencies required by us. In addition, the ongoing participation of the named executive officers in the Employee Partnership provides these executive officers with continued incentives through the participation in increases in the per unit price of units of Enterprise GP Holdings as the indirect general partner and limited partner of Enterprise Products Partners, as well its indirect ownership interests in us and our subsidiaries.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

As stated above, the compensation of the executive officers of our general partner is paid by EPCO, and we reimburse EPCO for that portion of its compensation expense that is related to our business, pursuant to the administrative services agreement. No compensation expense is borne by us with respect to Mr. Duncan.

Commitments under Equity Compensation Plans of EPCO

Under the administrative services agreement, we reimburse EPCO for the compensation of all operations personnel it employs on our behalf. This includes the costs attributable to equitybased awards granted to these personnel to the extent our Board adopts an equity-based plan for our common units. When these employees exercise unit options, we reimburse EPCO for the difference between the strike price paid by the employee and the actual purchase price paid by EPCO for the units awarded to the employee. We may reimburse EPCO for these costs by either furnishing cash, reissuing treasury units or by issuing new units. This compensation will also include a percentage of similar costs attributable to equity-based awards granted to our personnel with respect to any equity of Enterprise Products Partners and Enterprise GP Holdings. We will reimburse EPCO for these costs in cash.

Compensation of Directors of DEP Holdings

Neither we nor DEP Holdings, our general partner, provide any additional compensation to employees of EPCO who serve as directors of our general partner. The employees of EPCO currently serving as directors are Messrs. Duncan, Bachmann, Creel, Radtke, and Fowler.

After the consummation of this offering, our independent directors will be Messrs. Bruckmann, Casey and Havens. Our general partner is responsible for compensating these directors for their services. Its standard compensation arrangement is as follows:

- Each independent director receives \$50,000 in cash annually.
- If the individual serves as chairman of a committee of the Board of Directors, then he receives an additional \$7,500 in cash annually.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common units prior to and as of the closing of this offering by:

- each person known by our general partner to beneficially own more than 5% of our common units;
- each of the named executive officers of our general partner;
- all of the current directors of our general partner; and
- all of the current directors and executive officers of our general partner as a group.

All information with respect to beneficial ownership has been furnished by the respective directors or officers, as the case may be. Each person has sole voting and dispositive power over the common units shown unless otherwise indicated below.

		ommon Units eficially Owned or to Offering	Beneficially	Common Units Beneficially Owned After Offering	
Name of Beneficial Owner:	Units	Percent	Units	Percent	
Enterprise Products OLP(1)	0	100%	7,301,571	36.0%	
Dan L. Duncan(1)(2)	0	0%	7,301,571	36.0%	
Richard H. Bachmann	0	0%	0	0%	
Michael A. Creel	0	0%	0	0%	
Gil H. Radtke	0	0%	0	0%	
W. Randall Fowler	0	0%	0	0%	
Michael J. Knesek	0	0%	0	0%	
All directors and executive officers as a group (6 persons)	0	100%	7,301,571	36.0%	

 Prior to this offering, Enterprise Products OLP owned a 98% limited partner interest in us. In connection with the closing of this offering and the contribution of assets by Enterprise Products OLP to us, we will issue to Enterprise Products OLP 7,301,571 common units representing approximately 36.0% of the outstanding common units at the closing of this offering (or approximately 26.4% if the underwriters' option to purchase additional units is exercised in full).

(2) Includes common units owned by Enterprise Products OLP, for which Mr. Duncan disclaims beneficial ownership other than to the extent of his direct or indirect percentage interest in Enterprise Products OLP.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Our Relationship with EPCO and Enterprise Products Partners

We have an extensive and ongoing relationship with EPCO and their other affiliates, which include the following significant entities:

- EPCO and its private company subsidiaries;
- our general partner; and
- Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO and their respective general partners, which are controlled by affiliates of EPCO.

Unless noted otherwise, our agreements with EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners and their affiliates are not the result of arm's length transactions. As a result, we cannot provide assurance that the terms and provisions of such agreements are at least as favorable to us as we could have obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

EPCO is a private company owned in part and controlled by Dan L. Duncan, who is also a director and Chairman of our general partner, EPE Holdings and Enterprise Products GP. Mr. Duncan owns 50.4% of the voting stock of EPCO. The remaining shares of EPCO capital stock are held primarily by trusts for the benefit of members of Mr. Duncan's family.

We and our general partner are separate legal entities from EPCO and their other affiliates, with assets and liabilities that are separate from those of EPCO and their other affiliates. However, EPCO depends on the cash distributions it receives from Enterprise Products Partners (including its retained interests in our subsidiaries), Enterprise GP Holdings and other investments to fund its other operations and to meet its debt obligations.

Related Party Transactions with Enterprise Products Partners

Relationship with Enterprise Products Partners. Enterprise Products Partners was the shipper of record on our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines. We recorded \$33.9 million, \$40.9 million and \$42.3 million of related party pipeline transportation revenues from Enterprise Products Partners for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. We recorded \$28.2 million and \$25.1 million of such related party revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Prior to 2004, Sabine Propylene was regulated by the FERC. Our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline was also subject to the FERC's jurisdiction until 2005. For the periods in which Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene were subject to FERC regulations, related party revenues with Enterprise Products Partners were based on the maximum tariff rate allowed for each system. We continued to charge Enterprise Products Partners such maximum transportation rates after both entities were declared exempt from FERC oversight.

Enterprise Products Partners has entered into agreements with third parties involving use of the Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines. Enterprise Products Partners recorded \$15.4 million, \$14.2 million and \$15.1 million in revenues for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, in connection with such agreements. Enterprise Products Partners third-party revenues from these agreements were \$11.7 million and \$11.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Apart from such agreements, Enterprise Products Partners did not utilize the Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene assets. Concurrently with the closing of this offering, Enterprise Products Partners will assign to us certain agreements with third parties involving the use of our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene ippelines but will remain jointly and severally liable on those agreements.

Our related party revenues from Enterprise Products Partners also include the sale of natural gas. Our natural gas sales to Enterprise Products Partners were \$35.8 million, \$21.7 million and \$13.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Our related party operating costs and expenses



include the cost of natural gas Enterprise Products Partners sold to us. Such amounts were \$25.3 million, \$3.8 million and none for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Our natural gas sales to Enterprise Products Partners were \$47.5 million and \$24.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Our natural gas purchases from Enterprise Products Partners were \$16.2 million and \$12.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

In addition, Enterprise Products Partners has furnished letters of credit on behalf of Evangeline's debt service requirements. At December 31, 2005 and September 30, 2006, such outstanding letters of credit totaled \$1.2 million.

We also provide underground storage services to Enterprise Products Partners for the storage of NGLs and petrochemicals. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we recorded \$17.6 million, \$17 million and \$17.3 million, respectively, in storage revenue from Enterprise Products Partners. Such revenues were \$14.8 million and \$13.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Mont Belvieu Caverns will continue to provide storage services to Enterprise Products OLP for several lines of its business, including:

- NGL marketing;
- butane isomerization;
- octane enhancement;
- propylene fractionation; and
- NGL fractionation.

Upon the closing of this offering, Mont Belvieu Caverns will enter into several storage service agreements with Enterprise Products OLP. The initial terms of these agreements will commence on the closing of this offering and end on December 31, 2016. These agreements include rates comparable to those rates charged to third parties with service contracts of similar size and duration. At the closing of this offering, an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners will assign a ground lease to Mont Belvieu Caverns. Under this ground lease, Enterprise Products Partners, as lessee, will be required to pay a monthly rental fee to Mont Belvieu Caverns, as lessor. The initial term of this ground lease commenced on January 17, 2002 and continues until the earlier to occur of (i) December 31, 2100 and (ii) termination by the lessee, for any reason, of its operations on the leased premises as permitted under the ground lease.

We have participated in the Enterprise Products Partners cash management program for all periods presented.

We expect that certain commercial arrangements with Enterprise Products Partners will change once the Partnership completes its initial public offering. These changes will include:

- Through the direct assignment of contracts, a reduction in transportation rates previously charged Enterprise Products Partners for usage of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine
 Propylene pipelines to the levels Enterprise Products Partners realizes from third-party shippers on these systems. On an unaudited pro forma basis, the expected reduction in
 combined revenues would be \$16.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$18.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.
- An increase in storage fees charged Enterprise Products Partners by Mont Belvieu Caverns related to the storage activities of Enterprise Products Partners' octane enhancement, isomerization and NGL and petrochemical marketing businesses. Historically, such intercompany charges were below market and eliminated in the consolidated revenues and costs and expenses of Enterprise Products Partners. Prospectively, such rates will be market-related. On an unaudited pro forma basis, the expected increase in combined revenues would be \$9.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$11.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.



- In connection with storage agreements for a variety of products which will be entered into between Enterprise Products Partners and Mont Belvieu Caverns concurrently with the closing of this offering Enterprise Products Partners will agree to the allocation of all storage well measurement gains and losses relating to these products. In addition, the limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns will specially allocate to Enterprise Products Partners any items of income and gain or loss and deduction relating to measurement losses and measurement gains, including amounts that Mont Belvieu Caverns may retain or deduct as handling losses. Enterprise Products Partners will also be required to contribute cash to Mont Belvieu Caverns, or will be entitled to receive distributions from Mont Belvieu Caverns, based on the then-current net measurement losses. As a result, we will continue to record measurement gains and losses associated with the operation of our Mont Belvieu storage facility after the closing date of this offering on a consolidated basis as operating costs and expenses. However, these measurement gains and losses should not affect our net income or have a significant impact on us with respect to our cash flows from operating costs and expenses would be is \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$3.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2005. The pro forma decrease in operating costs and expenses reflects the removal of historical net measurement losses.
- Upon the closing of this offering, we will enter into a ten-year transportation contract with Enterprise Products Partners that will include all of the volumes of NGLs transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. Under this contract, Enterprise Products Partners will pay us a dedication fee of no less than \$0.02 per gallon for all NGLs produced at the Shoup and Armstrong fractionation plants whether or not Enterprise Products Partners ships any NGLs on the South Texas NGL pipeline system. We will not take title to the products transported on the South Texas NGL pipeline system; rather, Enterprise Products Partners will retain title and the associated commodity risk.

Relationship with TEPPCO Partners

During January 2007, an affiliate of Enterprise purchased from an affiliate of TEPPCO Partners a 10-mile, 18-inch segment of pipeline. The purchase of the 10-mile segment of pipeline from the affiliate of TEPPCO Partners was for an aggregate purchase price of \$8 million. This pipeline will be among the assets owned by South Texas NGL at the closing of this offering.

We have entered into a lease with TEPPCO Partners for a 12-mile, 10-inch interconnecting pipeline extending from Pasadena, Texas to Baytown, Texas. The primary term of this lease will expire on September 15, 2007, and will continue on a month-to-month basis subject to termination by either party upon 60 days' notice. This pipeline is being leased by us in connection with operations on our South Texas NGL pipeline until we complete the construction of a parallel pipeline.

Relationship with Unconsolidated Affiliate

We sell natural gas to Evangeline, which, in turn, uses such natural gas to satisfy its sales commitments to Entergy Louisiana. Our sales of natural gas to Evangeline totaled \$331.5 million, \$241.4 million and \$214.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Our sales of natural gas to Evangeline totaled \$233.0 million and \$224.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Additionally, we have a service agreement with Evangeline whereby we provide Evangeline with construction, operations, maintenance and administrative support related to its pipeline system. Evangeline paid us \$0.4 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for such services during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Evangeline paid us \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.



Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement

Pursuant to a contribution, conveyance and assumption agreement, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise Products OLP and certain of their affiliates have agreed to contribute to us 66% of the equity interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Sabine Propylene, Lou-Tex Propylene and South Texas NGL.

As consideration for these assets and agreements, including the reimbursement to us for capital expenditures, we have agreed to distribute an aggregate cash amount equal to (1) \$198.9 million plus (2) the net proceeds to us from this offering (after giving effect to underwriting discounts and commissions, the structuring fee and \$2.9 million of other estimated net offering expenses) minus (3) 66% of the difference between (a) \$101.7 million and (b) all construction and acquisition costs paid by us prior to the closing of this offering with respect to (i) the South Texas NGL pipeline (excluding the original purchase costs of approximately \$97.7 million) and (ii) the expansion of Mont Belvieu brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs, and to issue 7,301,571 common units, representing approximately 36.0% of the common units to be outstanding immediately after this offering and a 2% general partner interest to Enterprise Products OLP.

Omnibus Agreement

Upon the closing of this offering, we and certain of our subsidiaries will enter into an Omnibus Agreement with Enterprise Products OLP that will govern our relationship with them on the following matters:

- indemnification for certain environmental liabilities, tax liabilities and right-of-way defects;
- · reimbursement of certain expenditures for South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns;
- a right of first refusal to Enterprise Products OLP on the equity interests in our current and future subsidiaries and a right of first refusal on the material assets of these entities, other than sales of inventory and other assets in the ordinary course of business; and
- a preemptive right with respect to equity securities issued by certain of our subsidiaries, other than as consideration in an acquisition or in connection with a loan or debt financing.

Indemnification for Environmental and Related Liabilities

Enterprise Products OLP agreed to indemnify us after the closing of our initial public offering against certain environmental and related liabilities arising out of or associated with the operation of the assets before the closing date of our initial public offering. These liabilities include both known and unknown environmental and related liabilities. This indemnification obligation will terminate three years after the closing of our initial public offering. There is an aggregate cap of \$15.0 million on the amount of indemnity coverage. In addition, we are not entitled to indemnification until the aggregate amounts of claims exceed \$250,000. Liabilities resulting from a change of law after the closing of our initial public offering are excluded from the environmental indemnity by Enterprise Products OLP for the unknown environmental liabilities.

Enterprise Products OLP will also indemnify us for liabilities related to:

- certain defects in the easement rights or fee ownership interests in and to the lands on which any assets contributed to us in connection with our initial public offering are located and failure to obtain certain consents and permits necessary to conduct our business that arise within three years after the closing of our initial public offering; and
- certain income tax liabilities attributable to the operation of the assets contributed to us in connection with our initial public offering prior to the time they were contributed.

Reimbursement for Certain Expenditures

Enterprise Products OLP has agreed to make additional contributions to us as reimbursement for our 66% share of excess construction costs, if any, above (i) the \$28.6 million of estimated capital expenditures to complete planned expansions on the South Texas NGL pipeline and (ii) \$14.1 million of estimated construction costs for additional planned brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoir projects at



Mont Belvieu. We currently estimate the costs to complete planned expansions of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this initial public offering will be approximately \$28.6 million, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$18.9 million. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our share of these estimated costs from the proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs. Enterprise Products OLP will also make a capital contribution to South Texas NGL for its 34% interest upon a capital call from South Texas NGL.

Amendments

The omnibus agreement may not be amended without the prior approval of the conflicts committee if the proposed amendment will, in the reasonable discretion of our general partner, adversely affect holders of our common units.

Competition

Neither Enterprise Products OLP nor any of its affiliates will be restricted under the omnibus agreement from competing with us. Except as otherwise expressly agreed in the administrative services agreement, Enterprise Products OLP and any of its affiliates may acquire, construct or dispose of additional midstream or other assets in the future without any obligation to offer us the opportunity to purchase or construct those assets. These agreements are in addition to other agreements relating to business opportunities and potential conflicts of interest set forth on our administrative services agreement with Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO and other affiliates of EPCO. Please read " — Administrative Services Agreement" below.

Mont Belvieu Caverns Limited Liability Company Agreement

Provisions relating to Measurement Gains and Losses. The limited liability company agreement of Mont Belvieu Caverns will specially allocate any items of income and gain or loss and deduction relating to net measurement losses and measurement gains to Enterprise Products OLP. Measurement gains means items of Mont Belvieu Caverns' income or gain relating to the return by Mont Belvieu Caverns to customers of natural gas, natural gas liquids or other products measured into storage, including amounts that Mont Belvieu Caverns may retain or deduct as handling losses on such product transferred into storage. Measurement losses means items of Mont Belvieu Caverns' loss or deduction relating to the return by Mont Belvieu Caverns to customers of natural gas, natural gas liquids or other products measurement gains or measurement losses shall be calculated on an aggregate basis from the closing date of this offering through the applicable measurement date.

Within 10 days following any notice by Mont Belvieu Caverns of any net measurement losses as of the end of any month, Enterprise Products OLP will be required to contribute cash to Mont Belvieu Caverns in an amount equal to any net measurement losses set forth in such notice. In the event Enterprise Products OLP fails to make a required contribution, Mont Belvieu Caverns may withhold distributions, will have a lien on the partnership interest of Enterprise Products OLP and charge Enterprise Products OLP for costs and any applicable interest incurred in connection with the funding of the required contribution amount.

Within 45 days following the end of any fiscal quarter, Mont Belvieu Caverns will distribute to Enterprise Products OLP a cash amount equal to any net measurement gains. To the extent practicable and requested by Enterprise Products OLP, Mont Belvieu Caverns and Enterprise Products OLP will also establish reasonable procedures for prompt distribution from time to time of any net measurement gains prior to 45 days following the end of any fiscal quarter.

Future Mont Belvieu Caverns Expansion Capital. Pursuant to the Mont Belvieu Caverns limited liability company agreement, Enterprise Products OLP may, in its sole discretion, fund a portion of any costs related to potential expansion projects. We are currently contemplating expansion projects at Mont Belvieu Caverns, which may include new entries into existing wells, the conversion of existing wells to store natural gas and the installation of new piping and certain related facilities, which may be commenced during 2007 in the estimated range of \$25 to \$75 million. Additional expenditures of up to \$200 million may be made during 2008 and 2009.



The Mont Belvieu Caverns limited liability company agreement will provide that:

- We and Enterprise Products OLP will share in revenue from Mont Belvieu Caverns based on a formula which takes into account the total deemed capital contributed by each to Mont Belvieu Caverns. As of the closing date of this offering, the amount contributed by each of us and Enterprise Products OLP will be based on the relative percentage interests of the parties and the book value of capital expenditures made through the closing date of this offering, including projects for expansions or other capital expenditures made to Mont Belvieu Caverns prior to the closing of this offering. After the closing date of this offering, Enterprise Products OLP may, in its sole discretion, fund the Mont Belvieu Expansion costs as set forth below.
- With respect to future expansions to Mont Belvieu Caverns, each party to the agreement can contribute to such additional expansions up to its respective sharing ratio. To the extent one party decides not to participate in the additional expansion, then the other party may fund the expansion and receive a corresponding increase in its sharing ratio. However, from the date any expenditures are made by Enterprise Products OLP and not the other parties for Mont Belvieu Expansion costs until the date that any pipeline or storage portion of any Mont Belvieu Expansion is placed in service and written notice of such placement into service is given by the general partner to Enterprise Products OLP will not be entitled to any additional distributions other than its initial sharing ratio. Upon the Initial Commencement Date "), we will remain entitled to distributions from Mont Belvieu Caverns in accordance with our initial sharing ratios, and Enterprise Products OLP will not be entitled to any additional distributions other than its initial sharing ratio. Upon the Initial Commencement Date and until 90 days thereafter, Enterprise Products OLP will be entitled to receive 100% of the incremental cash flow of Mont Belvieu Caverns which is generated by the incremental revenue attributable to those portions of the storage or pipeline portions of Mont Belvieu Expansion which have been placed in service and funded by Enterprise Products OLP, for make a contribution to Mont Belvieu Caverns to reimburse Enterprise Products OLP (or make a contribution to Mont Belvieu Caverns to reimburse Enterprise Products OLP) for an amount equal to (i) (A) the amount of contributions made by Enterprise Products OLP for Mont Belvieu Expansion costs plus (B) the effective cost of capital to Enterprise Products OLP, lost (C) any amounts received by Enterprise Products OLP, incurred for borrowings made during such period until payment is made to Enterprise Products OLP, less (C) any amounts received by Enterprise Products OLP, multiplied by (ii
- If we fund our portion of additional Mont Belvieu Expansion expenditures (or any other expenditures for which a contribution of partners is made) and Enterprise Products OLP fails
 to contribute its portion, the sharing ratios shall be adjusted at the time such contribution is made.

Administrative Services Agreement

At or prior to the closing of this offering, we and our general partner will become party to the existing administrative services agreement with EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, EPPCO Partners and its general partner, and certain affiliated entities. We have no employees. All of our operating functions are performed by employees of EPCO pursuant to the administrative services agreement. EPCO also provides general and administrative support services to us in accordance with the administrative services agreement. The significant terms of the administrative services agreement are as follows:

EPCO provides administrative, management, engineering and operating services as may be necessary to manage and operate our businesses, properties and assets (in accordance with
prudent industry practices). EPCO will employ or otherwise retain the services of such personnel as may be necessary to provide such services. Certain employees who perform
services for South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns are also dedicated by EPCO for such services.

- We are required to reimburse EPCO for its services in an amount equal to the sum of all costs and expenses incurred by EPCO which are directly or indirectly related to our business or activities (including EPCO expenses reasonably allocated to us). In addition, we have agreed to pay all sales, use, excise, value added or similar taxes, if any, that may be applicable with respect to services provided by EPCO.
- EPCO allows us to participate as named insureds in its overall insurance program with the associated premiums and related costs being allocated to us. We reimbursed EPCO \$1.7 million, \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million for insurance costs for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Such reimbursements were \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Our operating costs and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 include reimbursement payments to EPCO for the costs it incurs to operate our facilities, including compensation of employees. We reimburse EPCO for actual direct and indirect expenses it incurs related to the operation of our assets. Our reimbursements to EPCO for operating costs and expenses were \$35.7 million, \$25.6 million and \$25.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Such reimbursements were \$25.8 million and \$25.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Likewise, our general and administrative costs include amounts we reimburse to EPCO for administrative services, including compensation of employees. In general, our reimbursement to EPCO for administrative services is either (i) on an actual basis for direct expenses it may incur on our behalf (e.g., the purchase of office supplies) or (ii) based on an allocation of such charges between the various parties to administrative services agreement based on the estimated use of such services by each party (e.g., the allocation of general legal or accounting salaries based on estimates of time spent on each entity's business and affairs). Our reimbursements to EPCO for general and administrative costs were \$3.9 million, \$4.2 million and \$4.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Our reimbursements to EPCO for general and administrative costs were \$2.4 million and \$3.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

A small number of key employees devote a portion of their time to our operations and affairs and participate in long-term incentive compensation plans managed by EPCO. These plans include the issuance of restricted units of Enterprise Products Partners and limited partner interests in EPE Unit L.P. The amount of equity-based compensation allocable to our businesses was \$26 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$52 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Such amounts are immaterial to our combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The administrative services agreement addresses potential conflicts that may arise among us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, and the EPCO Group, which includes EPCO and its affiliates (but does not include the aforementioned entities and their controlled affiliates) The administrative services agreement provides, among other things, that:

- if a business opportunity to acquire equity securities is presented to the EPCO Group, us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, or Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, then Enterprise GP Holdings will have the first right to pursue such opportunity. "Equity securities" are defined to include:
 - general partner interests (or securities which have characteristics similar to general partner interests) and incentive distribution rights or similar rights in publicly traded partnerships or interests in "persons" that own or control such general partner or similar interests (collectively, "GP Interests") and securities convertible, exercisable, exchangeable or otherwise representing ownership or control of such GP Interests; and
 - incentive distribution rights and limited partner interests (or securities which have characteristics similar to incentive distribution rights or limited partner interests) in publicly
 traded partnerships or interests in "persons" that own or control such limited partner or similar interests (collectively, "non-

GP Interests"); provided that such non-GP Interests are associated with GP Interests and are owned by the owners of GP Interests or their respective affiliates.

Enterprise GP Holdings will be presumed to desire to acquire the equity securities until such time as its general partner advises the EPCO Group, Enterprise Products GP and us that it has abandoned the pursuit of such business opportunity. In the event that the purchase price of the equity securities is reasonably likely to exceed \$100 million, the decision to decline the acquisition will be made by the Chief Executive Officer of EPE Holdings after consultation with and subject to the approval of the Audit and Conflicts Committee of EPE Holdings. If the purchase price is reasonably likely to be less than such threshold amount, the Chief Executive Officer of EPE Holdings abandons the acquisition and so notifies the EPCO Group, Enterprise Products GP and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners will have the second right to the pursue such acquisition either for itself or, if desired by Enterprise Products Partners in its sole discretion, for the benefit of us. In the event that Enterprise Products GP advises the EPCO Group Heterprise Products Partners will be presumed to desire to acquire the equity securities until such time as Enterprise Products GP advises the EPCO Group Heterprise Products Partners will be presumed to desire to acquire the equity securities until such time as Enterprise Products GP advises the EPCO Group Heterprise Products Partners has abandoned the pursuit of such acquisition. In determining whether or not to pursue the acquisition, Enterprise Products GP advises the EPCO Group Holdings that Enterprise Products Partners has abandoned the pursuit of such acquires Products GP's Chief Executive Officer and Audit and Conflicts Committee. In the event that Enterprise Products Partners abandons the acquisition for itself and for us and so notifies the EPCO Group and our general partner, the EPCO Group may pursue the acquisition without any further obligation to any other party or offer such opportunity to other affiliates.

if any business opportunity not covered by the preceding bullet point is presented to the EPCO Group, Enterprise GP Holdings, EPE Holdings, Enterprise Products GP, Enterprise Products Partners, our general partner or us, Enterprise Products Partners will have the first right to pursue such opportunity either for itself or, if desired by Enterprise Products Partners will be presumed to desire to pursue the business opportunity until such time as Enterprise Products Partners will be presumed to desire to pursue the business opportunity until such time as Enterprise Products GP advises the EPCO Group, EPE Holdings and our general partner that Enterprise Products Partners has abandoned the pursuit of such business opportunity. In the event that the purchase price or cost associated with the business opportunity is reasonably likely to exceed \$100 million, the decision to decline the business opportunity. In the event that the purchase price or cost is reasonably likely to be less than such threshold amount, the Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Products QP and the determination to decline the business opportunity. In the event that Enterprise Products GP may make the determination to decline the business opportunity without consulting Enterprise Products QP's Audit and Conflicts Committee. In the event that Enterprise Products Partners affirmatively directs the business opportunity to us, we may pursue such business opportunity. In the event that Enterprise Products GP and the business opportunity, and will be presumed to desire to do so, until such time as EPE Holdings shall have determined to abandon the pursuit of such opportunity in accordance with the procedures described above, and shall have advised the EPCO Group, the EPCO Group may either pursue the business opportunity to offer such opportunity to offer the business opportunity to ePCO GP and their controlled affiliates without any further obligation to any other party or offer such opportunity to other affiliates.

None of the EPCO Group, Enterprise GP Holdings, EPE Holdings, Enterprise Products GP, Enterprise Products Partners, our general partner or us have any obligation to present business opportunities to TEPPCO, TEPPCO GP or their controlled affiliates, and TEPPCO, TEPPCO GP and their controlled affiliates have no obligation to present business opportunities to the EPCO Group, Enterprise GP Holdings, EPE Holdings, Enterprise Products GP, Enterprise Products Partners, our general partner or us.

The administrative services agreement also outlines an overall corporate governance structure and provides policies and procedures to address potential conflicts of interest among the parties to the administrative services agreement, including protection of the confidential information of each party from the other parties and the sharing of EPCO employees between the parties. Specifically, the administrative services agreement provides, among other things, that:

- there shall be no overlap in the independent directors of Enterprise Products GP, EPE Holdings, our general partner and TEPPCO GP;
- there shall be no sharing of EPCO employees performing commercial and development activities involving certain defined potential overlapping assets between us, Enterprise GP Holdings, Enterprise Products Partners, and EPCO and its other affiliates (excluding TEPPCO and subsidiaries) on one hand and TEPPCO and its subsidiaries and TEPPCO GP on the other hand; and
- certain screening procedures are to be followed if an EPCO employee performing commercial and development activities becomes privy to commercial information relating to a
 potential overlapping asset of any entity for which such employee does not perform commercial and development activities.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST, BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY AGREEMENTS AND FIDUCIARY DUTIES

Conflicts of Interest and Business Opportunity Agreements

General. Conflicts of interest exist and may arise in the future as a result of the relationships among us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and our and their respective general partners and affiliates. Our general partner, DEP Holdings, is controlled indirectly by Enterprise Products Partners. Through Dan L. Duncan's indirect control of the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and us, Mr. Duncan has the ability to elect, remove and replace the directors and officers of the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and us. The assets of our general partner and Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and us. The assets of our general partner and Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners in the future.

Our general partner's directors and officers have fiduciary duties to manage our business in a manner beneficial to us and our partners. Some of the executive officers and non-independent directors of our general partner also serve as executive officers or directors of the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners. As a result, they have fiduciary duties to manage the business of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, respectively, in a manner beneficial to such entities and their respective partners. Consequently, these directors may encounter situations in which their fiduciary obligations to Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings or TEPPCO Partners, enterprise GP Holdings or TEPPCO Partners, on the one hand, and us, on the other hand, are in conflict.

It is not possible to predict the nature or extent of these potential future conflicts of interest at this time, nor is it possible to determine how we will address and resolve any such future conflicts of interest. However, the resolution of these conflicts may not always be in our best interest or that of our unitholders. We do not currently intend to take any action which would limit the ability of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings or TEPPCO Partners to pursue their business strategies.

Administrative Services Agreement. At or prior to the closing of this offering, we and our general partner will become party to an existing administrative services agreement with EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners, and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, TEPPCO Partners, and its general partner, and certain affiliated entities. The administrative services agreement will address potential conflicts that may arise among us and our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings and its general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings, and tepeCO and its affiliates (excluding us, our general partner, Enterprise Products Partners and its usbidiaries, Enterprise GP Holdings, EPE Holdings, and TEPPCO Partners, its general partner and their controlled affiliates). Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

Conflicts Between Our General Partner and its Affiliates and Our Partners. Whenever a conflict arises between our general partner or its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or any other partner, on the other hand, our general partner will resolve that conflict. Our partnership agreement contains provisions that modify and limit our general partner's fiduciary duties to our unitholders. Our partnership agreement also restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions taken that, without those limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

Our general partner will not be in breach of its obligations under the partnership agreement or its duties to us or our unitholders if the resolution of the conflict is or is deemed to be, fair and reasonable to the Partnership. Any resolution shall be deemed fair and reasonable if it is:

- · approved by a majority of the members of the audit and conflicts committee; or
- · on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties.

Our general partner may, but is not required to, seek the approval of such resolution from the audit and conflicts committee of its board of directors. It will be presumed that the resolution of any conflicts of interest by our audit and conflicts committee and our general partner is not made in bad faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. The audit and conflicts committee may consider any factors it determines in good faith to consider when resolving a conflict, including taking into account the totality of the relationships among the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

Conflicts of interest could arise in the situations described below, among others.

Actions taken by our general partner may affect the amount of cash available for distribution to unitholders.

The amount of cash that is available for distribution to our unitholders is affected by decisions of our general partner regarding such matters as:

- amount and timing of cash expenditures (including expansion projects at Mont Belvieu or other subsidiaries that may be funded through the construction phase by Enterprise Products Partners and acquired or contributed to us at a later date);
- assets sales or acquisitions;
- borrowings;
- · the issuance of additional common units; and
- · the creation, reduction or increase of reserves in any quarter.

We will reimburse EPCO and its affiliates for expenses.

We will reimburse EPCO and its affiliates for costs incurred in managing and operating us, including costs incurred in rendering staff and support services to us. The partnership agreement provides that our general partner will determine the expenses that are allocable to us. Our general partner may do so in any manner it determines. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

Our general partner intends to limit its liability regarding our obligations.

Our general partner intends to limit its liability under contractual arrangements so that the other party has recourse only to our assets, and not against our general partner or its assets or any affiliate of our general partner or its assets. Our partnership agreement provides that any action taken by our general partner to limit its liability or our liability is not a breach of our general partner's fiduciary duties, even if we could have obtained more favorable terms without the limitation on liability.

Unitholders will have no right to enforce obligations of our general partner and its affiliates under agreements with us.

Any agreements between us on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, will not grant to the unitholders, separate and apart from us, the right to enforce the obligations of our general partner and its affiliates in our favor.

Contracts between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations for the benefit of our unitholders.

Our partnership agreement allows our general partner to determine any amounts to reimburse itself or its affiliates for any services rendered to us. Our general partner may also enter into additional contractual arrangements with any of its affiliates on our behalf. Neither our partnership agreement nor any of the other

agreements, contracts and arrangements between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, are or will be the result of arm's-length negotiations for the benefit of our unitholders.

As described in this prospectus, we will be a party to a number of agreements with our general partner and its affiliates at the time of the closing of this offering. These contracts include the administrative services agreement, storage agreements and transportation agreements.

Our general partner will determine the terms of any of these transactions or amendments to existing agreements entered into after the sale of the common units offered in this offering.

Our common units are subject to our general partner's limited call right.

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own 80% or more of the common units, our general partner will have the right, but not the obligation, which it may assign to any of its affiliates or to us, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the common units held by unaffiliated persons at a price not less than their then-current market price. As a result, unitholders may be required to sell their common units at an undesirable time or price and may not receive any return on their investment. At the completion of this offering and assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units, our general partner and its affiliates will own approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units. Please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Limited Call Right."

We may not choose to retain separate counsel for ourselves or for the holders of our common units.

The attorneys, independent auditors and others who have performed services for us regarding the offering have been retained by our general partner, its affiliates and us after the offering. Attorneys, independent auditors and others who will perform services for us in the future will be selected by our general partner or our audit and conflicts committee and may also perform services for our general partner and its affiliates. We may, but are not required to, retain separate counsel for ourselves or the holders of common units in the event of a conflict of interest arising between our general partner and its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or the holders of common units, on the other, after the sale of the common units offered in this prospectus, depending on the nature of the conflict. We do not intend to do so in most cases.

Our general partner's affiliates may compete with us.

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner will be restricted from engaging in any business activities other than acting as our general partner and those activities incidental to its ownership of interests in us. Except as provided in our partnership agreement and subject to certain business opportunity agreements, affiliates of our general partner are not prohibited from engaging in other businesses or activities, including those that might be in direct competition with us. Please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

Shared Personnel. Our general partner will manage our operations and activities. Under the amended and restated administrative services agreement, EPCO will provide all employees and administrative, operational and other services for us. All of our general partner's executive officers will, and certain other EPCO employees assigned to our operations may, also perform services for EPCO, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, TEPPCO Partners and their affiliates. The services performed by these shared personnel will generally be limited to non-commercial functions, including but not limited to human resources, information technology, financial and accounting services and legal services. We will adopt policies and procedures to protect and prevent inappropriate disclosure by shared personnel of commercial and other non-public information relating to us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners.

Because our general partner's executive officers allocate time among EPCO, us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners, these officers face conflicts regarding the allocation of their time, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.



Compensation Arrangements. Dan L. Duncan, as the control person of EPCO and the control person of our general partner and the general partners of Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings, and TEPPCO Partners, is responsible for establishing the compensation arrangements for all EPCO employees, including employees who provide services to us, Enterprise Products Partners, Enterprise GP Holdings and TEPPCO Partners.

Fiduciary Duties

Our general partner is accountable to us and our unitholders as a fiduciary. Fiduciary duties owed to unitholders by our general partner are prescribed by law and the partnership agreement. The Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, which we refer to in this prospectus as the Delaware Act, provides that Delaware limited partnerships may, in their partnership agreements, restrict, eliminate or otherwise modify the fiduciary duties otherwise owed by a general partner to limited partners and the partnership.

Our partnership agreement contains various provisions modifying and restricting the fiduciary duties that might otherwise be owed by our general partner. We have adopted these provisions to allow our general partner to take into account the interests of other parties in addition to our interests when resolving conflicts of interest. These modifications are detrimental to the unitholders because they restrict the remedies available to unitholders for actions that, without those limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty, as described below. The following is a summary of the material restrictions of the fiduciary duties owed by our general partner to the limited partners:

133

State law fiduciary duty standards

Fiduciary duties are generally considered to include an obligation to act in good faith and with due care and loyalty. The duty of care, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally require a general partner to act for the partnership in the same manner as a prudent person would act on his own behalf. The duty of loyalty, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally prohibit a general partner of a Delaware limited partnership from taking any action or engaging in any transaction where a conflict of interest is present.

Partnership agreement modified standards

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that waive or consent to conduct by our general partner and its affiliates that might otherwise raise issues about compliance with fiduciary duties or applicable law. For example, our partnership agreement provides that when our general partner is acting in its capacity as our general partner, as opposed to in its individual capacity, it must act in a manner not in bad faith and will not be subject to any other standard under applicable law. In addition, when our general partner is acting in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner, it may act without any fiduciary obligation to us or the unitholders whatsoever. These standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held, including the duties of due care and loyalty.

Our partnership agreement generally provides that affiliated transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest that are not approved by the audit and conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner must be:

• on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or

 "fair and reasonable" to us, which may take into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous, or unfavorable or disadvantageous, to us).

If our general partner does not seek approval from the audit and conflicts committee and its board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the bullet points above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, the resolution of any conflicts of interest by our general partner and the audit and conflicts committee was not made in bad faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. These standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held.

In addition to the other more specific provisions limiting the obligations of our general partner, our partnership agreement further provides that our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us, our limited partners or assignees for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omissions unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that such indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the indemnitee's conduct was unlawful.

The Delaware Act generally provides that a limited partner may institute legal action on behalf of the partnership to recover damages from a third party where a general partner has refused to institute the action or where an effort to cause a general partner to do so is not likely to succeed. These actions include actions against a general partner for breach of its fiduciary duties or of the partnership agreement. In addition, the statutory or case law of some jurisdictions may permit a limited partner to institute legal action on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated limited partners to recover damages from a general partner for violations of its fiduciary duties to the limited partners.

In order to become one of our limited partners, a unitholder is required to agree to be bound by the provisions in the partnership agreement, including the provisions discussed above. This is in accordance with the policy of the Delaware Act favoring the principle of freedom of contract and the enforceability of partnership agreements. The failure of a limited partner or assignee to sign a partnership agreement does not render the partnership agreement unenforceable against that person.

We are required to indemnify our general partner and its officers, directors and managers, to the fullest extent permitted by law, against liabilities, costs and expenses incurred by our general partner or these other persons. This indemnification is required unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that these persons acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, that these persons acted with knowledge that their conduct was unlawful. Thus, our general partner could be indemnified for its negligent acts if it met the requirements set forth above. In the option of the Commission, indemnification provisions that purport to include indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act are contrary to public policy and are, therefore, unenforceable. If you have questions regarding the fiduciary duties of our general partner, you should consult with your own counsel. Please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Indemnification."

134

Rights and remedies of unitholders

DESCRIPTION OF OUR COMMON UNITS

Our common units represent limited partner interests that entitle the holders to participate in our cash distributions and to exercise the rights and privileges available to limited partners under our partnership agreement. For a description of the relative rights and preferences of holders of common units and our general partner in and to cash distributions, please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions."

Our common units have been approved, subject to official notice of issuance, for listing on the NYSE under the symbol "DEP." Any additional common units we issue will also be listed on the NYSE.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

Mellon Investor Services LLC will serve as registrar and transfer agent for the common units. We pay all fees charged by the transfer agent for transfers of common units, except the following that must be paid by unitholders:

- surety bond premiums to replace lost or stolen certificates, taxes and other governmental charges;
 - special charges for services requested by a holder of a common unit; and
 - · other similar fees or charges.

There will be no charge to common unitholders for disbursements of our cash distributions. We will indemnify the transfer agent, its agents and each of their stockholders, directors, officers and employees against all claims and losses that may arise out of acts performed or omitted for its activities in that capacity, except for any liability due to any gross negligence or intentional misconduct of the indemnified person or entity.

The transfer agent may at any time resign, by notice to us, or be removed by us. The resignation or removal of the transfer agent will become effective upon our appointment of a successor transfer agent and registrar and its acceptance of the appointment. If no successor has been appointed and has accepted the appointment within 30 days after notice of the resignation or removal, our general partner may act as the transfer agent and registrar until a successor is appointed.

Transfer of Units

By transfer of our common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transferee of our common units will be admitted as a common unitholder with respect to the units transferred when such transfer and admission is reflected in our books and records. Additionally, each transferee of our units:

- · becomes the record holder of the units;
- represents that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into and become bound by our partnership agreement;
- automatically agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of, and is deemed to have executed, our partnership agreement;
- · grants powers of attorney to the officers of our general partner and any liquidator of our partnership as signified in our partnership agreement;
- gives the consents and approvals contained in our partnership agreement, such as the approval of all transactions and agreements that we are entering into in connection with our formation and this offering.

An assignee will become a limited partner of our partnership for the transferred common units automatically upon the recording of the transfer on our books and records.

We may, at our discretion, treat the nominee holder of a common unit as the absolute owner. In that case, the beneficial holder's rights are limited solely to those that it has against the nominee holder as a result of any agreement between the beneficial owner and the nominee holder.

Common units are securities and are transferable according to the laws governing transfers of securities. In addition to other rights acquired upon transfer, the transferor gives the transferee the right to become a limited partner in our partnership for the transferred common units.

Until a common unit has been transferred on our books, we and the transfer agent, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary, may treat the record holder of the common unit as the absolute owner for all purposes, except as otherwise required by law or stock exchange regulations.

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF OUR PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material provisions of our partnership agreement. The form of our partnership agreement is included as Appendix A in this prospectus.

We summarize the following provisions of our partnership agreement elsewhere in this prospectus:

- with regard to distributions of available cash, please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions;"
- with regard to fiduciary duties of our general partner, please read "Conflicts of Interest, Business Opportunity Agreements and Fiduciary Duties;"
- with regard to rights of holders of common units, please read "Description of Our Common Units;" and
- with regard to allocations of taxable income and other matters, please read "Material Tax Consequences."

Organization and Duration

We were organized on September 29, 2006 and have a perpetual existence.

Purpose

Under our partnership agreement, we are permitted to engage in any business activity that is approved by our general partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized under Delaware law and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon us pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity; provided, however, that our general partner shall not cause us to engage, directly or indirectly in any business activity that our general partner determines would cause us to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes. Affiliates of our general partner generally will not be obligated to present to us or our general partner any business and until the business opportunities have been rejected by other publicly traded affiliates of our general partner, including Enterprise GP Holdings and Enterprise Products Partners. For a further description of limits on our business, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

Power of Attorney

Each limited partner, and each person who acquires a common unit from a unitholder, by accepting the common unit, automatically grants to our general partner and, if appointed, a liquidator, a power of attorney to, among other things, execute and file documents required for our qualification, continuance or dissolution. The power of attorney also grants the authority to amend, and to make consents and waivers under, our partnership agreement. Please read "— Amendments to Our Partnership Agreement."

Cash Distributions

Our partnership agreement specifies the manner in which we will make cash distributions to holders of our common units and other partnership securities as well as to our general partner in respect of its general partner interest. For a description of these cash distribution provisions, please read "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions."

Capital Contributions

Common unitholders are not obligated to make additional capital contributions, except as described below under "--- Limited Liability."

Our general partner has the right, but not the obligation, to contribute a proportionate amount of capital to us to maintain its 2% general partner interest if we issue additional units. Our general partner's 2% interest, and the percentage of our cash distributions to which it is entitled, will be proportionately reduced if we issue

additional units in the future and our general partner does not contribute a proportionate amount of capital to us to maintain its 2% general partner interest. Our general partner will be entitled to make a capital contribution in order to maintain its 2% general partner interest in the form of the contribution to us of common units based on the current market value of the contributed common units.

Limited Liability

Assuming that a limited partner does not participate in the control of our business within the meaning of the Delaware Act and that he otherwise acts in conformity with the provisions of our partnership agreement, his liability under the Delaware Act will be limited, subject to possible exceptions, to the amount of capital he is obligated to contribute to us for his common units plus his share of any undistributed profits and assets. If it were determined, however, that the right, or exercise of the right, by the limited partners as a group:

- to remove or replace the general partner;
- to approve some amendments to the partnership agreement; or
- to take other action under the partnership agreement;

constituted "participation in the control" of our business for the purposes of the Delaware Act, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the laws of Delaware, to the same extent as the general partner. This liability would extend to persons who transact business with us and reasonably believe that the limited partner is a general partner. Neither our partnership agreement nor the Delaware Act specifically provides for legal recourse against the general partner if a limited partner vere to lose limited liability through any fault of the general partner. While this does not mean that a limited partner could not seek legal recourse, we know of no precedent for this type of a claim in Delaware case law.

Under the Delaware Act, a limited partnership may not make a distribution to a partner if, after the distribution, all liabilities of the limited partnership, other than liabilities to partners on account of their partnership interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is limited to specific property of the partnership, would exceed the fair value of the assets of the limited partnership. For the purpose of determining the fair value of the assets of a limited partnership, the Delaware Act provides that the fair value of property subject to liability for which recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the assets of the limited partnership only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds the nonrecourse liability. The Delaware Act provides that a limited partner who receives a distribution and knew at the time of the distribution was in violation of the Delaware Act shall be liable to the limited partnership for the amount of the distribution for three years. Under the Delaware Act, a substituted limited partner of a limited partnership is liable for the obligations of his assignor to make contributions to the partnership, except that such person is not obligated for liabilities unknown to him at the time he became a limited partner and that could not be ascertained from the partnership agreement.

Limitations on the liability of limited partners for the obligations of a limited partner have not been clearly established in many jurisdictions. If in the future, by our ownership in an operating company or otherwise, it is determined that we conduct business in any state without compliance with the applicable limited partnership or limited liability company statute, or that the right or exercise of the right by the limited partners as a group to remove or replace the general partner, to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement, or to take other action under our partnership agreement constituted "participation in the control" of our business for purposes of the statutes of any relevant jurisdiction, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the law of that jurisdiction to the same extent as the general partner under the circumstances. We will operate in a manner that the general partner considers reasonable and necessary or appropriate to preserve the limited liability of the limited partners.

Voting Rights

The following is a summary of the unitholder vote required for the matters specified below. In voting their common units, affiliates of our general partner will have no fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us



or the limited partners, including any duty to act in good faith or in the best interests of us or the limited partners.

of the minied parties, including any duty to act in good faith of in the best interests of us of the minied parties.				
Issuance of additional common units or other equity interests	No approval right.			
Amendment of our partnership agreement	Certain amendments may be made by our general partner without the approval of our unitholders. Other amendments generally require the approval of holders of a majority of our outstanding common units. Please read "— Amendments to Our Partnership Agreement."			
Merger of our partnership or the sale of all or substantially all of our assets	Holders of a majority of our outstanding common units in certain circumstances. Please read "— Merger, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets."			
Dissolution of our partnership	Holders of a majority of our outstanding common units. Please read "- Termination or Dissolution."			
Reconstitution of our partnership upon dissolution	Holders of a majority of our outstanding common units. Please read " Termination or Dissolution."			
Withdrawal of our general partner	Under most circumstances, the approval of holders of a majority of the common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, is required for the withdrawal of the general partner prior to December 31, 2016 in a manner that would cause a dissolution of our partnership. Please read "— Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner."			
Removal of our general partner	Holders of not less than 66²/3% of the outstanding common units, including common units held by our general partner and its affiliates. Please read "— Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner."			
Transfer of the general partner interest	Our general partner may transfer all, but not less than all, of its general partner interest in us without a vote of our unitholders to (i) an affiliate (other than an individual) or (ii) another entity in connection with its merger or consolidation with or into, or sale of all or substantially all of its assets to, such person. The approval of holders of a majority of the common units, excluding common units held by the general partner and its affiliates, is required in other circumstances for a transfer of the general partner interest to a third party prior to December 31, 2016. Please read "— Transfer of General Partner Interest."			
Transfer of ownership interests in our general partner	No approval required at any time. Please read " Transfer of Ownership Interests in Our General Partner."			

Issuance of Additional Securities

Our partnership agreement authorizes us to issue an unlimited number of additional limited partner interests and other equity securities that may be senior to our common units on terms and conditions established by our general partner in its sole discretion without the approval of our unitholders.

It is possible that we will fund acquisitions through the issuance of additional common units or other equity securities. Holders of any additional common units we issue will be entitled to share equally with the then-existing holders of common units in our cash distributions. In addition, the issuance of additional partnership interests may dilute the value of the interests of the then-existing holders of common units in our reash distributions. In addition, the issuance of additional partnership interests may dilute the value of the interests of the then-existing holders of common units in our net assets.

In accordance with Delaware law and the provisions of our partnership agreement, we may also issue additional partnership interests that, as determined by our general partner, may have special voting rights to which common units are not entitled. In addition, our partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by our subsidiaries of equity securities, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

Upon issuance of additional common units or other partnership securities, our general partner will be entitled, but will not be required, to make additional capital contributions to the extent necessary to maintain its 2% general partner interest in us. If the general partner does not make additional capital contributions to maintain its 2% general partner interest in us, its interest will be decreased to its pro rata portion of its relative capital account. Please read "— Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds." Our general partner and its affiliates have the right, which they may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of their affiliates, to purchase common units or other equiry securities whenever, and on the same terms that, we issue those securities to persons other than our general partner and its affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain their limited partner percentage interests in us that existed immediately prior to the issuance. Our general partner and its affiliates of our outstanding common units after this offering (or approximately 26.4% if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full). The holders of common units will not have preemptive rights to acquire additional common units or other partnership interests in us.

Amendments to Our Partnership Agreement

General

Amendments to our partnership agreement may be proposed only by or with the consent of our general partner. However, our general partner will have no duty or obligation to propose any amendment and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners. In order to adopt a proposed amendment, other than the amendments discussed below, our general partner is required to seek written approval of the holders of the number of common units required to approve the amendment or call a meeting of the limited partners to consider and vote upon the proposed amendment. Except as described below, an amendment must be approved by holders of a majority of our outstanding common units.

Prohibited Amendments

No amendment may be made that would:

(1) enlarge the obligations of any limited partner without its consent, unless approved by holders of at least a majority of the type or class of limited partner interests so affected; or

(2) enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable by us to our general partner or any of its affiliates without the consent of our general partner, which may be given or withheld at its option.

The provision of our partnership agreement preventing the amendments having the effects described in clauses (1) or (2) above can be amended upon the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the outstanding common units.

No Unitholder Approval

Our general partner may generally make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner to reflect:

(1) a change in the name of the partnership, the location of the partnership's principal place of business, the partnership's registered agent or its registered office;

(2) the admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of partners in accordance with our partnership agreement;

(3) a change that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the partnership to qualify or to continue our qualification as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that none of us or our subsidiaries will be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes;

(4) an amendment that is necessary, in the opinion of our counsel, to prevent the partnership or our general partner or its directors, officers, agents or trustees, from in any manner being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, or "plan asset" regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, whether or not substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed;

(5) an amendment that the general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the authorization of issuance of any class or series of partnership securities; (6) any amendment expressly permitted in our partnership agreement to be made by our general partner acting alone;

(7) an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a merger agreement that has been approved under the terms of our partnership agreement;

(8) any amendment that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation by the partnership of, or its investment in, any corporation, partnership or other entity, as otherwise permitted by our partnership agreement;

(9) a change in our fiscal year or taxable year and related changes;

(10) certain mergers or conveyances set forth in our partnership agreement; and

(11) any other amendments substantially similar to any of the matters described in (1) through (10) above.

In addition, our general partner may make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner or if our general partner determines that those amendments:

(1) do not adversely affect our limited partners (or any particular class of limited partners) in any material respect;

(2) are necessary or appropriate to satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute;

(3) are necessary or appropriate to facilitate the trading of limited partner interests or to comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any securities exchange on which the limited partner interests are or will be listed for trading, compliance with any of which our general partner deems to be in the partnership's best interest and the best interest of our limited partners;

(4) are necessary or advisable for any action taken by our general partner relating to splits or combinations of units under the provisions of our partnership agreement; or

(5) are required to effect the intent of the provisions of our partnership agreement or are otherwise contemplated by our partnership agreement.

Opinion of Counsel and Unitholder Approval

Our general partner will not be required to obtain an opinion of counsel that an amendment will not result in a loss of limited liability to the limited partners or result in us or our subsidiaries being treated as an entity for federal income tax purposes in connection with any of the amendments described under "— Amendments to Our Partnership Agreement — No Unitholder Approval." No other amendments to our partnership agreement will become effective without the approval of holders of at least 90% of the outstanding common units unless we first obtain an opinion of counsel to the effect that the amendment will not affect the limited liability under applicable law of any of our limited partners. Any amendment that reduces the voting percentage required to take any action must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners constituting not less than the voting requirement sought to be reduced.

Merger, Consolidation, Conversion, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets

Our partnership agreement generally prohibits our general partner, without the prior approval of holders of a majority of our outstanding common units, from causing us to, among other things, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, including by way of merger, consolidation or other combination, or approving on our behalf the sale, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of our assets of related transactions. Uncluding by way of merger, consolidation or other combination, or approving on our behalf the sale, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of our substantially all of our assets without that approval. Our general partner may also sell all or substantially all of our assets without that approval. Our general partner may also sell all or substantially all of our assets without that approval. Our general partner may merger without the prior approval of our unitholders if we are the surviving entity in the transaction, our general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters, the transaction would not result in a material amendment to the partnership agreement, each of our units will be an identical unit of our partnership following the transaction, and the partnership securities to be issued do not exceed 20% of our outstanding partnership securities immediately prior to the transaction.

If the conditions specified in our partnership agreement are satisfied, our general partner, without the approval of our unitholders, may convert us into a new limited liability entity or merge us or any of our subsidiaries into, or convey some or all of our assets to, a newly formed entity if the sole purpose of that conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in our legal form into another limited liability entity. The unitholders are not entitled to dissenters' rights of appraisal under our partnership agreement or applicable Delaware law in the event of a conversion, merger or consolidation, a sale of substantially all of our assets or any other transaction or event.

Termination or Dissolution

We will continue as a limited partnership until terminated under our partnership agreement. We will dissolve upon:

(1) the election of our general partner to dissolve us, if approved by a majority of the members of our general partner's audit and conflicts committee and the holders of a majority of our outstanding common units;

(2) there being no limited partners, unless we are continued without dissolution in accordance with applicable Delaware law;

(3) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of our partnership; or

(4) the withdrawal or removal of our general partner or any other event that results in its ceasing to be our general partner other than by reason of a transfer of its general partner interest in accordance with our partnership agreement or withdrawal or removal following approval and admission of a successor.

Upon a dissolution under clause (4) above, the holders of a majority of our outstanding common units may also elect, within specific time limitations, to continue our business on the same terms and conditions described in our partnership agreement by appointing a successor general partner an entity approved by the

holders of a majority of our outstanding common units, excluding those common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, subject to receipt by us of an opinion of counsel to the effect that:

- the action would not result in the loss of limited liability of any limited partner; and
- we would not be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise be taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes upon the exercise of that right to continue.

Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds

Upon our dissolution, unless we are continued as a new limited partnership, the person authorized to wind up our affairs (the liquidator) will, acting with all the powers of our general partner that the liquidator deems necessary or desirable, liquidate our assets. The proceeds of the liquidation will be applied as follows:

- first, towards the payment of all of our creditors and the creation of a reserve for contingent liabilities; and
- then, to all partners in accordance with the positive balance in their respective capital accounts.

Under some circumstances and subject to some limitations, the liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of our assets for a reasonable period of time. If the liquidator determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to our partners, our general partner may distribute assets in kind to our partners.

Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner

Except as described below, our general partner has agreed not to withdraw voluntarily as our general partner prior to December 31, 2016 without obtaining the approval of a majority of the members of our audit and conflicts committee and holders of a majority of our outstanding common units, excluding those held by our general partner and its affiliates, and furnishing an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters. On or after December 31, 2016, our general partner may withdraw as general partner without first obtaining approval of any unitholder by giving 90 days' written notice, and that withdrawal will not constitute a violation of our partnership agreement. In addition, our general partner may withdraw without unitholder approval upon 90 days' notice to our limited partners if at least 50% of our outstanding common units are held or controlled by one person and its affiliates.

Upon the voluntary withdrawal of our general partner, the holders of a majority of our outstanding common units, excluding the common units held by the withdrawing general partner and its affiliates, may elect a successor to the withdrawing general partner. If a successor is not elected, or is elected but an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters cannot be obtained, we will be dissolved, wound up and liquidated, unless within 90 days after that withdrawal, the holders of a majority of our outstanding common units, excluding the common units held by the withdrawing general partner and its affiliates, agree to continue our business and to appoint a successor general partner.

Our general partner may not be removed unless that removal is approved by (i) a majority of the audit and conflicts committee of our general partner and (ii) holders of not less than 66²/3% of our outstanding common units, including common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, and we receive an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters. In addition, if our general partner is removed as our general partner under circumstances where cause does not exist and common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, are not voted in favor of such removal, our general partner will have the right to convert its general partners into common units or to receive cash in exchange for such interests. Any removal of this kind is also subject to the approval of a successor general partner by a majority of our outstanding common units, including those held by our general partner and its affiliates. The ownership of more than 33¹/₃% of the outstanding common units by our general partner and its affiliates ould give it the practical ability to prevent its removal. Upon completion of this offering, affiliates or any general partner will own approximately 36.0% of the outstanding common units (or approximately 26.4% if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).



In the event of removal of a general partner under circumstances where cause exists or withdrawal of a general partner where that withdrawal violates our partnership agreement, a successor general partner will have the option to purchase the general partner interest of the departing general partner for a cash payment equal to its fair market value. Under all other circumstances where a general partner withdraws or is removed by the limited partners, the departing general partner will have the option to require the successor general partner to purchase the general partner for a cash payment equal to its fair market value. Under all other departing general partner soft the departing general partner for a cash payment equal to its fair market value will be determined by agreement between the departing general partner and the successor general partner is reached within 30 days of the departing general partner, an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert selected by the departing general partner and the successor general partner will determine the fair market value. Or, if the departing general partner and the successor general partner of the experts selected by each of them will determine the fair market value.

If the option described above is not exercised by either the departing general partner or the successor general partner, the departing general partner's general partner interest will automatically convert into common units equal to the fair market value of those interests as determined by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected in the manner described in the preceding paragraph.

In addition, we will be required to reimburse the departing general partner for all amounts due the departing general partner, including, without limitation, all employee-related liabilities, including severance liabilities, incurred for the termination of any employees employed by the departing general partner or its affiliates for our benefit.

Transfer of General Partner Interest

Except for transfer by our general partner of all, but not less than all, of its general partner interest in us to:

- an affiliate of the general partner (other than an individual); or
- another entity as part of the merger or consolidation of the general partner with or into another entity or the transfer by the general partner of all or substantially all of its assets to
 another entity,

our general partner may not transfer all or any part of its general partner interest in us to another entity prior to December 31, 2016 without the approval of holders of a majority of the common units outstanding, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates. As a condition of this transfer, the transferee must assume the rights and duties of our general partner, agree to be bound by the provisions of the partnership agreement, and furnish an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters.

Our general partner and it affiliates may at any time transfer common units to one or more persons without unitholder approval.

Transfer of Ownership Interests in Our General Partner

At any time, Enterprise Products OLP may sell or transfer all or part of its ownership interest in our general partner without the approval of our unitholders.

Change of Management Provisions

Our partnership agreement contains specific provisions that are intended to discourage a person or group from attempting to remove our general partner as general partner or otherwise change management. If any person or group other than our general partner and its affiliates acquires beneficial ownership of 20% or more of any class of common units, that person or group loses voting rights on all of its common units. This loss of voting rights does not apply to any person or group that acquires the common units from our general partner or its affiliates and any transferees of that person or group approved by our general partner or to any person or group who acquires the common units with the prior approval of the board of directors of our general partner.

Limited Call Right

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates hold 80% or more of the outstanding limited partner interests of any class, our general partner will have the right, but not the obligation, which it may assign in whole or in part to any of its affiliates or us, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the remaining limited partner interests of the class held by unaffiliated persons as of a record date to be selected by our general partner, on at least 10 but not more than 60 days' notice. The purchase price in the event of this purchase is the greater of:

- the highest price paid by either our general partner or any of its affiliates for any limited partners interests of the class purchased within the 90 days preceding the date our general
 partner first mails notice of its election to purchase the limited partner interests; and
- the current market price of the limited partner interests of the class as of the date three days prior to the date that notice is mailed.

As a result of our general partner's right to purchase outstanding limited partner interests, a holder of limited partner interests may have his limited partner interests purchased at an undesirable time or price. The tax consequences to a unitholder of the exercise of this call right are the same as a sale by that unitholder of his common units in the market. Please read "Material Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units."

Upon completion of this offering, affiliates of our general partner will own approximately 7,301,571 of our common units, representing approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or 5,351,571 common units representing approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).

Meetings; Voting

Except as described below regarding a person or group owning 20% or more of common units then outstanding, unitholders on the record date will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, meetings of our limited partners and to act upon matters for which approvals may be solicited. Common units that are owned by non-citizen assignees will be voted by our general partner and our general partner will distribute the votes on those common units in the same ratios as the votes of limited partners on other common units are cast.

Our general partner does not anticipate that any meeting of unitholders will be called in the foreseeable future. Any action that is required or permitted to be taken by our unitholders may be taken either at a meeting of the unitholders or without a meeting if consents in writing describing the action so taken are signed by holders of the number of common units as would be necessary to authorize or take that action at a meeting. Meetings of the unitholders may be called by our general partner or by unitholders owning at least 20% of the outstanding common units. Unitholders may not either in person or by proxy at meetings. The holders of a majority of the outstanding common units, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum unless any action by the unitholders requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of the common units, in which case the quorum will be the greater percentage.

Each record holder of a common unit has a vote according to his percentage interest in us, although additional limited partner interests having special voting rights could be issued. Please read "— Issuance of Additional Securities" above. However, if at any time any person or group, other than our general partner and its affiliates, or a direct or subsequently approved transferee of our general partner or its affiliates, acquires, in the aggregate, beneficial ownership of 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, that person or group will lose voting rights on all of its units and the units may not be voted on any matter and will not be considered to be outstanding when sending notices of a meeting of unitholders, calculating required votes, determining the presence of a quorum or for other similar purposes. Common units held in nominee or street name account will be voted by the broker or other nominee in accordance with the instruction of the beneficial owner unless the arrangement between the beneficial owner and his nominee provides otherwise.



Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy material required or permitted to be given or made to record holders of common units under our partnership agreement will be delivered to the record holder by us or by the transfer agent.

Status as Limited Partner

By transfer of common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transferee of common units shall be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the transferred units when such transfer and admission is reflected in our books and records. Except as described under "— Limited Liability," the common units will be fully paid, and unitholders will not be required to make additional contributions.

Non-Citizen Assignees; Redemption

If we are or become subject to federal, state or local laws or regulations that, in the reasonable determination of our general partner, create a substantial risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any property that we have an interest in because of the nationality, citizenship or other related status of any limited partner, we may redeem the common units held by the limited partner at their current market price. In order to avoid any cancellation or forfeiture, our general partner may require each limited partner to furnish information about his nationality, citizenship or other related status within 30 days after a request for the information or our general partner determines after receipt of the information that the limited partner is not an eligible citizen, the limited partner may be treated as a non-citizen assignee. A non-citizen assignee is entitled to an interest equivalent to that of a limited partner for the right to share in allocations and distributions from us, including liquidating distributions. A non-citizen assignee does not have the right to direct the voting of his common units and may not receive distributions in kind upon our liquidation.

Indemnification

Under our partnership agreement, in most circumstances, we will indemnify the following persons, to the fullest extent permitted by law, subject to certain limitations expressly provided in our partnership agreement, from and against all losses, claims, damages or similar events:

- (1) our general partner;
- (2) any departing general partner;
- (3) any person who is or was an affiliate of our general partner or any departing general partner;
- (4) any person who is or was an officer, director, member, partner, fiduciary or trustee of any entity described in (1), (2) or (3) above;

(5) any person who is or was serving as an officer, director, member, partner, fiduciary or trustee of another person at the request of the general partner or any departing general partner; and

(6) any person designated by our general partner.

This indemnification is required unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that these indemnitees acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the indemnitee's conduct was unlawful.

Any indemnification under these provisions will only be out of our assets. Unless it otherwise agrees, our general partner will not be personally liable for, or have any obligation to contribute or loan funds or assets to us to enable us to effectuate, indemnification. We may purchase insurance against liabilities asserted against and expenses incurred by persons for our activities, regardless of whether we would have the power to indemnify the person against liabilities under the partnership agreement.

Resolution of Conflicts of Interest

As discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, our partnership agreement provides contractual procedures for the resolution of certain conflicts of interest that are binding on all partners and modifies certain fiduciary duties otherwise applicable under Delaware law.

Unless otherwise expressly provided in our partnership agreement, whenever a potential conflict of interest exists or arises between our general partner or any of its affiliates, on the one hand, and us, any of our subsidiaries or any partner, on the other hand, any resolution or course of action by the general partner or its affiliates in respect of such conflict of interest shall be permitted and deemed approved by all partners, and shall not constitute a breach of our partnership agreement or of any agreement contemplated thereby, or of any duty stated or implied by law or equity, if the resolution or course of action in respect of such conflict of interest is or, by operation of the partnership agreement is deemed to be, fair and reasonable to us; *provided* that, any conflict of interest shall be, or be deemed to be, fair and reasonable to us if such conflict of interest or resolution is (i) approved by "Special Approval" (i.e., by a majority of the members of the Audit and Conflicts Committee), or (ii) on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties. The Audit and Conflicts Committee (in connection with Special Approval) shall be authorized in connection with its resolution of any conflict of interest to consider (i) the relative interests of any party to such conflict, agreement, transaction or situation and the benefits and burdens relating to such interest; (ii) the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us); (iii) any customary or accepted industry practices and any customary or historical dealings with a particular Person; (iv) any applicable generally accepted accounting or engineering practices or principles; (v) the relative cost of capital of the parties and the consequent rates of return to the equity holders of the party; and (vi) such additional factors as the Audit and Conflicts Committee determines in its sole discretion to be relevant, reasonable or appropriate under the circumstances Nothing contained in the partnership agreement, however, is intended to nor shall it be construed to require the Audit and Conflicts Committee to consider the interests of any person other than the Partnership. In the absence of bad faith by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or our general partner, the resolution, action or terms so made, taken or provided (including granting Special Approval) by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or our general partner with respect to such matter shall be conclusive and binding on all persons (including all partners) and shall not constitute a breach of the partnership agreement, or any other agreement contemplated thereby, or a breach of any standard of care or duty imposed in the partnership agreement or under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act or any other law, rule or regulation. It shall be presumed that the resolution, action or terms made, taken or provided by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or our general partner was not made, taken or provided in bad faith, and in any proceeding brought by any limited partner or yo or on behalf of such limited partner or any other limited partner or us challenging such resolution, action or terms, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding shall have the burden of overcoming such presumption.

Whenever our general partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its affiliates causes it to do so, in its capacity as our general partner as opposed to in its individual capacity, whether under our partnership agreement, or any other agreement contemplated thereby or otherwise, then unless another express standard is provided for in our partnership agreement, or such affiliates causing it to do so, shall make such determination or take or decline to take such other action in a manner that is not in bad faith and shall not be subject to any other or different standards imposed by our partnership agreement, any other agreement contemplated thereby or under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity.

Reimbursement of Expenses

Our partnership agreement requires us to reimburse our general partner for all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on our behalf and all other expenses allocable to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business. These expenses include salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to persons who perform services for us or our general partner and



expenses allocated to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business. The general partner is entitled to determine in good faith the expenses that are allocable to us.

Books and Reports

Our general partner is required to keep appropriate books of our business at our principal offices. The books will be maintained for both tax and financial reporting purposes on an accrual basis. For tax and fiscal reporting purposes, our fiscal year is the calendar year.

We will furnish or make available to record holders of common units, within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, an annual report containing audited financial statements and a report on those financial statements by our independent public accountants. Except for our fourth quarter, we will also furnish or make available summary financial information within 90 days after the close of each quarter.

We will furnish each record holder of a common unit with information reasonably required for tax reporting purposes within 90 days after the close of each calendar year. This information is expected to be furnished in summary form so that some complex calculations normally required of partners can be avoided. Our ability to furnish this summary information to unitholders will depend on the cooperation of unitholders in supplying us with specific information. Every unitholder will receive information to assist him in determining his federal and state tax liability and filing his federal and state income tax returns, regardless of whether he supplies us with information.

Right to Inspect Our Books and Records

A limited partner can, for a purpose reasonably related to the limited partner's interest as a limited partner, upon reasonable demand stating the purpose of such demand and at his own expense, obtain:

- · a current list of the name and last known address of each partner;
- a copy of our tax returns;
- information as to the amount of cash and a description and statement of the agreed value of any other property or services, contributed or to be contributed by each partner and the
 date on which each became a partner;
- copies of our partnership agreement, our certificate of limited partnership, amendments to either of them and powers of attorney which have been executed under our partnership agreement;
- · information regarding the status of our business and financial condition; and
- any other information regarding our affairs as is just and reasonable.

Our general partner may, and intends to, keep confidential from the limited partners trade secrets and other information the disclosure of which our general partner believes in good faith is not in our best interest, could damage our business or which we are required by law or by agreements with third parties to keep confidential.

Registration Rights

Under our partnership agreement, we have agreed to register for resale under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws any common units or other partnership securities proposed to be sold by our general partner or any of its affiliates or their assignees if an exemption from the registration requirements is not otherwise available. We are obligated to pay all costs and expenses incidental to any such registration and offering on behalf of our general partner or its affiliates, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions. Please also read "Common Units Eligible for Future Sale."

COMMON UNITS ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

After the sale of the common units offered by this prospectus, our general partner or its affiliates, will hold an aggregate of 7,301,571 common units, representing approximately 36.0% of our outstanding common units (or 5,351,571 common units, representing approximately 26.4% of our outstanding common units if the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units is exercised in full). The sale of these common units could have an adverse impact on the price of the common units or on any trading market that may develop.

The common units sold in this offering will generally be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except that any common units held by an "affiliate" of ours may not be resold publicly except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or under an exemption under Rule 144 or otherwise. Rule 144 permits securities acquired by an affiliate of the issuer to be sold into the market in an amount that does not exceed, during any three-month period, the greater of:

- 1% of the total number of the securities outstanding; or
- the average weekly reported trading volume of the common units for the four calendar weeks prior to the sale.

Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to specific manner of sale provisions, holding period requirements, notice requirements, and the availability of current public information about us. A person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned his common units for at least two years, would be entitled to sell common units under Rule 144 without regard to the current public information requirements, volume limitations, manner of sale provisions, and notice requirements of Rule 144.

The partnership agreement provides that we may issue an unlimited number of limited partner interests without a vote of the unitholders. Such common units may be issued on the terms and conditions established by our general partner. Any issuance of additional common units would result in a corresponding decrease in the proportionate ownership interest in us represented by, and could adversely affect the cash distributions to, and market price of, common units then outstanding. Please read "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Issuance of Additional Securities."

Under the partnership agreement, our general partner and its affiliates have the right to cause us to register under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws the offer and sale of any common units that they hold. Subject to the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement, these registration rights allow our general partner and its affiliates or their assignees holding any common units to require registration of any of these common units and to include any of these common units in a registration by us of other common units, including common units offered by us or by any unitholder. Our general partner will continue to have these registration rights for two years following its withdrawal or removal as our general partner. In connection with any registration of this kind, we will indemnify each unitholder participating in the registration and its officers, directors, and controlling persons from and against any liabilities under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities laws arising from the registration statement or prospectus. We will bear all costs and expenses incidental to any registration, excluding any underwriting discounts and commissions. Except as described below, our general partner and its affiliates may sell their common units in private transactions at any time, subject to compliance with applicable laws.

We, certain of our affiliates and the directors and executive officers of our general partner have agreed not to sell any common units they beneficially own for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus. Please read "Underwriting" for a description of these lock-up provisions.



MATERIAL TAX CONSEQUENCES

This section is a discussion of the material tax considerations that may be relevant to prospective unitholders who are individual citizens or residents of the United States and, unless otherwise noted in the following discussion, is the opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP, counsel to our general partner and us, insofar as it relates to matters of United States federal income tax law and legal conclusions with respect to those matters. This section is based upon current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, existing and proposed regulations and current administrative rulings and court decisions, all of which are subject to change. Later changes in these authorities may cause the tax consequences to vary substantially from the consequences described below. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this section to "us" or "we" are references to Duncan Energy Partners L.P. and our operating partnership.

The following discussion does not address all federal income tax matters affecting us or the unitholders. Moreover, the discussion focuses on unitholders who are individual citizens or residents of the United States and has only limited application to corporations, estates, trusts, nonresident aliens or other unitholders subject to specialized tax treatment, such as tax-exempt institutions, foreign persons, individual retirement accounts (IRAs), real estate investment trusts (REITs), employee benefit plans or mutual funds. Accordingly, we urge each prospective unitholder to consult, and depend on, his own tax advisor in analyzing the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences particular to him of the ownership or disposition of the common units.

All statements as to matters of law and legal conclusions, but not as to factual matters, contained in this section, unless otherwise noted, are the opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP and are based on the accuracy of the representations made by us and our general partner.

No ruling has been or will be requested from the IRS regarding any matter affecting us or prospective unitholders. Instead, we will rely on opinions of Andrews Kurth LLP. Unlike a ruling, an opinion of counsel represents only that counsel's best legal judgment and does not bind the IRS or the courts. Accordingly, the opinions and statements made in this discussion may not be sustained by a court if contested by the IRS. Any contest of this sort with the IRS may materially and adversely impact the market for the common units and the prices at which common units trade. In addition, the costs of any contest with the IRS, principally legal, accounting and related fees, will result in a reduction in cash available for distribution to our unitholders and our general partner and thus will be borne indirectly by our unitholders and our general partner. Furthermore, the tax treatment of us, or of an investment in us, may be significantly modified by future legislative or administrative changes or court decisions. Any modifications may or may not be retroactively applied.

For the reasons described below, Andrews Kurth LLP has not rendered an opinion with respect to the following specific federal income tax issues: the treatment of a unitholder whose common units are loaned to a short seller to cover a short sale of common units (please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Treatment of Short Sales"); whether our monthly convention for allocating taxable income and losses is permitted by existing Treasury Regulations (please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees"); and whether our method for depreciating Section 743 adjustments is sustainable in certain cases (please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election" and "— Uniformity of Units").

Partnership Status

A partnership is not a taxable entity and incurs no federal income tax liability. Instead, each partner of a partnership is required to take into account his share of items of income, gain, loss and deduction of the partnership in computing his federal income tax liability, regardless of whether cash distributions are made to him by the partnership. Distributions by a partnership to a partner are generally not taxable unless the amount of cash distributed is in excess of the partner's adjusted basis in his partnership interest.

Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that publicly traded partnerships will, as a general rule, be taxed as corporations. However, an exception, referred to as the "Qualifying Income Exception," exists with respect to publicly traded partnerships of which 90% or more of the gross income for every taxable year consists of "qualifying income." Qualifying income includes income and gains derived from the exploration,



development, mining or production, processing, refining, transportation, storage and marketing of crude oil, natural gas and products thereof. Other types of qualifying income include interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, gains from the sale of real property and gains from the sale or other disposition of capital assets held for the production of income that otherwise constitutes qualifying income. We estimate that less than 6% of our current income is not qualifying income; however, this estimate could change from time to time. Based on and subject to this estimate, the factual representations made by us and our general partner and a review of the applicable legal authorities, Andrews Kurth LLP is of the opinion that at least 90% of our current gross income constitutes qualifying income. The portion of our income that is qualifying income can change from time to time.

No ruling has been or will be sought from the IRS and the IRS has made no determination as to our status for federal income tax purposes or whether our operations generate "qualifying income" under Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code. Instead, we will rely on the opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP that, based upon the Internal Revenue Code, its regulations, published revenue rulings and court decisions and the representations described below, we will be classified as a partnership and our operating partnership will be disregarded as an entity separate from us for federal income tax purposes.

In rendering its opinion, Andrews Kurth LLP has relied on factual representations made by us and our general partner. The representations made by us and our general partner upon which Andrews Kurth LLP has relied include:

- · Neither we nor our operating partnership has elected nor will elect to be treated as a corporation; and
- For each taxable year, more than 90% of our gross income will be income that Andrews Kurth LLP has opined or will opine is "qualifying income" within the meaning of Section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

If we fail to meet the Qualifying Income Exception, other than a failure that is determined by the IRS to be inadvertent and that is cured within a reasonable time after discovery, we will be treated as if we had transferred all of our assets, subject to liabilities, to a newly formed corporation, on the first day of the year in which we fail to meet the Qualifying Income Exception, in return for stock in that corporation, and then distributed that stock to the unitholders in liquidation of their interests in us. This deemed contribution and liquidation should be tax-free to unitholders and us so long as we, at that time, do not have liabilities in excess of the tax basis of our assets. Thereafter, we would be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes.

If we were taxable as a corporation in any taxable year, either as a result of a failure to meet the Qualifying Income Exception or otherwise, our items of income, gain, loss and deduction would be reflected only on our tax return rather than being passed through to the unitholders, and our net income would be taxed to us at corporate rates. In addition, any distribution made to a unitholder would be treated as either taxable dividend income, to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, or, in the absence of earnings and profits, a nontaxable return of capital, to the extent of the unitholder's tax basis in his common units, or taxable capital gain, after the unitholder's tax basis in his common units is reduced to zero. Accordingly, taxation as a corporation would result in a material reduction in a unitholder's cash flow and after-tax return and thus would likely result in a substantial reduction of the value of the units.

The discussion below is based on Andrews Kurth LLP's opinion that we will be classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

Limited Partner Status

Unitholders who have become limited partners of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. will be treated as partners of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. for federal income tax purposes. Also, unitholders whose common units are held in street name or by a nominee and who have the right to direct the nominee in the exercise of all substantive rights attendant to the ownership of their common units will be treated as partners of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. for federal income tax purposes.

A beneficial owner of common units whose units have been transferred to a short seller to complete a short sale would appear to lose his status as a partner with respect to those units for federal income tax purposes. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Treatment of Short Sales."

Items of our income, gain, loss and deduction would not appear to be reportable by a unitholder who is not a partner for federal income tax purposes, and any cash distributions received by a unitholder who is not a partner for federal income tax purposes would therefore appear to be fully taxable as ordinary income. These holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to their tax consequences of holding common units in Duncan Energy Partners L.P. The references to "unitholders" in the discussion that follows are to persons who are treated as partners in Duncan Energy Partners L.P. for federal income tax purposes.

Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership

Flow-through of Taxable Income. We will not pay any federal income tax. Instead, each unitholder will be required to report on his income tax return his share of our income, gains, losses and deductions without regard to whether corresponding cash distributions are received by him. Consequently, we may allocate income to a unitholder even if he has not received a cash distribution. Each unitholder will be required to include in income his allocable share of our income, gains, losses and deductions for our taxable year ending with or within his taxable year. Our taxable year ends on December 31.

Treatment of Distributions. Distributions by us to a unitholder generally will not be taxable to the unitholder for federal income tax purposes, except to the extent the amount of any such cash distribution exceeds his tax basis in his common units immediately before the distribution. Our cash distributions in excess of a unitholder's tax basis in his common units generally will be considered to be gain from the sale or exchange of the common units, taxable in accordance with the rules described under "— Disposition of Common Units" below. Any reduction in a unitholder's share of our liabilities for which no partner, including our general partner, bears the economic risk of loss, known as "nonrecourse liabilities," will be treated as a distribution of cash to that unitholder. To the extent our distributions cause a unitholder's "at risk" amount to be less than zero at the end of any taxable year, he must recapture any losses deducted in previous years. Please read "— Limitations on Deductibility of Losses."

A decrease in a unitholder's percentage interest in us because of our issuance of additional common units will decrease his share of our nonrecourse liabilities, and thus will result in a corresponding deemed distribution of cash. A non-pro rata distribution of money or property may result in ordinary income to a unitholder, regardless of his tax basis in his common units, if the distribution reduces the unitholder's share of our "unrealized receivables," including depreciation recapture, and/or substantially appreciated "inventory items," both as defined in Section 751 of the Internal Revenue Code, and collectively, "Section 751 Assets." To that extent, he will be treated as having been distributed his proportionate share of the Section 751 Assets and having exchanged those assets with us in return for the non-pro rata portion of the actual distribution made to him. This latter deemed exchange will generally result in the unitholder's realization of ordinary income, which will equal the excess of the non-pro rata portion of that distribution over the unitholder's tax basis for the share of Section 751 Assets deemed relinquished in the exchange.

Ratio of Taxable Income to Distributions. We estimate that a purchaser of common units in this offering who owns those common units from the date of closing of this offering through the record date for distributions for the period ending December 31, 2009, will be allocated on a cumulative basis an amount of federal taxable income for that period that will be less than 20% of the cash distributed with respect to that period. We anticipate that after the taxable year ending December 31, 2009, the ratio of allocable taxable income to cash distributions to the unitholders will increase. These estimates are based upon the assumption that gross income from operations will approximate the amount required to make the minimum quarterly distribution on all units and other assumptions with respect to capital expenditures, cash flow, net working capital and anticipated cash distributions. These estimates and assumptions are subject to, among other things, numerous business, economic, regulatory, competitive and political uncertainties beyond our control. Further, the estimates are based on current tax law and tax reporting positions that we will adopt and with which the IRS could disagree. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that these estimates will prove to be correct. The

actual percentage of distributions that will constitute taxable income could be higher or lower than our estimation above, and any differences could be material and could materially affect the value of the common units. For example, the ratio of allocable taxable income to cash distributions to a purchaser of common units in this offering will be greater, and perhaps substantially greater if:

- gross income from operations exceeds the amount required to make the minimum quarterly distribution on all units, yet we only distribute the minimum quarterly distribution on all units; or
- we make a future offering of common units and use the proceeds of the offering in a manner that does not produce substantial additional deductions during the period described above, such as to repay indebtedness outstanding at the time of the offering or to acquire property that is not eligible for depreciation or amortization for federal income tax purposes or that is depreciable or amortizable at a rate significantly slower than the rate applicable to our assets at the time of this offering.

Basis of Common Units. A unitholder's initial tax basis for his common units will be the amount he paid for the common units plus his share of our nonrecourse liabilities. That basis will be increased by his share of our income and by any increases in his share of our nonrecourse liabilities. That basis will be decreased, but not below zero, by distributions from us, by the unitholder's share of our losses, by any decreases in his share of our nonrecourse liabilities and by his share of our expenditures that are not deductible in computing taxable income and are not required to be capitalized. A unitholder will have no share of our debt that is recourse to our general partner, but will have a share, generally based on his share of profits, of our nonrecourse liabilities. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss."

Limitations on Deductibility of Losses. The deduction by a unitholder of his share of our losses will be limited to the tax basis in his units and, in the case of an individual unitholder or a corporate unitholder, if more than 50% of the value of the corporate unitholder's stock is owned directly or indirectly by or for five or fewer individuals or some tax-exempt organizations, to the amount for which the unitholder is considered to be "at risk" with respect to our activities, if that amount is less than his tax basis. A unitholder must recapture losses deducted in previous years to the extent that distributions cause his at risk amount to be less than zero at the end of any taxable year. Losses disallowed to a unitholder or recaptured as a result of these limitations will carry forward and will be allowable as a deduction in a later year to the extent that his tax basis or at risk amount, whichever is the limiting factor, is subsequently increased. Upon the taxable disposition of a unit, any gain recognized by a unitholder can be offset by losses that were previously suspended by the at risk limitation but may not be offset by losses suspended by the basis limitation. Any excess loss above that gain previously suspended by the at risk or basis limitations is no longer utilizable.

In general, a unitholder will be at risk to the extent of the tax basis of his units, excluding any portion of that basis attributable to his share of our nonrecourse liabilities, reduced by any amount of money he borrows to acquire or hold his units, if the lender of those borrowed funds owns an interest in us, is related to the unitholder or can look only to the units for repayment. A unitholder's at risk amount will increase or decreases at the tax basis of the unitholder's units increases or decreases, other than tax basis increases or decreases attributable to increases or decreases in his share of our nonrecourse liabilities.

The passive loss limitations generally provide that individuals, estates, trusts and some closely-held corporations and personal service corporations are permitted to deduct losses from passive activities, which are generally corporate or partnership activities in which the taxpayer does not materially participate, only to the extent of the taxpayer's income from those passive activities. The passive loss limitations are applied separately with respect to each publicly traded partnership. Consequently, any passive losses we generate will only be available to offset our passive income generated in the future and will not be available to offset income from other passive activities or investments, including our investments or investments in other publicly traded partnerships, or a unitholder's share of income we generate may be deducted in full when the unitholder disposes of his entire investment in us in a fully taxable transaction with an unrelated party. The passive activity loss rules are applied after other applicable limitations on deductions, including the at risk rules and the basis limitation.



A unitholder's share of our net income may be offset by any of our suspended passive losses, but it may not be offset by any other current or carryover losses from other passive activities, including those attributable to other publicly traded partnerships.

Limitations on Interest Deductions. The deductibility of a non-corporate taxpayer's "investment interest expense" is generally limited to the amount of that taxpayer's "net investment income." Investment interest expense includes:

- · interest on indebtedness properly allocable to property held for investment;
- our interest expense attributed to portfolio income; and
- · the portion of interest expense incurred to purchase or carry an interest in a passive activity to the extent attributable to portfolio income.

The computation of a unitholder's investment interest expense will take into account interest on any margin account borrowing or other loan incurred to purchase or carry a unit. Net investment income includes gross income from property held for investment and amounts treated as portfolio income under the passive loss rules, less deductible expenses, other than interest, directly connected with the production of investment income, but generally does not include gains attributable to the disposition of property held for investment. The IRS has indicated that net passive income earned by a publicly traded partnership will be treated as investment income to its unitholders. In addition, the unitholder's share of our portfolio income will be treated as investment income.

Entity-Level Collections. If we are required or elect under applicable law to pay any federal, state, local or foreign income tax on behalf of any unitholder or the general partner or any former unitholder, we are authorized to pay those taxes from our funds. That payment, if made, will be treated as a distribution of cash to the partner on whose behalf the payment was made. If the payment is made on behalf of a person whose identity cannot be determined, we are authorized to treat the payment as a distribution to all current unitholders. We are authorized to amend our partnership agreement in the manner necessary to maintain uniformity of intrinsic tax characteristics of units and to adjust later distributions, so that after giving effect to these distributions, the priority and characterization of distributions otherwise applicable under our partnership agreement is maintained as nearly as is practicable. Payments by us as described above could give rise to an overpayment of tax on behalf of an individual unitholder in which event the unitholder would be required to file a claim in order to obtain a credit or refund.

Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction. In general, if we have a net profit, our items of income, gain, loss and deduction will be allocated among our general partner and the unitholders in accordance with their percentage interests in us. At any time that distributions are made to the common units in excess of distributions to the subordinated units, or incentive distributions are made to our general partner, gross income will be allocated to the recipients to the extent of these distributions. If we have a net loss for the entire year, that loss will be allocated first to our general partner and the unitholders in accordance with their percentage interests in us to the extent of their positive capital accounts and, second, to our general partner.

Specified items of our income, gain, loss and deduction will be allocated to account for the difference between the tax basis and fair market value of property contributed to us by the general partner and its affiliates, referred to in this discussion as "Contributed Property." The effect of these allocations to a unitholder purchasing common units in this offering will be essentially the same as if the tax basis of our assets were equal to their fair market value at the time of this offering. In addition, items of recapture income will be allocated to the extent possible to the unitholder who was allocated the deduction giving rise to the treatment of that gain as recapture income in order to minimize the recognition of ordinary income by some unitholders. Finally, although we do not expect that our operations will result in the creation of negative capital accounts, if negative capital accounts nevertheless result, items of our income and gain will be allocated in such amount and manner as is needed to eliminate the negative balance as quickly as possible.

An allocation of items of our income, gain, loss or deduction, other than an allocation required by the Internal Revenue Code to eliminate the difference between a partner's "book" capital account, credited with



the fair market value of Contributed Property, and "tax" capital account, credited with the tax basis of Contributed Property, referred to in this discussion as the "Book-Tax Disparity," will generally be given effect for federal income tax purposes in determining a partner's share of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction only if the allocation has substantial economic effect. In any other case, a partner's share of an item will be determined on the basis of his interest in us, which will be determined by taking into account all the facts and circumstances, including:

- his relative contributions to us;
- · the interests of all the partners in profits and losses;
- the interest of all the partners in cash flow; and
- the rights of all the partners to distributions of capital upon liquidation.

Andrews Kurth LLP is of the opinion that, with the exception of the issues described in "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election" and "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees," allocations under our partnership agreement will be given effect for federal income tax purposes in determining a partner's share of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction.

Treatment of Short Sales. A unitholder whose units are loaned to a "short seller" to cover a short sale of units may be considered as having disposed of those units. If so, he would no longer be treated for tax purposes as a partner with respect to those units during the period of the loan and may recognize gain or loss from the disposition. As a result, during this period:

- · any of our income, gain, loss or deduction with respect to those units would not be reportable by the unitholder;
- any cash distributions received by the unitholder as to those units would be fully taxable; and
- · all of these distributions would appear to be ordinary income.

Andrews Kurth LLP has not rendered an opinion regarding the treatment of a unitholder where common units are loaned to a short seller to cover a short sale of common units; therefore, unitholders desiring to assure their status as partners and avoid the risk of gain recognition from a loan to a short seller are urged to modify any applicable brokerage account agreements to prohibit their brokers from loaning their units. The IRS has announced that it is studying issues relating to the tax treatment of short sales of partnership interests. Please also read "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss."

Alternative Minimum Tax. Each unitholder will be required to take into account his distributive share of any items of our income, gain, loss or deduction for purposes of the alternative minimum tax. The current minimum tax rate for noncorporate taxpayers is 26% on the first \$175,000 of alternative minimum taxable income in excess of the exemption amount and 28% on any additional alternative minimum taxable income. Prospective unitholders are urged to consult with their tax advisors as to the impact of an investment in units on their liability for the alternative minimum tax.

Tax Rates. In general the highest effective United States federal income tax rate for individuals is currently 35% and the maximum United States federal income tax rate for net capital gains of an individual is currently 15% if the asset disposed of was held for more than 12 months at the time of disposition.

Section 754 Election. We will make the election permitted by Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code. That election is irrevocable without the consent of the IRS. The election will generally permit us to adjust a common unit purchaser 's tax basis in our assets ("inside basis") under Section 743(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to reflect his purchase price. This election does not apply to a person who purchases common unit directly from us. The Section 743(b) adjustment belongs to the purchaser and not to other unitholder's inside basis in our assets ("common basis") and (2) his Section 743(b) adjustment to that basis.



Where the remedial allocation method is adopted (which we will adopt, except as our general partner otherwise determines with respect to certain goodwill properties), the Treasury Regulations under Section 743 of the Internal Revenue Code require a portion of the Section 743(b) adjustment attributable to recovery property to be depreciated over the remaining cost recovery period for the Section 704(c) built-in gain. Under Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-1(a)(6), a Section 743(b) adjustment attributable to property subject to depreciation under Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, rather than cost recovery deductions under Section 168, is generally required to be depreciated using either the straight-line method or the 150% declining balance method. Under our partnership agreement, our general partner is authorized to take a position to preserve the uniformity of units even if that position is not consistent with the Treasury Regulations. Please read "— Uniformity of Units."

Although Andrews Kurth LLP is unable to opine as to the validity of this approach because there is no controlling authority on this issue, we intend to depreciate the portion of a Section 743(b) adjustment attributable to unrealized appreciation in the value of Contributed Property, to the extent of any unamortized Book-Tax Disparity, using a rate of depreciation or amortization derived from the depreciation or amortization method and useful life applied to the common basis of the property, or treat that portion as non-amortizable to the extent attributable to property the common basis of which is not amortizable. This method is consistent with the Treasury Regulations under Section 7.43 of the Internal Revenue Code but is arguably inconsistent with Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-1(a)(6), which is not expected to directly apply to a material portion of our assets, and Treasury Regulation Section 1.197-2(g)(3). To the extent this Section 743(b) adjustment is attributable to appreciation in value in excess of the unamortized Book-Tax Disparity, we will apply the rules described in the Treasury Regulations and legislative history. If we determine that this position cannot reasonably be taken, we may take a depreciation or amortization position under which all purchasers acquiring units in the same month would receive depreciation or amortization, whether attributable to common basis or a Section 743(b) adjustment, based upon the same applicable rate as if they had purchased a direct interest in our assets. This kind of aggregate approach may result in lower annual depreciation or amortization deductions than would otherwise be allowable to some unitholders. Please read "— Uniformity of Units."

A Section 754 election is advantageous if the transferee's tax basis in his units is higher than the units' share of the aggregate tax basis of our assets immediately prior to the transfer. In that case, as a result of the election, the transferee would have, among other items, a greater amount of depreciation deductions and his share of any gain or loss on a sale of our assets would be less. Conversely, a Section 754 election is disadvantageous if the transferee's tax basis in his units is lower than those units' share of the aggregate tax basis of our assets immediately prior to the transfer. Thus, the fair market value of the units may be affected either favorably or unfavorably by the election. A basis adjustment is required regardless of whether a Section 754 election is made in the case of a transfer of an interest in us if we have a substantial built-in loss immediately after the transfer, or if we distribute property and have a substantial basis reduction. Generally a basis reduction or a built-in loss is substantial if it exceeds \$250,000.

The calculations involved in the Section 754 election are complex and will be made on the basis of assumptions as to the value of our assets and other matters. For example, the allocation of the Section 743(b) adjustment among our assets must be made in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code. The IRS could seek to reallocate some or all of any Section 743(b) adjustment we allocated to our tangible assets to goodwill instead. Goodwill, an intangible asset, is generally nonamortizable or amortizable over a longer period of time or under a less accelerated method than our tangible assets. We cannot assure you that the determinations we make will not be successfully challenged by the IRS and that the deductions resulting from them will not be reduced or disallowed altogether. Should the IRS require a different basis adjustment to be made, and should, in our opinion, the expense of compliance exceed the benefit of the election, we may seek permission from the IRS to revoke our Section 754 election. If permission is granted, a subsequent purchaser of units may be allocated more income than he would have been allocated had the election not been revoked.

Tax Treatment of Operations

Accounting Method and Taxable Year. We use the year ending December 31 as our taxable year and the accrual method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. Each unitholder will be required to include in



income his share of our income, gain, loss and deduction for our taxable year ending within or with his taxable year. In addition, a unitholder who has a taxable year ending on a date other than December 31 and who disposes of all of his units following the close of our taxable year but before the close of his taxable year must include his share of our income, gain, loss and deduction in income for his taxable year, with the result that he will be required to include in income for his taxable year his share of more than one year of our income, gain, loss and deduction. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees."

Initial Tax Basis, Depreciation and Amortization. The tax basis of our assets will be used for purposes of computing depreciation and cost recovery deductions and, ultimately, gain or loss on the disposition of these assets. The federal income tax burden associated with the difference between the fair market value of our assets and their tax basis immediately prior to this offering will be borne by our general partner and its affiliates. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction."

To the extent allowable, we may elect to use the depreciation and cost recovery methods that will result in the largest deductions being taken in the early years after assets are placed in service. Because our general partner may determine not to adopt the remedial method of allocation with respect to any difference between the tax basis and the fair market value of goodwill immediately prior to this or any future offering, we may not be entitled to any amortization deductions with respect to any goodwill conveyed to us on formation or held by us at the time of any future offering. Property we subsequently acquire or construct may be depreciated using accelerated methods permitted by the Internal Revenue Code.

If we dispose of depreciable property by sale, foreclosure, or otherwise, all or a portion of any gain, determined by reference to the amount of depreciation previously deducted and the nature of the property, may be subject to the recapture rules and taxed as ordinary income rather than capital gain. Similarly, a common unitholder who has taken cost recovery or depreciation deductions with respect to property we own will likely be required to recapture some, or all, of those deductions as ordinary income upon a sale of his interest in us. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction" and "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Casin or Loss."

The costs we incur in selling our units (called "syndication expenses") must be capitalized and cannot be deducted currently, ratably or upon our termination. There are uncertainties regarding the classification of costs as organization expenses, which we may be able to amortize, and as syndication expenses, which we may not amortize. The underwriting discounts and commissions we incur will be treated as syndication expenses.

Valuation and Tax Basis of Our Properties. The federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of units will depend in part on our estimates of the relative fair market values, and the initial tax bases, of our assets. Although we may from time to time consult with professional appraisers regarding valuation matters, we will make many of the relative fair market value estimates ourselves. These estimates and determinations of basis are subject to challenge and will not be binding on the IRS or the courts. If the estimates of fair market value or basis are later found to be incorrect, the character and amount of items of income, gain, loss or deductions previously reported by unitholders might change, and unitholders might be required to adjust their tax liability for prior years and incur interest and penalties with respect to those adjustments.

Disposition of Common Units

Recognition of Gain or Loss. Gain or loss will be recognized on a sale of units equal to the difference between the unitholder's amount realized and the unitholder's tax basis for the units sold. A unitholder's amount realized will be measured by the sum of the cash or the fair market value of other property received by him plus his share of our nonrecourse liabilities. Because the amount realized includes a unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities, the gain recognized on the sale of units could result in a tax liability in excess of any cash received from the sale.

Prior distributions from us in excess of cumulative net taxable income for a common unit that decreased a unitholder's tax basis in that common unit will, in effect, become taxable income if the common unit is sold at a price greater than the unitholder's tax basis in that common unit, even if the price received is less than his original cost.

Except as noted below, gain or loss recognized by a unitholder, other than a "dealer" in units, on the sale or exchange of a unit held for more than one year will generally be taxable as capital gain or loss. Capital gain recognized by an individual on the sale of units held more than 12 months will generally be taxed at a maximum rate of 15%. However, a portion of this gain or loss will be separately computed and taxed as ordinary income or loss under Section 751 of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent attributable to assets giving rise to depreciation recapture or other "unrealized receivables" or to "inventory items" we own. The term "unrealized receivables" includes potential recapture items, including depreciation recapture. Ordinary income attributable to unrealized receivables, inventory items and depreciation recapture may exceed net taxable gain realized on the sale of a unit. Thus, a unitholder may recognize both ordinary income and a capital loss upon a sale of units. Net capital losses may offset capital gains and no more than \$3,000 of ordinary income, in the case of individuals, and may only be used to offset capital gains in the case of corporations.

The IRS has ruled that a partner who acquires interests in a partnership in separate transactions must combine those interests and maintain a single adjusted tax basis for all those interests. Upon a sale or other disposition of less than all of those interests, a portion of that tax basis must be allocated to the interest sold using an "equitable apportionment" method, which generally means that the tax basis allocated to the interest sold equals an amount that bears the same relation to the partner's tax basis in the partnership. Treasury Regulations under Section 1223 of the Internal Revenue Code allow a selling unitholder who can identify common units transferred with an ascertainable holding period to elect to use the actual holding period of the common units transferred. Thus, according to the ruling, a common units hold for purposes of determining the holding period of units transferred. A unitholder considering the uatholding period of common units tora sale of common units transferred must consistently use that identification method for all subsequent sales or exchanges of common units. A unitholder considering the purchase of additional units or a sale of common units purchased in separate transactions is urged to consult his tax advisor as to the possible consequences of this ruling and application of the regulations.

Specific provisions of the Internal Revenue Code affect the taxation of some financial products and securities, including partnership interests, by treating a taxpayer as having sold an "appreciated" partnership interest, one in which gain would be recognized if it were sold, assigned or terminated at its fair market value, if the taxpayer or related persons enter(s) into:

- a short sale;
- an offsetting notional principal contract; or
- · a futures or forward contract with respect to the partnership interest or substantially identical property.

Moreover, if a taxpayer has previously entered into a short sale, an offsetting notional principal contract or a futures or forward contract with respect to the partnership interest, the taxpayer will be treated as having sold that position if the taxpayer or a related person then acquires the partnership interest or substantially identical property. The Secretary of the Treasury is also authorized to issue regulations that treat a taxpayer that enters into transactions or positions that have substantially the same effect as the preceding transactions as having constructively sold the financial position.

Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees. In general, our taxable income and losses will be determined annually, will be prorated on a monthly basis and will be subsequently apportioned among the unitholders in proportion to the number of units owned by each of them as of the opening of the applicable exchange on the first business day of the month, which we refer to in this prospectus as the "Allocation Date."



However, gain or loss realized on a sale or other disposition of our assets other than in the ordinary course of business will be allocated among the unitholders on the Allocation Date in the month in which that gain or loss is recognized. As a result, a unitholder transferring units may be allocated income, gain, loss and deduction realized after the date of transfer.

The use of this method may not be permitted under existing Treasury Regulations. Accordingly, Andrews Kurth LLP is unable to opine on the validity of this method of allocating income and deductions between unitholders. If this method is not allowed under the Treasury Regulations, or only applies to transfers of less than all of the unitholder's interest, our taxable income or losses might be reallocated among the unitholders. We are authorized to revise our method of allocation between unitholders, as well as among unitholders whose interests vary during a taxable year, to conform to a method permitted under future Treasury Regulations.

A unitholder who owns units at any time during a quarter and who disposes of them prior to the record date set for a cash distribution for that quarter will be allocated items of our income, gain, loss and deductions attributable to that quarter but will not be entitled to receive that cash distribution.

Notification Requirements. A unitholder who sells any of his units, other than through a broker, generally is required to notify us in writing of that sale within 30 days after the sale (or, if earlier, January 15 of the year following the sale). A purchaser of units who purchases units from another unitholder generally is required to notify us in writing of that purchase within 30 days after the purchase. We are required to notify the IRS of that transaction and to furnish specified information to the transferor and transferee. Failure to notify us of a purchase may, in some cases, lead to the imposition of penalties. However, these reporting requirements do not apply to a sale by an individual who is a citizen of the United States and who effects the sale or exchange through a broker who will satisfy such requirement.

Constructive Termination. We will be considered to have been terminated for tax purposes if there is a sale or exchange of 50% or more of the total interests in our capital and profits within a 12-month period. A constructive termination results in the closing of our taxable year for all unitholders. In the case of a unitholder reporting on a taxable year different from our taxable year, the closing of our taxable year may result in more than 12 months of our taxable income or loss being includable in his taxable income for the year of termination. We would be required to make new tax elections after a termination, including a new election under Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code, and a termination would result in a deferral of our deductions for depreciation. A termination could also result in penalties if we were unable to determine that the termination had occurred. Moreover, a termination might either accelerate the application of, or subject us to, any tax legislation enacted before the termination.

Uniformity of Units

Because we cannot match transferors and transferees of units, we must maintain uniformity of the economic and tax characteristics of the units to a purchaser of these units. In the absence of uniformity, we may be unable to completely comply with a number of federal income tax requirements, both statutory and regulatory. A lack of uniformity can result from a literal application of Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-1(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation Section 1.197-2(g)(3). Any non-uniformity could have a negative impact on the value of the units. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election."

We intend to depreciate the portion of a Section 743(b) adjustment attributable to unrealized appreciation in the value of Contributed Property, to the extent of any unamortized Book-Tax Disparity, using a rate of depreciation or amortization derived from the depreciation or amortization method and useful life applied to the common basis of that property, or treat that portion as nonamortizable, to the extent attributable to property the common basis of which is not amortizable, consistent with the regulations under Section 743 of the Internal Revenue Code, even though that position may be inconsistent with Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-1(a)(6), which is not expected to directly apply to a material portion of our assets, and Treasury Regulations Section 1.197-2(g)(3). Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election." To the extent that the Section 743(b) adjustment is attributable to appreciation in value in excess of the unamortized Book-Tax Disparity, we will apply the rules described in the Treasury Regulations and



legislative history. If we determine that this position cannot reasonably be taken, we may adopt a depreciation and amortization position under which all purchasers acquiring units in the same month would receive depreciation and amortization deductions, whether attributable to a common basis or Section 743(b) adjustment, based upon the same applicable rate as if they had purchased a direct interest in our property. If this position is adopted, it may result in lower annual depreciation and amortization deductions than would otherwise be allowable to some unitholders and risk the loss of depreciation and amortization deductions not taken in the year that these deductions are otherwise allowable. This position will not be adopted if we determine that the loss of depreciation and amortization deductions not taken in the year that these deductions are otherwise allowable. This position will not be adopted if we determine that the loss of depreciation method to preserve the uniformity of the intrinsic tax characteristics of any units that would not have a material adverse effect on the unitholders. Our counsel, Andrews Kurth LLP, is unable to opine on the validity of any of these positions. The IRS may challenge any method of depreciating the Section 743(b) adjustment described in this paragraph. If this position of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss."

Tax-Exempt Organizations and Other Investors

Ownership of units by employee benefit plans, other tax-exempt organizations, non-resident aliens, foreign corporations, and other foreign persons raises issues unique to those investors and, as described below, may have substantially adverse tax consequences to them.

Employee benefit plans and most other organizations exempt from federal income tax, including individual retirement accounts and other retirement plans, are subject to federal income tax on unrelated business taxable income. Virtually all of our income allocated to a unitholder that is a tax-exempt organization will be unrelated business taxable income and will be taxable to them.

Non-resident aliens and foreign corporations, trusts or estates that own units will be considered to be engaged in business in the United States because of the ownership of units. As a consequence they will be required to file federal tax returns to report their share of our income, gain, loss or deduction and pay federal income tax at regular rates on their share of our net income or gain. Moreover, under rules applicable to publicly traded partnerships, we will withhold tax at the highest applicable effective tax rate from cash distributions made quarterly to foreign unitholders. Each foreign unitholder must obtain a taxpayer identification number from the IRS and submit that number to our transfer agent on a Form W-8 BEN or applicable substitute form in order to obtain credit for these withholding taxes. A change in applicable law may require us to change these procedures.

In addition, because a foreign corporation that owns units will be treated as engaged in a United States trade or business, that corporation may be subject to the United States branch profits tax at a rate of 30%, in addition to regular federal income tax, on its share of our income and gain, as adjusted for changes in the foreign corporation's "U.S. net equity," that is effectively connected with the conduct of a United States trade or business. That tax may be reduced or eliminated by an income tax treaty between the United States and the country in which the foreign corporate unitholder is a "qualified resident." In addition, this type of unitholder is subject to special information reporting requirements under Section 6038C of the Internal Revenue Code.

Under a ruling of the IRS, a foreign unitholder who sells or otherwise disposes of a unit will be subject to federal income tax on gain realized on the sale or disposition of that unit to the extent that this gain is effectively connected with a United States trade or business of the foreign unitholder. Apart from the ruling, a foreign unitholder will not be taxed or subject to withholding upon the sale or disposition of a unit if he has owned less than 5% in value of the units during the five-year period ending on the date of the disposition and if the units are regularly traded on an established securities market at the time of the sale or disposition.

Administrative Matters

Information Returns and Audit Procedures. We intend to furnish to each unitholder, within 90 days after the close of each taxable year, specific tax information, including a Schedule K-1, which describes each



unitholder's share of our income, gain, loss and deduction for our preceding taxable year. In preparing this information, which will not be reviewed by counsel, we will take various accounting and reporting positions, some of which have been mentioned earlier, to determine each unitholder's share of income, gain, loss and deduction. We cannot assure you that those positions will in all cases yield a result that conforms to the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, Treasury Regulations or administrative interpretations of the IRS. Neither we nor Andrews Kurth LLP can assure prospective unitholders that the IRS will not successfully contend in court that those positions are impermissible. Any challenge by the IRS could negatively affect the value of the units.

The IRS may audit our federal income tax information returns. Adjustments resulting from an IRS audit may require each unitholder to adjust a prior year's tax liability, and possibly may result in an audit of his own return. Any audit of a unitholder's return could result in adjustments not related to our returns as well as those related to our returns.

Partnerships generally are treated as separate entities for purposes of federal tax audits, judicial review of administrative adjustments by the IRS and tax settlement proceedings. The tax treatment of partnership items of income, gain, loss and deduction are determined in a partnership proceeding rather than in separate proceedings with the partners. The Internal Revenue Code requires that one partner be designated as the "Tax Matters Partner" for these purposes. Our partnership agreement names our general partner as our Tax Matters Partner.

The Tax Matters Partner will make some elections on our behalf and on behalf of unitholders. In addition, the Tax Matters Partner can extend the statute of limitations for assessment of tax deficiencies against unitholders for items in our returns. The Tax Matters Partner may bind a unitholder with less than a 1% profits interest in us to a settlement with the IRS unless that unitholder elects, by filing a statement with the IRS, not to give that authority to the Tax Matters Partner. The Tax Matters Partner may seek judicial review, by which all the unitholders are bound, of a final partnership administrative adjustment and, if the Tax Matters Partner fails to seek judicial review, judicial review may be sought by any unitholder having at least a 1% interest in profits or by any group of unitholders having in the aggregate at least a 5% interest in profits. However, only one action for judicial review will go forward, and each unitholder with an interest in the outcome may participate.

A unitholder must file a statement with the IRS identifying the treatment of any item on his federal income tax return that is not consistent with the treatment of the item on our return. Intentional or negligent disregard of this consistency requirement may subject a unitholder to substantial penalties.

Nominee Reporting. Persons who hold an interest in us as a nominee for another person are required to furnish to us:

(1) the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the beneficial owner and the nominee;

(2) whether the beneficial owner is

(a) a person that is not a United States person,

(b) a foreign government, an international organization or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality of either of the foregoing, or

- (c) a tax-exempt entity;
- (3) the amount and description of units held, acquired or transferred for the beneficial owner; and

(4) specific information including the dates of acquisitions and transfers, means of acquisitions and transfers, and acquisition cost for purchases, as well as the amount of net proceeds from sales.

Brokers and financial institutions are required to furnish additional information, including whether they are United States persons and specific information on units they acquire, hold or transfer for their own account. A penalty of \$50 per failure, up to a maximum of \$100,000 per calendar year, is imposed by the



Internal Revenue Code for failure to report that information to us. The nominee is required to supply the beneficial owner of the units with the information furnished to us.

Accuracy-related Penalties. An additional tax equal to 20% of the amount of any portion of an underpayment of tax that is attributable to one or more specified causes, including negligence or disregard of rules or regulations, substantial understatements of income tax and substantial valuation misstatements, is imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. No penalty will be imposed, however, for any portion of an underpayment if it is shown that there was a reasonable cause for that portion and that the taxpayer acted in good faith regarding that portion.

For individuals, a substantial understatement of income tax in any taxable year exists if the amount of the understatement exceeds the greater of 10% of the tax required to be shown on the return for the taxable year or \$5,000. The amount of any understatement subject to penalty generally is reduced if any portion is attributable to a position adopted on the return:

(1) for which there is, or was, "substantial authority," or

(2) as to which there is a reasonable basis and the pertinent facts of that position are disclosed on the return.

If any item of income, gain, loss or deduction included in the distributive shares of unitholders might result in that kind of an "understatement" of income for which no "substantial authority" exists, we must disclose the pertinent facts on our return. In addition, we will make a reasonable effort to furnish sufficient information for unitholders to make adequate disclosure on their returns and to take other actions as may be appropriate to permit unitholders to avoid liability for this penalty. More stringent rules apply to "tax shelters," which we do not believe includes us.

A substantial valuation misstatement exists if the value of any property, or the adjusted basis of any property, claimed on a tax return is 200% or more of the amount determined to be the correct amount of the valuation or adjusted basis. No penalty is imposed unless the portion of the underpayment attributable to a substantial valuation misstatement exceeds \$5,000. If the valuation claimed on a return is 400% or more than the correct valuation, the penalty imposed increases to 40%.

Reportable Transactions. If we were to engage in a "reportable transaction," we (and possibly you and others) would be required to make a detailed disclosure of the transaction to the IRS. A transaction may be a reportable transaction based upon any of several factors, including the fact that it is a type of tax avoidance transaction publicly identified by the IRS as a "listed transaction" or that it produces certain kinds of losses in excess of \$2 million. Our participation in a reportable transaction could increase the likelihood that our federal income tax information return (and possibly your tax return) would be audited by the IRS. Please read "— Information Returns and Audit Procedures" above.

Moreover, if we were to participate in a reportable transaction with a significant purpose to avoid or evade tax, or in any listed transaction, you may be subject to the following provisions of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004:

• accuracy-related penalties with a broader scope, significantly narrower exceptions, and potentially greater amounts than described above at "--- Accuracy-related Penalties,"

· for those persons otherwise entitled to deduct interest on federal tax deficiencies, nondeductibility of interest on any resulting tax liability, and

• in the case of a listed transaction, an extended statute of limitations.

We do not expect to engage in any "reportable transactions."

State, Local and Other Tax Considerations

In addition to federal income taxes, you likely will be subject to other taxes, such as state and local income taxes, unincorporated business taxes, and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that may be imposed

by the various jurisdictions in which we do business or own property or in which you are a resident. Although an analysis of those various taxes is not presented here, each prospective unitholder should consider their potential impact on his investment in us. We will initially own property or do business in Louisiana and Texas. Louisiana currently imposes a personal income tax on individuals. We may also own property or do business in other jurisdictions in the future. Although you may not be required to file a return and pay taxes in some jurisdictions in which we do business or own property and may be subject to penalties for failure to comply with those requirements. In some jurisdictions, tax losses may not produce a tax benefit in the year incurred and may not be available to offset income in subsequent taxable years. Some of the jurisdictions may require us, or we may elect, to withhold a percentage of income from amounts to be distributed to a unitholder who is not a resident of the jurisdiction. Withholding, the amount of which may be greater or less than a particular unitholder's income tax liability to the jurisdiction, generally does not relieve a nonresident unitholder from the obligation to file an income tax return. Amounts withheld will be treated as if distributed to unitholders for purposes of determining the amounts distributed by us. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Entity-Level Collections." Based on current law and our estimate of our future operations, our general partner anticipates that any amounts required to be withheld will not be material.

It is the responsibility of each unitholder to investigate the legal and tax consequences, under the laws of pertinent jurisdictions, of his investment in us. Accordingly, each prospective unitholder is urged to consult, and depend on, his own tax counsel or other advisor with regard to those matters. Further, it is the responsibility of each unitholder to file all state and local, as well as United States federal tax returns, that may be required of him. Andrews Kurth LLP has not rendered an opinion on the state, local or foreign tax consequences of an investment in us.

SELLING UNITHOLDER

If the underwriters exercise all or any portion of their option to purchase additional common units, we will issue up to 1,950,000 additional common units, and we will redeem an equal number of common units from Enterprise Products OLP, which may be deemed to be a selling unitholder and an underwriter in this offering for the common units that would be issued upon the exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional units. The redemption price per common unit will be equal to the price per common unit (net of underwriting discounts and a structuring fee) sold to the underwriters upon exercise of their option.

The following table sets forth information concerning the ownership of common units by Enterprise Products OLP. The numbers in the table are presented assuming:

the underwriters' option to purchase additional units is not exercised; and

the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional units in full.

Name of Selling Unitholder	Assuming Underwriters' Option is Not Exercised	Percent(1)	Assuming Underwriters' Option is Exercised in Full	Percent(1)
Enterprise Products Operating L.P. common units	7,301,571	36.0%	5,351,571	26.4%

(1) Percentage of total common units outstanding, but excluding an initial 414,318 general partner units representing a 2% general partner interest.

UNDERWRITING

Lehman Brothers Inc. and UBS Securities LLC are acting as representatives of the underwriters and joint book-running managers. Under the terms of an underwriting agreement, which will be filed as an exhibit to this registration statement, each of the underwriters named below has severally agreed to purchase from us the respective number of common units shown opposite its name below:

Underwriters	Number of Common Units
Lehman Brothers Inc.	
UBS Securities LLC	
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated	
Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC	
A.G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.	
J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	
RBC Capital Markets Corporation	
Sanders Morris Harris Inc.	
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.	
Natexis Bleichroeder Inc.	
Banc of America Securities LLC	
Total	13,000,000

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriters' obligation to purchase the common units depends on the satisfaction of the conditions contained in the underwriting agreement including:

- the obligation to purchase all of the common units offered hereby if any of the common units are purchased;
- the representations and warranties made by us to the underwriters are true;
- there has been no material change in our financial condition or in the financial markets; and
- · we deliver customary closing documents to the underwriters.

Commissions and Expenses

The following table summarizes the underwriting discounts and commissions we will pay to the underwriters. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units. The underwriting fee is the difference between the initial price to the public and the amount the underwriters pay to us for the common units.

No Exercise

\$

\$

Full Exercise

\$

\$

Per	Unit
T-A	-1

Total

The representatives have advised us that the underwriters propose to offer the common units directly to the public at the public offering price on the cover of this prospectus and to selected dealers, which may include the underwriters, at such offering price less a selling concession not in excess of \$ per unit. After the offering, the representatives may change the offering price and other selling terms.

The expenses of the offering that are payable by us are estimated to be \$3,400,000 (excluding underwriting discounts and commissions and the structuring fee described below). The underwriters have agreed to reimburse us for up to \$520,000 of our expenses incurred in connection with the offering of 13,000,000 common units. In no event will the maximum amount of compensation to be paid to NASD members in connection with this offering exceed 10% plus 0.5% for bona fide due diligence.

We will pay a fee equal to \$1,000,000 to Lehman Brothers Inc. in consideration of advice rendered regarding the structure of this offering and our partnership.

Option to Purchase Additional Common Units

We have granted the underwriters an option exercisable for 30 days after the date of the underwriting agreement to purchase, from time to time, in whole or in part, up to an aggregate of 1,950,000 common units at the public offering price less underwriting discounts and commissions. This option may be exercised if the underwriters sell more than 13,000,000 common units in connection with this offering. To the extent that this option is exercised, each underwriter will be obligated, subject to certain conditions, to purchase its pro rata portion of these additional common units based on the underwriter's percentage underwriting commitment in the offering as indicated in the table at the beginning of this Underwriting section.

Lock-Up Agreements

We, certain of our affiliates and all of the directors and executive officers of our general partner have agreed that, without the prior written consent of the representatives, we and they will not directly or indirectly, offer, pledge, announce the intention to sell, sell, contract to sell, sell an option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of any common units or any securities which may be converted into or exchanged for any common units, enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the common units, make any demand for or exercise any right or file or cause to be filed a registration statement with respect to the registration of any common units or securities convertible or exchangeable into common units or any of our other securities or publicly disclose the intention to do any of the foregoing for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus other than permitted transfers.

The 180-day restricted period described in the preceding paragraph will be extended if:

• during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted periods we issue an earnings release or announce material news or a material event; or

• prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day period,

in which case the restrictions described in the preceding paragraph will continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the announcement of the material news or material event.

The restrictions described in this paragraph do not apply to:

- · the issuance and sale of common units by us to the underwriters pursuant to the underwriting agreement; or
- the issuance and sale of common units, phantom units, restricted units and options under our existing employee benefits plans, including sales pursuant to "cashless-broker" exercises
 of options to purchase common units in accordance with such plans as consideration for the exercise price and withholding taxes applicable to such exercises.

The representatives, in their sole discretion, may release the common units and other securities subject to the lock-up agreements described above in whole or in part at any time with or without notice. When determining whether or not to release common units and other securities from lock-up agreements, the



representatives will consider, among other factors, the holder's reasons for requesting the release, the number of common units and other securities for which the release is being requested and market conditions at the time.

As described below under "Directed Unit Program," any participants in the Directed Unit Program shall be subject to a 180-day lock-up with respect to any common units sold to them pursuant to that program. This lock-up will have similar restrictions and an identical extension provision as the lock-up agreement described above. Any common units sold in the Directed Unit Program to our general partner's directors or officers will be subject to the lock-up agreement described above.

Offering Price Determination

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common units. The initial public offering price was negotiated between the representative and us. In determining the initial public offering price of our common units, the representative considered:

- the history and prospects for the industry in which we compete;
- our financial information;
- the ability of our management and our business potential and earnings prospects;
- the prevailing securities markets at the time of this offering; and
- the recent market prices of, and the demand for, publicly traded common units of generally comparable entities.

Indemnification

We, our general partner, certain of its affiliates and Enterprise Products Partners have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933 and liabilities incurred in connection with the directed unit program referred to below, and to contribute to payments that the underwriters may be required to make for these liabilities.

Directed Unit Program

At our request, Lehman Brothers Inc. has established a Directed Unit Program under which they have reserved up to 650,000 common units offered hereby at the public offering price for officers, directors, employees and certain other persons associated with us. The number of common units available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent such persons purchase common units reserved under the Directed Unit Program. The common units reserved for sale under the Directed Unit Program will be subject to a 180-day lock-up agreement. This 180-day restricted period will be extended with respect to our issuance of an earnings release or if a material news or a material event relating to us occurs, in the same manner as described above under "Lock-Up Agreements." Any reserved common units not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same basis as the other common units offered hereby.

Stabilization, Short Positions and Penalty Bids

The underwriters may engage in stabilizing transactions, short sales and purchases to cover positions created by short sales, and penalty bids or purchases for the purpose of pegging, fixing or maintaining the price of the common units, in accordance with Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

- · Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum.
- A short position involves a sale by the underwriters of common units in excess of the number of units the underwriters are obligated to purchase in the offering, which creates the
 syndicate short position. This short position may be either a covered short position or a naked short position. In a covered short position, the number of common units involved in the
 sales made by the underwriters in excess of the

number of units they are obligated to purchase is not greater than the number of units that they may purchase by exercising their option to purchase additional common units. In a naked short position, the number of units involved is greater than the number of units in their option to purchase additional common units. The underwriters may close out any short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional common units and/or purchasing common units in the open market. In determining the source of common units to close out the short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of units available for purchase in the open market additional common units. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there could be downward pressure on the price of the common units in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering.

- Syndicate covering transactions involve purchases of the common units in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover syndicate short positions.
- Penalty bids permit the representatives to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when the common units originally sold by the syndicate member are purchased in a stabilizing or syndicate covering transaction to cover syndicate short positions.

These stabilizing transactions, syndicate covering transactions and penalty bids may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common units or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common units. As a result, the price of the common units may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. These transactions may be effected on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the common units. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representatives will engage in these stabilizing transactions or that any transaction, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Electronic Distribution

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the Internet sites or through other online services maintained by one or more of the underwriters and/or selling group members participating in this offering, or by their affiliates. In those cases, prospective investors may view offering terms online and, depending upon the particular underwriter or selling group member, prospective investors may be allowed to place orders online. The underwriters may agree with us to allocate a specific number of common units for sale to online brokerage account holders. Any such allocation for online distributions will be made by the representatives on the same basis as other allocations.

Other than the prospectus in electronic format, the information on any underwriter's or selling group member's web site and any information contained in any other web site maintained by an underwriter or selling group member is not part of the prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, has not been approved and/or endorsed by us or any underwriter or selling group member in its capacity as underwriter or selling group member and should not be relied upon by investors.

New York Stock Exchange

Our common units have been approved for listing, subject to official notice of issuance, on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "DEP." In connection with that listing, the underwriters have undertaken to sell the minimum number of common units to the minimum number of beneficial owners necessary to meet the NYSE listing requirements.

Discretionary Sales

The underwriters have advised us that they do not intend to confirm sales to discretionary accounts that exceed 5% of the total number of common units offered by them.

Stamp Taxes

If you purchase common units offered in this prospectus, you may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges under the laws and practices of the country of purchase, in addition to the offering price listed on the cover page of this prospectus.

Relationships/NASD Conduct Rules

Certain of the underwriters may in the future perform investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they may in the future receive customary fees and expenses.

Affiliates of Lehman Brothers Inc., UBS Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Scotia Capital (USA) Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC are lenders under our new \$300 million revolving credit facility.

In addition, certain of the underwriters and their affiliates have performed, and may in the future perform, investment banking, commercial banking and advisory services for Enterprise Products Partners, EPCO, Inc. and their affiliates for which they have received or will receive customary fees and expenses. For instance, affiliates of Lehman Brothers Inc., UBS Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Scotia Capital (USA) Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC are lenders under Enterprise Products Partners' revolving credit facility, and each of the underwriters has served as an underwriter of certain offerings of debt and common units by Enterprise Products Operating, Enterprise Products Partners or the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners.

Because the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., or NASD, views the common units offered by this prospectus as interests in a direct participation program, this offering is being made in compliance with Rule 2810 of the NASD's Conduct Rules. Investor suitability with respect to the common units should be judged similarly to the suitability with respect to other securities that are listed for trading on a national securities exchange.

1	0	•
н	h	s
-	~	2

VALIDITY OF THE COMMON UNITS

The validity of the common units will be passed upon for us by Andrews Kurth LLP, Houston, Texas and for the underwriters by Baker Botts L.L.P., Houston, Texas.

EXPERTS

The combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004 and for the nine month period ended September 30, 2006 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005, and the related financial statement schedule included in this prospectus have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report included in this prospectus (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to the preparation of the combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor from the separate records maintained by Enterprise Products Partners L.P.) and are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The balance sheet of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. as of September 30, 2006 and the balance sheet of DEP Holdings, LLC as of October 31, 2006 included in this prospectus have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports which are included in this prospectus, and are included in reliance upon the reports of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the Commission a registration statement on Form S-1 regarding the common units offered by this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information found in the registration statement. For further information regarding us and the common units offered by this prospectus, you should review the full registration statement, including its exhibits and schedules, filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The registration statement of which this prospectus constitutes a part, including its exhibits and schedules, full at the public reference room maintained by the Commission at Judiciary Plaza, 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of the materials may also be obtained from the Commission at prescribed rates by writing to the public reference room maintained by the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330. The Commission maintains a website on the Internet at http://www.sec.gov. Our registration statement, of which this prospectus constitutes a part, can be downloaded at no cost from the Commission's web site. We intend to furnish our unitholders annual reports containing our audited financial statements and furnish or make available quarterly reports containing our unaudited interim financial information for the first three fiscal quarters of each of our fiscal years.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains various forward-looking statements and information that are based on our beliefs and those of our general partner, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to us. These forward-looking statements are identified as any statement that does not relate strictly to historical or current facts. In particular, a significant amount of information included under "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" is comprised of forward-looking statements. When used in this prospectus, words such as "anticipate," "project," "expect," "plan," "goal," "forecast," "intend," "could," "believe," "may," and similar expressions and statements regarding our plans and objectives for future operations, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we and our general partner believe that such expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, neither we nor our general partner can give assurances that such expectations will prove to be correct. Such statements are subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, projected or expected. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. When considering forward-looking statements, please review the risk factors described under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements:
Introduction F-2
Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Statement of Combined Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 F-3
Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Statement of Combined Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2005 F-4
Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet at September 30, 2006 F-5
Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements F-6
Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor
Combined Financial Statements:
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm F-13
Combined Balance Sheets at September 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and 2004 F-14
Statements of Combined Operations and Comprehensive Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited) and Years Ended December 31, 2005,
2004 and 2003 F-15
Statements of Combined Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited) and Years Ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 F-16
Statements of Combined Owners' Net Investment for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and Years Ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 F-17
Notes to Combined Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedule F-18
Duncan Energy Partners L.P.
Balance Sheet:
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm F-45
Balance Sheet at September 30, 2006 F-46
Note to Balance Sheet F-47
DEP Holdings, LLC
Balance Sheet:
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm F-48
Balance Sheet at October 31, 2006 F-49
Note to Balance Sheet F-50

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are based upon the historical combined balance sheet and results of combined operations of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor set forth elsewhere in this prospectus. Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership") will own and operate the business of the Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor effective with the closing of this initial public offering. Since the transactions are considered to be a reorganization of entities under common control, we will record these investments at the historical cost basis of each, as recognized by Enterprise Products Partners at the date of purchase. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in the following pro forma financial statements include the Partnership and its operating company. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements for the Partnership have been derived from the historical combined financial statements of the Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor set forth elsewhere in this prospectus and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such historical combined financial statements and the related notes contained therein. The pro forma condensed combined financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Partnership will be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes accompanying these pro forma condensed combined financial statements and with the historical combined financial statements and related notes of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor set forth elsewhere in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet and the pro forma condensed statement of combined operations were derived by adjusting the historical combined financial statements of the Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. The adjustments were based upon currently available information and certain estimates and assumptions; therefore, actual adjustments will differ from the pro forma adjustments. However, management believes that the assumptions provide a reasonable basis for presenting the significant effects of the transactions as contemplated and that the pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those assumptions and are properly applied in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that actually would have occurred if the Partnership had assumed the operations of the Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor on the dates indicated or which would be obtained in the future.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMBINED OPERATIONS For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

	Ene Pi	Duncan rgy Partners redecessor Historical	Pro Forma Adjustments (Dollars in the		P	artnership ro Forma except per unit :	Rel	Adjustments telated to This Offering		Adjusted rtnership ro Forma
REVENUES	\$	740,102	\$	(16,511)(b)	\$	733,434			\$	733,434
				9,843(c)						
COST AND EXPENSES										
Operating costs and expenses		697,979		(1,468)(d)		696,511				696,511
General and administrative costs		2,469		1,875(e)		4,344				4,344
Total costs and expenses		700,448		407		700,855				700,855
EQUITY IN INCOME OF UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES		624				624				624
OPERATING INCOME		40,278		(7,075)		33,203				33,203
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)										
Interest expense							\$	(9,930)(f)		(9,930)
Other		6				6				6
Other income (expense)		6				6		(9,930)		(9,924)
INCOME BEFORE PARENT'S SHARE AND PROVISION FOR										
INCOME TAXES		40,284		(7,075)		33,209		(9,930)		23,279
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		(21)				(21)				(21)
INCOME BEFORE PARENT'S SHARE		40,263		(7,075)		33,188		(9,930)		23,258
PARENT'S SHARE OF INTEREST								(15,733)(g)		(15,733)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$	40,263	\$	(7,075)	\$	33,188	\$	(25,663)	\$	7,525
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT — as allocated to public limited partners other than the Parent										
Income allocated to public units									\$	7,525
Number of public units used in denominator								13,000(h)	_	13,000
Basic and diluted earnings per unit — public									\$	0.58

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMBINED OPERATIONS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Enerş Pre	Duncan rgy Partners redecessor Pro Forma <u>flistorical Adjustments</u> (Dollars in the		Р	artnership <u>ro Forma</u> s, except per unit	djustments lated to This Offering	Pa	Adjusted artnership ro Forma		
REVENUES	\$	953,397	\$	(18,439)(b)	\$	946,568	(uniounic)		\$	946,568
		,		11,610(c)						,
COST AND EXPENSES										
Operating costs and expenses		909,044		(3,055)(d)		905,989				905,989
General and administrative costs		4,483		2,500(e)		6,983				6,983
Total costs and expenses		913,527		(555)		912,972				912,972
EQUITY IN INCOME OF UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES		331				331				331
OPERATING INCOME		40,201		(6,274)		33,927				33,927
OTHER EXPENSE										
Interest expense		(532)				(532)	\$	(13,275)(f)		(13,807)
Other expense		(532)				(532)		(13,275)		(13,807)
INCOME BEFORE PARENT'S SHARE		39,669		(6,274)		33,395		(13,275)		20,120
PARENT'S SHARE OF INCOME								(14,274)(g)		(14,274)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$	39,669	\$	(6,274)	\$	33,395	\$	(27,549)	\$	5,846
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT — as										
allocated to public limited partners other than the Parent										
Income allocated to public units									\$	5,846
Number of public units used in denominator								13,000(h)	_	13,000
Basic and diluted earnings per unit — public									\$	0.45

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2006

	P	Duncan orgy Partners redecessor Historical		o Forma justments (Dollars in th	Р	artnership ro Forma s, except per un	Adjustments Related to This <u>Offering</u> it amounts)		Pa	Adjusted artnership to Forma
		ASSI	ETS							
Current assets										
Cash							\$	198,900(f)	\$	28,188(a)
								240,520(h)		
								(411,232)(i)		
Accounts receivable, net	\$	66,090			\$	66,090				66,090
Inventories		13,597				13,597				13,597
Other current assets		1,370				1,370				1,370
Total current assets		81,057				81,057		28,188		109,245
Property, plant and equipment, net		656,016	\$	52,520(a)		708,536				708,536
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated affiliate		3,058				3,058				3,058
Intangible assets		7,024				7,024				7,024
Other assets								1,100(f)		1,100
Total assets	\$	747,155	\$	52,520	\$	799,675	\$	29,288	\$	828,963
		LIABILITIES A	AND EQ	UITY						
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	74,409			\$	74,409			\$	74,409
Other current liabilities		9,582	\$	(1,814)(d)		7,768				7,768
Total current liabilities		83,991		(1,814)		82,177				82,177
Long-term debt							\$	200,000(f)		200,000
Other long-term liabilities		1,033				1,033				1,033
Parent's interest in the Partnership								716,465(g)		305,233
								(411,232)(i)		
Equity										
Owners' net investment		662,131		52,520(a)		716,465		(716,465)(g)		—
				1,814(d)						
Partners' equity — public								240,520(h)		240,520
Total equity/owner's net investment		662,131		54,334		716,465		(475,945)		240,520
Total liabilities/owners' net investment and equity	\$	747,155	\$	52,520	\$	799,675	\$	29,288	\$	828,963

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation, the Offering and Other Transactions.

The historical information is derived from the historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of combined operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the year ended December 31, 2005 assume the pro forma transactions noted herein occurred at the beginning of each year presented. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet presents the financial effects of the pro forma transactions noted herein as if they had occurred on September 30, 2006.

The pro forma financial statements reflect the following significant transactions:

- The expenditure of \$31.2 million (including \$8 million to acquire a pipeline asset from TEPPCO Partners) required to modify our South Texas NGL pipeline and construct additional pipelines in order to place this system in operation in January 2007. The pro forma financial statements do not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$28.6 million that will be made by South Texas NGL to complete planned expansions to this system subsequent to the closing of this offering. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our share of the additional capital expenditures (approximately \$18.9 million) from the net proceeds of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs. The pro forma combined results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 do not reflect any results attributable to the historical activities of our South Texas NGL pipeline.
- The expenditure of \$21.3 million in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. The pro forma
 financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete
 these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$9.3 million) of these additional capital expenditures from the net proceeds of this offering in
 order to fund our share of the planned expansion costs.
- The contribution of a 66% interest in each of the following entities, all of which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners, and the retention by Enterprise
 Products Partners of a 34% interest in these entities:
 - Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P. (which will be converted into a limited liability company in January 2007 prior to its contribution to the Partnership)("Mont Belvieu Caverns"), which
 receives, stores and delivers NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast;
 - Acadian Gas, LLC ("Acadian Gas"), which gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana utilizing over 1,000 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and lateral and gathering lines and a leased storage cavern;
 - Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Sabine Propylene"), which transports polymer-grade propylene from Port Arthur, Texas to a pipeline interconnect located in Cameron Parish, Louisiana;
 - Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Lou-Tex Propylene"), which transports chemical-grade propylene between Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas; and
 - South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC ("South Texas NGL"), which will transport NGLs from Corpus Christi, Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The pipeline system currently owned, together with pipelines being acquired and being constructed by South Texas NGL, is undergoing modifications to enable it to transport NGL products for Enterprise Products Partners beginning in January 2007. Estimated

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

additional capital expenditures of \$28.6 million will be spent in 2007 to complete planned expansions to this system.

- The revision of related party storage contracts between the Partnership and Enterprise Products Partners to (i) increase certain storage fees paid by Enterprise Products Partners and (ii) reflect the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of all storage measurement gains and losses relating to products under these agreements, and the execution of a limited liability company agreement for Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for special allocations to Enterprise Products Partners and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses.
- The assignment to us of certain third party agreements that effectively reduce tariff rates previously charged by Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene to Enterprise Products Partners for the transport of propylene volumes.
- The borrowing of \$200 million under a new revolving credit facility by us.
- The issuance and sale of 13,000,000 common units by us in this offering.
- · The payment of estimated underwriting discounts and commissions, a structuring fee and other offering expenses.
- The use of net proceeds from the borrowing and this offering as consideration for the contributed ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL from Enterprise Products Partners.

2. Pro Forma Adjustments and Assumptions

The pro forma adjustments made to the historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor are as follows:

(a) Reflects the estimated costs to (i) modify our South Texas NGL pipeline and construct additional pipelines in order to place this system in operation in January 2007 and (ii) construct additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. In August 2006, Enterprise Products Partners purchased 223 miles of NGL pipelines extending from Corpus Christi, Texas to Pasadena, Texas from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company. The purchase price for this asset was approximately \$97.7 million and is reflected as a contribution to us in our historical combined balance sheet at September 30, 2006. This pipeline system will be used to transport mixed NGLs from Enterprise Products Partners' facilities in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The total estimated cost to acquire and construct the additional pipelines that will complete this system is \$66.3 million, including approximately \$8 million to purchase a 10-mile pipeline from an affiliate, TEPPCO Partners, to make this pipeline system operational prior to the closing of this offering.

We expect that it will cost an additional \$28.6 million to complete planned expansions of the South Texas NGL pipeline after the closing of this offering, of which our 66% share will be approximately \$18.9 million. This additional cost is not reflected in the pro forma combined balance sheet as property, plant and equipment, because we expect to use cash on hand from the proceeds of this offering to fund these costs.

Apart from Enterprise Products Partners' acquisition of the pipeline from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company and the \$6.5 million of subsequent expenditures through September 30, 2006 by South Texas NGL to modify this pipeline, the Company's historical financial information does not reflect any



NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

transactions related to this NGL pipeline system. Furthermore, the pro forma adjustments are limited to those required to present an estimate of owners' net investment immediately prior to the Company's initial public offering. The pro forma combined results of operations do not reflect any results or depreciation attributable to the historical activities of these pipelines.

With respect to the pipeline acquired in August 2006, the seller has informed us that no discrete and separable financial information existed for this pipeline, which was comprised of two separately operated pipelines prior to our purchase. The seller had previously utilized these pipelines in different service than our anticipated use of the pipelines. With respect to the 10-mile pipeline to be purchased from TEPPCO Partners, L.P., this pipeline asset was part of their mainline service and operated by different management. No financial statement information is available for this minor component asset. There is no meaningful financial data available regarding the prior use of these pipelines by the sellers that would be meaningful to our investors. In addition, such data, if available, would not assist investors in understanding either the evolution of the business (which is a new NGL transportation network) nor the track record of management (which will be different).

This pro forma adjustment also reflects the expenditure of \$21.3 million in connection with the construction of additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu. The pro forma financial data does not reflect estimated additional capital expenditures of \$14.1 million that will be made by Mont Belvieu Caverns subsequent to December 31, 2006 to complete these projects. We will retain cash in an amount equal to our 66% share (approximately \$9.3 million) of the additional capital expenditures of this offering in order to fund our share of the planned construction costs. Our historical property, plant and equipment amounts at September 30, 2006 include expenditures of \$38.2 million for these projects.

Collectively, the pro forma adjustments results in a increase of \$52.5 million in property, plant and equipment and a corresponding increase in owners' net investment for amounts estimated to be spent prior to the closing of this offering.

(b) Reflects a reduction in related party transportation rates we charge Enterprise Products Partners for usage of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines. Enterprise Products Partners was the shipper of record on these two pipelines. Historically, Enterprise Products Partners was charged the maximum tariff rate for using these assets, which involved contracting with third parties to ship volumes on these pipelines under exchange agreements. Apart from such exchange agreements, Enterprise Products Partners will assign certain agreements with third parties involving the use of our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines to us but will remain jointly and severally liable on those agreements.

In general, the revenues Enterprise Products Partners recognized in connection with such third party exchange agreements were less than the maximum tariff rate it paid us. In connection with our initial public offering, the transportation rates we charge Enterprise Products Partners for using the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipeline will be reduced to equal the amounts Enterprise Products Partners collects from third parties under its exchange agreements.

The pro forma reduction in revenues was \$16.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$18.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(c) Reflects an increase in related party storage fees charged to Enterprise Products Partners attributable to the use by its NGL fractionation, isomerization, and other businesses of the storage facilities owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns. Historically, such intercompany charges were below market and eliminated in the consolidated revenues and costs and expenses of Enterprise Products Partners. Prospectively, such rates will be market related.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The pro forma increase in revenues is \$9.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$11.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(d) Reflects the allocation to Enterprise Products Partners of measurement well gains and losses relating to products under storage agreements between Enterprise Products Partners and Mont Belvieu Caverns and the execution of a limited liability company agreement with Mont Belvieu Caverns providing for special allocations to Enterprise Products Partners and other agreements relating to other measurement gains and losses.

The pro forma decrease in operating costs and expenses reflecting the removal of such historical net measurement related losses is \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$3.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2005. The pro forma balance sheet at September 30, 2006 reflects the removal of the related measurement reserve account, the balance of which was \$1.8 million at September 30, 2006.

(e) Reflects the estimated general and administrative costs of the Partnership, exclusive of such costs of its subsidiaries. These estimated costs include accounting, legal and similar public company costs to be incurred by the Partnership in connection with the management and administration of its business activities. These costs include estimated related party amounts payable to EPCO, Inc. in connection with the administrative services agreement. For additional information regarding the administrative services agreement, please read "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Administrative Services Agreement."

The pro forma increase in general and administrative costs is \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$2.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(f) Reflects the borrowing of \$200 million under a variable rate revolving credit facility by the Partnership. For pro forma presentation purposes, we have assumed (i) a variable interest rate of 6.5% charged by this facility, (ii) \$1.1 million of debt issuance costs and (iii) maturity date in four years.

Pro forma cash interest expense is \$9.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$13 million for the year ended December 31, 2005. If the variable interest rate we assumed in these calculations was 1/8% higher, pro forma cash interest expense would have been \$9.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$13.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2005. Pro forma interest expense includes non-cash amortization of debt issuance costs of \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(g) Reflects the retention by Enterprise Products Partners (the sponsor of the Partnership) of an ownership interest in the Partnership's consolidated subsidiaries, which will be Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL. The parent will own a 34% interest in each of the Partnership's subsidiaries and will be allocated a portion of the earnings and cash flows of each subsidiary in accordance with this ownership percentage. However, the parent's 34% earnings allocation with respect to Mont Belvieu Caverns is after any special allocations to the parent related to the subsidiary's net measurement gain or loss each period.

In addition, the pro forma adjustments reflect the sponsor's ownership of the Partnership's 2% general partner and approximately 36% of its outstanding common units (assuming no exercise of the underwriter's overallotment option with respect to this proposed offering). For financial reporting purposes, the ownership interests of Enterprise Products Partners are deemed to represent the parent (or sponsor) interest in the pro forma results of operations and financial position of the Partnership.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table presents the calculation of parent interest in the pro forma net assets of the Partnership and its subsidiaries at September 30, 2006 after giving effect to this proposed offering (before any exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units):

Historical net assets of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor	\$ 662,131
Pro forma adjustments to balance sheet accounts:	
South Texas NGL capital expenditures (see Note (a))	31,241
Mont Belvieu Caverns capital expenditures (see Note (a))	21,279
Mont Belvieu Caverns measurement loss (see Note (d))	1,814
Pro forma net assets before proposed initial public offering	 716,465
Less Partnership payment to parent for ownership interests (see Note (i))	(411,232)
Parent's interest retained in net assets (approximately \$243.6 million) and general partner interest and common units of Duncan Energy Partners	\$ 305,233

The pro forma balance sheet adjustment reclassifies the \$716.5 million of net assets of the Partnership prior to its proposed initial public offering to parent interest.

The following table presents the calculation of parent's share in the pro forma income of the Partnership and its subsidiaries for the periods indicated after giving effect to this proposed offering (before any exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units):

	Units	Percent
Units to be sold by the Partnership in its proposed initial public offering (see Note (h))	13,000.0	62.8%
Units issued by the Partnership to parent in connection with the Partnership's acquisition of ownership interests (see Note (i))	7,301.6	35.2%
General partner interest owned by parent	n/a	2.0%
Totals	20,301.6	100.0%

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

	 Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006		Year Ended ember 31, 2005
Historical combined income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor	\$ 40,263	\$	39,669
Pro forma adjustments to income statement amounts			
Propylene transportation revenue adjustments (see Note (b))	(16,511)		(18,439)
Storage fee revenue adjustment (see Note (c))	9,843		11,610
Measurement loss allocated to parent as customer (see Note (d))	1,468		3,055
Special earnings allocation by Mont Belvieu Caverns of storage net measurement loss to parent	 991		2,122
Pro forma income of subsidiaries subject to parent 34% interest	 36,054		38,017
Less parent 34% interest in income of Partnership subsidiaries	(12,258)		(12,926)
Less incremental public company general and administrative costs (see Note (e))	(1,875)		(2,500)
Less interest expense (see Note (f))	(9,930)		(13,275)
Pro forma income to be allocated to DEP unitholders and GP	 11,991		9,316
Less parent 2% general partner interest	(240)		(186)
Less parent interest attributed to its ownership of 36% of the limited partner units	(4,226)		(3,284)
Remaining pro forma income allocated to non-parent ownership interests — public	\$ 7,525	\$	5,846
Summary of parent's share of income and special allocation:			
Parent 34% interest in income of subsidiaries	\$ 12,258	\$	12,926
Special earnings allocation by Mont Belvieu Caverns of storage net measurement loss to parent	(991)		(2,122)
Parent 2% general partner interest in Partnership	240		186
Parent interest attributable to its ownership of 36% of the Partnership's units	4,226		3,284
Total parent interest of Enterprise Products Partners	\$ 15,733	\$	14,274

The pro forma income statement reflects an increase in Partnership interest expense of \$15.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$14.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(h) Reflects the proposed sale of 13,000,000 common units by the Partnership in this initial public offering at an assumed offering price of \$20.00 per unit. Total net proceeds received from the sale of these units is approximately \$240.5 million after deducting applicable underwriting discounts, commissions, structuring fees and other offering expenses of \$19.5 million.

Pro forma basic and diluted income per unit is determined by dividing as adjusted income from continuing operations (which excludes the parent's interest) by the number of common units sold in this offering. This pro forma adjustment does not include the receipt of any proceeds from the exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(i) Reflects the use of \$411.2 million of cash, including proceeds from the proposed initial public offering described in Note (h) and the borrowing in Note (f), by the Partnership to purchase ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL from Enterprise Products Partners (the parent and sponsor). In addition to the cash consideration paid Enterprise Products Partners, the Partnership will issue Enterprise Products Partners 7,301,571 limited partner units representing approximately 36% of the outstanding common units before the exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option.

We will retain approximately \$28.2 million of the estimated net proceeds from this offering to fund our 66% share of the estimated 2007 capital expenditures for planned expansions of our South Texas NGL pipeline system and Mont Belvieu brine production capabilities and above-ground storage reservoirs. This assumes that \$52.5 million of capital expenditures for additional acquisition and construction work related to these projects have been paid prior to the closing date of this offering. See Note (a).

The following table presents the pro forma impact on Duncan Energy Partners' Predecessor combined liabilities and equity as of September 30, 2006 had the distribution of \$411.2 million been accrued at that date:

	Pro	Duncan Pro Forma Energy Partners Accrual of Predecessor — Distribution Historical Payable to Parent				Duncan ergy Partners redecessor — Pro Forma Accrual of Distribution rable to Parent
Liabilities and Equity						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	74,409			\$	74,409
Distribution payable to owners			\$	411,232		411,232
Other current liabilities		9,582				9,582
Total current liabilities		83,991		411,232		495,223
Other long-term liabilities		1,033				1,033
Equity						
Owners' net investment		662,131		(411,232)		250,899
Total liabilities/owners' net investment	\$	747,155	\$	_	\$	747,155

The following table reconciles owners' net investment as shown in the preceding table to the Parent's interest in the Partnership on an as adjusted pro forma basis at September 30, 2006 as presented in the Partnership's Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet:

Pro forma owners' net investment	\$ 250,899
Pro forma adjustment — Note (a)	52,520
Pro forma adjustment — Note (d)	1,814
As Adjusted Parent's interest in the Partnership	\$ 305,233

* * * *

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of

Enterprise Products GP, LLC, general partner of Enterprise Products Partners L.P.:

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor (the "Company") as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of combined operations and comprehensive income, combined owners' net investment, and combined cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at page F-1. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the combined financial position of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the combined results of its operations and its cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic combined financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

The accompanying combined financial statements have been prepared from the separate records maintained by Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and may not necessarily be indicative of the conditions that would have existed or the results of operations if the Company had been operated as an unaffiliated entity. Portions of certain expenses represent allocations made from, and are applicable to Enterprise Products Partners L.P. or affiliates including EPCO, Inc.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Houston, Texas December 14, 2006

COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2006			December 31,		
				2005		2004
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Accounts receivable — trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$402 at September 30, 2006, \$3,372 at December 31,						
2005 and \$3,457 at December 31, 2004	\$	66,090	\$	110,680	\$	68,070
Inventories		13,597		9,855		4,815
Prepaid and other current assets		1,370		535		1,055
Total current assets		81,057		121,070		73,940
Property, plant and equipment, net		656,016		512,197		507,114
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated affiliate		3,058		2,375		2,003
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,103 at September 30, 2006, \$929 at December 31, 2005 and \$697						
at December 31, 2004		7,024		7,198		7,430
Total assets	\$	747,155	\$	642,840	\$	590,487
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' NET INVESTMENT						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable — trade	\$	12,139	\$	1,171	\$	121
Accrued gas payables		60,016		101,475		63,487
Accrued costs and expenses		2,213		967		1,408
Deposits from customers		41		357		4,640
Other current liabilities		9,582		10,495		11,112
Total current liabilities		83,991		114,465		80,768
Other long-term liabilities		1,033		608		
Commitments and contingencies						
Owners' net investment		662,131		527,767		509,719
Total liabilities and owners' net investment	\$	747,155	\$	642,840	\$	590,487
See Notes to Combined Financial Statements						

See Notes to Combined Financial Statements

STATEMENTS OF COMBINED OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	For Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 (Unaudited)				2005	For Year E	31,	2003		
REVENUES										
Related parties	\$	323,449	\$	287,198	\$	418,829	\$	321,011	\$	287,618
Third parties		416,653		362,206		534,568		427,920		380,616
Total revenues		740,102		649,404		953,397		748,931	_	668,234
COST AND EXPENSES										
Operating costs and expenses										
Related parties		42,008		40,549		60,978		29,410		25,318
Third parties		655,971		573,779		848,066		656,134		584,456
Total operating costs and expenses		697,979		614,328		909,044		685,544		609,774
General and administrative costs										
Related parties		2,388		3,118		3,937		4,228		4,901
Third parties		81		681		546		1,214	_	1,237
Total general and administrative costs		2,469		3,799		4,483		5,442		6,138
Total costs and expenses		700,448		618,127		913,527		690,986		615,912
EQUITY IN INCOME OF UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATE		624		280		331		231		131
OPERATING INCOME		40,278		31,557		40,201		58,176	_	52,453
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET		6				(532)		(52)		1
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES AND CHANGE IN										
ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE		40,284		31,557		39,669		58,124		52,454
Provision for income taxes		(21)								
INCOME BEFORE CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE		40,263		31,557	_	39,669		58,124		52,454
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		9				(582)				
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	40,272	\$	31,557	\$	39,087	\$	58,124	\$	52,454

See Notes to Combined Financial Statements

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS PREDECESSOR STATEMENTS OF COMBINED CASH FLOWS

	1	For Months Ende	r Nine ed Septemi	ber 30,	For Year Ended December 3					
	2	2006		2005 audited)		2005		2004		2003
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(01	auuneu)						
Net income	\$	40,272	\$	31,557	\$	39,087	\$	58,124	\$	52,454
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		,		0,001		,				,
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in operating costs and expenses		15,416		14,253		19,427		18,374		17,882
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliate		(624)		(280)		(331)		(231)		(131)
Equity-based compensation		52				26		. /		. /
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		(9)				582				
Loss (gain) on sale of assets		(17)		2		5		(7)		
Deferred income tax expense		21								
Changes in fair market value of financial instruments		65		(355)		52		5		2
Effect of changes in operating accounts:										
Accounts receivable		44,589		(29,223)		(42,610)		(17,612)		(4,277)
Inventories		(3,743)		4,010		(5,039)		(1,297)		(1,130)
Prepaid and other current assets		(1,614)		283		312		1,203		802
Other assets								_		50
Accounts payable		10,970		(16)		1,049		(20)		(2,279)
Accrued gas payable	((41,458)		20,134		37,987		22,180		(1,819)
Accrued expenses		(1,071)		1,003		(5,230)		(1,077)		(1,321)
Deposits from customers		(316)		(3,985)		(4,283)		(1,193)		5,106
Other current liabilities		(232)		(157)		(459)		1,014		(607)
Other long-term liabilities						(7)				
Net cash provided by operating activities		62,301		37,226		40,568		79,463		64,732
INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Capital expenditures	((58,963)		(18,107)		(21,298)		(8,475)		(11, 187)
Contributions in aid of construction costs		777		1,532		1,826		1,567		833
Proceeds from sale of assets		19		9		9		7		19
Cash refund from prior business combination (see Note 2)										10,000
Advances to unconsolidated affiliate		(59)		(103)		(40)		(30)		(5)
Cash used in investing activities	((58,226)		(16,669)		(19,503)		(6,931)	-	(340)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u>, </u>				<u>``</u>	_		-	
Cash distributions to owners, net		(4,075)		(20,557)		(21,065)		(72,532)		(64, 392)
Cash used in financing activities		(4,075)		(20,557)		(21,065)		(72,532)	-	(64,392)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,075)		(_0,007)		(=1,000)		(, 2,332)	_	(0.,002)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_		_		_		_		_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	¢		\$		¢		¢		¢	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$		æ		Э		\$		\$	

See Notes to Combined Financial Statements

STATEMENTS OF COMBINED OWNERS' NET INVESTMENT

	(Dolla	rs in thousands)
Balance at January 1, 2003	\$	536,065
Net income		52,454
Net cash distributions to owners		(64,392)
Balance at December 31, 2003		524,127
Net income		58,124
Net cash distributions to owners		(72,532)
Balance at December 31, 2004		509,719
Net income		39,087
Non-cash contribution from owners		26
Net cash distributions to owners		(21,065)
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$	527,767
Net income		40,272
Non-cash contribution from owners (see Note 2)		98,167
Net cash distributions to owners		(4,075)
Balance at September 30, 2006	\$	662,131
See Notes to Combined Financial Statements		

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Background and Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

Unless the context requires otherwise, references to "we," "us," "our" or "the Company" are intended to mean and include the combined businesses and operations of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor.

References to "Enterprise Products Partners" mean the consolidated business and operations of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. Enterprise Products Partners is a publicly traded Delaware limited partnership, the common units of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Predecessor Company

Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor is engaged in the business of (i) receiving, storing and delivering natural gas liquids ("NGLs") and petrochemical products, (ii) gathering, transporting, storing and marketing natural gas and (iii) transporting propylene. The principal business entities included in the historical combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor are (on a 100% basis): (i) Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P. (which will be converted into a limited liability company named Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC ("Mont Belvieu Caverns"), a Delaware limited partnership; (ii) Acadian Gas, LLC ("Acadian Gas"), a Delaware limited liability company; (iii) Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Lou-Tex Propylene"), a Delaware limited partnership, including its general partner; (iv) Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Sabine Propylene"), a Delaware limited partnership, including its general partner; and (v) South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC ("South Texas NGL"). The following is a brief description of the operations of each business comprising the Company including the new South Texas NGL operations to be included subsequent to these statements:

- Mont Belvieu Caverns owns and operates 33 salt dome caverns located in Mont Belvieu, Texas, with an underground storage capacity of approximately 100 million barrels ("MMBbls"). Mont Belvieu Caverns receives, stores and delivers NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast.
- Acadian Gas gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana utilizing over 1,000 miles of high-pressure transmission lines and lateral and gathering lines with an
 aggregate throughput capacity of one Bcf/d including a 27-mile pipeline owned by its joint venture affiliate Evangeline Gas Pipeline, L.P., ("Evangeline") and a leased storage cavern
 with three Bcf of storage capacity, (see Note 4).
- Lou-Tex Propylene owns a 263-mile pipeline used to transport chemical-grade propylene between Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas.
- Sabine Propylene owns a 21-mile pipeline used to transport polymer-grade propylene from Port Arthur, Texas to a pipeline interconnect in Cameron Parish, Louisiana on a
 transport-or-pay basis.
- South Texas NGL will own a 223-mile pipeline extending from Corpus Christi, Texas to Pasadena, Texas that was purchased by Enterprise Products Partners in August 2006 for \$97.7 million. This pipeline (along with others to be constructed or acquired) will be used to transport NGLs from two of Enterprise Products Partners' facilities located in South Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas beginning in January 2007. The total estimated cost to acquire and construct the additional pipelines that will complete this system is \$66.3 million (unaudited), which includes an approximate \$8 million (unaudited) pipeline asset purchase from an affiliate. Apart from Enterprise Products Partners' acquisition of the pipeline from ExxonMobil Pipeline Company and the \$6.5 million of subsequent expenditures through September 30, 2006 by South Texas NGL to modify this pipeline, the Company's historical combined financial statements do not reflect any transactions related to this asset.



NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying combined financial statements and related notes of the Company have been prepared from Enterprise Products Partners' separate historical accounting records related to Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene. These combined financial statements have been prepared using Enterprise Products Partners' historical basis in each entity's assets and liabilities and historical results of operations. The combined financial statements may not necessarily be indicative of the conditions that would have existed or the results of operations if the Company had been operated as an unaffiliated entity. Transactions between the Company and related parties such as Enterprise Products Partners and EPCO, Inc. ("EPCO") have been identified in the combined statements (see Note 6).

We view the accompanying combined financial statements as the predecessor of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership"), a Delaware limited partnership formed on September 29, 2006. The Partnership was formed to acquire ownership interests in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene, Sabine Propylene and South Texas NGL. These ownership interests will be acquired by the Partnership in connection with its proposed initial public offering of common units. We believe the combined historical financial statements of the Company are relevant for investors evaluating an investment decision in the Partnership.

Our combined financial statements reflect the accounts of subsidiaries in which we have a controlling interest, after the elimination of all significant intercompany accounts and transactions. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the combined financial statements, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally referred as "GAAP"), have been made. The combined statements of operations and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 are unaudited. These unaudited interim combined financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim combined financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited combined financial statements and include all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for the respective interim periods. Interim financial results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for an annual period.

The Company has operated within the Enterprise Products Partners cash management program for all periods presented. For purposes of presentation in the Statements of Combined Cash Flows, cash flows from financing activities represent transfers of excess cash from the Company to Enterprise Products Partners equal to cash provided by operations less cash used in investing activities. Such transfers of excess cash are shown as distributions to owners in the Statements of Combined Owners' Net Investment. As a result, the combined financial statements do not present cash balances for any of the periods presented.

Because a single direct owner relationship does not exist among these combined entities, the net investment in these entities ("owners' net investment") is shown in lieu of parent or owners' equity in the combined financial statements. Enterprise Products Partners indirectly owned all of the equity interests of our subsidiaries during the periods presented.

Partnership Organization

As noted previously, the Partnership will acquire ownership interests in the Company's businesses, as specified below, from Enterprise Products Partners. Initially, the organizational limited partner of the Partnership is Enterprise Products Operating L.P. (the "Enterprise Products OLP"), which owns 98% of the Partnership. DEP Holdings, LLC (the "General Partner") is the 2% general partner of the Partnership. The General Partner will be responsible as general partner for managing all of the Partnership's operations and activities. EPCO will provide all employees and certain administrative services for us. Enterprise Products OLP is a wholly owned subsidiary of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. The Partnership, the General Partner, Enterprise Products OLP and Enterprise Products Partners are affiliates under common control of Dan L.



Duncan, the Chairman and controlling shareholder of EPCO and its affiliates. EPCO will provide employees to the General Partner, the Partnership and its subsidiaries pursuant to an administrative services agreement.

In the fourth quarter of 2006, the Partnership filed a registration statement for its initial public offering of limited partner common units which it expects to close in early 2007. In connection with the initial public offering, the Partnership will acquire a 66% interest in the following companies, all of which are indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners:

- Mont Belvieu Caverns;
- Acadian Gas;
- Lou-Tex Propylene;
- Sabine Propylene; and
- South Texas NGL in 2007.

Enterprise Products Partners has owned controlling interests and operated the underlying assets of Mont Belvieu Caverns, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene for several years. Enterprise Products Partners will retain the ownership interests in these four entities (as well as the recently acquired South Texas NGL) that are not being acquired by the Partnership. Enterprise Products Partners and its subsidiaries, including Enterprise Products OLP, will continue to operate the assets of each of these businesses. Enterprise Products OLP will control the Partnership's general partner and remain a significant owner of new limited partner common unit interests in the Partnership after the initial public offering.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Our allowance for doubtful accounts balance is generally determined based on specific identification and estimates of future uncollectible accounts, as appropriate. Our procedure for recording an allowance for doubtful accounts is based on (i) our historical experience, (ii) the financial stability of our customers and (iii) the levels of credit granted to customers. In addition, we may also increase the allowance account in response to the specific identification of customers involved in bankruptcy proceedings and those experiencing other financial difficulties. We routinely review estimates used to develop this reserve to ascertain that we have recorded sufficient amounts to cover potential losses. Our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$3.4 million and \$3.5 million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. At September 30, 2006, our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$0.4 million. The reduction in the allowance for doubtful accounts is due to final receipts and adjustments related to a customer involved in a bankruptcy proceeding.

Contingencies

Certain conditions may exist as of the date our financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to us, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. Our management and legal counsel evaluate such contingent liabilities, and such evaluations inherently involve an exercise in judgment. In assessing loss contingencies, our legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of legal proceedings that are pending against us and unasserted claims that may result in proceedings, if any, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein from each.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability is accrued in our financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potential material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable, is disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Deferred Revenue

In our storage business, we occasionally bill customers in advance of the periods in which we provide storage services. We record such amounts as deferred revenue. We recognize these revenues ratably over the applicable service period. Our deferred revenue was \$0.3 million and \$1.2 million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. At September 30, 2006, our deferred revenue was \$1.2 million.

Deposits from Customers

Natural gas customers that pose a credit risk are required to make a prepayment (i.e., a deposit) to us in connection with sales transactions. Deposits from customers were \$0.4 million and \$4.6 million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. At September 30, 2006, deposits from customers were less than \$0.1 million.

Dollar Amounts

Dollar amounts presented in the tabular data within these footnote disclosures are stated in thousands of dollars.

Earnings per Unit

We have not included earnings per unit data since we do not have any outstanding units.

Environmental Costs

Environmental costs for remediation are accrued based on estimates of known remediation requirements. Such accruals are based on management's estimate of the ultimate cost to remediate a site. Ongoing environmental compliance costs are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures to mitigate or prevent future environmental contamination are capitalized. Our operations include activities that are subject to federal and state environmental regulations.

Expenses for environmental compliance and monitoring were \$0.3 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million during 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), expenses for environmental compliance and monitoring were \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. Our reserve for environmental remediation projects totaled \$0.2 million at September 30, 2006.

Equity-Based Compensation

As is commonly the case with publicly traded limited partnerships, we do not directly employ any of the persons responsible for the management and operations of our businesses. These functions are performed by employees of EPCO pursuant to an administrative services agreement (see Note 6) under the direction of the Board of Directors and executive officers of Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., the general partner of Enterprise Products OLP.

Certain key employees also participate in long-term incentive compensation plans managed by EPCO. These plans include the issuance of restricted units of Enterprise Products Partners and limited partner interests in EPE Unit L.P. Prior to January 1, 2006, EPCO accounted for these awards using the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." On January 1, 2006, EPCO adopted SFAS 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to account for its equity awards. Upon adoption of this accounting standard, we recognized a cumulative effect of change in accounting

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

principal of \$9 thousand (a benefit). Such awards are immaterial to our combined financial position, results of operation, and cash flows.

The amount of equity-based compensation allocable to the Company's businesses was \$26 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2005, and \$52 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Based on information currently available, we expect that the Partnership's reimbursement to EPCO in connection with long-term incentive compensation plans will be immaterial to our financial position and results of operations over the next five years.

Estimates

Preparing our combined financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during a given period. Our actual results could differ from these estimates.

Exit and Disposal Costs

Exit and disposal costs are charges associated with an exit activity not associated with a business combination or with a disposal activity covered by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." Examples of these costs include (i) termination benefits provided to current employees that are involuntarily terminated under the terms of a benefit arrangement that, in substance, is not an ongoing benefit arrangement or an individual deferred compensation contract, (ii) costs to consolidate facilities or relocate employees. In accordance with SFAS 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit and Disposal Activities," we recognize such costs when they are incurred rather than at the date of our commitment to an exit or disposal plan. We have not recognized any such costs for the periods presented.

Fair Value Information

Due to their short-term nature, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses are carried at amounts which reasonably approximate their fair values. The fair values associated with our commodity financial instruments were developed using available market information and appropriate valuation techniques. The following table presents the estimated fair values of our financial instruments at the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2006				December 31, 2005				December 31, 2004			
Financial Instruments	Carrying Fair Value Value			_	Carrying Value		Fair Value	Carrying Value		_	Fair Value	
Financial assets:												
Accounts receivable	\$ 66,090	\$	66,090	\$	110,680	\$	110,680	\$	68,070	\$	68,070	
Commodity financial instruments(1)	1,296		1,296		517		517		725		725	
Financial liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	74,368		74,368		103,613		103,613		65,016		65,016	
Commodity financial instruments(1)	1,284		1,284		570		570		1,080		1,080	

(1) Represent commodity financial instrument transactions that have either (i) not settled or (ii) settled and not been invoiced. Settled and invoiced transactions are reflected in either accounts receivable or accounts payable depending on the outcome of the transaction.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Financial Instruments

We use financial instruments in our Acadian Gas operations, to secure certain fixed price natural gas sales contracts (referred to as "customer fixed-price arrangements"). We also enter into a limited number of cash flow hedges in connection with the Acadian Gas business. We recognize such instruments on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities based on an instrument's fair value. Fair value is generally defined as the amount at which the financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, not in a forced or liquidation sale. Changes in fair value of financial instrument contracts are recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met.

To qualify as a hedge, the item to be hedged must expose us to commodity price risk and the hedging instrument must reduce the exposure and meet the hedging requirements of SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (as amended and interpreted). We formally designate such financial instruments as hedges and document and assess the effectiveness of the hedge at inception and on a quarterly basis. Any ineffectiveness is immediately recognized in earnings. Our customer fixed-price arrangements do not qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS 133; therefore, these instruments are accounted for using a mark-to-market approach each reporting period.

If a financial instrument meets the criteria of a cash flow hedge, gains and losses from the instrument are recorded in other comprehensive income. Gains and losses on cash flow hedges are reclassified from other comprehensive income to earnings when the forecasted transaction occurs or, as appropriate, over the economic life of the underlying asset. If the financial instrument meets the criteria of a fair value hedge, gains and losses from the instrument will be recorded on the income statement to offset corresponding losses and gains of the hedged item. A contract designated as a hedge of an anticipated transaction that is no longer likely to occur is immediately recognized in earnings.

Impairment Testing for Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets (including intangible assets with finite useful lives and property, plant and equipment) are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable.

Long-lived assets with carrying values that are not expected to be recovered through future cash flows are written down to their estimated fair values in accordance with SFAS 144. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is deemed not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If the carrying value of a long-lived asset exceeds the sum of its undiscounted cash flows, a non-cash asset impairment charge is recognized equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its estimated fair value. Fair value is defined as the estimated amount at which an asset or liability could be bought or settled, respectively, in an arm's-length transaction. We measure fair value using market prices or, in the absence of such data, appropriate valuation techniques. We had no such impairment charges during the periods presented.

Impairment Testing for Unconsolidated Affiliate

We evaluate our equity method investments for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that there is a potential loss in value of the investment (other than a temporary decline). Examples of such events or changes in circumstances include a history of investee operating losses or long-term adverse changes in the investee's industry. If we determine that a loss in the investment's value is attributable to an event other than temporary decline, we adjust the carrying value of the investment to its fair value through a charge to earnings. We had no such impairment charges during the periods presented.



NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Inventories

Our inventory consists of natural gas volumes valued at the lower of average cost or market, with "market" determined by industry posted prices. We capitalize as a cost of inventory shipping and handling charges directly related to volumes we purchase from third parties. As volumes are sold and delivered out of inventory, the average cost of these products is charged to operating costs and expenses. Shipping and handling fees associated with products we sell and deliver to customers are charged to operating costs and expenses as incurred.

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the value of our natural gas inventory was \$9.9 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. At September 30, 2006, the value was \$13.6 million. As a result of fluctuating market conditions, we recognize lower of average cost or market ("LCM") adjustments when the historical cost of our inventory exceeds its net realizable value. These non-cash adjustments are recorded as a component of operating costs and expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2003, we recognized LCM adjustments of approximately \$3.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. No LCM adjustments were required during 2004 and during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliate

We initially evaluate our ownership of financial interests in a business enterprise for consolidation consideration purposes related to variable interest entities. Then investment interests in which we own 3% to 50% and exercise significant influence over the investee's operating and financial policies are accounted for using the equity method. If the investee is organized as a limited liability company and maintains separate ownership accounts for its members, we account for our investment using the equity method if our ownership interest is between 3% and 50%. For all other types of investees, we apply the equity method of accounting if our ownership interest is between 20% and 50%. Our proportionate share of profits and losses from transactions with our equity method unconsolidated affiliate is eliminated in combination. If our ownership interest in an investee does not provide us with either control or significant influence over the investee, we account for the investment using the cost method.

We include equity earnings from our unconsolidated affiliate, Evangeline, in our measure of segment gross operating margin and combined operating income due to the integrated nature of its operations with that of Acadian Gas. See Note 4 for information regarding our equity method investment.

New accounting pronouncements

Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 04-13, "Accounting for Purchases and Sales of Inventory with the Same Counterparty." This accounting guidance requires that two or more inventory transactions with the same counterparty be viewed as a single non-monetary transaction, if the transactions were entered into in contemplation of one another. Exchanges of inventory between entities in the same line of business should be accounted for at fair value or recorded at carrying amounts, depending on the classification of such inventory. This guidance was effective April 1, 2006, and our adoption of this guidance had no impact on our combined financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

EITF 06-3, "How Taxes Collected From Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)." This accounting guidance requires companies to disclose their policy regarding the presentation of tax receipts on the face of their income statements. This guidance specifically applies to taxes imposed by governmental authorities on revenue-producing transactions between sellers and customers (gross receipts taxes are excluded). This guidance is effective January 1, 2007. As a matter of policy, we report such taxes on a net basis.

Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes." FIN 48 provides that the tax

effects of an uncertain tax position should be recognized in a company's financial statements if the position taken by the entity is more likely than not sustainable, if it were to be examined by an appropriate taxing authority, based on technical merit. After determining a tax position meets such criteria, the amount of benefit to be recognized should be the largest amount of benefit that has more than a 50 percent chance of being realized upon settlement. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. This standard will have no impact on our financial statements.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments." This accounting standard amends SFAS 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, amends SFAS 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, and resolves issues addressed in Statement 133 Implementation Issue D1, Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests to Securitized Financial Assets. A hybrid financial instrument is one that embodies both an embedded derivative and a host contract. For certain hybrid financial instruments, SFAS 133 requires an embedded derivative instrument be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a separate derivative instrument. SFAS 153 amends SFAS 133 to provide a fair value measurement alternative for certain hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative that would otherwise be recognized as a derivative separately from the host contract. For bybrid financial instruments within its scope, SFAS 155 allows the holder of the instrument to make a one-time, irrevocable election to initially and subsequently measure the instrument in its entirety at fair value instead of separately accounting for the embedded derivative and host contract. We are evaluating the effect of this recent guidance, which is effective January 1, 2007 for the Partnership.

SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This accounting standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies only to fair-value measurements that are already required or permitted by other accounting standards and is expected to increase the consistency of those measurements. The statement emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Companies will be required to disclose the extent to which fair value is used to measure assets and liabilities, the inputs used to develop the measurements, and the effect of certain of the measurements on earnings (or changes in net assets) for the period. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007 and we will be required to adopt SFAS 157 as of January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 157 no our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." SAB 108 addresses how the effects of prior-year uncorrected misstatements should be considered when quantifying misstatements in current-year financial statements. The SAB requires registrants to quantify misstatements using both the balance-sheet and income-statement approaches and to evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying an error that is material in light of relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. When the effect of initial adoption is determined to be material, SAB 108 allows registrants to record that effect as a cumulative-effect adjustment to beginning-of-year retained earnings. The requirements are effective for annual financial statements covering the first fiscal year ending after November 15, 2006. Additionally, the nature and amount of each individual error being corrected through the cumulative-effect adjustment, when and how each error arose, and the fact that the errors had previously been considered immaterial is required to be disclosed. We are required to adopt SAB 108 for our current fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SAB 108 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Natural Gas Imbalances

Natural gas imbalances result when a customer injects more or less gas into a pipeline than it withdraws. Our imbalance receivables and payables are valued at market price. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, our imbalance receivables were \$1.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. At September 30, 2006, they were \$1.9 million. Imbalance receivables are reflected as a component of "Accounts receivable— trade" on our Combined Balance Sheets. At December 30, 2006, it was \$0.5 million and \$0.5 million respectively. At September 30, 2006, it was \$0.5 million. Imbalance payable is reflected as a component of "Accrued gas payables" on our Combined Balance Sheets.

Owner's net investment

In August 2006, Enterprise Products Partners purchased a pipeline for approximately \$97.7 million in cash, and will contribute this pipeline to South Texas NGL. This contribution is reflected as a non-cash contribution on the Statement of Combined Owners' Net Investment.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. We use the expense-as-incurred method for planned major maintenance activities.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in results of operations for the respective period. We record depreciation over the estimated useful lives of our assets primarily using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. We use other depreciation methods (generally accelerated) for tax purposes where appropriate.

We account for asset retirement obligations ("AROs") using SFAS 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," as interpreted by FIN 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations." Asset retirement obligations are legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that result from the asset's acquisition, construction, development and/or normal operation. An ARO is initially measured at its estimated fair value. Upon initial recognition of an ARO, we record an increase to the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset and an offsetting ARO liability. We depreciate the combined cost of the asset and the capitalized asset retirement obligations as a result of either the passage of time or revisions to the original estimates of either the amounts of estimated cash flows or their timing. Changes due to the passage of time increase the carrying amount of the liability because there are fewer periods remaining from the initial measurement date until the settlement date; therefore, the present value of the discounted future settlement amount increases. These changes are recorded amount and the actual settlement, our ARO obligations will be extinguished at either the recorded amount or we will incur a gain or loss on the difference between the recorded amount and the actual settlement cost.

See Note 3 for additional information regarding our property, plant and equipment and related AROs.

Provision for Income Taxes

Our entities are organized as pass-through entities for income tax purposes. As a result, the owners of such entities are responsible for federal income taxes on their share of each entity's taxable income.

In May 2006, the State of Texas substantially revised its existing state franchise tax. The revised tax (the "Texas Margin Tax") becomes effective for franchise tax reports due on or after January 1, 2008. In general,

legal entities that conduct business in Texas and benefit from limited liability protection are subject to the Texas Margin Tax. As a result of the change in tax law, management believes that our tax status in the State of Texas will change such that we will become subject to the Texas Margin Tax. We recorded an estimated deferred tax liability of \$21 thousand for the Texas Margin Tax in June 2006.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue using the following criteria: (i) persuasive evidence of an exchange arrangement exists, (ii) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, (iii) the buyer's price is fixed or determinable and (iv) collectibility is reasonably assured.

Our underground storage business generates revenues from contracts related to daily storage capacity reservation agreements and excess storage fees. With respect to daily storage contracts, we collect a fee based on the number of days a customer has volumes in storage multiplied by a storage rate for each product. Under these contracts, revenue is recognized ratably over the length of the storage period based on the storage fees specified in each contract. In addition, we receive revenues from the sale of brine gathering at the storage location.

With respect to capacity reservation agreements, we collect a fee for reserving space (typically in millions of barrels) for a customer's product in our underground storage wells. Under these agreements, revenue is recognized ratably over the specified reservation period. If a customer stores less than the reservation amount, we recognize the applicable reservation fee over the term of the arrangement. We also collect excess storage fees when customers exceed their reservation amounts. Such excess storage fees are recognized in the period of occurrence. Revenues from daily storage capacity reservation agreements and excess storage fees are based upon market-related prices as determined by the individual agreements. Based on information currently available, we expect capacity reservation revenues of \$28.3 million for 2000, \$8.6 million for 2007, \$7.3 million for 2008, \$7.1 million for 2009 and \$5.7 million for 2010.

Our natural gas pipelines and services, and our petrochemical pipeline services generate revenues from transportation agreements where shippers are billed a fee per unit of volume transported (typically in MMBtus for natural gas and MBPD for petrochemicals) multiplied by the volume delivered. The transportation fees charged under these arrangements are contractual. Revenues associated with these fee-based contracts are recognized when volumes have been physically delivered to our customer through the pipeline. We also have natural gas sales contracts whereby revenue is recognized when we purchase and then resell and deliver a volume of natural gas to a customer. Revenues from these sales contracts are based upon market-related prices as determined by the individual agreements. However, prior to 2004, Sabine Propylene was regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). Our Lou-Tex Propylene pipeline was also subject to the FERC's jurisdiction until 2005. The revenues recorded by Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene during the period in which each was regulated were based on the maximum tariff rates approved by regulatory agencies. All the petrochemical pipeline revenues are with related parties (see Note 6).

Start-Up and Organization Costs

Start-up costs and organization costs are expensed as incurred. Start-up costs are defined as one-time activities related to opening a new facility, introducing a new product or service, conducting activities in a new territory, pursuing a new class of customer, initiating a new process in an existing facility, or some new operation. Routine ongoing efforts to improve existing facilities, products or services are not start-up costs. Organization costs include legal fees, promotional costs and similar charges incurred in connection with the formation of a business. We did not record any such costs during the periods presented.



NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Storage gains and losses

Storage well gains and losses occur when product movements into a storage well are different than those redelivered to customers. In general, such variations result from difficulties in precisely measuring significant volumes of liquids at varying flow rates and temperatures. It is expected that substantially all product delivered into a storage well will be withdrawn over time. A measurement loss in one period is expected to be offset by a measurement gain in a subsequent period, unless product is physically lost in a storage well due to problems with cavern integrity. We did not experience any significant net losses resulting from problems with cavern integrity during the three years ended December 31, 2005.

Since we expect that storage gains and losses will approximate each other over time, storage gains or losses are charged to a storage imbalance account during the month such imbalances are created based on current pricing. The reserve is increased by measurement gains and loss accruals and decreased by measurement losses. On an annual basis, the storage imbalance reserve account is reviewed for reasonableness based on historical measurement gains and losses and adjusted accordingly through a charge to earnings. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, our storage imbalance account was \$4.5 million and \$3.5 million. At September 30, 2006, and storage imbalance was \$1.8 million. Net measurement losses of \$2.0 million, \$2.2 million and \$1.5 million were charged to the reserve during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$2.7 million and \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. Operating costs and expenses reflect well loss accruals of \$3.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$2.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0 and \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

In addition operating gains and losses due to measurement variances for product movements to and from storage wells relating primarily to pipeline and well connection activities are included in our financial statements. Many of our customer storage arrangements allow us to retain a small amount of liquid volumes to help offset any measurement losses. These variances are estimated and settled at current prices each reporting period as a net credit or charge to operating costs and expenses. We do not retain inventory volumes. The net amounts for each of the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were a \$2.1 million charge, \$0.2 million credit and \$1.4 million credit, respectively, and a \$1.0 million charge and a \$3.2 million charge for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

On certain of our capital projects, third parties are obligated to reimburse us for all or a portion of project expenditures based on activities initiated by the party. The majority of such arrangements are associated with projects related to pipeline construction and well tie-ins. We received \$1.8 million, \$1.6 million and \$0.8 million as contributions in aid of our construction costs during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0.8 million and \$1.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

We incurred liabilities for construction in progress and property additions that had not been paid at December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 of \$4.8 million, \$1.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, \$2.3 million construction in progress and property additions had not been paid.

In January 2002, we acquired a number of storage wells from a third-party seller. The purchase price we paid included four wells that were later determined not usable for storage. We received a \$10 million refund of the purchase price from the seller, which is reflected as "Cash refund from prior business combination" on our Statements of Combined Cash Flows.



NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

3. Property, Plant and Equipment

Our property, plant and equipment values and accumulated depreciation balances were as follows at the dates indicated:

	Estimated Useful	А	t September 30,		At Dec	ember 31	
	Life in Years		2006	2005			2004
Natural gas and petrochemical pipelines and related equipment(1)	5-35(4)	\$	346,617	\$	343,843	\$	340,813
Underground storage wells and related assets(2)	5-35(5)		306,567		260,976		251,858
NGL pipelines and related equipment(6)	5-35		98,129				
Transportation equipment(3)	3-10		1,260		1,102		923
Land			15,750		14,743		14,689
Construction in progress			26,293		15,063		3,259
Total			794,616	_	635,727	_	611,542
Less accumulated depreciation			138,600		123,530		104,428
Property, plant and equipment, net		\$	656,016	\$	512,197	\$	507,114

(1) Includes natural gas and petrochemical pipelines, office furniture and equipment, buildings, and related assets.

(2) Underground storage facilities include underground product storage caverns and related integral specific assets such as pipes and compressors.

(3) Transportation equipment includes vehicles and similar assets used in our various operations.

(4) In general, the estimated useful lives of major components of this category are: pipelines, 18-35 years (with some equipment at 5 years); office furniture and equipment, 3-20 years; and buildings 20-35 years.

(5) In general, the estimated useful live of underground storage facilities is 20-35 years (with some components at 5 years).

(6) Initial contribution from Enterprise Products Partners. In general, the estimated useful live of NGL pipelines will be 20-35 years (with some equipment at 5 years).

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$19.2 million, \$18.1 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, and \$15.4 million and \$14.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

At December 31, 2005, we recorded conditional AROs in connection with certain right-of-way agreements, leases and regulatory requirements. Conditional AROs are obligations in which the timing and/or amount of settlement are uncertain. None of our assets are legally restricted for purposes of settling AROs. Our accrued liability for AROs was approximately \$0.6 million at December 31, 2005 and \$0.7 million at September 30, 2006.

We recorded a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle of \$0.6 million in connection with our implementation of FIN 47 in December 2005, which represents the depreciation and accretion expense we would have recognized had we recorded these conditional AROs when incurred. The pro forma effects of our adoption of FIN 47 are not presented due to the immaterial nature of these amounts to our financial statements. Based on information currently available, we estimate that annual accretion expense will approximate \$0.1 million for each of the years 2006 through 2010.

4. Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Affiliate - Evangeline

Acadian Gas, through a wholly owned subsidiary, owns a collective 49.51% equity interest in Evangeline, which consists of a 45% direct ownership interest in Evangeline Gas Pipeline, L.P. ("EGP") and a 45.05% direct interest in Evangeline Gas Corp. ("EGC"). EGC also owns a 10% direct interest in EGP. Third parties own the remaining equity interests in EGP and EGC. Acadian Gas does not have a controlling interest in the Evangeline entities, but does exercise significant influence on Evangeline's operating policies. Acadian Gas accounts for its financial investment in Evangeline using the equity method since it is not the primary beneficiary of a variable interest.

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the carrying value of our investment in Evangeline was \$2.4 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. At September 30, 2006, the carrying value of our investment was \$3.1 million. Our Combined Statements of Operations reflect equity earnings from Evangeline of \$0.3 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million for the nine month's ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. Our investment in Evangeline is classified within our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services business segment.

Evangeline owns a 27-mile natural gas pipeline system extending from Taft, Louisiana to Westwego, Louisiana that connects three electric generation stations owned by Entergy Louisiana ("Entergy"). Evangeline's most significant contract is a 21-year natural gas sales agreement with Entergy. Evangeline is obligated to make available-for-sale and deliver to Entergy certain specified minimum contract quantities of natural gas na hourly, daily, monthly and annual basis. The sales contract provides for minimum annual quantities of 36.75 billion British thermal units ("Bbtus, 36.75 Bbtus, and 36.75 Bbtus, respectively.

The sales contract contains provisions whereby Entergy is obligated to pay Evangeline a minimum fee each period, whether or not it is able to take delivery of natural gas volumes. The following table presents these minimum amounts for the annual periods presented:

2006	\$	7,008
2007		6,507
2008		6,478
2009		6,450
2010		6,421
Thereafter	1	12,755
Total	\$ 4	45,619

In connection with the Entergy sales contract, Evangeline has entered into a natural gas purchase contract with Acadian Gas that contains annual purchase provisions. The minimum annual purchase quantities under this contract correspond to the aforementioned Entergy natural gas sales contract. The pricing terms of the sales agreement with Entergy and Evangeline's purchase agreement with Acadian Gas are based on a weighted-average cost of natural gas each month (subject to certain market index price ceilings and incentive margins) plus a predetermined margin. Due to this pricing methodology, Evangeline's monthly net sales margin under the Entergy gas sales contract is essentially fixed.

Entergy has the option to purchase the Evangeline pipeline system or an equity interest in Evangeline. In 1991, Evangeline entered into an agreement with Entergy whereby Entergy was granted the right to acquire Evangeline's pipeline system for a nominal price, plus the complete performance and compliance with the natural gas sales contract. The option period begins the earlier of July 1, 2010 or upon the payment in full of Evangeline's Series B notes as discussed below. It terminates on December 31, 2012. We cannot ascertain

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

when, or if, Entergy will exercise this option. This uncertainty results from factors which include Entergy's management decisions and regulatory approvals that may be required for Entergy to acquire Evangeline's assets at the time the option is exercisable.

At September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, long-term debt for Evangeline consisted of (i) \$23.2 million in principal amount of 9.9% fixed interest rate senior secured notes due December 2010 (the "Series B" notes) and (ii) a \$7.5 million subordinated note payable to an affiliate of the other co-venture participant (the "ENC Note"). The Series B notes are collateralized by (i) Evangeline's property, plant and equipment; (ii) proceeds from its Entergy natural gas sales contract; and (iii) a debt service reserve requirement. Scheduled principal repayments on the Series B notes are \$55 million anually through 2009 with a final repayment in 2010 of approximately \$3.2 million. The trust indenture governing the Series B notes contains covenants such as requirements to maintain certain financial ratios. Evangeline was in compliance with such covenants during the periods presented.

Evangeline incurred the ENC Note obligations in connection with its acquisition of the Entergy natural gas sales contract in 1991 and formation of the venture. The ENC Note is subject to a subordination agreement which prevents the repayment of principal and accrued interest on the note until such time as the Series B note holders are either fully cash secured through debt service accounts or have been completely repaid. Variable rate interest accrues on the subordinated note at a LIBOR rate plus 0.5%. Variable interest rates charged on this note at September 30, 2006 was 6.08% and at December 31, 2005 and 2004 were 4.23% and 1.83%, respectively. At September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004, the amount of accrued but unpaid interest on the ENC Note is approximately \$7.7, \$7.1 and \$6.6 million, respectively.

Summarized financial information of Evangeline is presented below.

	ember 30, 106	At Decer 2005	nber 31, 2004
BALANCE SHEET DATA:			
Current assets	\$ 39,747	\$ 35,918	\$ 20,908
Property, plant and equipment, net	6,434	7,190	8,189
Other assets	25,511	33,950	37,558
Total assets	\$ 71,692	\$ 77,058	\$ 66,655
Current liabilities	\$ 30,607	\$ 37,876	\$ 23,525
Other liabilities	33,378	32,737	37,210
Combined equity	 7,707	6,445	5,920
Total liabilities and combined equity	\$ 71,692	\$ 77,058	\$ 66,655

	=	At September 30, 2006 2005 (Unaudited)				2005	For Year E	nded Decembe 2004	r 31,	2003
INCOME STATEMENT DATA:										
Revenues	\$	237,847	\$	230,682	\$	340,361	\$	250,757	\$	223,638
Operating income		6,031		5,509		3,563		3,752		4,209
Net income		1,262		432		526		231		291

5. Intangible Assets

At September 30, 2006 and at December 31, 2005 our intangible assets consisted primarily of renewable storage contracts with various customers that we acquired in connection with the purchase of storage caverns



from a third party in January 2002. Due to the renewable nature of these contracts, we amortize them on a straight-line basis over the estimated remaining economic life of the storage assets to which they relate.

The gross value of these intangible assets was \$8.1 million at inception. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the carrying values of these intangible assets were \$7.2 million and \$7.4 million, respectively. At September 30, 2006 the carrying value of these intangible assets was \$7.0 million. We recorded \$0.2 million in amortization expense associated with these intangible assets for all periods presented. Based on information currently available, we estimate that amortization expense associated with existing intangible assets will approximate \$0.2 million per year for each of the years 2006 through 2010.

6. Related Party Transactions

The following table summarizes our related party transactions for the periods indicated:

	September 30,					For Year Ended December 31							
		2006	(L	2005 (Unaudited)		2005		2004		2003			
Revenues													
Enterprise Products Partners and affiliates	\$	90,463	\$	63,187	\$	87,307	\$	79,611	\$	73,418			
Evangeline		232,986		224,011		331,522		241,400		214,200			
Total	\$	323,449	\$	287,198	\$	418,829	\$	321,011	\$	287,618			
Operating costs and expenses													
EPCO	\$	25,809	\$	28,523	\$	35,659	\$	25,609	\$	25,314			
Enterprise Products Partners and affiliates		16,199		12,022		25,315		3,801					
Evangeline				4		4				4			
Total	\$	42,008	\$	40,549	\$	60,978	\$	29,410	\$	25,318			
General and administrative costs													
EPCO	\$	2,388	\$	3,118	\$	3,937	\$	4,228	\$	4,901			

Relationship with Enterprise Products Partners

Enterprise Products Partners was the shipper of record on our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines. We recorded \$33.9 million, \$40.9 million and \$42.3 million of related party pipeline transportation revenues from Enterprise Products Partners on these pipelines for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$28.2 million and \$25.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. For the periods in which Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene were subject to FERC regulations, such related party revenues were based on the maximum tariff rate allowed for each system. We continued to charge Enterprise Products Partners such maximum transportation rates after both entities were declared exempt from FERC oversight.

Enterprise Products Partners has entered into agreements with third parties involving use of the Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines. Enterprise Products Partners recorded \$15.4 million, \$14.2 million and \$15.1 million in revenues for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$11.7 million and \$11.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively, in connection with such agreements. Apart from such agreements, Enterprise Products Partners did not utilize the Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene assets. Enterprise Products Partners has assigned



certain agreements with third parties involving the use of our Sabine Propylene and Lou-Tex Propylene pipelines to us but remains jointly and severally liable on those agreements.

Our related party revenues from Enterprise Products Partners and affiliates also include the sale of natural gas of \$35.8 million, \$21.7 million and \$13.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$47.5 million and \$24.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. Our related party operating costs and expenses include the cost of natural gas Enterprise Products Partners sold to us. Such amounts were \$25.3 million, \$3.8 million and none for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$16.2 million and \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. In addition, Enterprise Products Partners has furnished letters of credit to behalf of Evangeline's debt service requirements. At December 31, 2005, such outstanding letters of credit totaled \$1.2 million.

We also provide underground storage services to Enterprise Products Partners for the storage of NGLs and petrochemicals. At December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we recorded \$17.6 million, \$17.0 million and \$17.3 million, respectively, in storage revenue from Enterprise Products Partners. Such revenues were \$14.8 million and \$13.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

We expect that certain commercial arrangements with Enterprise Products Partners will change once the Partnership completes its initial public offering. These changes will include:

- The reduction in transportation rates previously charged by us to Enterprise Products Partners for usage of the Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene pipelines to the levels Enterprise Products Partners realizes from the third-party shippers on these systems.
- An increase in storage fees charged Enterprise Products Partners by Mont Belvieu Caverns related to the storage activities of Enterprise Products Partners' octane enhancement, isomerization and NGL and petrochemical marketing businesses. Historically, such intercompany charges were below market and eliminated in the consolidated revenues and costs and expenses of Enterprise Products Partners. Prospectively, such rates will be market-related.
- The well measurement gains and losses associated with products delivered by Enterprise Products Partners under storage agreements with us will be allocated to Enterprise Products
 Partners. In addition, in connection with its retained equity investment in Mont Belvieu Caverns, Enterprise Products Partners will be specially allocated measurement gains and
 losses. See Note 2 for additional information regarding our storage gains and losses.

The Company has operated within the Enterprise Products Partners cash management program for all periods presented. For purposes of presentation in the Statements of Combined Cash Flows, cash flows from financing activities represent transfers of excess cash from the Company to Enterprise Products Partners equal to cash provided by operations less cash used in investing activities. Such transfers of excess cash are shown as distributions to owners in the Statements of Combined Owners' Net Investment. As a result, the combined financial statements do not present cash balances for any of the periods presented.

Relationship with EPCO

We have no employees. All of our operating functions are performed by employees of EPCO pursuant to an administrative services agreement. EPCO also provides general and administrative support services to us in accordance with the administrative services agreement. We, Enterprise Products Partners and the other



affiliates of EPCO are parties to the administrative services agreement. The significant terms of the administrative services agreement are as follows:

- EPCO provides administrative, management, engineering and operating services as may be necessary to manage and operate our businesses, properties and assets (in accordance with prudent industry practices). EPCO will employ or otherwise retain the services of such personnel as may be necessary to provide such services.
 - We are required to reimburse EPCO for its services in an amount equal to the sum of all costs and expenses incurred by EPCO which are directly or indirectly related to our business
 or activities (including EPCO expenses reasonably allocated to us). In addition, we have agreed to pay all sales, use, excise, value added or similar taxes, if any, which may be
 applicable with respect to services provided by EPCO.
 - EPCO allows us to participate as named insureds in its overall insurance program with the associated premiums and related costs being allocated to us. We reimbursed EPCO \$1.7 million, \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million for insurance costs for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Such reimbursements were \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.
 - Our operating costs and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 include reimbursement payments to EPCO for the costs it incurs to operate our facilities, including compensation of employees. We reimburse EPCO for actual direct and indirect expenses it incurs related to the operation of our assets. Our reimbursements to EPCO for operating costs and expenses were \$35.7 million, \$25.6 million and \$25.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Such reimbursements were \$25.8 million and \$28.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

Likewise, our general and administrative costs include amounts we reimburse to EPCO for administrative services, including compensation of employees. In general, our reimbursement to EPCO for administrative services is either (i) on an actual basis for direct expenses it may incur on our behalf (e.g., the purchase of office supplies) or (ii) based on an allocation of such charges between the various parties to administrative services agreement based on the estimated use of such services by each party (e.g., the allocation of general legal or accounting salaries based on estimates of time spent on each entity's business and affairs). Our reimbursements to EPCO for general and administrative costs were \$3.9 million, \$4.2 million and \$4.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Such reimbursements to EPCO for such costs were \$2.4 million and \$3.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

A small number of key employees devote a portion of their time to the Company's operations and affairs and participate in long-term incentive compensation plans managed by EPCO. These plans include the issuance of restricted units of Enterprise Products Partners and limited partner interests in EPE Unit L.P. The amount of equity-based compensation allocable to the Company's businesses was \$26 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2005 and \$52 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Such amount is immaterial to our combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Relationship with Evangeline

We sell natural gas to Evangeline, which, in turn, uses such natural gas to satisfy its sales commitments to Entergy. Our sales of natural gas to Evangeline totaled \$331.5 million, \$241.4 million and \$214.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$233.0 million and \$224.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.



Additionally, we have a service agreement with Evangeline whereby we provide Evangeline with construction, operations, maintenance and administrative support related to its pipeline system. Evangeline paid us \$0.4 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for such services for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

7. Business Segments

We classify our midstream energy operations in three reportable business segments: NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services, Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, and Petrochemical Pipeline Services. We will report an additional business segment, NGL Pipeline Services, in the future to encompass our South Texas NGL pipeline business. Our business segments are generally organized and managed according to the type of services rendered (or technology employed) and products produced and/or sold.

We evaluate segment performance based on the non-GAAP financial measure of gross operating margin. Gross operating margin (either in total or by individual segment) is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. This measure forms the basis of our internal financial reporting and is used by senior management in deciding how to allocate capital resources among business segments. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that our management uses in evaluating segment results. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to total segment gross operating margin is operating income. Our non-GAAP financial measure of total segment gross operating margin should not be considered as an alternative to GAAP operating income.

We define total (or combined) segment gross operating margin as operating income before: (i) depreciation, amortization and accretion expense; (ii) gains and losses on the sale of assets; and (iii) general and administrative expenses. Gross operating margin is exclusive of other income and expense transactions, provision for income taxes, minority interest, extraordinary charges and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles. Gross operating margin by segment is calculated by subtracting segment operating costs and expenses (net of the adjustments noted above) from segment revenues, with both segment totals before the elimination of any intersegment and intrasegment transactions. Our combined revenues reflect the elimination of all material intercompany transactions.

We include equity earnings from Evangeline in our measurement of segment gross operating margin and operating income. Our equity investments in midstream energy operations such as those conducted by Evangeline are a vital component of our long-term business strategy and important to the operations of Acadian Gas. This method of operation enables us to achieve favorable economies of scale relative to our level of investment and also lowers our exposure to business risks compared the profile we would have on a stand-alone basis. Our equity investments are within the same industry as our combined operations, thus we believe treatment of earnings from our equity method investee as a component of gross operating margin and operating income is appropriate.

Our combined revenues were earned in the United States. Our underground storage wells in Southeast Texas receive, store and deliver NGLs and petrochemical products for refinery and other customers along the upper Texas Gulf Coast. Our Acadian Gas operations gather, transport, store and market natural gas to customers primarily in Louisiana. Our petrochemical pipelines provide propylene transportation services to shippers in southeast Texas and southwestern Louisiana.

Combined property, plant and equipment and investments in and advances to our unconsolidated affiliate are allocated to each segment based on the primary operations of each asset or investment. The principal reconciling item between combined property, plant and equipment and the total value of segment assets is construction-in-progress. Segment assets represent the net carrying value of assets that contribute to the gross operating margin of a particular segment. Since assets under construction generally do not contribute to



segment gross operating margin until completed, such assets are excluded from segment asset totals until they are deemed operational.

The following table shows our measurement of total segment gross o	perating ma	argin for the per	iods indi	cated:						
		Nine Months	Septembe	r 30,		ded December 31,	1,			
		2006 2005 (Unaudited)			 2005	2004			2003	
Revenues(1)	\$	740,102	\$	649,404	\$ 953,397	\$	748,931	\$	668,234	
Less: Operating costs and expenses(1)		(697,979)		(614,328)	(909,044)		(685,544)		(609,774)	
Add: Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliate(1)		624		280	331		231		131	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in operating costs and										
expenses(2)		15,468		14,253	19,453		18,374		17,882	
Loss (gain) on sale of assets in operating costs and expenses(2)		(17)		2	5		(7)			
Total segment gross operating margin	\$	58,198	\$	49,611	\$ 64,142	\$	81,985	\$	76,473	

(1) These amounts are taken from our Statements of Combined Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(2) These non-cash expenses are taken from the operating activities section of our Statements of Combined Cash Flows.

A reconciliation of total segment gross operating margin to operating income and income before the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle follows:

		Months eptember 3	D,	Year Ended December 31,							
	 2006	2005 naudited)		2005 2004				2003			
Total segment gross operating margin	\$ 58,198	\$	49,611	\$	64,142	\$	81,985	\$	76,473		
Adjustments to reconcile total segment gross operating margin to operating income:											
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in operating costs and expenses	(15,468)		(14,253)		(19,453)		(18,374)		(17,882)		
Gain (loss) on sale of assets in operating costs and expenses	17		(2)		(5)		7				
General and administrative costs	(2,469)		(3,799)		(4,483)		(5,442)		(6,138)		
Combined operating income	 40,278		31,557		40,201		58,176	_	52,453		
Other (income) expense, net	 6				(532)		(52)		1		
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 40,284	\$	31,557	\$	39,669	\$	58,124	\$	52,454		

Information by segment, together with reconciliations to the combined total revenues and expenses, is presented in the following tables:

	Petroc	GL & chemical orage vices	 atural Gas Pipeline & Services	 Petrochemical Pipelines Services	NGL Pipeline Services	Adjustments and Eliminations	Combined Totals	
Revenues from third parties:								
Nine month ended September 30, 2006	\$	28,375	\$ 388,278				\$	416,653
Nine month ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)		22,541	339,665					362,206
Year ended December 31, 2005		35,237	499,331					534,568
Year ended December 31, 2004		32,555	395,365					427,920
Year ended December 31, 2003		32,106	348,510					380,616
Revenues from related parties:								
Nine month ended September 30, 2006		14,812	280,440	\$ 28,197				323,449
Nine month ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)		13,869	248,180	25,149				287,198
Year ended December 31, 2005		17,601	367,362	33,866				418,829
Year ended December 31, 2004		16,979	263,057	40,975				321,011
Year ended December 31, 2003		17,281	227,969	42,368				287,618
Total revenues:								
Nine month ended September 30, 2006		43,187	668,718	28,197				740,102
Nine month ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)		36,410	587,845	25,149				649,404
Year ended December 31, 2005		52,838	866,693	33,866				953,397
Year ended December 31, 2004		49,534	658,422	40,975				748,931
Year ended December 31, 2003		49,387	576,479	42,368				668,234

	NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services	Natural Gas Pipeline & Services	Petrochemical Pipelines Services	GL Pipeline Services	djustments I Eliminations	Combined Totals
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliate:						
Nine month ended September 30, 2006		624				624
Nine month ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)		280				280
Year ended December 31, 2005		331				331
Year ended December 31, 2004		231				231
Year ended December 31, 2003		131				131
Gross operating margin by individual business						
segment and in total:						
Nine month ended September 30, 2006	15,080	17,058	26,060			58,198
Nine month ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)	7,824	19,667	22,120			49,611
Year ended December 31, 2005	16,636	18,939	28,567			64,142
Year ended December 31, 2004	19,843	25,256	36,886			81,985
Year ended December 31, 2003	19,838	18,272	38,363			76,473
Segment assets:						
At September 30, 2006	231,103	207,681	92,810	\$ 98,129	\$ 26,293	656,016
At December 31, 2005	191,757	211,045	94,332		15,063	512,197
At December 31, 2004	191,325	215,015	97,515		3,259	507,114
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated						
affiliate (see Note 4):						
At September 30, 2006		3,058				3,058
At December 31, 2005		2,375				2,375
At December 31, 2004		2,003				2,003
		F-38				

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following table provides additional information regarding our combined revenues and costs and expenses for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					For Year E	or Year Ended December 31,				
		2006		2005	_	2005		2004		2003	
			(U	naudited)							
Combined revenues											
Sales of natural gas	\$	658,678	\$	581,492	\$	858,087	\$	649,889	\$	569,437	
Transportation — natural gas		10,040		6,353		8,606		8,533		7,042	
Transportation — petrochemicals		28,197		25,149		33,866		40,975		42,368	
Storage		43,187		36,410		52,838		49,534		49,387	
Total	\$	740,102	\$	649,404	\$	953,397	\$	748,931	\$	668,234	
Combined cost and expenses											
Cost of natural gas sales	\$	643,532	\$	559,502	\$	836,497	\$	623,531	\$	546,717	
Operating expenses		38,996		40,571		53,089		43,646		45,175	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		15,468		14,253		19,453		18,374		17,882	
Loss (gain) on sale of assets		(17)		2		5		(7)			
General and administrative costs		2,469		3,799		4,483		5,442		6,138	
Total	\$	700,448	\$	618,127	\$	913,527	\$	690,986	\$	615,912	

Revenues from the purchase and resale of natural gas included in Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment, accounted for 90%, 87% and 85% of total combined revenues for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and 89% and 90% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. The cost of natural gas sales accounted for 92%, 91% and 90% of total combined operating costs and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and 92% and 91% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2003, respectively, and 92% and 91% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2003, respectively, and 92% and 91% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

Revenues from Enterprise Products Partners accounted for 9%, 11% and 11% of total combined revenues for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and 12% and 10% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. Enterprise Products Partners accounted for 100% of the revenues recorded by our Petrochemical Pipeline Services segment. Storage revenues from Enterprise Products Partners accounted for 33%, 34% and 35% of NGL & Petrochemical Storage Services segment in 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and 44% and 38% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

Revenues from Evangeline, our unconsolidated affiliate (see Note 4), accounted for 35%, 32% and 32% of total combined revenues for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and 31% and 34% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively. See Note 6 for information regarding our related party transactions.

We did not have any third party customers that exceeded 10% of our combined revenues for 2005; however, ExxonMobil Gas & Power Marketing Company ("EOM") accounted for 9.3% of Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment revenue and 9.1% of combined revenues. In 2004, CF Industries, Inc. accounted for 12% of Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment revenue and 11% of combined revenues. In 2003, EOM accounted for 13% of Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment revenue and 12% of combined revenues.



NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

8. Financial Instruments

In addition to its natural gas transportation business, Acadian Gas engages in the purchase and sale of natural gas to third party customers in the Louisiana area. The price of natural gas fluctuates in response to changes in supply, market uncertainty, and a variety of additional factors that are beyond our control. We may use commodity financial instruments such as futures, swaps and forward contracts to mitigate such risks. In general, the types of risks we attempt to hedge are those related to the variability of future earnings and cash flows resulting from changes in applicable commodity prices. The commodity financial instruments we utilize may be settled in cash or with another financial instrument. As a matter of policy, we do not use financial instruments for speculative (or "trading") purposes.

Acadian Gas enters into a small number of cash flow hedges in connection with its purchase of natural gas held-for-sale. In addition, Acadian Gas enters into a limited number of offsetting financial instruments that effectively fix the price of natural gas for certain of its customers. Historically, the use of commodity financial instruments by Acadian Gas was governed by policies established by the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners. The objective of this policy was to assist Acadian Gas in achieving its profitability goals while maintaining a portfolio with an acceptable level of risk, defined as remaining within the position limits established by the general partner in general, Acadian Gas may enter into risk management transactions to manage price risk, basis risk, physical risk or other risks related to its commodity positions on both a short-term (less than 30 days) and long-term basis, not to exceed 24 months.

The general partner of Enterprise Products Partners monitored the hedging strategies associated with the physical and financial risks of Acadian Gas (such as those mentioned previously), approved specific activities subject to the policy (including authorized products, instruments and markets) and established specific guidelines and procedures for implementing and ensuring compliance with the policy. DEP Holdings, our general partner, will continue such policies in the future.

Due to the limited number and nature of the financial instruments utilized by Acadian Gas, the effect on the portfolio of a hypothetical 10% movement in the underlying quoted market prices of natural gas is negligible December 31, 2005 and 2004. The fair value of our commodity financial instrument portfolio was a liability of \$0.1 million at December 31, 2005, a liability of \$0.3 million at December 31, 2004, and a negligible amount at September 30, 2006.

We recorded losses of \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million related to our commodity financial instruments for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2003, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited), we recorded loss of \$0.2 million. We recorded gains of \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2004 and \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from our commodity financial instruments.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

On occasion, we are named as a defendant in litigation relating to our normal business operations, including regulatory and environmental matters. Although we insure against various business risks to the extent we believe it is prudent, there is no assurance that the nature and amount of such insurance will be adequate, in every case, to indemnify us against liabilities arising from future legal proceedings as a result of our ordinary business activity.

In 1997, Acadian Gas, along with numerous other energy companies, was named a defendant in actions brought by Jack Grynberg on behalf of the U.S. Government under the False Claims Act. Generally, these complaints allege an industry-wide conspiracy to underreport the heating value, as well as the volumes, of natural gas produced from federal and Native American lands. The complaint alleges that the U.S. Government

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

was deprived of royalties as a result of this conspiracy. The plaintiff in this case seeks royalties that he contends the U.S. government should have received had the heating value and volume been differently measured, analyzed, calculated and reported, together with interest, treble damages, civil penalties, expenses and future injunctive relief to require the defendants to adopt allegedly appropriate gas measurement practices. These matters have been consolidated for pretrial purposes (In re: Natural Gas Royalties *Qui Tam* Litigation, U.S. District Court for the District of Wyoming, filed June 1997). On October 20, 2006, the U.S. District Court dismissed all of Grynberg's claims with prejudice.

We are not aware of any other significant litigation, pending or threatened, that may have a significant adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

Redelivery Commitments

We transport and store natural gas and store NGL and petrochemical products for third parties under various contracts. Under the terms of these agreements, we are generally required to redeliver volumes to the owner on demand. We are insured for any physical loss of such volumes resulting from catastrophic events. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, NGL and petrochemical products aggregating 15.2 million barrels and 13.5 million barrels, respectively, were due to be redelivered to their owners along with 730 billion BBtus and 728 BBtus, respectively, of natural gas.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our significant contractual obligations at December 31, 2005. There have been no material changes in the nature or amounts of such obligations subsequent to December 31, 2005 other than the capital expenditures related to South Texas NGL — see Note 1.

		Payment or Settlement Due by Period								
Contractual Obligations		Total	I	Less Than <u>1 Year</u> (2006)	(2	1-3 Years 2007-2008)	(2	3-5 Years 2009-2010)		lore Than 5 Years yond 2010
Operating leases:										
Underground natural gas storage cavern	\$	3,276	\$	468	\$	936	\$	936	\$	936
Right-of-way agreements	\$	533	\$	79	\$	159	\$	26	\$	269
Purchase obligations:										
Product purchase commitments:										
Estimated payment obligations:										
Natural gas	\$	1,518,016	\$	216,690	\$	433,973	\$	433,380	\$	433,973
Other	\$	7,480	\$	2,138	\$	4,282	\$	1,060		
Underlying major volume commitments:										
Natural gas (in BBtus)		127,850		18,250		36,550		36,500		36,550
Capital expenditure commitments	\$	616	\$	616						
Other long-term liabilities		608							\$	608
Total	\$	1,530,529	\$	219,991	\$	439,350	\$	435,402	\$	435,786

Operating leases. We lease certain property, plant and equipment under non-cancelable and cancelable operating leases. Amounts shown in the preceding table represent our minimum cash lease payment obligations under operating leases with terms in excess of one year for the periods indicated.

Acadian Gas leases an underground natural gas storage cavern that is integral to its operations. The primary use of this cavern is to store natural gas held-for-sale on a demand basis by Acadian Gas. The current term of the cavern lease expires in December 2012. The term of this contract does not provide for an additional renewal period, but it requires the lessor to enter into negotiations with us under similar terms and conditions if we wish to extend the lease agreement beyond December 2012.

In addition, our pipeline operations have entered into leases for land held pursuant to right-of-way agreements. Our significant right-of-way agreements have original terms that range from five to 50 years and include renewal options that could extend the agreements for up to an additional 25 years. Our rental payments are generally at fixed rates, as specified in the individual contracts, and may be subject to escalation provisions for inflation and other market-determined factors.

Lease expense is charged to operating costs and expenses on a straight line basis over the period of expected economic benefit. Contingent rental payments, if any, are expensed as incurred. In general, we are required to perform routine maintenance on the underlying leased assets. In addition, certain leases give us the option to make leasehold improvements. Maintenance and repairs of leased assets attributable to our operations are charged to expense as incurred. We have not made any significant leasehold improvements during the periods presented. Lease expense included in operating income was \$1.2 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, and \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), respectively.

Purchase Obligations. We define purchase obligations as agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable and legally binding (unconditional) on us that specify all significant terms, including: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transactions.

Acadian Gas has a product purchase commitment for the purchase of natural gas in Louisiana from the co-venture party in Evangeline (see Note 4). This purchase agreement expires in January 2013. Our purchase price under this contract approximates the market price of natural gas at the time we take delivery of the volumes. The preceding table shows the volume we are committed to purchase and an estimate of our future payment obligations for the periods indicated. Our estimated future payment obligations are based on the contractual price at December 31, 2005 applied to all future volume commitments. Actual future payment obligations may vary depending on market prices at the time of delivery.

At December 31, 2005, we do not have any product purchase commitments with fixed or minimum pricing provisions having remaining terms in excess of one year.

We also have short-term payment obligations relating to capital projects we have initiated. These commitments represent unconditional payment obligations that we have agreed to pay vendors for services to be rendered or products to be delivered in connection with our capital spending programs. The preceding table shows these capital project commitments for the periods indicated.

Other Long-Term Liabilities. We have recorded long-term liabilities on our combined balance sheet reflecting amounts we expect to pay in future periods beyond one year. These liabilities primarily represent the present value of our asset retirement obligations. Amounts shown in the preceding table represent our best estimate as to the timing of settlements based on information currently available.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

10. Significant Risks and Uncertainties

Nature of Operations

- Our combined results of operations, cash flows and financial position may be adversely affected by a variety of factors affecting our industry and specific businesses, including:
- a reduction in demand for NGL and petrochemical storage services provided by Mont Belvieu Caverns caused by fluctuations in NGL and petrochemical prices and production due to weather and other natural and economic forces;
- a reduction in demand for natural gas transportation services and natural gas consumption in the areas served by Acadian Gas; or
- a reduction in propylene transportation volumes by shippers on the petrochemical pipelines owned by Lou-Tex Propylene and Sabine Propylene.
- In general, a reduction in demand for NGL and petrochemical products and natural gas by the petrochemical, refining or heating industries could result from (i) a general downturn in economic conditions, (ii) reduced demand by consumers for the end products made with products we handle, (iii) increased governmental regulations or (iv) other reasons.

Credit Risk Due to Industry Concentration

A substantial portion of our revenues are derived from companies in the domestic natural gas, NGL and petrochemical industries. This concentration could affect our overall exposure to credit risk since these customers may be affected by similar economic or other conditions. We generally do not require collateral for our accounts receivable; however, we do attempt to negotiate offset, prepayment, or automatic debit agreements with customers that are deemed to be credit risks in order to minimize our potential exposure to any defaults.

Counterparty Risk with Respect to Financial Instruments

In those situations where we are exposed to credit risk in our financial instrument transactions, we analyze the counterparty's financial condition prior to entering into an agreement, establish credit and/or margin limits and monitor the appropriateness of these limits on an ongoing basis. Generally, we do not require collateral nor do we anticipate nonperformance by our counterparties.

Weather-Related Risks

Our assets are located along the U.S. Gulf Coast in Texas and Louisiana, which are areas prone to suffer tropical weather events such as hurricanes. If we were to experience a significant weather-related loss for which we were not fully insured, it could have a material impact on our combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Likewise, if any of our significant customer or supplier groups experience losses related to storm events, it could have a material impact on our combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS PREDECESSOR VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

			Additions						
		lance at ginning		ged to s and	Charged to Other			Bala	ance at End
Description	0	f Period	Exp	enses	Accounts	De	ductions		of Period
Accounts receivable — trade									
Allowance for doubtful accounts									
2006 (January 1 to September 30)(1)	\$	3,372				\$	(2,970)	\$	402
2005		3,457					(85)		3,372
2004(1)		6,935					(3,478)		3,457
2003		6,935							6,935
Other current liabilities									
Reserve for environmental liabilities									
2006 (January 1 to September 30)	\$	150							150
2005(2)			\$	150					150

(1) In 2006 and 2004, we adjusted the allowance account for the receipt of a contingent asset related to a prior business acquisition.

(2) In 2005, Acadian Gas identified a remediation site in Ascension Parish, Louisiana. Remediation activities are scheduled to begin in 2007.

* * * *

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Partners of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership") as of September 30, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. The Partnership is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such balance sheet presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Partnership at September 30, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Houston, Texas November 1, 2006

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

BALANCE SHEET AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

	ASSETS	
Deferred offering costs		\$ 1,361,156
Total assets		\$ 1,361,156
	LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' EQUITY	
Accounts payable		\$ 522,232
Accounts payable — related party		838,924
Partners' equity:		
Limited partner		2,940
General partner		60
Receivable from partners		(3,000
Total liabilities and partners' equity		\$ 1,361,156
	See Note to Balance Sheet	

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

NOTE TO BALANCE SHEET

Nature of operations

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership") was formed on September 29, 2006 as a Delaware limited partnership to acquire ownership interests in midstream energy businesses from subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. These ownership interests will be acquired by the Partnership in connection with its anticipated initial public offering to be completed in the first quarter of 2007.

The business of the Partnership will initially consist of (i) receiving, storing and delivering natural gas liquids ("NGLs) and petrochemical products, (ii) gathering, transporting, storing and marketing natural gas and (iii) transporting NGLs and propylene. The Partnership will acquire a 66% interest in the following companies, all of which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. at September 30, 2006:

- Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P. ("Mont Belvieu Caverns"), which receives, stores and delivers NGLs and petrochemical products for industrial customers located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast;
- Acadian Gas, LLC ("Acadian Gas"), which gathers, transports, stores and markets natural gas in Louisiana utilizing over 1,000 miles of natural gas transmission and gathering pipelines and a leased storage cavern;
- Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Lou-Tex Propylene"), which transports chemical-grade propylene between Sorrento, Louisiana and Mont Belvieu, Texas;
- Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Sabine Propylene"), which transports polymer-grade propylene between Port Arthur, Texas and a pipeline interconnect located in Cameron Parish, Louisiana; and
- South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC ("South Texas NGL"), which will transport NGLs from Corpus Christi, Texas to Mont Belvieu, Texas. A 223-mile pipeline that will form the largest
 part of a pipeline system was purchased by Enterprise Products Partners in August 2006, and the Partnership is constructing and acquiring additional pipeline assets to enable it to
 transport NGL products beginning in January 2007. Additional expansions to this system are scheduled to be completed during 2007.

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. will control of the Partnership's 2% general partner, DEP Holdings, LLC (the "General Partner"), which will direct the operations of the Partnership. Enterprise Products Operating L.P. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Enterprise Products Partners L.P.) is the organizational limited partner of the Partnership. The Partnership, the General Partner, Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Enterprise Products Partners L.P. are affiliates and under common control of Dan L. Duncan, the Chairman and controlling shareholder of EPCO, Inc.

Deferred offering costs

Direct offering costs representing specific legal, accounting, and other third party services incurred to date in connection with the anticipated initial public offering of the Partnership will be deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the offering. Offering costs paid by related parties prior to the offering will be reimbursed from the proceeds of the offering. At this time there are no other obligations for organizational costs intended to be reimbursed to related parties.

Receivable from partners

The General Partner and Enterprise Products Operating L.P. made their initial cash capital contributions of \$60 and \$2,940, respectively, subsequent to September 30, 2006.

```
* * * *
```

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Owner of DEP Holdings, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of DEP Holdings, LLC (the "General Partner") as of October 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the General Partner's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. The General Partner is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the General Partner's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such balance sheet presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the General Partner at October 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Houston, Texas November 1, 2006

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

BALANCE SHEET AT OCTOBER 31, 2006

All Geröber bij 2000	
ASSETS	
	\$ 940
	60
	<u>60</u> <u>\$ 1,000</u>
MEMBER'S EQUITY	
	\$ 1,000
See Note to Balance Sheet	
	ASSETS MEMBER'S EQUITY

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

NOTE TO BALANCE SHEET

Nature of Operations

DEP Holdings, LLC (the "General Partner") is a Delaware limited liability company that was formed on September 29, 2006, to own a 2% general partner interest in Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership"), a Delaware limited partnership. The General Partner is wholly owned by Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a wholly owned subsidiary of Enterprise Products Partners L.P.

On October 20, 2006, Enterprise Products Operating L.P. contributed \$1,000 to the General Partner, which used \$60 of such funds to acquire a general partner interest in the Partnership. The Partnership was formed on September 29, 2006 and its initial purpose is to acquire ownership interests in midstream energy businesses of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. Such ownership interests will be acquired by the Partnership in connection with an anticipated initial public offering by the Partnership. The Partnership, the General Partner, Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Enterprise Products Partners L.P. are affiliates and under common control of Dan L. Duncan, the Chairman and controlling shareholder of EPCO, Inc.

AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L. P.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	ARTICLE I	
	DEFINITIONS	
1.1	Definitions	A-1
1.2	Construction	A-1
	ARTICLE II	
	Organization	
2.1	Formation	A-1
2.2	Name	A-1
2.3	Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices	A-1
2.4	Purpose and Business	A-2
2.5	Powers	A-2
2.6	Power of Attorney	A-2
2.7	Term	A-3
2.8	Title to Partnership Assets	A-3
2.9	Certain Undertakings Relating to the Separateness of the Partnership	A-3
	ARTICLE III	
	Rights of Limited Partners	
3.1	Limitation of Liability	A-5
3.2	Management of Business	A-5
3.3	Outside Activities of the Limited Partners	A-5
3.4	Rights of Limited Partners	A-5
	ARTICLE IV	
	Certificates; Record Holders; Transfer of Partnership Interests;	
	REDEMPTION OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS	
4.1	Certificates	A-6
4.2	Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates	A-6
4.3	Record Holders	A-7
4.4 4.5	Transfer Generally Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests	A-7 A-7
4.5	Transfer of General Partner Interest	A-8
4.0	Restrictions on Transfers	A-0 A-9
4.8	Citizenship Certificates; Non-citizen Assignees	A-9
4.9	Redemption of Partnership Interests of Non-citizen Assignees	A-10
	ARTICLE V	
	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS	
5.1	Prior Contributions	A-11
5.2	Contributions by the General Partner and its Affiliates	A-11
5.3	Contributions by the Underwriters and Redemption of Common Units if Over-Allotment Option is Exercised	A-12
5.4	Interest and Withdrawal	A-12
5.5 E.C	Capital Accounts Issuances of Additional Partnership Securities	A-12 A-14
5.6 5.7	Limited Preemptive Right	A-14 A-15
5.7 5.8	Splits and Combinations	A-15 A-15
5.8 5.9	Spins and Communications	A-15 A-16
5.5		11 10

A-i

		Page
	ARTICLE VI	<u> </u>
	ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS	
6.1	Allocations for Capital Account Purposes	A-16
6.2	Allocations for Tax Purposes	A-19
6.3	Requirement and Characterization of Distributions; Distributions to Record Holders	A-20
	ARTICLE VII	
	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS	
7.1	Management	A-21
7.2	Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-22
7.3	Restrictions on General Partner's Authority	A-23
7.4	Reimbursement of the General Partner	A-23
7.5	Outside Activities	A-24
7.6	Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership; Contracts with Affiliates; Certain Restrictions on the General Partner	A-25
7.7	Indemnification	A-26
7.8	Liability of Indemnitees	A-27
7.9	Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standard of Conduct and Modification of Duties	A-27
7.10	Other Matters Concerning the General Partner	A-29
7.11	Purchase or Sale of Partnership Securities	A-30
7.12	Registration Rights of the General Partner and its Affiliates	A-30
7.13	Reliance by Third Parties	A-32
	ARTICLE VIII	
	BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS	
8.1	Records and Accounting	A-33
8.2	Fiscal Year	A-33
8.3	Reports	A-33
	ARTICLE IX	
	Tax Matters	
9.1	Tax Returns and Information	A-33
9.2	Tax Elections	A-34
9.3	Tax Controversies	A-34
9.4	Withholding	A-34
	ARTICLE X	
	Additional Additi	
10.1	Admission of Limited Partners	A-34
10.1	Admission of Successor General Partner	A-35
10.2	Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-35
10.5		11 55
	ARTICLE XI	
11 1	Withdrawal of the General Partner	A 25
11.1		A-35
11.2 11.3	Removal of the General Partner	A-37 A-37
11.3 11.4	Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner Withdrawal of Limited Partners	A-37 A-38
11.4	Winniawai of Linnen Farmers	A-30

A-ii

	ARTICLE XII	<u> </u>
12.1	Dissolution and Liquidation	1.20
12.1 12.2	Dissolution	A-38
12.2	Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution	A-39
12.3	Liquidator Liquidation	A-39 A-40
12.4	Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-40 A-40
12.5	Cancernation of Centrification Enhanced rationership	A-40 A-40
12.0	Waiver of Partition	A-40 A-40
12.8	Capital Account Restoration	A-40
12.0	Certain Prohibited Acts	A-40
1210	ARTICLE XIII	11.10
	AKIICLE XIII Amendment of Partnership Agreement; Meetings; Record Date	
13.1	Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner	A-41
13.2	Amendment Procedures	A-42
13.3	Amendment Requirements	A-42
13.4	Special Meetings	A-43
13.5	Notice of a Meeting	A-43
13.6	Record Date	A-43
13.7	Adjournment	A-44
13.8	Waiver of Notice	A-44
13.9	Quorum	A-44
13.10	Conduct of a Meeting	A-44
13.11	Action Without a Meeting	A-44
13.12	Voting and Other Rights	A-45
	ARTICLE XIV	
	Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	
14.1	Authority	A-45
14.2	Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	A-46
14.3	Approval by Limited Partners	A-47
14.4	Certificate of Merger	A-48
14.5	Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	A-48
14.6	Amendment of Partnership Agreement	A-49
	ARTICLE XV	
	RIGHT TO ACQUIRE LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS	
15.1	Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests	A-49
	ARTICLE XVI	
	General Provisions	
16.1	Addresses and Notices	A-50
16.2	Further Action	A-51
16.3	Binding Effect	A-51
16.4	Integration	A-51
16.5	Creditors	A-51
16.6	Waiver	A-51
16.7	Counterparts	A-51
16.8	Applicable Law	A-51
16.9	Invalidity of Provisions	A-51
16.10	Consent of Partners	A-51
<u>Attachment I</u> –	- Defined Terms	

Page

AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. dated effective as of among DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as the General Partner, together with any other Persons who become Partners in the Partnership or parties hereto as provided herein. In consideration of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

1.1 Definitions. The definitions listed on Attachment I shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

1.2 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns, pronouns and verbs shall include the plural and vice versa; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) the terms "include", "includes", "including" or words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation"; and (d) the terms "hereof", "herein" or "hereunder" refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only, and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE II

ORGANIZATION

2.1 Formation. The Partnership has been previously formed as a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act. The General Partner and the Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P., dated as of September 29, 2006. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, the General Partner and the Limited Partnership as a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act. This amendment and restatement shall become effective on the date of this Agreement. Except as expressly provided to the contrary in this Agreement, the rights, duties (including fiduciary duties), liabilities and obligations of the Partners and the administration, dissolution and termination of the Partnership shall be governed by the Delaware Act. All Partnership Interests shall constitute personal property of the owner thereof for all purposes.

2.2 *Name.* The name of the Partnership shall be "Duncan Energy Partners L.P." The Partnership's business may be conducted under any other name or names as determined by the General Partner, including the name of the General Partner. The words "Limited Partnership," "L.P.," "Ltd." or similar words or letters shall be included in the Partnership's name where necessary for the purpose of complying with the laws of any jurisdiction that so requires. The General Partner may change the name of the Partnership at any time and from time to time and shall notify the Limited Partners of such change in the next regular communication to the Limited Partners.

2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. Unless and until changed by the General Partner, the registered office of the Partnership in the State of Delaware shall be located at 1209 Orange Street, New Castle County, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, and the registered agent for service of process on the Partnership in the State of Delaware at such registered office shall be The Corporation Trust Company. The principal office of the Partnership shall be located at 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002 or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners. The Partnership may maintain offices at such other place or places within or outside the State of Delaware as the General Partner deems necessary or appropriate. The address of the General Partner

shall be 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002 or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners.

2.4 Purpose and Business. The purpose and nature of the business to be conducted by the Partnership shall be (a) to engage directly in, or form, hold and dispose of any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that is approved by the General Partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware Act and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Partnership pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity and (b) to do anything necessary or appropriate to the foregoing, including the making of capital contributions or loans to any Group Member; *provided*, *however*, that the General Partner shall not cause the Partnership to engage, directly or indirectly in any business activity that the General Partner determines would cause the Partnership or the Operating Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve, and may decline to propose or approve, the conduct by the Partnership of any business free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to so propose or approve, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby (including the Administrative Services Agreement) or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity.

2.5 *Powers*. The Partnership shall be empowered to do any and all acts and things necessary, appropriate, proper, advisable, incidental to or convenient for the furtherance and accomplishment of the purposes and business described in <u>Section 2.4</u> and for the protection and benefit of the Partnership.

2.6 Power of Attorney.

(a) Each Limited Partner hereby constitutes and appoints the General Partner and, if a Liquidator (other than the General Partner) shall have been selected pursuant to <u>Section 12.3</u>, the Liquidator, severally (and any successor to either thereof by merger, transfer, assignment, election or otherwise) and each of their authorized officers and attorneys-in-fact, as the case may be, with full power of substitution, as his true and lawful agent and attorney-in-fact, with full power and authority in his name, place and stead, to:

(i) execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record in the appropriate public offices (A) all certificates, documents and other instruments (including this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments or restatements hereof or thereof) that the General Partner or the Liquidator determines to be necessary or appropriate to form, qualify or continue the existence or qualification of the Partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability) in the State of Delaware and in all other jurisdictions in which the Partnership may conduct business or own property; (B) all certificates, documents and other instruments that the General Partner or the Liquidator determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect, in accordance with its terms, any amendment, change, modification or restatement of this Agreement; (C) all certificates, documents and other instruments (including conveyances and a certificate of cancellation) that the General Partner or the Liquidator determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership pursuant to, or other events described in, <u>Article IV</u>, <u>X</u>, <u>XI</u> or <u>XI</u>: (E) all certificates, documents and other instruments (including agreements and partner pursuant to, or other events described in, <u>Article IV</u>, <u>X</u>, <u>XI</u> or <u>XI</u>: (E) all certificates, documents and other instruments (including agreements and a certificate of merger) relating to a merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership pursuant to <u>Article XIV</u>; and

(ii) execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record all ballots, consents, approvals, waivers, certificates, documents and other instruments that the General Partner or the Liquidator determines to be necessary or appropriate to (A) make, evidence, give, confirm or ratify any vote,

consent, approval, agreement or other action that is made or given by the Partners hereunder or is consistent with the terms of this Agreement or (B) effectuate the terms or intent of this Agreement; *provided*, that when required by <u>Section 13.3</u> or any other provision of this Agreement that establishes a percentage of the Limited Partners or of the Limited Partners of any class or series required to take any action, the General Partner and the Liquidator may exercise the power of attorney made in this <u>Section 2.6(a)(ii)</u> only after the necessary vote, consent or approval of the Limited Partners or of the Limited Partners of such class or series, as applicable.

Nothing contained in this Section 2.6(a) shall be construed as authorizing the General Partner to amend this Agreement except in accordance with Article XIII or as may be otherwise expressly provided for in this Agreement.

(b) The foregoing power of attorney is hereby declared to be irrevocable and a power coupled with an interest, and it shall survive and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not be affected by the subsequent death, incompetency, disability, incapacity, dissolution, bankruptcy or termination of any Limited Partner and the transfer of all or any portion of such Limited Partner's Partnership Interest and shall extend to such Limited Partner's heirs, successors, assigns and personal representatives. Each such Limited Partner hereby agrees to be bound by any representation made by the General Partner or the Liquidator acting in good faith pursuant to such power of attorney; and each such Limited Partner, to the maximum extent permitted by law, hereby waives any and all defenses that may be available to contest, negate or disaffirm the action of the General Partner or the Liquidator taken in good faith under such power of attorney. Each Limited Partner shall execute and deliver to the General Partner or the Liquidator, within 15 days after receipt of the request therefor, such further designation, powers of attorney and other instruments as the General Partner or the Liquidator may request in order to effectuate this Agreement and the purposes of the Partnership.

2.7 *Term.* The term of the Partnership commenced upon the filing of the Certificate of Limited Partnership in accordance with the Delaware Act and shall continue in existence until the dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of <u>Article XII</u>. The existence of the Partnership as a separate legal entity shall continue until the cancellation of the Certificate of Limited Partnership as provided in the Delaware Act.

2.8 *Title to Partnership Assets*. Title to Partnership assets, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible, shall be deemed to be owned by the Partnership as an entity, and no Partner, individually or collectively, shall have any ownership interest in such Partnership assets or any portion thereof. Title to any or all of the Partnership assets may be held in the name of the Partnership, the General Partner or one or more third party nominees, as the General Partner may determine. The General Partner hereby declares and warrants that any Partnership assets for which record title is held in the name of the General Partner or one or more third party nominees, as the General Partner may determine. The General Partner by declares and warrants that any Partnership assets for which record title is held in the name of the General Partner or one or more third party nominees, has the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to cause record title to such assets (other than those assets in respect of which the General Partner determines that the expense and difficulty of conveyancing makes transfer of record title to the Partnership impracticable; provided, further, that, prior to the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable; the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer to the Partnership of record title to all Partnership assets for by the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable; the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer to the Partnership of record title to all Partnership assets or as soon thereafter as practicable; the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer to the Partnership assets and inficulty of conveyancing makes transfer of record title to the Partnership impracticable; the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer to the Partnership assets here of the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable; the General Partn

2.9 Certain Undertakings Relating to the Separateness of the Partnership.

(a) <u>Separateness Generally</u>. The Partnership shall conduct its business and operations separate and apart from those of any other Person, other than the General Partner and the Partnership Group, in accordance with this <u>Section 2.9</u>.

(b) <u>Separate Records</u>. The Partnership shall (i) maintain its books and records and its accounts separate from those of any other Person, other than the General Partner and the Partnership Group, (ii) maintain its financial records, which will be used by it in its ordinary course of business, showing its assets and liabilities separate and apart from those of any other Person, other than the General Partner and the Partnership's consolidated Subsidiaries, (iii) not have its assets and/or liabilities included in a consolidated financial statement of any Affiliate of the General Partner unless the General Partner shall cause appropriate notation to be made on such Affiliate's consolidated financial statements to indicate the separateness of the Partnership and the General Partner and their assets and liabilities from such Affiliate and the assets and liabilities of such Affiliate, and to indicate that the assets and liabilities of the Partnership and the General Partner are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations of such Affiliate, and (iv) file its own tax returns separate from those of any other Person, except to the extent that the Partnership is treated as a "disregarded entity" for tax purposes or is not otherwise required to file tax returns under applicable law or is required under applicable law to file a tax return which is consolidated with another Person.

(c) <u>Separate Assets</u>. The Partnership shall not commingle or pool its funds or other assets with those of any other Person, except its consolidated Subsidiaries and the General Partner, and shall maintain its assets in a manner that is not costly or difficult to segregate, ascertain or otherwise identify as separate from those of any other Person.

(d) <u>Separate Name</u>. The Partnership shall (i) conduct its business in its own name or in the names of one or more of its Subsidiaries or the General Partner, (ii) use separate stationery, invoices, and checks, (iii) correct any known misunderstanding regarding its separate identity, and (iv) generally hold itself out as an entity separate from any other Person, other than the General Partner and the Partnership's Subsidiaries.

(e) Separate Credit. The Partnership (i) shall pay its obligations and liabilities from its own funds (whether on hand or borrowed), (ii) shall maintain adequate capital in light of its business operations, (iii) shall not pledge its assets for the benefit of any other Person or guarantee or become obligated for the debts of any other Person, except its Subsidiaries, (iv) shall not add out its credit as being available to satisfy the obligations or liabilities of any other Person, except its Subsidiaries, (v) shall not acquire obligations or debt securities (other than those assumed and paid off on the Closing Date pursuant to the Contribution Agreement) of EPCO or its Affiliates (other than the members of the Partnership Group) including the MLP, the MLP General Partner or their subsidiaries or TEPPCO, the TEPPCO General Partner or their subsidiaries, (vi) shall not make loans, advances or capital contributions to any Person, except its Subsidiaries, or guarantees any such borrowing or issuance, to cause the operative documents under which the Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries borrows money, is an issuer of debt securities, or guarantees any such borrowing or issuance, to contain provisions to the effect that (A) the lenders or purchasers of debt securities, respectively, acknowledge that they have advanced funds or purchased debt securities, respectively, in reliance upon the separateness of the Partnership and the General Partner from each other and from any other Person, including any Affiliate of the General Partner and (B) the Partnership and the General Partner have assets and liabilities that are separate from those of other Persona including any Affiliate of the General Partner, provided, that, the Partnership may engage in any transaction described in <u>clauses (y) or (vi)</u> of this <u>Section 2.9(e)</u> if prior Special Approval has been obtained for such transaction and either (y) the Audit and Conflicts Committee has determined (by Special Approval) that the borrower or recipient of the credit suppor

(f) <u>Separate Formalities</u>. The Partnership shall (i) observe all partnership formalities and other formalities required by its organizational documents, the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation, or other laws, rules, regulations and orders of governmental authorities exercising jurisdiction over it, (ii) engage in transactions with EPCO and its Affiliates (other than the General Partner or the members of the Partnership Group) or the MLP, the MLP General Partner or their subsidiaries or TEPPCO, the TEPPCO General Partner or their subsidiaries in conformity with the requirements of <u>Section 7.9</u>, and (iii) subject

to the terms of the Administrative Services Agreement, promptly pay, from its own funds, and on a current basis, a fair and reasonable share of general and administrative expenses, capital expenditures, and costs for shared services performed by EPCO or Affiliates of EPCO (other than the General Partner or the members of the Partnership Group). Each material contract between the Partnership, the General Partner or a member of the Partnership Group, on the one hand, and EPCO or Affiliates of EPCO (other than the General Partner or the members of the Partnership Group), on the other hand, shall be in writing.

(g) <u>No Effect</u>. Failure by the General Partner or the Partnership to comply with any of the obligations set forth above shall not affect the status of the Partnership as a separate legal entity, with its separate assets and separate liabilities. The General Partner and the Partnership may be consolidated for financial reporting purposes with Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and its subsidiaries; provided, however, that such consolidation shall not affect the status of the Partnership as a separate liabilities.

ARTICLE III

RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS

3.1 Limitation of Liability. The Limited Partners shall have no liability under this Agreement except as expressly provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act.

3.2 Management of Business. No Limited Partner, in its capacity as such, shall participate in the operation, management or control (within the meaning of the Delaware Act) of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the Partnership's name or have the power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. Any action taken by any Affiliate of the General Partner or any officer, director, employee, member, manager, general partner, agent or trustee of a Group Member, in its capacity as such, shall not be deemed to be participation in the control of the business of the Partnership by a limited partner of the Partnership (within the meaning of Section 17-303(a) of the Delaware Act) and shall not affect, impair or eliminate the limitations on the liability of the Limited Partners under this Agreement.

3.3 *Outside Activities of the Limited Partners.* Subject to the provisions of <u>Section 7.5</u> and the Administrative Services Agreement, which shall continue to be applicable to the Persons referred to therein, regardless of whether such Persons shall also be Limited Partners, any Limited Partner shall be entitled to and may have business interests and engage in business activities in addition to those relating to the Partnership, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the Partnership Group. Neither the Partnership nor any of the other Partners shall have any rights by virtue of this Agreement in any business ventures of any Limited Partner.

3.4 Rights of Limited Partners.

(a) In addition to other rights provided by this Agreement or by applicable law, and except as limited by <u>Section 3.4(b)</u>, each Limited Partner shall have the right, for a purpose reasonably related to such Limited Partner's interest as a Limited Partner in the Partnership, upon reasonable written demand stating the purpose of such demand and at such Limited Partner's own expense:

(i) to obtain true and full information regarding the status of the business and financial condition of the Partnership;

(ii) promptly after its becoming available, to obtain a copy of the Partnership's federal, state and local income tax returns for each year;

(iii) to obtain a current list of the name and last known business, residence or mailing address of each Partner;

(iv) to obtain a copy of this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto, together with a copy of the executed copies of all powers of attorney pursuant

to which this Agreement, the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto have been executed;

(v) to obtain true and full information regarding the amount of cash and a description and statement of the Net Agreed Value of any other Capital Contribution by each Partner and that each Partner has agreed to contribute in the future, and the date on which each became a Partner; and

(vi) to obtain such other information regarding the affairs of the Partnership as is just and reasonable

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner may keep confidential from the Limited Partners, for such period of time as the General Partner deems reasonable, (i) any information that the General Partner reasonably believes to be in the nature of trade secrets or (ii) other information the disclosure of which the General Partner in good faith believes (A) is not in the best interests of the Partnership Group, (B) could damage the business of the Partnership Group or (C) that any Group Member is required by law or by agreement with any third party to keep confidential (other than agreements with Affiliates of the Partnership the primary purpose of which is to circumvent the obligations set forth in this <u>Section 3.4</u>).

ARTICLE IV

Certificates; Record Holders; Transfer of Partnership Interests; Redemption of Partnership Interests

4.1 *Certificates*. Upon the Partnership's issuance of Common Units to any Person, the Partnership shall issue, upon the request of such Person, one or more Certificates in the name of such Person evidencing the number of such Common Units being so issued. In addition, (a) upon the General Partner's request, the Partnership shall issue to it one or more Certificates in the name of the General Partner evidencing its interests in the Partnership and (b) upon the request of any Person owning any Partnership Securities, the Partnership shall issue to such Person one or more Certificates evidencing usual partnership Securities and (b) upon the request of any Person owning any Partnership Securities, the Partnership shall issue to such Person one or more Certificates evidencing such Partnership Securities. Certificates shall be executed on behalf of the Partnership by the Chairman of the Board, President or any Executive Vice President and the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the General Partner. No Unit Certificate shall be valid for any purpose until it has been countersigned by the Transfer Agent; *provided, however*, that if the General Partner elects to issue Units in global form, the Unit Certificates shall be valid upon receipt of a certificate from the Transfer Agent certifying that the Units have been duly registered in accordance with the directions of the Partnership.

4.2 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates.

(a) If any mutilated Certificate is surrendered to the Transfer Agent, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver in exchange therefor, a new Certificate evidencing the same number and type of Partnership Securities as the Certificate so surrendered.

(b) The appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign a new Certificate in place of any Certificate previously issued if the Record Holder of the Certificate:

i) makes proof by affidavit, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, that a previously issued Certificate has been lost, destroyed or stolen;

(ii) requests the issuance of a new Certificate before the General Partner has notice that the Certificate has been acquired by a purchaser for value in good faith and without notice of an adverse claim;

(iii) if requested by the General Partner, delivers to the General Partner a bond, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, with surety or sureties and with fixed or open penalty as the General Partner may direct to indemnify the Partnership, the Partners, the General Partner and

the Transfer Agent against any claim that may be made on account of the alleged loss, destruction or theft of the Certificate; and

(iv) satisfies any other reasonable requirements imposed by the General Partner.

If a Limited Partner fails to notify the General Partner within a reasonable period of time after he has notice of the loss, destruction or theft of a Certificate, and a transfer of the Limited Partner Interests represented by the Certificate is registered before the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent receives such notification, the Limited Partner shall be precluded from making any claim against the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent for such transfer or for a new Certificate.

(c) As a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this <u>Section 4.2</u>, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith.

4.3 *Record Holders*. The Partnership shall be entitled to recognize the Record Holder as the Partner with respect to any Partnership Interest and, accordingly, shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such Partnership Interest on the part of any other Person, regardless of whether the Partnership shall have actual or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by law or any applicable rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted for trading. Without limiting the foregoing, when a Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing) is acting as nominee, agent or in some other representative capacity for another Person in acquiring and/or holding Partnership Interests, as between the Partnership on the one hand, and such other Persons on the other, such representative Person shall be the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest.

4.4 Transfer Generally.

(a) The term "transfer," when used in this Agreement with respect to a Partnership Interest, shall be deemed to refer to a transaction (i) by which the General Partner assigns its General Partner Interest to another Person and includes a sale, assignment, gift, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation, mortgage, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise or (ii) by which the holder of a Limited Partner Interest assigns such Limited Partner Interest to another Person who is or becomes a Limited Partner, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise, including any transfer upon foreclosure of any pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage.

(b) No Partnership Interest shall be transferred, in whole or in part, except in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this <u>Article IV</u>. Any transfer or purported transfer of a Partnership Interest not made in accordance with this <u>Article IV</u> shall be null and void.

(c) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to prevent a disposition by any stockholder, member, partner or other owner of the General Partner of any or all of the issued and outstanding equity interests of the General Partner.

4.5 Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests.

(a) The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept on behalf of the Partnership a register in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe and subject to the provisions of <u>Section 4.5(b)</u>, the Partnership will provide for the registration and transfer of Limited Partner Interests. The Transfer Agent is hereby appointed registrar and transfer agent for the purpose of registering Common Units and transfers of such Common Units as herein provided. The Partnership shall not recognize transfers of Certificates evidencing Limited Partner Interests unless such transfers are effected in the manner described in this <u>Section 4.5</u>. Upon surrender of a Certificate for registration of transfer of any Limited Partner Interests evidenced by a Certificate, and subject to the provisions of <u>Section 4.5(b)</u>, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and in the case of Common Units, the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver, in the name of the holder or the designated transferee or transferees, as required pursuant to the holder's instructions, one or more

new Certificates evidencing the same aggregate number and type of Limited Partner Interests as was evidenced by the Certificate so surrendered.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in Section 4.9, the General Partner shall not recognize any transfer of Limited Partner Interests until the Certificates evidencing such Limited Partner Interests are surrendered for registration of transfer. No charge shall be imposed by the General Partner for such transfer; *provided*, that as a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.5, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed with respect thereto.

(c) Subject to (i) the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.5, (ii) Section 4.3, (iii) Section 4.7, (iv) Section 4.8, (v) with respect to any series of Limited Partner Interests, the provisions of any statement of designations or amendment to this Agreement establishing such series, (vi) any contractual provisions binding on any Limited Partner and (vii) provisions of applicable law including the Securities Act, Limited Partnership Interests shall be freely transferable.

4.6 Transfer of General Partner Interest.

(a) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, prior to December 31, 2016, the General Partner shall not transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest to a Person unless such transfer (i) has been approved by the prior written consent or vote of the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Units (excluding any Common Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) or (ii) is of all, but not less than all, of its General Partner Interest to (A) an Affiliate (other than an individual) of the General Partner or (B) another Person (other than an individual) in connection with the merger or consolidation of the General Partner with or into another Person or the transfer by the General Partner of all or substantially all of its assets to another Person (other than an individual).

(b) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, on or after December 31, 2016, the General Partner may transfer all or any of its General Partner Interest without Unitholder approval.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, no transfer by the General Partner of all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person or replacement of the General Partner pursuant to <u>Section 10.2</u> shall be permitted unless (i) the transfere or successor (as applicable) agrees to assume the rights and duties of the General Partner under this Agreement and to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement, (ii) the Partnership receives an Opinion of Counsel that such transfer or replacement would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed) and (iii) such transferee or successor (as applicable) also agrees to purchase all (or the appropriate portion thereof, if applicable) of the partnership interest or membership interest of the General Partner as the general partner or managing member of each other Group Member, as applicable (but excluding, without limitation for purposes of clarification, any other interest or any interest owned by any other Affiliate controlling or under common control with the General Partner), and (iv) for so long as any Affiliate of Duncan controls the General Partner, the organizational documents of the owner(s) of all the General Partner Interest, together, provide for the establishment of a "Audit and Conflicts Committee" to approve certain matters with respect to the General Partner, as the same exists as of the date of this Agreement so as to provide the Limited Partners and the General Partner with the same rights and obligations as are herein contained. In the case of a transfer or replacement pursuant to and in compliance with this <u>Section 10.2</u>, be admitted to the Partnership as a General Partner interest, and the business of the Partnership shall continue without dissolution.



4.7 Restrictions on Transfers.

(a) Except as provided in <u>Section 4.7(c)</u> below, but notwithstanding the other provisions of this <u>Article IV</u>, no transfer of any Partnership Interests shall be made if such transfer would (i) violate the then applicable federal or state securities laws or rules and regulations of the Commission, any state securities commission or any other governmental authority with jurisdiction over such transfer, (ii) terminate the existence or qualification of the Partnership under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation, or (iii) cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).

(b) The General Partner may impose restrictions on the transfer of Partnership Interests if it reviews an Opinion of Counsel that determines that such restrictions are necessary to avoid a significant risk of the Partnership becoming taxable as a corporation or otherwise becoming taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes. The General Partner may impose such restrictions by amending this Agreement; *provided, however*, that any amendment that would result in the delisting or suspension of trading of any class of Limited Partner Interests on the principal National Securities Exchange on which such class of Limited Partner Interests is then listed or admitted for trading must be approved, prior to such amendment being effected, by the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Units of such class (or if such class has not been so designated into Units, a majority of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of such class).

(c) Nothing contained in this <u>Article IV</u>, or elsewhere in this Agreement, shall preclude the settlement of any transactions involving Partnership Interests entered into through the facilities of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed for trading.

Each certificate evidencing Partnership Interests shall bear a conspicuous legend in substantially the following form:

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED, RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER, (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OR (C) CAUSE DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. TO BE TREATED AS AN ASSOCIATION TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE TO BE TAXED AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES (TO THE EXTENT NOT ALREADY SO TREATED OR TAXED). DEP HOLDINGS, LLC, THE GENERAL PARTNER OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P., MAY IMPOSE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IF IT RECEIVES AN OPINION OF COUNSEL THAT SUCH RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO AVOID A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. BECOMING TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE BECOMING TAXABLE AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH ABOVE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE SETTLEMENT OF ANY TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THIS SECURITY ENTERED INTO THROUGH THE FACILITIES OF ANY NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE ON WHICH THIS SECURITY IS LISTED OR ADMITTED TO TRADING.

4.8 Citizenship Certificates; Non-citizen Assignees.

(a) If any Group Member is or becomes subject to any federal, state or local law or regulation that the General Partner determines would create a substantial risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any property in which the Group Member has an interest based on the nationality, citizenship or other related status of a Limited Partner, the General Partner may request any Limited Partner to furnish to the General Partner, within 30 days after receipt of such request, an executed Citizenship Certification or such other



information concerning his nationality, citizenship or other related status (or, if the Limited Partner is a nominee holding for the account of another Person, the nationality, citizenship or other related status of such Person) as the General Partner may request. If a Limited Partner fails to furnish to the General Partner within the aforementioned 30-day period such Citizenship Certification or other requested information or if upon receipt of such Citizenship Certification or other requested information the General Partner determines that a Limited Partner is not an Eligible Citizen, the Partnership Interests owned by such Limited Partner shall be subject to redemption in accordance with the provisions of <u>Section 4.9</u>. In addition, the General Partner may require that the status of any such Limited Partner be changed to that of a Non-citizen Assignee and, thereupon, the General Partner shall be substituted for such Non-citizen Assignee as the Limited Partner in respect of his Limited Partner status.

(b) The General Partner shall, in exercising voting rights in respect of Limited Partner Interests held by it on behalf of Non-citizen Assignees, distribute the votes in the same ratios as the votes of Partners (including the General Partner) in respect of Limited Partner Interests other than those of Non-citizen Assignees are cast, either for, against or abstaining as to the matter.

(c) Upon dissolution of the Partnership, a Non-citizen Assignee shall have no right to receive a distribution in kind pursuant to <u>Section 12.4</u> but shall be entitled to the cash equivalent thereof, and the Partnership shall provide cash in exchange for an assignment of the Non-citizen Assignee's share of any distribution in kind. Such payment and assignment shall be treated for Partnership purposes as a purchase by the Partnership from the Non-citizen Assignee of his Limited Partner Interest (representing his right to receive his share of such distribution in kind).

(d) At any time after he can and does certify that he has become an Eligible Citizen, a Non-citizen Assignee may, upon application to the General Partner, request that with respect to any Limited Partner Interests of such Non-citizen Assignee not redeemed pursuant to <u>Section 4.9</u>, such Non-citizen Assignee be admitted as a Limited Partner, and upon approval of the General Partner, such Non-citizen Assignee shall be admitted as a Limited Partner and shall no longer constitute a Non-citizen Assignee, and the General Partner shall cease to be deemed to be the Limited Partner in respect of the Non-citizen Assignee's Limited Partner Interests.

4.9 Redemption of Partnership Interests of Non-citizen Assignees.

(a) If at any time a Limited Partner fails to furnish a Citizenship Certification or other information requested within the 30-day period specified in <u>Section 4.8(a)</u>, or if upon receipt of such Citizenship Certification or other information the General Partner determines, with the advice of counsel, that a Limited Partner is not an Eligible Citizen, the Partnership may, unless the Limited Partner establishes to the satisfaction of the General Partner that such Limited Partner is an Eligible Citizen or has transferred his Partnership Interests to a Person who is an Eligible Citizen and who furnishes a Citizenship Certification to the General Partner prior to the date fixed for redemption as provided below, redeem the Limited Partner Interest of such Limited Partner as follows:

(i) The General Partner shall, not later than the 30th day before the date fixed for redemption, give notice of redemption to the Limited Partner, at his last address designated on the records of the Partnership or the Transfer Agent, by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid. The notice shall be deemed to have been given when so mailed. The notice shall specify the Redeemable Interests, the date fixed for redemption, the place of payment, that payment of the redemption price will be made upon surrender of the Certificate evidencing the Redeemable Interests and that on and after the date fixed for redemption no further allocations or distributions to which the Limited Partner would otherwise be entitled in respect of the Redeemable Interests will accrue or be made.

(ii) The aggregate redemption price for Redeemable Interests shall be an amount equal to the Current Market Price (the date of determination of which shall be the date fixed for redemption) of Partnership Interests of the class to be so redeemed multiplied by the number of Partnership Interests of each such class included among the Redeemable Interests. The redemption price shall be paid as determined by the General Partner, in cash or by delivery of a promissory note of the Partnership in



the principal amount of the redemption price, bearing interest at the rate of 10% annually and payable in three equal annual installments of principal together with accrued interest, commencing one year after the redemption date.

(iii) Upon surrender by or on behalf of the Limited Partner, at the place specified in the notice of redemption, of the Certificate evidencing the Redeemable Interests, duly endorsed in blank or accompanied by an assignment duly executed in blank, the Limited Partner or his duly authorized representative shall be entitled to receive the payment therefor.

(iv) After the redemption date, Redeemable Interests shall no longer constitute issued and Outstanding Partnership Interests.

(b) The provisions of this Section 4.9 shall also be applicable to Partnership Interests held by a Limited Partner as nominee of a Person determined to be other than an Eligible Citizen.

(c) Nothing in this <u>Section 4.9</u> shall prevent the recipient of a notice of redemption from transferring his Partnership Interest before the redemption date if such transfer is otherwise permitted under this Agreement. Upon receipt of notice of such a transfer, the General Partner shall withdraw the notice of redemption, provided the transferee of such Partnership Interest certifies to the satisfaction of the General Partner in a Citizenship Certification that he is an Eligible Citizen. If the transferee fails to make such certification, such redemption shall be effected from the transferee on the original redemption date.

ARTICLE V

CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS

5.1 *Prior Contributions*. In connection with the formation of the Partnership, the General Partner made certain Capital Contributions to the Partnership in exchange for a 2.0% General Partner interest in the Partnership and was admitted as the General Partner of the Partnership, and Enterprise OLP made certain Capital Contributions to the Partnership in exchange for a 98.0% Limited Partner Interest in the Partnership and was admitted as a Limited Partner of the Partnership. As of the Closing Date, the interest of the Organizational Limited Partner shall be redeemed as provided in the Contribution Agreement, and the initial Capital Contribution of the Organizational Limited Partner shall be refunded. Ninety-eight percent of any interest or other profit that may have resulted from the investment or other use of such Initial Capital Contributions shall be allocated and distributed to the Organizational Limited Partner, and the balance thereof shall be allocated and distributed to the General Partner.

5.2 Contributions by the General Partner and its Affiliates.

(a) On the Closing Date and pursuant to the Contribution Agreement:

(i) the General Partner shall contribute to the Partnership, as a Capital Contribution, all of its ownership interests in the Initial Operating Subsidiaries in exchange for a continuation of its 2% General Partner Interest (representing 414,318 initial General Partner Units), subject to all of the rights, privileges and duties of the General Partner under this Agreement, in accordance with the Contribution Agreement; and

(ii) Enterprise OLP shall contribute to the Partnership, as a Capital Contribution, ownership interests in the Initial Operating Subsidiaries (representing 66% of the aggregate ownership interests in the Initial Operating Subsidiaries less the percentage of such ownership interests being contributed by the General Partner and its Affiliates in accordance with Section 5.2(a)(i)), in exchange for (A) 7,301,571 Common Units and (B) the right to receive \$ million as reimbursement for certain capital expenditures together with additional cash for the contributed assets in accordance with the Contribution Agreement.

(b) Upon the issuance of any additional Limited Partner Interests by the Partnership (other than the Common Units issued in the Initial Offering and the Common Units issued pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option), the General Partner may, in exchange for a proportionate number of General Partner Units, make, but is not obligated to make, a contribution in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying (i) the quotient determined by dividing (A) the General Partner's Percentage Interest times (ii) the amount contributed to the Partnership by the Limited Partners in exchange for such additional Limited Partner Interests. Except as set forth in <u>Sections 11.3(c)</u> and <u>12.2(ii)</u>, the General Partner shall not be obligated to make any additional Capital Contributions to the Partnership.

5.3 Contributions by the Underwriters and Redemption of Common Units if Over-Allotment Option is Exercised.

(a) On the Closing Date and pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement, each Underwriter shall contribute to the Partnership cash in an amount equal to the Issue Price per Initial Common Unit, multiplied by the number of Common Units specified in the Underwriting Agreement to be purchased by such Underwriter at the Issue Price per Initial Common Unit at the Closing Date. In exchange for such Capital Contributions by the Underwriters, the Partnership shall issue Common Units to each Underwriter on whose behalf such Capital Contribution is made in an amount equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) such cash contribution to the Partnership by or on behalf of such Underwriter by (ii) the Issue Price per Initial Common Unit.

(b) Upon the exercise of the Over-Allotment Option, each Underwriter shall contribute to the Partnership cash in an amount equal to the Issue Price per Initial Common Unit, multiplied by the number of Common Units to be purchased by such Underwriter at the Option Closing Date. In exchange for such Capital Contributions by the Underwriters, the Partnership shall issue Common Units to each Underwriter on whose behalf such Capital Contribution was made in an amount equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the cash contributions to the Partnership by or on behalf of such Underwriter by (ii) the Issue Price per Initial Common Unit. If the Underwriters exercise their Over-Allotment Option, the Partnership shall use the net proceeds (after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions) from such exercise to redeem from Enterprise OLP a number of Common Units equal to the number of Common Units is used upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.

(c) Upon the issuance of Common Units to the Underwriters as provided in this <u>Section 5.3</u>, each such Underwriter shall be deemed admitted as a Limited Partner with respect to the Common Units acquired by it. Upon the further transfer of Common Units to Persons acquiring the same from the Underwriters as contemplated by the Underwriting Agreement, such transferees will be admitted as a successor Limited Partners as contemplated by <u>Section 10.1</u>.

5.4 Interest and Withdrawal. No interest shall be paid by the Partnership on Capital Contributions. No Partner shall be entitled to the withdrawal or return of its Capital Contribution, except to the extent, if any, that distributions made pursuant to this Agreement or upon termination of the Partnership may be considered as such by law and then only to the extent provided for in this Agreement. Except to the extent expressly provided in this Agreement, no Partner shall have priority over any other Partner either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions. Any such return shall be a compromise to which all Partners agree within the meaning of Section 17-502(b) of the Delaware Act.

5.5 Capital Accounts

(a) The Partnership shall maintain for each Partner (or a beneficial owner of Partnership Interests held by a nominee in any case in which the nominee has furnished the identity of such owner to the Partnership in accordance with Section 6031(c) of the Code or any other method acceptable to the General Partner) owning a Partnership Interest a separate Capital Account with respect to such Partnership Interest in accordance with the rules of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv). Such Capital Account shall be increased by (i) the amount of all Capital Contributions made to the Partnership with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to this Agreement and (ii) all items of Partnership



income and gain (including income and gain exempt from tax) computed in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u>, and decreased by (A) the amount of cash or Net Agreed Value of all actual and deemed distributions of cash or property made with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to this Agreement and (B) all items of Partnership deduction and loss computed in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u>.

(b) For purposes of computing the amount of any item of income, gain, loss or deduction which is to be allocated pursuant to <u>Article VI</u> and is to be reflected in the Partners' Capital Accounts, the determination, recognition and classification of any such item shall be the same as its determination, recognition and classification for federal income tax purposes (including any method of depreciation, cost recovery or amortization used for that purpose), provided, that:

(i) Solely for purposes of this <u>Section 5.5</u>, the Partnership shall be treated as owning directly its proportionate share (as determined by the General Partner based upon the provisions of the applicable Group Member Agreement or governing, organizational or similar documents) of all property owned by (x) any other Group Member that is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and (y) any other partnership, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity or arrangement that is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, of which a Group Member is, directly or indirectly, a partner.

(ii) All fees and other expenses incurred by the Partnership to promote the sale of (or to sell) a Partnership Interest that can neither be deducted nor amortized under Section 709 of the Code, if any, shall, for purposes of Capital Account maintenance, be treated as an item of deduction at the time such fees and other expenses are incurred and shall be allocated among the Partners pursuant to Section 6.1.

(iii) Except as otherwise provided in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m), the computation of all items of income, gain, loss and deduction shall be made without regard to any election under Section 754 of the Code which may be made by the Partnership and, as to those items described in Section 705(a)(1)(B) or 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code, without regard to the fact that such items are not includable in gross income or are neither currently deductible nor capitalized for federal income tax purposes. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Partnership asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) or 743(b) or 743(c) of the Code is required, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2) (iv)(m), to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts, the amount of such adjustment in the Capital Accounts shall be treated as an item of gain or loss.

(iv) Any income, gain or loss attributable to the taxable disposition of any Partnership property shall be determined as if the adjusted basis of such property as of such date of disposition were equal in amount to the Partnership's Carrying Value with respect to such property as of such date.

(v) In accordance with the requirements of Section 704(b) of the Code, any deductions for depreciation, cost recovery or amortization attributable to any Contributed Property shall be determined as if the adjusted basis of such property on the date it was acquired by the Partnership were equal to the Agreed Value of such property. Upon an adjustment pursuant to <u>Section 5.5(d</u>) to the Carrying Value of any Partnership property subject to depreciation, cost recovery or amortization, any further deductions for such depreciation, cost recovery or amortization attributable to such property shall be determined (A) as if the adjusted basis of such property were equal to the Carrying Value of such property immediately following such adjustment and (B) using a rate of depreciation, cost recovery or amortization derived from the same method and useful life (or, if applicable, the remaining useful life) as is applied for federal income tax purposes; *provided, however*, that, if the asset has a zero adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, depreciation, cost recovery or amortization deductions shall be determined using any method that the General Partner may adopt.

(vi) If the Partnership's adjusted basis in a depreciable or cost recovery property is reduced for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 48(q)(1) or 48(q)(3) of the Code, the amount of

such reduction shall, solely for purposes hereof, be deemed to be an additional depreciation or cost recovery deduction in the year such property is placed in service and shall be allocated among the Partners pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u>. Any restoration of such basis pursuant to Section 48(q)(2) of the Code shall, to the extent possible, be allocated in the same manner to the Partners to whom such deemed deduction was allocated.

(c) A transferee of a Partnership Interest shall succeed to a pro rata portion of the Capital Account of the transferor relating to the Partnership Interest so transferred.

(d) (i) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f), on an issuance of additional Partnership Interests for cash or Contributed Property, the issuance of Partnership Interests as consideration for the provision of services or the conversion of the General Partner's Purchased Interest to Common Units pursuant to <u>Section 11.3(b)</u>, the Capital Account of all Partners and the Carrying Value of each Partnership property immediately prior to such issuance shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss had been recognized on an actual sale of each Such property immediately prior to such issuance and had been allocated to the Partners at such time pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u> in the same manner as any item of gain or loss actually recognized during such period would have been allocated. In determining such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss, the aggregate cash amount and fair market value of all Partnership assets (including cash or cash equivalents) immediately prior to to the issuance of additional Partnership Interests shall be determined by the General Partner using such method of valuation as it may adopt; *provided, however*, that the General Partner, in arriving at such valuation, must take fully into account the fair market value of the Partners at such time. The General Partner shall allocate such aggregate value among the assets of the Partnership (in such manner as it determines) to arrive at a fair market value for individual properties.

(ii) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f), immediately prior to any actual or deemed distribution to a Partner of any Partnership property (other than a distribution of cash that is not in redemption or retirement of a Partnership Interest), the Capital Accounts of all Partners and the Carrying Value of all Partnership property shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss attributable to such Partnership property, as if such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss the been recognized in a sale of such property immediately prior to such distribution for an amount equal to its fair market value, and had been allocated to the Partners, as usuch time, pursuant to Section 6.1 in the same manner as any item of gain or loss actually recognized during such period would have been allocated. In determining such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss the aggregate cash amount and fair market value of all Partnership assets (including cash or cash equivalents) immediately prior to a distribution shall (A) in the case of an actual distribution that is not made pursuant to Section 12.4 or in the case of a deemed contribution and/or distribution occurring as a result of a termination of the Partnership pursuant to Section 708 of the Code, be determined and allocated in the same manner as that provided in <u>Section 5.5(d)(i)</u> or (B) in the case of a liquidating distribution pursuant to <u>Section 12.4</u>. be determined and allocated by the Liquidator using such method of valuation as it may adopt.

5.6 Issuances of Additional Partnership Securities.

(a) The Partnership may issue additional Partnership Securities and options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to the Partnership Securities for any Partnership purpose at any time and from time to time to such Persons for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as the General Partner shall determine, all without the approval of any Limited Partners.

(b) Each additional Partnership Security authorized to be issued by the Partnership pursuant to <u>Section 5.6(a)</u> may be issued in one or more classes, or one or more series of any such classes, with such designations, preferences, rights, powers and duties (which may be senior to existing classes and series of Partnership Securities), as shall be fixed by the General Partner, including (i) the right to share in Partnership profits and losses or items thereof; (ii) the right to share in Partnership distributions; (iii) the rights upon dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership; (iv) whether, and the terms and conditions upon



which, the Partnership may or shall be required to redeem the Partnership Security (including sinking fund provisions); (v) whether such Partnership Security is issued with the privilege of conversion or exchange and, if so, the terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange; (vi) the terms and conditions upon which each Partnership Security will be issued, evidenced by certificates and assigned or transferred; (vii) the method for determining the Percentage Interest as to such Partnership Security; and (viii) the right, if any, of each such Partnership Security to vote on Partnership matters, including matters relating to the relative rights, preferences and privileges of such Partnership Security.

(c) The General Partner is hereby authorized and directed to take all actions that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with (i) each issuance of Partnership Securities and options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to Partnership Securities pursuant to this <u>Section 5.6</u>. (ii) the conversion of the General Partner Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, (iii) the admission of additional Limited Partners and (iv) all additional issuances of Partnership Securities. The General Partner shall determine the relative rights, powers and duties of the holders of the Units or other Partnership Securities being so issued. The General Partner shall do all things necessary to comply with the Delaware Act and is authorized and directed to do all things that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with any future issuance of Partnership Securities or in connection with the conversion of the General Partner Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, issuance of an effective or any federal, state or other governmental agency or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units or other Partnership Securities are listed or admitted for trading.

(d) No fractional Units shall be issued by the Partnership.

5.7 Limited Preemptive Right. Except as provided in this Section 5.7 and in Section 5.2, and except as may be provided as part of the terms of additional Partnership Securities issued pursuant to Section 5.6, no Person shall have any preemptive, preferential or other similar right with respect to the issuance of any Partnership Security, whether unissued, held in the treasury or hereafter created. The General Partner shall have the right, which it may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of its Affiliates, to purchase Partnership Securities from the Partnership whenever, and on the same terms that, the Partnership Securities to Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain the Partnership securities (other than the General Partner Interest) of the General Partner and its Affiliates equal to that which existed immediately prior to the issuance of such Partnership Securities.

5.8 Splits and Combinations.

(a) Subject to Section 5.8(d), the Partnership may make a Pro Rata distribution of Partnership Securities to all Record Holders or may effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Securities so long as, after any such event, each Partner shall have the same Percentage Interest in the Partnership as before such event, and any amounts calculated on a per Unit basis or stated as a number of Units are proportionately adjusted retroactive to the beginning of the Partnership.

(b) Whenever such a distribution, subdivision or combination of Partnership Securities is declared, the General Partner shall select a Record Date as of which the distribution, subdivision or combination shall be effective and shall send notice thereof at least 20 days prior to such Record Date to each Record Holder as of a date not less than 10 days prior to the date of such notice. The General Partner also may cause a firm of independent public accountants selected by it to calculate the number of Partnership Securities to be held by each Record Holder after giving effect to such distribution, subdivision or combination. The General Partner shall be entitled to rely on any certificate provided by such firm as conclusive evidence of the accuracy of such calculation.

(c) Promptly following any such distribution, subdivision or combination, the Partnership may issue Certificates to the Record Holders of Partnership Securities as of the applicable Record Date representing the new number of Partnership Securities held by such Record Holders, or the General Partner may adopt such other procedures that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect such changes. If any such combination results in a smaller total number of Partnership Securities Outstanding, the Partnership

shall require, as a condition to the delivery to a Record Holder of such new Certificate, the surrender of any Certificate held by such Record Holder immediately prior to such Record Date.

(d) The Partnership shall not issue fractional Units upon any distribution, subdivision or combination of Units. If a distribution, subdivision or combination of Units would result in the issuance of fractional Units but for the provisions of <u>Section 5.6(d)</u> and this <u>Section 5.8(d)</u>, each fractional Unit shall be rounded to the nearest whole Unit (and a 0.5 Unit shall be rounded to the next higher Unit).

5.9 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests. All Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to, and in accordance with the requirements of, this <u>Article V</u> shall be fully paid and non-assessable Limited Partner Interests in the Partnership, except as such non-assessability may be affected by Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act.

ARTICLE VI

Allocations and Distributions

6.1 Allocations for Capital Account Purposes. For purposes of maintaining the Capital Accounts and in determining the rights of the Partners among themselves, the Partnership's items of income, gain, loss and deduction (computed in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u>) shall be allocated among the Partners in each taxable year (or portion thereof) as provided herein below.

(a) Net Income and Net Loss.

(i) Net Income. After giving effect to the special allocations set forth in <u>Section 6.1(c)</u>, Net Income for each taxable year and all items of income, gain, loss and deduction taken into account in computing Net Income for such taxable year shall be allocated to the Partners in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests.

(ii) Net Losses. After giving effect to the special allocations set forth in Section 6.1(c), Net Losses for each taxable period and all items of income, gain, loss and deduction taken into account in computing Net Losses for such taxable period shall be allocated to the Partners in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests; provided, that Net Losses shall not be allocated pursuant to this Section 6.1(a) to the extent that such allocation would cause any Partner to have a deficit balance in its Adjusted Capital Account at the end of such taxable year (or increase any existing deficit balance in its Adjusted Capital Account), instead any such Net Losses shall be allocated to Partners with positive Adjusted Capital Accounts in accordance with their Percentage Interests until such positive Adjusted Capital Accounts are reduced to zero, and thereafter to the General Partner.

(b) Net Termination Gains and Losses. After giving effect to the special allocations set forth in Section 6.1(c), all items of income, gain, loss and deduction taken into account in computing Net Termination Gain or Net Termination Loss is allocated hereunder. All allocations under this Section 6.1(b) shall be made after Capital Account balances have been adjusted by all other allocations provided under this Section 6.1 and after all distributions of Available Cash provided under Section 6.3 have been made; provided, however, that solely for purposes of this Section 6.1(b), Capital Accounts shall not be adjusted for distributions made pursuant to Section 12.4.

(i) If a Net Termination Gain is recognized (or deemed recognized pursuant to Section 5.5(d)), such Net Termination Gain shall be allocated among the Partners in the following manner (and the Capital Accounts of the Partners shall be increased by the amount so allocated in each of the following subclauses, in the order listed, before an allocation is made pursuant to the next succeeding subclause):

A. First, to each Partner having a deficit balance in its Capital Account, in the proportion that such deficit balance bears to the total deficit balances in the Capital Accounts of all



Partners, until each such Partner has been allocated Net Termination Gain equal to any such deficit balance in its Capital Account; and

B. Second, 100% to all Partners in accordance with their Percentage Interests.

(ii) If a Net Termination Loss is recognized (or deemed recognized pursuant to Section 5.5(d)), such Net Termination Loss shall be allocated among the Partners in the following manner:

A. First, 100% to all Partners in accordance with their Percentage Interests, until the Capital Account in respect of each Common Unit then Outstanding has been reduced to zero; and

B. Second, the balance, if any, 100% to the General Partner.

(c) Special Allocations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, the following special allocations shall be made for such taxable period:

(i) Partnership Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, if there is a net decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, each Partner shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary, subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(f)(6), 1.704-2(g)(2) and 1.704-2(g)(2), or any successor provision. For purposes of this Section 6.1(c), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c)(with respect to such taxable period (other than an allocation pursuant to Sections 6.1(c)(y). This Section 6.1(c)(y) is intended to comply with the Partnership Minimum Gain chargeback requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) Chargeback of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 6.1 (other than Section 6.1(c)(i)), except as provided in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4), if there is a net decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, any Partner with a share of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain at the beginning of such taxable period shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary, subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(i)(4) and 1.704-2(i)(2)(ii), or any successor provisions. For purposes of this Section 6.1(c), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c), (i) is net net and to comply with the chargeback of items of income and gain requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4) and 5.1(c)(y) and 6.1(c)(yi), with respect to such taxable period. This Section 6.1(c)(yi) is intended to comply with the chargeback of items of income and gain requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(iii) Qualified Income Offset. In the event any Partner unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Partnership income and gain shall be specially allocated to such Partner in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the deficit balance, if any, in its Adjusted Capital Account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible unless such deficit balance is otherwise eliminated pursuant to Section 6.1(c)(i) or (ii).

(iv) *Gross Income Allocations.* In the event any Partner has a deficit balance in its Capital Account at the end of any Partnership taxable period in excess of the sum of (A) the amount such Partner is required to restore pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and (B) the amount such Partner is deemed obligated to restore pursuant to Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(i)(5), such Partner shall be specially allocated items of Partnership gross income and gain in

the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; *provided*, that an allocation pursuant to this <u>Section 6.1(c)(iv)</u> shall be made only if and to the extent that such Partner would have a deficit balance in its Capital Account as adjusted after all other allocations provided for in this <u>Section 6.1</u> have been tentatively made as if this <u>Section 6.1(c)(iv)</u> were not in this Agreement.

(v) Nonrecourse Deductions. Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated to the Partners in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests. If the General Partner determines that the Partnership's Nonrecourse Deductions should be allocated in a different ratio to satisfy the safe harbor requirements of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the General Partner is authorized, upon notice to the other Partners, to revise the prescribed ratio to the numerically closest ratio that does satisfy such requirements.

(vi) Partner Nonrecourse Deductions. Partner Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated 100% to the Partner that bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to the Partner Nonrecourse Debt to which such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions are attributable in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i). If more than one Partner bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt, such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions attributable thereto shall be allocated between or among such Partners in accordance with the ratios in which they share such Economic Risk of Loss.

(vii) Nonrecourse Liabilities. For purposes of Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-3(a)(3), the Partners agree that Nonrecourse Liabilities of the Partnership in excess of the sum of (A) the amount of Partnership Minimum Gain and (B) the total amount of Nonrecourse Built-in Gain shall be allocated among the Partners in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests.

(viii) Code Section 754 Adjustments. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Partnership asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m), to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the Capital Accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Partners in a manner consistent with the manner in which their Capital Accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to such Section of the Treasury Regulations.

(ix) Curative Allocation.

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1. other than the Required Allocations, the Required Allocations shall be taken into account in making the Agreed Allocations so that, to the extent possible, the net amount of items of income, gain, loss and deduction allocated to each Partner pursuant to the Required Allocations and the Agreed Allocations, together, shall be equal to the net amount of such items that would have been allocated to each such Partner under the Agreed Allocations relating to (1) Nonrecourse Deductions shall not be taken into account except to the extent that there has been a decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain and (2) Partner Nonrecourse Deductions shall not be taken into account except to the extent that there has been a decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain. Allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c)(ix)(Δ) shall only be made with respect to Required Allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c)(ix)(Δ) shall only be made with respect to Required Allocations are likely to be offset by subsequent with respect to allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c)(ix)(Δ) shall be deferred with respect to allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(c)(ix)(Δ) shall be deferred after determines that such allocations are likely to be offset by subsequent Required Allocations.

B. The General Partner shall, with respect to each taxable period, (1) apply the provisions of <u>Section 6.1(c)(ix)(A)</u> in whatever order is most likely to minimize the economic distortions



that might otherwise result from the Required Allocations, and (2) divide all allocations pursuant to $\underline{\text{Section 6.1}(c)(ix)(A)}$ among the Partners in a manner that is likely to minimize such economic distortions.

6.2 Allocations for Tax Purposes.

(a) Except as otherwise provided herein, for federal income tax purposes, each item of income, gain, loss and deduction shall be allocated among the Partners in the same manner as its correlative item of "book" income, gain, loss or deduction is allocated pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u>.

(b) In an attempt to eliminate Book-Tax Disparities attributable to a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, items of income, gain, loss, depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions shall be allocated for federal income tax purposes among the Partners as follows:

(i) (A) In the case of a Contributed Property, such items attributable thereto shall be allocated among the Partners in the manner provided under Section 704(c) of the Code that takes into account the variation between the Agreed Value of such property and its adjusted basis at the time of contribution; and (B) any item of Residual Gain or Residual Loss attributable to a Contributed Property shall be allocated among the Partners in the same manner as its correlative item of "book" gain or loss is allocated pursuant to Section 6.1.

(ii) (A) In the case of an Adjusted Property, such items shall (1) first, be allocated among the Partners in a manner consistent with the principles of Section 704(c) of the Code to take into account the Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss attributable to such property and the allocations thereof pursuant to <u>Section 5.5(d)(i)</u> or <u>5.5(d)(i)</u>, and (2) second, in the event such property was originally a Contributed Property, be allocated among the Partners in a manner consistent with <u>Section 6.2(b)(i)(A)</u>; and (B) any item of Residual Gain or Residual Loss attributable to an Adjusted Property shall be allocated among the Partners in the same manner as its correlative item of "book" gain or loss is allocated pursuant to <u>Section 6.1</u>.

(iii) The General Partner shall apply the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-3(d) to eliminate Book-Tax Disparities, except as otherwise determined by the General Partner with respect to goodwill.

(c) For the proper administration of the Partnership and for the preservation of uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof), the General Partner shall (i) adopt such conventions as it deems appropriate in determining the amount of depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions; (ii) make special allocations for federal income tax purposes of income (including gross income) or deductions; and (iii) amend the provisions of this Agreement as appropriate (A) to reflect the proposal or promulgation of Treasury Regulations under Section 704(b) or Section 704(c) of the Code or (B) otherwise to preserve or achieve uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof). The General Partner may adopt such conventions, make such allocations and make such amendments to this Agreement as provided in this <u>Section 6.2(c)</u> only if such conventions, allocations or amendments would not have a material adverse effect on the Partners, the holders of any class or classes of Limited Partner Interests issued and Outstanding or the Partnership, and if such allocations are consistent with the principles of Section 704 of the Code.

(d) The General Partner may determine to depreciate or amortize the portion of an adjustment under Section 743(b) of the Code attributable to unrealized appreciation in any Adjusted Property (to the extent of the unamortized Book-Tax Disparity) using a predetermined rate derived from the depreciation or amortization method and useful life applied to the Partnership's common basis of such property, despite any inconsistency of such approach with Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-l(a)(6), Treasury Regulation Section 1.197-2(g)(3), the legislative history of Section 743 of the Code or any successor regulations thereto. If the General Partner determines that such reporting position cannot reasonably be taken, the General Partner may adopt depreciation and amortization conventions under which all purchasers acquiring Limited Partner Interests in the same month would receive depreciation and amortization deductions, based upon the same applicable rate as if they had purchased a direct interest in

the Partnership's property. If the General Partner chooses not to utilize such aggregate method, the General Partner may use any other depreciation and amortization conventions to preserve the uniformity of the intrinsic tax characteristics of any Limited Partner Interests so long as such conventions would not have a material adverse effect on the Limited Partners or the Record Holders of any class or classes of Limited Partner Interests.

(e) Any gain allocated to the Partners upon the sale or other taxable disposition of any Partnership asset shall, to the extent possible, after taking into account other required allocations of gain pursuant to this <u>Section 6.2</u>, be characterized as Recapture Income in the same proportions and to the same extent as such Partners (or their predecessors in interest) have been allocated any deductions directly or indirectly giving rise to the treatment of such gains as Recapture Income.

(f) All items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit recognized by the Partnership for federal income tax purposes and allocated to the Partners in accordance with the provisions hereof shall be determined without regard to any election under Section 754 of the Code which may be made by the Partnership; *provided, however*, that such allocations, once made, shall be adjusted (in the manner determined by the General Partner) to take into account those adjustments permitted or required by Sections 734 and 743 of the Code.

(g) Each item of Partnership income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to a transferred Partnership Interest, shall for federal income tax purposes, be determined on an annual basis and shall be allocated to the Partners as of the opening of the principal National Securities Exchange on which the Units are then traded on the first Business Day of each month; *provided, however*, that such items for the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending on the last day of the month in which the Option Closing Date or the expiration of the Over-Allotment Option occurs shall be allocated to the Partners as of the opening of the National Securities Exchange on which the Units are then traded on the first Business Day of the next succeeding month; and *provided, further*, that gain or loss on a sale or other disposition of any assets of the Partnership other than in the ordinary course of business shall be allocated to the Partner may revise, alter or otherwise modify such methods of allocation to the extent permitted or required by Section 706 of the Code and the regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder.

(h) Allocations that would otherwise be made to a Limited Partner under the provisions of this <u>Article VI</u> shall instead be made to the beneficial owner of Limited Partner Interests held by a nominee in any case in which the nominee has furnished the identity of such owner to the Partnership in accordance with Section 6031(c) of the Code or any other method determined by the General Partner.

6.3 Requirement and Characterization of Distributions; Distributions to Record Holders.

(a) Within 45 days following the end of each Quarter commencing with the Quarter ending on March 31, 2007, an amount equal to 100% of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall, subject to Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act, be distributed in accordance with this <u>Article VI</u> by the Partnership to the Partners in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests as of the Record Date selected by the General Partner. All distributions required to be made under this Agreement shall be made subject to Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 6.3(a), in the event of the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership, all receipts received during or after the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs shall be applied and distributed solely in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, Section 12.4.

(c) The General Partner may treat taxes paid by the Partnership on behalf of, or amounts withheld with respect to, all or less than all of the Partners, as a distribution of Available Cash to such Partners.



(d) Each distribution in respect of a Partnership Interest shall be paid by the Partnership, directly or through the Transfer Agent or through any other Person or agent, only to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest as of the Record Date set for such distribution. Such payment shall constitute full payment and satisfaction of the Partnership's liability in respect of such payment, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such payment by reason of an assignment or otherwise.

ARTICLE VII

MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS

7.1 Management.

(a) The General Partner shall conduct, direct and manage all activities of the Partnership. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, all management powers over the business and affairs of the Partnership shall be exclusively vested in the General Partner, and no Limited Partner shall have any management power over the business and affairs of the Partnership. In addition to the powers now or hereafter granted a general partner of a limited partnership under applicable law or that are granted to the General Partner under any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner, subject to <u>Sections 2.9, 7.3</u> and <u>12.9</u>, shall have full power and authority to do all things and on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct the business of the Partnership, to exercise all powers set forth in <u>Section 2.5</u> and to effectuate the purposes set forth in <u>Section 2.4</u>, including the following:

(i) the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into Partnership Securities, and the incurring of any other obligations;

(ii) the making of tax, regulatory and other filings, or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over the business or assets of the Partnership;

(iii) the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of the assets of the Partnership or the merger or other combination of the Partnership with or into another Person (the matters described in this <u>clause (iii)</u> being subject, however, to any prior approval that may be required by <u>Section 7.3</u> and <u>Article XIV</u>);

(iv) the use of the assets of the Partnership (including cash on hand) for any purpose consistent with the terms of this Agreement, including the financing of the conduct of the operations of the Partnership Group; subject to <u>Section 7.6(a)</u>, the lending of funds to other Persons (including other Group Members); the repayment or guarantee of obligations of other Group Members and the making of capital contributions to any Group Member;

(v) the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments (including instruments that limit the liability of the Partnership under contractual arrangements to all or particular assets of the Partnership, with the other party to the contract to have no recourse against the General Partner or its assets other than its interest in the Partnership, even if same results in the terms of the transaction being less favorable to the Partnership than would otherwise be the case);

(vi) the distribution of Partnership cash;

(vii) the selection and dismissal of employees (including employees having titles such as "president," "vice president," "secretary" and "treasurer") and agents, outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;

(viii) the maintenance of such insurance for the benefit of the Partnership Group, the Partners and the Indemnitees as it deems necessary or appropriate (if such insurance is not maintained pursuant to the Administrative Services Agreement);

(ix) the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of cash or property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, limited liability companies, corporations or other relationships (including the acquisition of interests in, and the contributions of cash or property to, the Operating Partnership from time to time) subject to the restrictions set forth in <u>Sections 2.4</u> and <u>2.9</u>;

(x) the control of any matters affecting the rights and obligations of the Partnership, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;

(xi) the indemnification of any Person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;

(xii) the entering into of listing agreements with any National Securities Exchange and the delisting of some or all of the Limited Partner Interests from, or requesting that trading be suspended on, any such exchange (subject to any prior approval that may be required under <u>Section 4.7</u>);

(xiii) the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of Partnership Securities, or the issuance of options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to Partnership Securities;

(xiv) the undertaking of any action in connection with the Partnership's ownership or operation of any Group Member, including exercising on behalf and for the benefit of the Partnership, the Partnership's rights as the sole member of the Operating General Partner; and

(xv) the entering into of agreements with any of its Affiliates to render services to a Group Member or to itself in the discharge of its duties as General Partner of the Partnership, including the Administrative Services Agreement and any amendments thereto.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, the Delaware Act or any applicable law, rule or regulation, each of the Partners and each other Person who may acquire an interest in Partnership Securities hereby (i) approves, ratifies and confirms the execution, delivery and performance by the parties thereto of this Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement, the Contribution Agreement, the Administrative Services Agreement, any Group Member Agreement of any other Group Member and the other agreements described in or filed as a part of the Registration Statement that are related to the transactions contemplated by the Registration Statement; (ii) agrees that the General Partner (on its own or through any officer of the Partnership) is authorized to execute, deliver and perform the agreements referred to in <u>clause (i)</u> of this sentence and the other agreements, acts, transactions and matters described in or contemplated by the Registration Statement on behalf of the Partnership without any further act, approval or vote of the Partners or the other Persons who may acquire an interest in Partnership Securities; and (iii) agrees that the execution, delivery or performance by the General Partner, any Group Member or any Affiliate of any of them, of this Agreement or any agreement authorized or permitted under this Agreement (including the exercise by the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner of any other agreements) or of any duty stated or implied by law or equity.

7.2 Certificate of Limited Partnership. The General Partner has caused the Certificate of Limited Partnership to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as required by the Delaware Act and shall use all reasonable efforts to cause to be filed such other certificates or documents that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation, continuation, qualification and operation of a limited partnership (or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability) in the State of Delaware or any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. To the extent that the General Partner determines such action to be necessary or appropriate, the General Partner shall file amendments to and restatements of the Certificate of Limited Partnership and do all things to maintain the Partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership or a partnership or the entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership or other entity in which the limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership as a limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership as a limited partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership as a limited partnership as a li



liability) under the laws of the State of Delaware or of any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. Subject to the terms of Section 3.4(a), the General Partner shall not be required, before or after filing, to deliver or mail a copy of the Certificate of Limited Partnership, any qualification document or any amendment thereto to any Limited Partner.

7.3 *Restrictions on General Partner*'s *Authority.* Except as provided in <u>Articles XII</u> and <u>XIV</u>, the General Partner may not sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of, or approve on behalf of the Partnership the sale, exchange or other disposition of, all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group, taken as a whole, or interests owned directly or indirectly by the Partnership, taken as a whole, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions (including by way of merger, consolidation or other combination or sale of ownership interests of the Partnership's Subsidiaries), without the approval of holders of a majority of Outstanding Units and Special Approval; *provided however*, that this provision shall not preclude or limit the General Partner's ability to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group pursuant to the foreclosure of, or other realization upon, any such encumbrance. Without the approval of holders of a majority of Outstanding Units, the General Partner shall not, on behalf of the Partnership, except as permitted under <u>Sections 4.6</u>, <u>11.1</u> and <u>11.2</u>, elect or cause the Partnership to elect a successor general partner of the Partnership.

7.4 Reimbursement of the General Partner.

(a) Except as provided in this Section 7.4 and elsewhere in this Agreement, none of the General Partner or its Affiliates shall be compensated for its services as a general partner or managing member of any Group Member.

(b) Subject to any applicable limitations contained in the Administrative Services Agreement, the General Partner or EPCO, without duplication, shall be reimbursed on a monthly basis, or such other basis as the General Partner may determine, for (i) all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on behalf of the Partnership (including amounts incurred by EPCO under the Administrative Services Agreement and including salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to any Person, including Affiliates of the General Partner, to perform services for the Partnership or the General Partner in the discharge of its duties to the Partnership), and (ii) all other expenses allocable to the Partnership or otherwise incurred in connection with operating the Partnership's business (including expenses allocated to the General Partner by its Affiliates). The General Partner shall determine the expenses that are allocable to the Partnership. Reimbursements pursuant to this <u>Section 7.4</u> shall be in addition to any reimbursement to the General Partner as a result of indemnification pursuant to <u>Section 7.7</u>.

(c) The General Partner, without the approval of the Limited Partners (who shall have no right to vote in respect thereof), may propose and adopt on behalf of the Partnership employee benefit plans, employee programs and employee practices (including plans, programs and practices involving the issuance of Partnership Securities or options to purchase or rights, warrants or appreciation rights relating to Partnership Securities), or cause the Partnership to issue Partnership Securities in connection with, or pursuant to, any employee benefit plan, employee program or employee practice maintained or sponsored by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, in each case for the benefit of employees of the General Partner, any Group Member or any Affiliate, or any of them, in respect of services performed, directly or indirectly, for the benefit of the Partnership Group. The Partnership agrees to issue and sell to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, or directly to the applicable employees, any Partnership Securities that the General Partner or such Affiliate is obligated to provide to any employees pursuant to any such employee benefit plans, employee programs or employee practices. Expenses incurred by the General Partner or such Affiliate in connection with any such plans, programs and practices (including the net cost to the General Partner or such Affiliate of Partnership Securities purchased by the General Partner or such Affiliate (on behalf of the applicable employees) from the Partnership to fulfill options or awards under such plans, programs and practices) shall be reimbursed in accordance with <u>Section 7.4(b)</u>. Any and all obligations of the General Partner under any employee benefit plans, employee programs or employee



practices adopted by the General Partner as permitted by this Section 7.4(c) shall constitute obligations of the General Partner hereunder and shall be assumed by any successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner's Partnership Interest as the General Partner in the Partnership pursuant to Section 4.6.

7.5 Outside Activities.

(a) After the Closing Date, the General Partner, for so long as it is the general partner of the Partnership (i) agrees that its sole business will be to act as the general partner of the Partnership and to undertake activities that are ancillary or related thereto (including being a limited partner in the Partnership), and (ii) shall not engage in any business or activity or incur any debts or liabilities except in connection with or incidental to (A) its performance as general partner or managing member of one or more Group Members or as described in or contemplated by the Registration Statement or (B) the acquiring, owning or disposing of debt or equity securities in any Group Member.

(b) Except as specifically restricted by the Administrative Services Agreement, each Indemnitee (other than the General Partner) shall have the right to engage in businesses of every type and description and other activities for profit and to engage in and possess an interest in other business ventures of any and every type or description, whether in businesses engaged in or anticipated to be engaged in by any Group Member, independently or with others, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the business and activities of any Group Member, and none of the same shall constitute a breach of this Agreement or any duty expressed or implied by law or equity to any Group Member or any Partner. None of any Group Member, any Limited Partner nor any other Person shall have any rights by virtue of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or the partnership relationship established hereby or thereby in any business ventures of any Indemnitee.

(c) Subject to the terms of the Administrative Services Agreement, but otherwise notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the engaging in competitive activities by any Indemnitees (other than the General Partner) in accordance with the provisions of this <u>Section 7.5</u> is hereby approved by the Partnership and all Partners, (ii) it shall be deemed not to be a breach of any fiduciary duty or any other obligation of any type whatsoever of any Indemnitee for the Indemnitees (other than the General Partner) to engage in such business interests and activities in preference to or to the exclusion of the Partnership and (iii) the General Partner and the Indemnitees shall have no obligation hereunder or as a result of any duty expressed or implied by law or equity to present business opportunities to the Partnership.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or in the Administrative Services Agreement (including provisions relating to opportunities that may be offered by certain Indemnitees in their discretion), the doctrine of corporate opportunity or any analogous doctrine shall not apply to any Indemnitee (including the General Partner), and no Indemnitee (including the General Partner) who acquires knowledge of a potential transaction, agreement, arrangement or other matter that may be an opportunity for the Partnership, shall have any duty to communicate or offer such opportunity to the Partnership, and such Indemnitee (including the General Partner) shall not be liable to the Partnership, to any Limited Partner or any other Person for breach of any fiduciary or other duty by reason of the fact that such Indemnitee (including the General Partner) pursues or acquires for itself, directs such opportunity to another Person or does not communicate such opportunity or information to the Partnership; provided that such Indemnitee does not pursue, acquire or direct such opportunity as a result of or using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Indemnitee, other than in accordance with the Administrative Services Agreement.

(e) The General Partner and each of its Affiliates may acquire Units or other Partnership Securities in addition to those acquired on the Closing Date and, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be entitled to exercise, at their option, all rights of the General Partner or a Limited Partner, as applicable, relating to such Units or other Partnership Securities. For purposes of this <u>Section 7.5(e)</u>, the term "Affiliates" when used with respect to the General Partner shall not include any Group Member.



7.6 Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership; Contracts with Affiliates; Certain Restrictions on the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner or any of its Affiliates may, but shall be under no obligation to, lend to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, funds needed or desired by the Group Member for such periods of time and in such amounts as the General Partner may determine; *provided*, *however*, that in any such case the lending party may not charge the borrowing party interest at a rate greater than the rate that would be charged to the borrowing party by unrelated lenders on comparable loans made on an arm's-length basis (without reference to the lending party's financial abilities or guarantees), all as determined by the General Partner. Any loan made by the General Partner or its Affiliate to a Group Member the terms of this <u>Section 7.6(a)</u>. The borrowing party shall reimburse the lending party for any costs (other than any additional interest costs) incurred by the lending party in connection with the borrowing of such funds. For purposes of this <u>Section 7.6(a)</u> and <u>Section 7.6(b)</u>, the term "Group Member" shall include any Affiliate of a Group Member that is controlled by the Group Member.

(b) The Partnership may lend or contribute to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the Partnership, funds on terms and conditions determined by the General Partner. No Group Member may lend funds to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates (other than another Group Member).

(c) The General Partner may itself, or may enter into an agreement, in addition to the Administrative Services Agreement, with any of its Affiliates to, render services to a Group Member or to the General Partner in the discharge of its duties as general partner of the Partnership. Any services rendered to the Group Member by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates shall be on terms that are fair and reasonable to the Group Member; *provided*, *however*, that the requirements of this <u>Section 7.6(c)</u> shall be deemed satisfied as to (i) any transaction approved by Special Approval, (ii) any transaction, the terms of which are no less favorable to the Group Member than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties, or (iii) any transaction that, taking into account the totality of the relationship between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Group Member), is equitable to the Group Member. The provisions of <u>Section 7.4</u> shall apply to the rendering of services described in this <u>Section 7.6(c)</u>.

(d) The Partnership may transfer, and cause other Group Members to transfer, assets to joint ventures, other partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies or other business entities in which it is or thereby becomes a participant upon such terms and subject to such conditions as are consistent with this Agreement and applicable law.

(e) Neither the General Partner nor any of its Affiliates shall sell, transfer or convey any property to, or purchase any property from, a Group Member, directly or indirectly, except pursuant to transactions that are fair and reasonable to the Group Member; *provided*, *however*, that the requirements of this <u>Section 7.6(e)</u> shall be deemed to be satisfied as to (i) the transactions that are fair and reasonable to the Group Member; *provided*, *however*, that the requirements of this <u>Section 7.6(e)</u> shall be deemed to be satisfied as to (i) the transactions that are fair and reasonable to the Group Member; *provided*, *however*, that the requirements of this <u>Section 7.6(e)</u> shall be deemed to be satisfied as to (i) the transactions that met transactions described in or contemplated by the Registration Statement, (ii) any transaction approved by Special Approval, (iii) any transaction, the terms of which are objectively demonstrable to be no less favorable to the Group Member than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties, or (iv) any transaction that, taking into account the totality of the relationship between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Partnership), is equitable to the Group Member. With respect to any contribution of assets to the Partnership in exchange for Partnership Securities, the Audit and Conflicts Committee, in determining (in connection with Special Approval) whether the appropriate number of Partnership Securities are being issued, may take into account, will protect the existing partners of the Partnership against a low tax

basis, and such other factors as the Audit and Conflicts Committee determines to be relevant under the circumstances.

(f) The General Partner and its Affiliates will have no obligation to permit any Group Member to use any facilities or assets of the General Partner and its Affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into from time to time specifically dealing with such use, nor shall there be any obligation on the part of the General Partner or its Affiliates to enter into such contracts.

(g) Without limitation of Sections 7.6(a) through 7.6(f), and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the existence of the conflicts of interest described in the Registration Statement are hereby approved by all Partners.

7.7 Indemnification.

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, all Indemnitees shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Partnership from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any Indemnitee may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of its status as an Indemnite; *provided*, that the Indemnite shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee seeking indemnification pursuant to this <u>Section 7.7</u>, the Indemnite acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct, or in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnifiee's conduct was unlawful; *provided*, *further*, no indemnification pursuant to this <u>Section 7.7</u> shall be available to the General Partner or its Affiliates (other than obligations incurred by the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership). Any indemnification pursuant to this <u>Section 7.7</u> shall be made only out of the assets of the Partnership, it being agreed that the General Partner shall not be personally liable for such indemnification and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate such indemnification.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to <u>Section 7.7(a)</u> in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Partnership prior to a determination that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified, upon receipt by the Partnership of any undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this <u>Section 7.7</u>.

(c) The indemnification provided by this <u>Section 7.7</u> shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, pursuant to any vote of the holders of Outstanding Units entitled to vote on such matter, as a matter of law or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee, and as to actions in any other capacity (including any capacity under the Underwriting Agreement), and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the Indemnitee.

(d) The Partnership may purchase and maintain (or reimburse the General Partner or its Affiliates for the cost of) insurance, on behalf of the General Partner, its Affiliates and such other Persons as the General Partner shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against or expense that may be incurred by such Person in connection with the Partnership's activities or such Person's activities on behalf of the Partnership, regardless of whether the Partnership would have the power to indemnify such Person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.

(e) For purposes of this <u>Section 7.7</u>, the Partnership shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by it of its duties

to the Partnership also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, it to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of <u>Section 7.7(a)</u>; and action taken or omitted by the Indemnitee with respect to any employee benefit plan in the performance of its duties for a purpose reasonably believed by it to be in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose that is in the best interest of the Partnership.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject the Limited Partners to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions set forth in this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this <u>Section 7.7</u> because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 7.7 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees, their heirs, successors, assigns and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.7 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Partnership, nor the obligations of the Partnership to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.7 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted, and provided such Person became an Indemnitee hereunder prior to such amendment, modification or repeal.

(j) THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED IN THIS <u>SECTION 7.7</u> ARE INTENDED BY THE PARTIES TO APPLY EVEN IF SUCH PROVISIONS HAVE THE EFFECT OF EXCULPATING THE INDEMNITEE FROM LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PERSON'S NEGLIGENCE, FAULT OR OTHER CONDUCT.

7.8 Liability of Indemnitees.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Partnership, the Limited Partners or any other Persons who have acquired interests in Partnership Securities, for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) Subject to its obligations and duties as General Partner set forth in Section 7.1(a), the General Partner may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through its agents, and the General Partner shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such agent appointed by the General Partner in good faith.

(c) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.8 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on the liability of the Indemnitees under this Section 7.8 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

7.9 Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standard of Conduct and Modification of Duties.

(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever a potential conflict of interest exists or arises between the General Partner or any of its



Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Partnership, any of its Subsidiaries or any Partner, on the other hand, any resolution or course of action by the General Partner or its Affiliates in respect of such conflict of interest shall be permitted and deemed approved by all Partners, and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or of any agreement contemplated herein or therein, or of any duty expressed or implied by law or equity, if the resolution or course of action in respect of such conflict of interest is or, by operation of this Agreement is deemed to be, fair and reasonable to the Partnership; provided that, any conflict of interest and any resolution of such conflict of interest shall be deemed fair and reasonable to the Partnership if such conflict of interest or resolution is (i) approved by Special Approval, or (ii) on terms no less favorable to the Partnership than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties. The Audit and Conflicts Committee (in connection with a Special Approval) shall be authorized in connection with its resolution of any conflict of interest to consider (i) the relative interests of any party to such conflict, agreement, transaction or situation and the benefits and burdens relating to such interest; (ii) the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Partnership); (iii) any customary or accepted industry practices and any customary or historical dealings with a particular Person; (iv) any applicable generally accepted accounting or engineering practices or principles; (v) the relative cost of capital of the parties and the consequent rates of return to the equity holders of the parties; and (vi) such additional factors as the Audit and Conflicts Committee determines in its sole discretion to be relevant, reasonable or appropriate under the circumstances. Nothing contained in this Agreement, however, is intended to nor shall it be construed to require the Audit and Conflicts Committee to consider the interests of any Person other than the Partnership. In the absence of bad faith by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or the General Partner, the resolution, action or terms so made, taken or provided (including granting Special Approval) by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or the General Partner with respect to such matter shall be conclusive and binding on all Persons (including all Partners) and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement, of the Group Member Agreement or any other agreement contemplated herein or therein, or a breach of any standard of care or duty imposed herein or therein or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation. It shall be presumed that the resolution, action or terms made, taken or provided by the Audit and Conflicts Committee or the General Partner was not made, taken or provided in bad faith, and in any proceeding brought by any Limited Partner or by or on behalf of such Limited Partner or any other Limited Partner or the Partnership challenging such resolution, action or terms, the Person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding shall have the burden of overcoming such presumption.

(b) Whenever this Agreement or any other agreement contemplated hereby provides that the General Partner or any of its Affiliates is permitted or required to make a decision (i) in its "sole discretion" or "discretion," that it deems "necessary or appropriate" or under a grant of similar authority or latitude, the General Partner or such Affiliate shall be entitled to consider only such interest and factors as it desires and shall have no duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, the Partnership, any Subsidiary or any Limited Partner, (ii) it may make such decision in its sole discretion (regardless of whether there is a reference to "sole discretion" or "discretion") unless another express standard is provided for, or (iii) in "good faith" or under another express standard, the General Partner or such Affiliate shall act under such express standard and, with respect to clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of this <u>Section 7.9(b)</u>, shall not be subject to any other or regulation or at equity.

(c) Whenever the General Partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its Affiliates causes it to do so, in its individual capacity as opposed to in its capacity as a general partner of the Partnership, whether under this Agreement or any other agreement contemplated hereby or otherwise, then the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, are entitled to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership, any Limited Partner, and the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule

or regulation or at equity. By way of illustration and not of limitation, whenever the phrase, "at the option of the General Partner," or some variation of that phrase, is used in this Agreement, it indicates that the General Partner is acting in its individual capacity. For the avoidance of doubt, whenever the General Partner votes or transfers its Partnership Interests, or refrains from voting or transferring its Partnership Interests, it shall be acting in its individual capacity.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the General Partner and its Affiliates shall have no duty or obligation, express or implied, to (i) sell or otherwise dispose of any asset of the Partnership Group other than in the ordinary course of business or (ii) permit the Partnership or any other Group Member to use any facilities or assets of the General Partner and its Affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into from time to time specifically dealing with such use. Any determination by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates to enter into such contracts shall be at its option.

(e) Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, neither the General Partner nor any other Indemnitee shall have any duties or liabilities, including fiduciary duties, to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and the provisions of this Agreement, to the extent that they restrict, eliminate or otherwise modify the duties and liabilities, including fiduciary duties, of the General Partner or any other Indemnitee otherwise existing at law or in equity, are agreed by the Partners to replace such other duties and liabilities of the General Partner or such other Indemnitee. To the extent that, at law or in equity, an Indemnitee has duties, including fiduciary duties, and liabilities relating thereto to the Partnership or to the Partners, the General Partner and any other Indemnitee acting in connection with the Partnership's business or affairs shall not be liable to the Partnership or to any Partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of this Agreement.

(f) The Limited Partners hereby authorize the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership as a partner or member of a Group Member, to approve of actions by the general partner or managing member of such Group Member, similar to those actions permitted to be taken by the General Partner pursuant to this Section 7.9.

(g) Whenever a particular transaction, arrangement or resolution of a conflict of interest is required under this Agreement to be "fair and reasonable" to any Person, the fair and reasonable nature of such transaction, arrangement or resolution may be considered by the General Partner or its Board of Directors (or any committee thereof, including the Audit and Conflicts Committee) in the context of all similar or related transactions.

7.10 Other Matters Concerning the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties.

(b) The General Partner may consult with legal counsel, accountants, appraisers, management consultants, investment bankers and other consultants and advisers selected by it, and any act taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon the opinion (including an Opinion of Counsel) of such Persons as to matters that the General Partner reasonably believes to be within such Person's professional or expert competence shall be conclusively presumed to have been done or omitted in good faith and in accordance with such opinion.

(c) The General Partner shall have the right, in respect of any of its powers or obligations hereunder, to act through any of its duly authorized officers, a duly appointed attorney or attorneys-in-fact or the duly authorized officers of the Partnership. Each such attorney shall, to the extent provided by the General Partner in the power of attorney, have full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and duty that is permitted or required to be done by the General Partner hereunder.



7.11 Purchase or Sale of Partnership Securities. The General Partner may cause the Partnership to purchase or otherwise acquire Partnership Securities. Such Partnership Securities shall be held by the Partnership as treasury securities unless they are expressly canceled by action of an appropriate officer of the General Partner. As long as Partnership Securities are held by any Group Member, such Partnership Securities shall not be considered Outstanding for any purpose, except as otherwise provided herein. The General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner may also purchase or otherwise acquire and sell or otherwise dispose of Partnership Securities for its own account, subject to the provisions of <u>Articles IV</u> and <u>X</u>.

7.12 Registration Rights of the General Partner and its Affiliates.

(a) If (i) the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner (including for purposes of this Section 7.12, any Person that is an Affiliate of the General Partner at the date hereof notwithstanding that it may later cease to be an Affiliate of the General Partner) holds Partnership Securities that it desires to sell and (ii) Rule 144 of the Securities Act (or any successor rule or regulation to Rule 144) or another exemption from registration is not available to enable such holder of Partnership Securities (the "Holder") to dispose of the number of Partnership Securities it desires to sell at the time it desires to do so without registration under the Securities Act, then at the option and upon the request of the Holder, the Partnership shall file with the Commission as promptly as practicable after receiving such request, and use all reasonable efforts to cause to become effective and remain effective for a period of not less than six months following its effective date or such shorter period as shall terminate when all Partnership Securities covered by such registration statement have been sold, a registration statement under the Securities Act registering the offering and sale of the number of Partnership Securities specified by the Holder; provided, however, that the Partnership shall not be required to effect more than three registrations pursuant to this Section 7.12(a) and Section 7.12(b); and provided further, however, that if the Audit and Conflicts Committee determines in good faith that the requested registration would be materially detrimental to the Partnership and its Partners because such registration would (x) materially interfere with a significant acquisition, reorganization or other similar transaction involving the Partnership, (y) require premature disclosure of material information that the Partnership has a bona fide business purpose for preserving as confidential or (z) render the Partnership unable to comply with requirements under applicable securities laws, then the Partnership shall have the right to postpone such requested registration for a period of not more than six months after receipt of the Holder's request, such right pursuant to this Section 7.12(a) or Section 7.12(b) not to be utilized more than once in any twelve-month period. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, the Partnership shall be deemed not to have used all reasonable efforts to keep the registration statement effective during the applicable period if it voluntarily takes any action that would result in Holders of Partnership Securities covered thereby not being able to offer and sell such Partnership Securities at any time during such period, unless such action is required by applicable law. In connection with any registration pursuant to the first sentence of this Section 7.12(a), the Partnership shall (i) promptly prepare and file (A) such documents as may be necessary to register or qualify the securities subject to such registration under the securities laws of such states as the Holder shall reasonably request; provided, however, that no such qualification shall be required in any jurisdiction where, as a result thereof, the Partnership would become subject to general service of process or to taxation or qualification to do business as a foreign corporation or partnership doing business in such jurisdiction solely as a result of such registration, and (B) such documents as may be necessary to apply for listing or to list the Partnership Securities subject to such registration on such National Securities Exchange as the Holder shall reasonably request, and (ii) do any and all other acts and things that may be necessary or appropriate to enable the Holder to consummate a public sale of such Partnership Securities in such states. Except as set forth in <u>Section 7.12(d)</u>, all costs and expenses of any such registration and offering (other than the underwriting discounts and commissions) shall be paid by the Partnership, without reimbursement by the Holder.

(b) If any Holder holds Partnership Securities that it desires to sell and Rule 144 of the Securities Act (or any successor rule or regulation to Rule 144) or another exemption from registration is not available to enable such Holder to dispose of the number of Partnership Securities it desires to sell at the time it desires to do so without registration under the Securities Act, then at the option and upon the

request of the Holder, the Partnership shall file with the Commission as promptly as practicable after receiving such request, and use all reasonable efforts to cause to become effective and remain effective for a period of not less than six months following its effective date or such shorter period as shall terminate when all Partnership Securities covered by such shelf registration statement have been sold, a "shelf" registration statement covering the Partnership Securities specified by the Holder on an appropriate form under Rule 415 under the Securities Act, or any similar rule that may be adopted by the Commission, provided, however, that the Partnership shall not be required to effect more than three registrations pursuant to Section 7.12(a) and this Section 7.12(b); and provided further, however, that if the Audit and Conflicts Committee determines in good faith that any offering under, or the use of any prospectus forming a part of, the shelf registration statement would be materially detrimental to the Partnership and its Partners because such offering or use would (x) materially interfere with a significant acquisition, reorganization or other similar transaction involving the Partnership, (y) require premature disclosure of material information that the Partnership has a bona fide business purpose for preserving as confidential or (z) render the Partnership unable to comply with requirements under applicable securities laws, then the Partnership shall have the right to suspend such offering or use for a period of not more than six months after receipt of the Holder's request, such right pursuant to Section 7.12(a) or this Section 7.12(b) not to be utilized more than once in any twelve-month period. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, the Partnership shall be deemed not to have used all reasonable efforts to keep the shelf registration statement effective during the applicable period if it voluntarily takes any action that would result in Holders of Partnership Securities covered thereby not being able to offer and sell such Partnership Securities at any time during such period, unless such action is required by applicable law. In connection with any shelf registration pursuant to this Section 7.12(b), the Partnership shall (i) promptly prepare and file (A) such documents as may be necessary to register or qualify the securities subject to such shelf registration under the securities laws of such states as the Holder shall reasonably request; provided, however, that no such qualification shall be required in any jurisdiction where, as a result thereof, the Partnership would become subject to general service of process or to taxation or qualification to do business as a foreign corporation or partnership doing business in such jurisdiction solely as a result of such shelf registration, and (B) such documents as may be necessary to apply for listing or to list the Partnership Securities subject to such shelf registration on such National Securities Exchange as the Holder shall reasonably request, and (ii) do any and all other acts and things that may be necessary or appropriate to enable the Holder to consummate a public sale of such Partnership Securities in such states. Except as set forth in <u>Section 7.12(d)</u>, all costs and expenses of any such shelf registration and offering (other than the underwriting discounts and commissions) shall be paid by the Partnership, without reimbursement by the Holder.

(c) If the Partnership shall at any time propose to file a registration statement under the Securities Act for an offering of equity securities of the Partnership for cash (other than an offering relating solely to an employee benefit plan), the Partnership shall use all reasonable efforts to include such number or amount of securities held by the Holder in such registration statement as the Holder shall request; provided, that the Partnership is not required to make any effort or take an action to so include the securities of the Holder once the registration statement is declared effective by the Commission, including any registration statement providing for the offering from time to time of securities pursuant to Rule 415 of the Securities Act. If the proposed offering pursuant to this <u>Section 7.12(c)</u> shall be an underwritten offering, then, in the event that the managing underwriter or managing underwriters of such offering advise the Partnership shall include in such offering on the inclusion of all or some of the Holder's Partnership Securities would adversely and materially affect the success of the offering, the Partnership shall include in such offering only that number or amount, if any, of securities held by the Holder that, in the opinion of the managing underwriter or managing underwriter or managing underwriter or managing underwriter or the managing underwriter of such offering (other than the underwriting discounts and commissions) shall be paid by the Partnership, without reimbursement by the Holder.

(d) If underwriters are engaged in connection with any registration referred to in this Section 7.12, the Partnership shall provide indemnification, representations, covenants, opinions and other assurance to

the underwriters in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such underwriters. Further, in addition to and not in limitation of the Partnership's obligation under <u>Section 7.7</u>, the Partnership shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify and hold harmless the Holder, its officers, directors and each Person who controls the Holder (within the meaning of the Securities Act) and any agent thereof (collectively, "<u>Indemnified Persons</u>") from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any Indemnified Person may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, under the Securities Act or otherwise (hereinafter referred to in this <u>Section 7.12(d)</u> as a "claim" and in the plural as "claims") based upon, arising out of or resulting from any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in any registration statement under which any Partnership Securities were registered under the Securities Act or any state securities or Blue Sky laws, in any preliminary prospectus (if used prior to the effective date of such registration statement), or arising out of, based upon or resulting from the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements made therein not misleading; *provided, however*, that the Partnership shall not be liable to any Indemnified Person to the effective of the out or supplement therein or supplement therein statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements made therein not misleading; *provided, however*, that the Partnership shall not be liable to any Indemni

(e) The provisions of Sections 7.12(a), 7.12(b) and 7.12(c) shall continue to be applicable with respect to the General Partner (and any of the General Partner's Affiliates) after it ceases to be a Partner of the Partnership, during a period of two years subsequent to the effective date of such cessation and for so long thereafter as is required for the Holder to sell all of the Partnership Securities with respect to which it has requested during such two-year period inclusion in a registration statement otherwise filed or that a registration statement be filed; *provided, however*, that the Partnership shall not be required to file successive registration statements covering the same Partnership Securities for which registration was demanded during such two-year period. The provisions of <u>Section 7.12(d)</u> shall continue in effect thereafter.

(f) The rights to cause the Partnership to register Partnership Securities pursuant to this <u>Section 7.12</u> may be assigned (but only with all related obligations) by a Holder to a transferee or assignee of such Partnership Securities, provided (i) the Partnership is, within a reasonable time after such transfer, furnished with written notice of the name and address of such transferee or assignee and the Partnership Securities with respect to which such registration rights are being assigned; and (b) such transferee or assignee agrees in writing to be bound by and subject to the terms set forth in this <u>Section 7.12</u>.

(g) Any request to register Partnership Securities pursuant to this <u>Section 7.12</u> shall (i) specify the Partnership Securities intended to be offered and sold by the Person making the request, (ii) express such Person's present intent to offer such shares for distribution, (iii) describe the nature or method of the proposed offer and sale of Partnership Securities, and (iv) contain the undertaking of such Person to provide all such information and materials and take all action as may be required in order to permit the Partnership to comply with all applicable requirements in connection with the registration of such Partnership Securities.

7.13 *Reliance by Third Parties.* Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any Person dealing with the Partnership shall be entitled to assume that the General Partner and any officer of the General Partner authorized by the General Partner to act on behalf of and in the name of the Partnership has full power and authority to encumber, sell or otherwise use in any manner any and all assets of the Partnership and to enter into any authorized contracts on behalf of the Partnership, and such Person shall be entitled to deal with the General Partner or any such officer as if it were the Partnership's sole party in interest, both

legally and beneficially. Each Limited Partner hereby waives any and all defenses or other remedies that may be available against such Person to contest, negate or disaffirm any action of the General Partner or any such officer in connection with any such dealing. In no event shall any Person dealing with the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives be obligated to ascertain that the terms of the Agreement have been complied with or to inquire into the necessity or expedience of any act or action of the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives. Each and every certificate, document or other instrument executed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives shall be conclusive evidence in favor of any and every Person relying thereon or claiming thereunder that (i) at the time of the execution and delivery of such certificate, document or instrument, this Agreement was used and effect, (ii) the Person executing and delivering such certificate, document or instrument was duly authorized and empowered to do so for and on behalf of the Partnership and (iii) such certificate, document or instrument was duly executed and delivered in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement and is binding upon the Partnership.

ARTICLE VIII

BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS

8.1 *Records and Accounting.* The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Partnership appropriate books and records with respect to the Partnership's business, including all books and records necessary to provide to the Limited Partners any information required to be provided pursuant to <u>Section 3.4(a)</u>. Any books and records maintained by or on behalf of the Partnership in the regular course of its business, including the record of the Record Holders of Units or other Partnership Securities, books of account and records of Partnership proceedings, may be kept on, or be in the form of, computer disks, hard drives, punch cards, magnetic tape, photographs, micrographics or any other information storage device; *provided*, that the books and records to maintained are convertible into clearly legible written form within a reasonable period of time. The books of the Partnership shall be maintained, for financial reporting purposes, on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

8.2 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Partnership shall be a fiscal year ending December 31.

8.3 Reports.

(a) As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 120 days after the close of each fiscal year of the Partnership, the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available to each Record Holder of a Unit as of a date selected by the General Partner, an annual report containing consolidated financial statements of the Partnership for such fiscal year of the Partnership, presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, including a balance sheet and statements of operations and comprehensive income, Partnership equity and cash flows, such statements to be audited by an independent registered accounting firm selected by the General Partner.

(b) As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 90 days after the close of each Quarter except the last Quarter of each fiscal year, the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available to each Record Holder of a Unit, as of a date selected by the General Partner, such information as may be required by applicable law, regulation or rule of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed for trading, or as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(c) Such reports shall contain disclosure indicating that the assets and liabilities of the Partnership Group are separate from the assets and liabilities of EPCO and the other Affiliates of the General Partner.

ARTICLE IX

TAX MATTERS

9.1 Tax Returns and Information. The Partnership shall timely file all returns of the Partnership that are required for federal, state and local income tax purposes on the basis of the accrual method and a taxable

year ending on December 31. The tax information reasonably required by Record Holders for federal and state income tax reporting purposes with respect to a taxable year shall be furnished to them within 90 days of the close of the calendar year in which the Partnership's taxable year ends. The classification, realization and recognition of income, gain, losses and deductions and other items shall be on the accrual method of accounting for federal income tax purposes.

9.2 Tax Elections.

(a) The Partnership shall make the election under Section 754 of the Code in accordance with applicable regulations thereunder, subject to the reservation of the right to seek to revoke any such election upon the General Partner's determination that such revocation is in the best interests of the Limited Partners. Notwithstanding any other provision herein contained, for the purposes of computing the adjustments under Section 743(b) of the Code, the General Partner shall be authorized (but not required) to adopt a convention whereby the price paid by a transferee of a Limited Partner Interest will be deemed to be the lowest quoted closing price of such Limited Partner Interests on any National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted for trading during the calendar month in which such transfer is deemed to occur pursuant to <u>Section 6.2(g)</u> without regard to the actual price paid by such transferee.

(b) Except as otherwise provided herein, the General Partner shall determine whether the Partnership should make any other elections permitted by the Code.

9.3 *Tax Controversies*. Subject to the provisions hereof, the General Partner is designated as the Tax Matters Partner (as defined in the Code) and is authorized and required to represent the Partnership (at the Partnership's expense) in connection with all examinations of the Partnership's affairs by tax authorities, including resulting administrative and judicial proceedings, and to expend Partnership funds for professional services and costs associated therewith. Each Partner agrees to cooperate with the General Partner and to do or refrain from doing any or all things reasonably required by the General Partner to conduct such proceedings.

9.4 Withholding. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner is authorized to take any action that may be required to cause the Partnership to comply with any withholding requirements established under the Code or any other federal, state or local law including pursuant to Sections 1441, 1442, 1445 and 1446 of the Code. To the extent that the Partnership is required or elects to withhold and pay over to any taxing authority any amount resulting from the allocation or distribution of income to any Partner (including pressuon of Section 1446 of the Code), the General Partner may treat the amount withheld as a distribution of cash pursuant to <u>Section 6.3</u> in the amount of such withholding from such Partner.

ARTICLE X

Admission of Partners

10.1 Admission of Limited Partners.

(a) By acceptance of the transfer of any Limited Partner Interests in accordance with this Section 10.1 or the issuance of any Limited Partner Interests in a merger or consolidation pursuant to <u>Article XIV</u>, and except as provided in <u>Section 4.8</u>, each transferee of a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee holder or an agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred to such Person when any such transfer or admission is reflected in the books and records of the Partnership, with or without execution of this Agreement, (ii) shall become bound by the terms of, and shall be deemed to have executed, this Agreement, (iii) shall become the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred, (iv) represents that the transfere has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement, (v) grants the powers of atorney set forth in this Agreement and (vi) makes the consents and waivers contained in this Agreement. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner

shall not constitute and amendment to this Agreement. A Person may become a Record Holder of a Limited Partner Interest without the consent or approval of any of the Partners. A Person may not become a Limited Partner without acquiring a Limited Partner Interest and until such Person is reflected in the books and records of the Partnership as the Record Holder of such Limited Partner Interest. The rights and obligations of a Person who is a Non-citizen Assignee shall be determined in accordance with Sections 4.8 and 4.9 hereof.

(b) The name and mailing address of each Limited Partner shall be listed on the books and records of the Partnership maintained for such purpose by the Partnership or the Transfer Agent. The General Partner shall update the books and records of the Partnership from time to time as necessary to reflect accurately the information therein (or shall cause the Transfer Agent to do so, as applicable). A Limited Partner Interest may be represented by a Certificate, as provided in <u>Section 4.1</u> hereof.

(c) Any transfer of a Limited Partner Interest shall not entitle the transferee to share in the profits and losses, to receive distributions, to receive allocations of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit or any similar item or to any other rights to which the transferor was entitled until the transferee becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to Section 10.1(a).

10.2 Admission of Successor General Partner. A successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner's Partnership Interest as general partner in the Partnership pursuant to Section 4.6 who is proposed to be admitted as a successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner, effective immediately prior to the withdrawal or removal of the predecessor or transferring General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transfer of the General Partner's Partnership Interest as a general partner in the Partnership pursuant to Section 4.6; provided, however, that no such successor shall be admitted to the Partnership until compliance with the terms of Section 4.6 has occurred and such successor had delivered such other documents or instruments as may be required to effect such admission. Any such successor shall, subject to the terms hereof, carry on the business of the Partnership without dissolution.

10.3 Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership. To effect the admission to the Partnership of any Partner, the General Partner shall take all steps necessary and appropriate under the Delaware Act to amend the records of the Partnership to reflect such admission and, if necessary, to prepare as soon as practicable an amendment to this Agreement and, if required by law, the General Partner shall prepare and file an amendment to the Certificate of Limited Partnership, and the General Partner may for this purpose, among others, exercise the power of attorney granted pursuant to <u>Section 2.6</u>.

ARTICLE XI

WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS

11.1 Withdrawal of the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the Partnership upon the occurrence of any one of the following events (each such event herein referred to as an "Event of Withdrawal"):

(i) the General Partner voluntarily withdraws from the Partnership by receiving Special Approval and giving notice to the other Partners;

(ii) the General Partner transfers all of its rights as General Partner pursuant to Section 4.6, following the receipt of Special Approval for such transfer;

(iii) the General Partner is removed pursuant to Section 11.2;

(iv) the General Partner (A) makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; (B) files a voluntary bankruptcy petition for relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; (C) files a petition or answer seeking for itself a liquidation, dissolution or similar relief (but not a reorganization) under any law; (D) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest

the material allegations of a petition filed against the General Partner in a proceeding of the type described in <u>clauses (A)-(C)</u> of this <u>Section 11.1(a)(iv)</u>; or (E) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee (but not a debtor-in-possession), receiver or liquidator of the General Partner or of all or any substantial part of its properties;

(v) a final and non-appealable order of relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code is entered by a court with appropriate jurisdiction pursuant to a voluntary or involuntary petition by or against the General Partner; or

(vi) (A) in the event the General Partner is a corporation, a certificate of dissolution or its equivalent is filed for the General Partner, or 90 days expire after the date of notice to the General Partner of revocation of its charter without a reinstatement of its charter, under the laws of its state of incorporation; (B) in the event the General Partner is a partnership or a limited liability company, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of the General Partner; (C) in the event the General Partner is acting in such capacity by virtue of being a truste of a trust, the termination of the trust; (D) in the event the General Partner is a natural person, his death or adjudication of incompetency; and (E) otherwise in the event of the termination of the General Partner.

If an Event of Withdrawal specified in <u>Section 11.1(a)(iv)</u>, (v) or (vi)(A), (B), (C) or (E) occurs, the withdrawing General Partner shall give notice to the Limited Partners within 30 days after such occurrence. The Partners hereby agree that only the Events of Withdrawal described in this <u>Section 11.1</u> shall result in the withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership.

(b) Withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances: (i) at any time during the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending at 12:00 midnight, Eastern Standard Time, on December 31, 2016, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the Limited Partners; provided, that prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, the withdrawal receives Special Approval and is approved by holders holding at least a majority of the Outstanding Units (excluding Common Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) and the General Partner delivers to the Partnership an Opinion of Counsel ("Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel") that such withdrawal (following the selection of the successor General Partner) would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such); (ii) at any time after 12:00 midnight, Eastern Standard Time, on December 31, 2016, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice to the Unitholders, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in such notice; (iii) at any time that the General Partner ceases to be the General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(ii) or is removed pursuant to Section 11.2; or (iv) notwithstanding clause (i) of this sentence, at any time that the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the Limited Partners, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in the notice, if at the time such notice is given one Person and its Affiliates (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) own beneficially or of record or control at least 50% of the Outstanding Units. The withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall also constitute the withdrawal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, as the case may be, of any other Group Members. If the General Partner gives a notice of withdrawal pursuant to Section 11.1(a) (i), the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units, may, prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, elect a successor General Partner. The Person so elected as successor General Partner shall automatically become the successor general partner or managing member, as the case may be, of any other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or managing member. If, prior to the effective date of the General Partner's withdrawal, a successor is not selected by the Unitholders as provided herein or the Partnership does not receive a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel, the Partnership shall be dissolved in accordance with Section 12.1. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.1 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.3.

11.2 *Removal of the General Partner*. The General Partner may be removed if such removal receives Special Approval and is approved by Unitholders holding at least 66²/3% of the Outstanding Units (including Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) voting as a single class. Any such action by such holders for removal of the General Partner must also a provide class. Such removal shall be effective immediately following the admission of a successor General Partner and its Affiliates) voting as a single class. Such removal of the General Partner shall also automatically constitute the removal of the General Partner shall also automatically constitute the removal of the General Partner shall also automatically automatically become a successor General Partner or managing member, as the case may be, of any other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or managing member. If a Person is elected as a successor General Partner shall not exist or be exercised unless the Partnership has received an opinion opining as to the matters covered by a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this <u>Section 11.2</u> shall be subject to the provisions of <u>Sections 10.2</u> and <u>10.3</u>.

11.3 Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner.

(a) In the event of (i) withdrawal of the General Partner under circumstances where such withdrawal does not violate this Agreement or (ii) removal of the General Partner by the holders of Outstanding Units under circumstances where Cause does not exist and the Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates are not voted in favor of such removal, if a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of <u>Sections 11.1 or 11.2</u>, the Departing General Partner shall have the option exercisable prior to the effective date of the departure of such Departing General Partner to require its successor to purchase its Partnership Interest as a general partner in the Partnership and any partnership or member interest as the general partner or managing member of any other Group Member, as applicable (collectively, the "<u>Purchased Interest</u>") in exchange for an amount in cash equal to the fair market value of such Purchased Interest, within ten (10) days after such agreement is reached. If the General Partner is removed by the Unitholders under circumstances where Sustes or if the General Partner withdraws under circumstances where such withdrawal violates this Agreement, and if a successor General Partner is on the former General Partner), such successor shal have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the departure of such Departing General Partner is not the former General Partner. In either event, the Departing General Partner shall be entitled to receive all reimbursements due such Departing General Partner pursuant to <u>Section 11.2</u> and the successor General Partner of the Departing General Partner. In either event, the Departing General Partner shall be entitled to receive all reimbursements due such Departing General Partner pursuant to <u>Section 7.4</u>, including any employee-related liabilities (including severance liabilities), incurred in connection with the termination of any employees employed by the Departing General Partner or is Affiliates (other than the Partnership) for

For purposes of this <u>Section 11.3(a)</u>, the fair market value of the Departing General Partner's Purchased Interest shall be determined by agreement between the Departing General Partner and its successor or, failing agreement within 30 days after the effective date of such Departing General Partner's departure, by an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert selected by the Departing General Partner and its successor, which, in turn, may rely on other experts, and the determination of which shall be conclusive as to such matter. If such parties cannot agree upon one independent investment banking firm or other independent expert within 45 days after the effective date of such departure, then the Departing General Partner shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, the Departing General Partner's successor shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, the Departing General Partner's successor shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert.

mutually select a third independent investment banking firm or independent expert, which third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert shall determine the fair market value of the Purchased Interest of the Departing General Partner. In making its determination, such third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert may consider the then current trading price of Units on any National Securities Exchange on which Units are then listed or admitted for trading, the value of the Partnership's assets, the rights and obligations of the Departing General Partner and other factors it may deem relevant.

(b) If the Purchased Interest is not purchased in the manner set forth in <u>Section 11.3(a)</u>, the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) shall become a Limited Partner and its Purchased Interest shall be converted into Common Units pursuant to a valuation made by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected pursuant to <u>Section 11.3(a)</u>, without reduction in such Partnership Interest (but subject to proportionate dilution by reason of the admission of its successor). Any successor General Partner shall indemnify the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) as to all debts and liabilities of the Partnership arising on or after the date on which the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) becomes a Limited Partner. For purposes of this Agreement, conversion of the Purchased Interest of the Departing General Partner to Units will be characterized as if the General Partner (or its transferee) contributed its Purchased Interest to the Partnership in exchange for the newly issued Units.

(c) If a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of <u>Sections 11.1</u> or <u>11.2</u> (or if the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to <u>Section 12.2</u> and the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner), and the option described in <u>Section 11.3(a)</u> is not exercised by the party entitled to do so, the successor General Partner shall, at the effective date of its admission to the Partnership, contribute to the Partnership cash in the amount equal to (i) the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Percentage Interest of the Departing Partner by (y) 100% less the Percentage Interest of the Departing General Partner multiplied by (ii) the Net Agreed Value of the Partnership's assets on such date. In such event, such successor General Partner shall, subject to the following sentence, be entitled to the Percentage Interest of all Partnership allocations and distributions to which the Departing General Partner to be amended to reflect that, from and after the date of such successor General Partner's admission, the successor General Partner's interest in all Partnership distributions and allocations shall be equal to its Percentage Interest.

11.4 Withdrawal of Limited Partners. No Limited Partner shall have any right to withdraw from the Partnership; provided, however, that when a transferee of a Limited Partner's Limited Partner Interest becomes a Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interest so transferred, such transferring Limited Partner shall cease to be a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interest so transferred.

ARTICLE XII

DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

12.1 *Dissolution.* The Partnership shall not be dissolved by the admission of additional Limited Partners or by the admission of a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Upon the removal or withdrawal of the General Partner, if a successor General Partner is elected pursuant to <u>Section 11.1</u> or <u>11.2</u>, the Partnership shall not be dissolved and such successor General Partner shall continue the business of the Partnership. The Partnership shall dissolve, and (subject to <u>Section 12.2</u>) its affairs shall be wound up, upon:

(a) an Event of Withdrawal of the General Partner as provided in <u>Section 11.1(a)</u> (other than <u>Section 11.1(a)(ii)</u>), unless a successor is elected and an Opinion of Counsel is received as provided in <u>Section 11.1(b)</u> or <u>11.2</u> and such successor is admitted to the Partnership pursuant to <u>Section 10.3</u>;

(b) an election to dissolve the Partnership by the General Partner that receives Special Approval and is approved by the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units;

(c) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act; or

(d) at any time there are no Limited Partners, unless the Partnership is continued without dissolution in accordance with the Delaware Act.

12.2 Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution. Upon (a) dissolution of the Partnership following an Event of Withdrawal caused by the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a)(i) or (iii) and the failure of the Partners to select a successor to such Departing General Partner pursuant to Sections 11.1 or 11.2, within 90 days thereafter, or (b) dissolution of the Partnership upon an event constituting an Event of Withdrawal as defined in Section 11.1(a)(iv), (v) or (vi), to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 180 days thereafter, the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units may elect to continue the business of the Partnership on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement by appointing as the successor General Partner a Person approved by the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units. Unless such an election is made within the applicable time period as set forth above, the Partnership shall conduct only activities necessary to wind up its affairs. If such an election is so made, then:

(i) the Partnership shall continue without dissolution unless earlier dissolved in accordance with this Article XII;

(ii) if the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner, then the interest of the former General Partner shall be treated in the manner provided in Section 11.3; and

(iii) the successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as General Partner, effective as of the Event of Withdrawal, by agreeing in writing to be bound by this Agreement; *provided*, that the right of the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units to approve a successor General Partner and to continue the business of the Partnership shall not exist and may not be exercised unless the Partnership has received an Opinion of Counsel that (x) the exercise of the right would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner and (y) the Partnership would not be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise be taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes upon the exercise of such right to continue (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).

12.3 *Liquidator*. Upon dissolution of the Partnership, unless the Partnership is continued pursuant to <u>Section 12.2</u>, the General Partner shall select one or more Persons to act as Liquidator. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall be entitled to receive such compensation for its services as may be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Units voting as a single class. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall agree not to resign at any time without 15 days' prior notice and may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by notice of removal approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Units voting as a single class. Upon dissolution, removal or resignation of the Liquidator, a successor and substitute Liquidator (who shall have and succeed to all rights, powers and duties of the original Liquidator in the manner provided herein shall be deemed to refer also to any such successor or substitute Liquidator approved in the manner herein provided. Except as expressly provided in this <u>Article XII</u>, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided. Except as expressly provided in this <u>Article XII</u>, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided. Except as expressly provided in this <u>Article XII</u>, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided herein shall have and may exercise, without further authorization or consent of any of the parties hereto, all of the powers conferred upon the General Partner under the terms of this Agreement (but subject to all of the applicable limitations, contractual and otherwise, upon the exercise of such powers, other than the limitation on sale set forth in <u>Section 7.3</u>, necessary or approvide to reary out the duties and functions of the Liquidator herein.

12.4 Liquidation. The Liquidator shall proceed to dispose of the assets of the Partnership, discharge its liabilities, and otherwise wind up its affairs in such manner and over such period as determined by the Liquidator, subject to Section 17-804 of the Delaware Act and the following:

(a) *Disposition of Assets*. The assets may be disposed of by public or private sale on such terms as the Liquidator may agree, or the Liquidator may distribute the Partnership's assets, in whole or in part, in kind if (i) agreed to by the Partner or Partners or (ii) it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners. Distributions of assets in kind may be made on a non-Pro Rata basis to the Partners if the Liquidator determines in good faith that such non-Pro Rata treatment is fair and reasonable to the Partners as whole; *provided*, that any such in-kind distribution shall be deemed fair and reasonable if approved by Special Approval. If any property is distributed in kind, the Partner receiving the property shall be deemed for purposes of <u>Section 12.4(c)</u> to have received cash equal to its fair market value; and contemporaneously therewith, appropriate cash distributions must be made to the other Partners. The Liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of the Partnership's assets for a reasonable time if it determines that an immediate sale or distribution of all or some of the Partnership's assets would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners.

(b) Discharge of Liabilities. Liabilities of the Partnership include amounts owed to the Liquidator as compensation for serving in such capacity (subject to the terms of <u>Section 12.3</u>) and amounts to Partners otherwise than in respect of their distribution rights under <u>Article VI</u>. With respect to any liability that is contingent, conditional or unmatured or is otherwise not yet due and payable, the Liquidator shall either settle such claim for such amount as it thinks appropriate or establish a reserve of cash or other assets to provide for its payment (or otherwise make reasonable provision for payment of such claims). When paid, any unused portion of the reserve shall be distributed as additional liquidation proceeds.

(c) Liquidation Distributions. All property and all cash in excess of that required to discharge liabilities as provided in <u>Section 12.4(b)</u> shall be distributed to the Partners in accordance with, and to the extent of, the positive balances in their respective Capital Accounts, as determined after taking into account all Capital Account adjustments (other than those made by reason of distributions pursuant to this <u>Section 12.4(c)</u>) for the taxable year of the Partnership during which the liquidation of the Partnership occurs (with such date of occurrence being determined pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g)), and such distribution shall be made by the end of such taxable year (or, if later, within 90 days after said date of such occurrence).

12.5 *Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership.* Upon the completion of the distribution of Partnership cash and property as provided in <u>Section 12.4</u> in connection with the liquidation of the Partnership, the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all qualifications of the Partnership as a foreign limited partnership in jurisdictions other than the State of Delaware shall be canceled and such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the Partnership shall be taken.

12.6 *Return of Contributions*. The General Partner shall not be personally liable for, and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate, the return of the Capital Contributions of the Limited Partners or Unitholders, or any portion thereof, it being expressly understood that any such return shall be made solely from Partnership assets.

12.7 Waiver of Partition. To the maximum extent permitted by law, each Partner hereby waives any right to partition of the Partnership property.

12.8 Capital Account Restoration. No Limited Partner shall have any obligation to restore any negative balance in its Capital Account upon liquidation of the Partnership. The General Partner shall be obligated to restore any negative capital balance in its Capital Account upon liquidation of its interest in the Partnership by the end of the taxable year of the Partnership during which such liquidation occurs, or, if later, within 90 days after the date of such liquidation.

12.9 Certain Prohibited Acts. Without obtaining Special Approval, the General Partner shall not take any action to cause the Partnership to (i) make or consent to a general assignment for the benefit of the



Partnership's creditors; (ii) file or consent to the filing of any bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code naming the Partnership or otherwise seek, with respect to the Partnership, relief from debts or protection from creditors generally; (iii) file or consent to the filing of a petition or answer seeking for the Partnership a liquidation, dissolution, arrangement, or similar relief under any law; (iv) file an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the Partnership in a proceeding of the type described in <u>clauses (i) — (iii)</u> of this <u>Section 12.9</u>; (v) seek, consent to or acquiesce in the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, conservator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator, custodian or any similar official for the Partnership or for all or any substantial portion of its properties; (vi) sell all or substantially all of its assets, except in accordance with <u>Section 7.3(b)</u>; (vii) dissolve or liquidate, except in accordance with <u>Article XII</u>; or (viii) merge or consolidate, except in accordance with <u>Article XIV</u>.

ARTICLE XIII

Amendment of Partnership Agreement; Meetings; Record Date

13.1 Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner. Each Partner agrees that the General Partner, without the approval of any Partner, may amend any provision of this Agreement and execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record whatever documents may be required in connection therewith, to reflect:

(a) a change in the name of the Partnership, the location of the principal place of business of the Partnership, the registered agent of the Partnership or the registered office of the Partnership;

(b) the admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of Partners in accordance with this Agreement;

(c) a change that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue the qualification of the Partnership as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the Limited Partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that no Group Member will be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes;

(d) a change that the General Partner determines (i) does not adversely affect the Limited Partners (including any particular class of Partnership Interests as compared to other classes of Partnership Interests) in any material respect, (ii) to be necessary or appropriate to (A) satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute (including the Delaware Act) or (B) facilitate the trading of the Limited Partner Interests (including the division of any class or classes of Outstanding Limited Partner Interests indifferent classes to facilitate uniformity of tax consequences within such classes of Limited Partner Interests) or comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Common Units are or will be listed or admitted for trading, (iii) to be necessary or advisable in connection with action taken by the General Partner pursuant to <u>Section 5.8</u> or (iv) to be required to effect the intent expressed in the Registration Statement or the intent of the provisions of this Agreement or is otherwise contemplated by this Agreement;

(e) a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership and any other changes that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership including, if the General Partner shall so determine, a change in the definition of "Quarter" and the dates on which distributions are to be made by the Partnership;

(f) an amendment that is necessary, in the Opinion of Counsel, to prevent the Partnership, or the General Partner or its directors, officers, trustees or agents from in any manner being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or "plan asset" regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of



1974, as amended, regardless of whether such are substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the United States Department of Labor;

(g) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the authorization of issuance of any class or series of Partnership Securities pursuant to Section 5.6;

(h) any amendment expressly permitted in this Agreement to be made by the General Partner acting alone;

(i) an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a Merger Agreement approved in accordance with Section 14.3:

(j) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect, account for the formation by the Partnership of, or investment by the Partnership in, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other entity other than the Operating Partnership, in connection with the conduct by the Partnership of activities permitted by the terms of Section 2.4;

(k) an amendment necessary to require Limited Partners to provide a statement, certification or other proof to the Partnership regarding whether such Limited Partner is subject to United States federal income taxation on the income generated by the Partnership;

(l) a merger or conveyance pursuant to Section 14.3(d); or

(m) any other amendments substantially similar to the foregoing.

13.2 Amendment Procedures. Except as provided in Sections 13.1 and 13.3, all amendments to this Agreement shall be made in accordance with the following requirements. Amendments to this Agreement may be proposed only by the General Partner; *provided, however* that the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose any amendment to this Agreement and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to propose an amendment to the permitted by law, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity. A proposed amendment shall be effective upon its approval by the General Partner and the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units, unless a greater or different percentage is required under this Agreement or by Delaware law. Each proposed amendment that requires the approval of the holders of a specified percentage of Outstanding Units shall be set forth in a writing that contains the text of the proposed amendment. If such an amendment is proposed, the General Partner shall seek the written approval of the requisite percentage of Outstanding Units or call a meeting of the Unitholders to consider and vote on such proposed amendment. The General Partner shall notify all Record Holders upon final adoption of any such proposed amendments. Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>Section 7.9(a)</u>, (vi) <u>Section 1.2, (vii) Section 1.2, 9</u> (iii) <u>Section 1.4,3</u> or (x) this <u>Section 1.3,2</u> or any other provision of this Agreement requiring that Special Approval be obtained as a condition to any action, shall be effective without first obtaining Special Approval.

13.3 Amendment Requirements.

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 13.1 and 13.2, no provision of this Agreement that establishes a percentage of Outstanding Units (including Units deemed owned by the General Partner) required to take any action shall be amended, altered, changed, repealed or rescinded in any respect that would have the effect of reducing such voting percentage unless such amendment is approved by the written consent or the affirmative vote of holders of Outstanding Units whose aggregate Outstanding Units constitute not less than the voting requirement sought to be reduced.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>Sections 13.1</u> and <u>13.2</u>, no amendment to this Agreement may (i) enlarge the obligations of any Limited Partner without its consent, unless such shall be deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved pursuant to <u>Section 13.3(c)</u> or (ii) enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts

distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable to, the General Partner or any of its Affiliates without its consent, which consent may be given or withheld at its option.

(c) Except as provided in <u>Section 14.3</u>, and without limitation of the General Partner's authority to adopt amendments to this Agreement without the approval of any Partners as contemplated in <u>Section 13.1</u>, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any class of Partnership Interests in relation to other classes of Partnership Interests must be approved by the holders of not less than a majority of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of the class affected.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, except for amendments pursuant to <u>Section 13.1</u> and except as otherwise provided by <u>Section 14.3(b)</u>, no amendments shall become effective without the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units voting as a single class unless the Partnership obtains an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such amendment will not affect the limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act.

(e) Except as provided in Section 13.1, this Section 13.3 shall only be amended with the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units

13.4 Special Meetings. All acts of Limited Partners to be taken pursuant to this Agreement shall be taken in the manner provided in this <u>Article XIII</u>. Special meetings of the Limited Partners may be called by the General Partner or by Limited Partners owning 20% or more of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes for which a meeting is proposed. Limited Partners shall call a special meeting by delivering to the General Partner one or more requests in writing statuting that the signing Limited Partners wish to call a special meeting and indicating the general or specific purposes for which the special meeting is to be called. Within 60 days after receipt of such a call from Limited Partners or within such greater time as may be reasonably necessary for the Partnership to comply with any statutes, rules, regulations, listing agreements or similar requirements governing the holding of a meeting of the solicitation of proxies for use a such a meeting, the General Partner on a date not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days after the mailing of notice of the meeting. Limited Partners shall not vote on matters that would cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business.

13.5 Notice of a Meeting. Notice of a meeting called pursuant to <u>Section 13.4</u> shall be given to the Record Holders of the class or classes of Limited Partner Interests for which a meeting is proposed in writing by mail or other means of written communication in accordance with <u>Section 16.1</u>. The notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time when deposited in the mail or sent by other means of written communication.

13.6 *Record Date.* For purposes of determining the Limited Partners entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Limited Partners or to give approvals without a meeting as provided in <u>Section 13.11</u> the General Partner may set a Record Date, which shall not be less than 10 nor more than 60 days before (a) the date of the meeting (unless such requirement conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted for trading, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such exchange shall govern) or (b) in the event that approvals are sought without a meeting, the date by which Limited Partners are requested in writing by the General Partner to give such approvals. If the General Partner does not set a Record Date, then (a) the Record Date for determining the Limited Partners entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Limited Partners shall be the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, and (b) the Record Date for determining the Limited Partners entitled to give approvals without a meeting shall be the date the first written approval is deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner in accordance with Section 13.11.

13.7 Adjournment. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting and a new Record Date need not be fixed, if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless such adjournment shall be for more than 45 days. At the adjourned meeting, the Partnership may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than 45 days or if a new Record Date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in accordance with this <u>Article XIII</u>.

13.8 Waiver of Notice. Approval of Meeting; Approval of Minutes. The transactions of any meeting of Limited Partners, however called and noticed, and whenever held, shall be as valid as if it had occurred at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum is present either in person or by proxy. Attendance of a Limited Partner at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting, except when the Limited Partner attendance at a meeting for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting, not lawfully called or convened; and except that attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to disapprove the consideration of matters required to be included in the notice of the meeting, but not so included, if the disapproval is expressly made at the meeting.

13.9 Quorum. The holders of a majority of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes (or if such class has not been so designated into Units, a majority of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of such class) for which a meeting has been called (including Limited Partner Interests deemed owned by the General Partner) represented in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of Limited Partner is query approval by holders of a greater percentage of such Limited Partner Interests, in which case the quorum shall be such greater percentage. At any meeting of the Limited Partners duly called and held in accordance with this Agreement at which a quorum is present, the act of Limited Partners holding Outstanding Limited Partners, unless a greater or different percentage is required with respect to such action under the provisions of this Agreement, in which case the act of the Limited Partners holding Outstanding Limited Partners, unless a greater or different percentage is required with respect to such action under the provisions of this Agreement, in which case the act of the Limited Partners holding Outstanding Limited Partners, unless a greater or different percentage is such greater or different percentage shall be required. The Limited Partners holding Outstanding Limited Partner Interests that in the aggregate represent at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough Limited Partners to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment). In the absence of a quorum any meeting of Limited Partners may be adjourned from time to time by the affirmative vote of holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Units (or if such class has not been so designated into Units, a majority of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests deemed owned by the General Partner) represented either in person or by proxy, but no other business may be transacted, except as provided in <u>S</u>

13.10 *Conduct of a Meeting.* The General Partner shall have full power and authority concerning the manner of conducting any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including the determination of Persons entitled to vote, the existence of a quorum, the satisfaction of the requirements of <u>Section 13.4</u>. the conduct of voting, the validity and effect of any proxies and the determination of any controversies, votes or challenges arising in connection with or during the meeting or voting. The General Partner shall designate a Person to serve as chairman of any meeting and shall further designate a Person to take the minutes of any meeting. All minutes shall be kept with the records of the Partnership maintained by the General Partner. The General Partner may make such other regulations consistent with applicable law and this Agreement as it may deem advisable concerning the conduct of any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including regulations in regard to the appointment of proxies, the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes and approvals, the submission and examination of proxies and other evidence of the right to vote, and the revocation of approvals in writing.

13.11 Action Without a Meeting. If authorized by the General Partner, any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Limited Partners may be taken without a meeting if an approval in writing setting forth the

action so taken is signed by Limited Partners owning not less than the minimum percentage of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests (including Limited Partner Interests deemed owned by the General Partner) that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all the Limited Partners were present and voted (unless such provision conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted for trading, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such exchange shall govern). Prompt notice of the taking of action without a meeting shall be given to the Limited Partners who have not approved in writing. The General Partner may specify that any written ballot submitted to Limited Partners for the purpose of taking any action without a meeting shall be returned to the Partnership within the time period, which shall be deemed to have failed to receive a ballot for the Limited Partners If a ballot returned to the Partnership does not vote all of the Limited Partners is solicited by any Person other than by or on behalf of the General Partner, the written approvals shall have no force and effect unless and until (a) they are deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner, (b) approvals sufficient to take the action proposed are dated as of a date not more than 90 days prior to the date sufficient approvals are deposited with the Partnership and (c) an Opinion of Counsel is delivered to the General Partner to the effect that the exercise of such right and the action proposed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership ao as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability, and (ii) is otherwise permissible under the state statutes then governing the rights, duties and liabilities of the Partnership and the pa

13.12 Voting and Other Rights.

(a) Only those Record Holders of the applicable Limited Partner Interests on the Record Date set pursuant to <u>Section 13.6</u> (and also subject to the limitations contained in the definition of "<u>Outstanding</u>") shall be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, a meeting of Limited Partners or to act with respect to matters as to which the holders of the applicable Outstanding Limited Partner Interests have the right to vote or to act. All references in this Agreement to votes of, or other acts that may be taken by, the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests shall be deemed to be references to the votes or acts of the Record Holders of such applicable Outstanding Limited Partner Interests. Except as otherwise provided herein or pursuant to the designation of the terms of additional Partnership Securities pursuant to <u>Section 5.6</u>, references in this Agreement to the votes, consents or acts of holders of the Outstanding Units shall be deemed to refer to such holders voting, consenting or acting as a single class, with each Unit entitled to one vote.

(b) With respect to Limited Partner Interests that are held for a Person's account by another Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), in whose name such Limited Partner Interests are registered, such other Person shall, in exercising the voting rights in respect of such Limited Partner Interests on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, vote such Limited Partner Interests in favor of, and at the direction of, the Person who is the beneficial owner, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume it is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this <u>Section 13.12(b)</u> (as well as all other provisions of this Agreement) are subject to the provisions of <u>Section 4.3</u>.

ARTICLE XIV

MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR CONVERSION

14.1 Authority. The Partnership may merge or consolidate with or into one or more corporations, limited liability companies, statutory trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a partnership (whether general or limited and including a limited liability partnership), or convert into any such entity, whether such entity is formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other state of the United States of America, pursuant to a written agreement of merger or

consolidation ("Merger Agreement") or a written plan of conversion ("Plan of Conversion") in accordance with this Article XIV.

14.2 Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion. Merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership pursuant to this <u>Article XIV</u> requires the prior consent of the General Partner and Special Approval, provided, however, that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership, or any Limited Partner and, in declining to consent to a merger, consolidation or conversion, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity.

(a) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the merger or consolidation, the General Partner shall approve the Merger Agreement, which shall set forth:

(i) the names and jurisdictions of formation or organization of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(ii) the name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation (the "<u>Surviving Business Entity</u>"); (iii) the terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (x) if any general or limited partner interests, securities or rights of any constituent business entity are not to be exchanged or converted solely for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of any general or limited partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such general or limited partner interests, securities or rights are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of their general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or rights, and (y) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, and (y) in the case of securities range sented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, and rease of securities range sentity or any general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, and explored business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity), or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;

(v) a statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership, operating agreement or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;

(vi) the effective time of the merger, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to <u>Section 14.4</u> or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (provided, that if the effective time of the merger is to be later than the date of the filing of the certificate of merger, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain); and

(vii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(c) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the conversion, the General Partner shall approve the Plan of Conversion, which shall set forth:

(i) the name of the converting entity and the converted entity;

(ii) a statement that the Partnership is continuing its existence in the organizational form of the converted entity;



(iii) a statement as to the type of entity that the converted entity is to be and the state or country under the laws of which the converted entity is to be incorporated, formed or organized;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of the converted entity;

(v) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership of the Partnership; and

(vi) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership, articles of incorporation, or other organizational documents of the converted entity;

(vii) the effective time of the conversion, which may be the date of the filing of the articles of conversion or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Plan of Conversion (*provided*, that if the effective time of the conversion is to be later than the date of the filing of such articles of conversion, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain at or prior to the time of the filing of such articles of conversion and stated therein); and

(viii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed conversion that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

14.3 Approval by Limited Partners.

(a) Except as provided in <u>Section 14.3(d)</u> and <u>Section 14.3(e)</u>, the General Partner, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, shall direct that the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion be submitted to a vote of Limited Partners, whether at a special meeting or by written consent, in either case in accordance with the requirements of <u>Article XIII</u>. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a special meeting or the written consent.

(b) Except as provided in Section 14.3(d) and Section 14.3(e), the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion shall be approved upon receiving the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of a majority of Outstanding Units.

(c) Except as provided in <u>Section 14.3(d)</u> and <u>Section 14.3(e)</u>, after such approval by vote or consent of the Limited Partners, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to <u>Section 14.4</u>, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be.

(d) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted without Limited Partner approval, to (i) convert the Partnership or any other Group Member into a new limited liability entity or (ii) merge the Partnership or any Group Member into, or convey all of the Partnership's assets to, another limited liability entity which shall be newly formed and shall have no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of such conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives from the Partnership or other Group Member, provided that in each such case (A) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the conversion, merger or conveyance, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner or any member of the Partnership froup or cause the Partnership or the Operating Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (B) the sole purpose of such conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in the legal form of the Partnership into another limited liability entity, (C) the governing instruments of the new entity provide the Limited Partners and the General Partner with rights and obligations that are, in all material respects, the same rights and obligations of the Limited Partners and the General Partner with rights and obligations that are, in all material respects, the same rights and obligations of the new entity recognize and provide for, respectively, the establishment of an "Audit and Conflicts Committee" and the other matters described in <u>Section 4.6(c)(iv)</u>.



(e) Additionally, notwithstanding anything else contained in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Limited Partner approval or Special Approval, to merge or consolidate the Partnership with or into another entity if (A) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the merger or consolidation, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (B) the merger or consolidation would not result in an amendment to the Partnership Agreement, other than any amendments that could be adopted pursuant to <u>Section 13.1</u>, (C) the Partnership is the Surviving Business Entity in such merger or consolidation, (D) each Unit outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation do not exceed 20% of the Partnership Securities Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such merger or consolidation do not exceed 20% of the Partnership Securities Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such merger or consolidation, and (F) <u>Section 4.6(c)(iv)</u> is not affected thereby.

14.4 Certificate of Merger. Upon the required approval by the General Partner and the Limited Partners of a Merger Agreement, a certificate of merger shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in conformity with the requirements of the Delaware Act.

14.5 Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion.

(a) At the effective time of the certificate of merger:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities, shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interests in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) At the effective time of the articles of conversion:

(i) the Partnership shall continue to exist, without interruption, but in the organizational form of the converted entity rather than in its prior organizational form;

(ii) all rights, title, and interests to all real estate and other property owned by the Partnership shall continue to be owned by the converted entity in its new organizational form without reversion or impairment, without further act or deed, and without any transfer or assignment having occurred, but subject to any existing liens or other encumbrances thereon;

(iii) all liabilities and obligations of the Partnership shall continue to be liabilities and obligations of the converted entity in its new organizational form without impairment or diminution by reason of the conversion;

(iv) all rights of creditors or other parties with respect to or against the prior interest holders or other owners of the Partnership in their capacities as such in existence as of the effective time of the conversion will continue in existence as to those liabilities and obligations and may be pursued by such creditors and obligees as if the conversion did not occur;

(v) a proceeding pending by or against the Partnership or by or against any of Partners in their capacities as such may be continued by or against the converted entity in its new organizational form and by or against the prior partners without any need for substitution of parties; and

(vi) the Partnership Units that are to be converted into partnership interests, shares, evidences of ownership, or other securities in the converted entity as provided in the Plan of Conversion shall be so converted, and Partners shall be entitled only to the rights provided in the Plan of Conversion.

(c) A merger, consolidation or conversion effected pursuant to this Article shall not be deemed to result in a transfer or assignment of assets or liabilities from one entity to another.

14.6 Amendment of Partnership Agreement. Pursuant to Section 17-211(g) of the Delaware Act and the terms of this Article XIV, an agreement of merger or consolidation approved in accordance with Section 17-211(b) of the Delaware Act may (a) effect any amendment to this Agreement or (b) effect the adoption of a new partnership agreement for a limited partnership if it is the Surviving Business Entity. Any such amendment or adoption made pursuant to this Section 14.6 shall be effective at the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation.

ARTICLE XV

RIGHT TO ACQUIRE LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS

15.1 Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if at any time less than 20% of the total Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding is held by Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, the General Partner shall then have the right, which right it may assign and transfer in whole or in part to the Partnership or any Affiliate of the General Partner, exercisable at its option, to purchase all, but not less than all, of such Limited Partner Interests of such class then Outstanding held by Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, at the greater of (x) the Current Market Price as of the date three days prior to the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed and (y) the highest price paid by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates for any such Limited Partner Interest of such class purchased during the 90-day period preceding the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed. As used in this Agreement, (i) "Current Market Price" as of any date of any class of Limited Partner Interests listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange means the average of the daily Closing Prices (as hereinafter defined) per limited partner interest of such class for the 20 consecutive Trading Days (as hereinafter defined) immediately prior to such date; (ii) "Closing Price" for any day means the last sale price on such day, regular way, or in case no such sale takes place on such day, the average of the closing bid and asked prices on such day, regular way, in either case as reported in the principal consolidated transaction reporting system with respect to securities listed or admitted for trading on the principal National Securities Exchange (other than the Nasdaq Stock Market) on which such Limited Partner Interests of such class are listed or admitted to trading or, if such Limited Partner Interests of such class are not listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange (other than the Nasdaq Stock Market), the last quoted price on such day or, if not so quoted, the average of the high bid and low asked prices on such day in the over-the-counter market, as reported by the Nasdaq Stock Market or such other system then in use, or, if on any such day such Limited Partner Interests of such class are not quoted by any such organization, the average of the closing bid and asked prices on such day as furnished by a professional market maker making a market in such Limited Partner Interests of such class selected by the General Partner, or if on any such day no market maker is making a market in such Limited Partner Interests of such class, the fair value of such Limited Partner Interests on such day as determined by the General Partner; and (iii) "Trading Day" means a day on which the



principal National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests of any class are listed or admitted to trading is open for the transaction of business or, if Limited Partner Interests of a class are not listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange, a day on which banking institutions in New York City generally are open.

(b) If the General Partner elects to exercise the right to purchase Limited Partner Interests granted pursuant to Section 15.1(a), the General Partner shall deliver to the Transfer Agent notice of such election to purchase (the "Notice of Election to Purchase") and shall cause the Transfer Agent to mail a copy of such Notice of Election to Purchase to the Record Holders of Limited Partner Interests of such class (as of a Record Date selected by the General Partner) at least 10, but not more than 60, days prior to the Purchase Date. Such Notice of Election to Purchase shall also be published for a period of at least three consecutive days in at least two daily newspapers of general circulation printed in the English language and published in the Borough of Manhattan, New York. The Notice of Election to Purchase shall specify the Purchase Date and the price (determined in accordance with Section 15.1(a)) at which Limited Partner Interests will be purchased and state that the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, elects to purchase such Limited Partner Intere upon surrender of Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests in exchange for payment, at such office or offices of the Transfer Agent as the Transfer Agent may specify, or as may be required by any National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted to trading. Any such Notice of Election to Purchase mailed to a Record Holder of Limited Partner Interests at his address as reflected in the records of the Transfer Agent shall be conclusively presumed to have been given regardless of whether the owner receives such notice. On or prior to the Purchase Date, the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall deposit with the Transfer Agent cash in an amount sufficient to pay the aggregate purchase price of all of such Limited Partner Interests to be purchased in accordance with this Section 15.1. If the Notice of Election to Purchase shall have been duly given as aforesaid at least 10 days prior to the Purchase Date, and if on or prior to the Purchase Date the deposit described in the preceding sentence has been made for the benefit of the holders of Limited Partner Interests subject to purchase as provided herein, then from and after the Purchase Date, notwithstanding that any Certificate shall not have been surrendered for purchase, all rights of the holders of such Limited Partner Interests (including any rights pursuant to Articles IV, V, VI, and XII) shall thereupon cease, except the right to receive the purchase price (determined in accordance with <u>Section 15.1(a)</u>) for Limited Partner Interests therefor, without interest, upon surrender to the Transfer Agent of the Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests, and such Limited Partner Interests shall thereupon be deemed to be transferred to the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, on the record books of the Transfer Agent and the Partnership, and the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner, or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the owner of all such Limited Partner Interests from and after the Purchase Date and shall have all rights as the owner of such Limited Partner Interests (including all rights as owner of such Limited Partner Interests pursuant to Articles IV, V, VI and XII).

(c) At any time from and after the Purchase Date, a holder of an Outstanding Limited Partner Interest subject to purchase as provided in this <u>Section 15.1</u> may surrender his Certificate evidencing such Limited Partner Interest to the Transfer Agent in exchange for payment of the amount described in <u>Section 15.1(a)</u>, therefor, without interest thereon.

ARTICLE XVI

GENERAL PROVISIONS

16.1 Addresses and Notices. Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials required or permitted to be given or made to a Partner under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given or made when delivered in person or when sent by first class United States mail or by other means of written communication to the Partner at the address described below. Any notice, payment or report to be given or made to a Partner hereunder shall be deemed conclusively to have been given or made, and the

obligation to give such notice or report or to make such payment shall be deemed conclusively to have been fully satisfied, upon sending of such notice, payment or report to the Record Holder of such Partnership Securities at his address as shown on the records of the Transfer Agent or as otherwise shown on the records of the Partnership, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such Partnership Securities by reason of any assignment or otherwise. An affidavit or certificate of making of any notice, payment or report in accordance with the provisions of this <u>Section 16.1</u> executed by the General Partner, the Transfer Agent or the mailing organization shall be prima facie evidence of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report. If any notice, payment or report addressed to a Record Holder at the address of such Record Holder appearing on the books and records of the Transfer Agent or the Partnership is returned by the United States Post Office marked to indicate that the United States Postal Service is unable to deliver it, such notice, payment or report and any subsequent notices, payments and reports shall be deemed to have been duly given or made without further mailing (until such time as such Record Holder or another Person notifies the Transfer Agent or the Partnership of a change in his address) if they are available for the Partner at the principal office of the Partnership for a period of one year from the date of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report to the other Partners. Any notice to the Partnership ball be deemed given if received by the General Partner at the principal office of the Partnership designated pursuant to <u>Section 2.3</u>. The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in relying on any notice or other document from a Partner or other Person if believed by it to be genuine.

16.2 Further Action. The parties shall execute and deliver all documents, provide all information and take or refrain from taking action as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Agreement.

16.3 Binding Effect. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.

16.4 Integration. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings pertaining thereto.

16.5 Creditors. None of the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, or shall be enforceable by, any creditor of the Partnership.

16.6 Waiver. No failure by any party to insist upon the strict performance of any covenant, duty, agreement or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or remedy consequent upon a breach thereof shall constitute waiver of any such breach of any other covenant, duty, agreement or condition.

16.7 *Counterparts*. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, all of which together shall constitute an agreement binding on all the parties hereto, notwithstanding that all such parties are not signatories to the original or the same counterpart. Each party shall become bound by this Agreement immediately upon affixing its signature hereto or, in the case of a Person acquiring a Limited Partner Interest pursuant to <u>Section 10.1(a)</u> without execution hereof.

16.8 Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law.

16.9 Invalidity of Provisions. If any provision of this Agreement is or becomes invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not be affected thereby.

16.10 Consent of Partners. Each Partner hereby expressly consents and agrees that, whenever in this Agreement it is specified that an action may be taken upon the affirmative vote or consent of less than all of the Partners, such action may be so taken upon the concurrence of less than all of the Partners and each Partner shall be bound by the results of such action.

GENERAL PARTNER:

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

LIMITED PARTNERS:

All Limited Partners now and hereafter admitted as Limited Partners of the Partnership, pursuant to Powers of Attorney now and hereafter executed in favor of, and granted and delivered to the General Partner or without execution pursuant to <u>Section 10.1(a)</u> hereof.

By: DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

General Partner, as attorney-in-fact for the Limited Partners pursuant to the Powers of Attorney granted pursuant to <u>Section 2.6</u>.

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

Attachment I

DEFINED TERMS

"Adjusted Capital Account" means the Capital Account maintained for each Partner as of the end of each fiscal year of the Partnership, (a) increased by any amounts that such Partner is obligated to restore under the standards set by Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(c) (or is deemed obligated to restore under Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(i) (5)) and (b) decreased by (i) the amount of all losses and deductions that, as of the end of such fiscal year, are reasonably expected to be allocated to such Partner in subsequent years under Sections 704(e)(2) and 706(d) of the Code and Treasury Regulation Section 1.751-1(b)(2)(ii), and (ii) the amount of all distributions that, as of the end of such fiscal year, are reasonably expected to be under 4 and the end of such fiscal year, are reasonably expected to be made to such Partner in subsequent years in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or otherwise to the extent they exceed offsetting increases to such Partner's Capital Account that are reasonably expected to occur during (or prior to) the year in which such distributions are reasonably expected to be made (other than increases as a result of a minimum gain chargeback pursuant to <u>Section 6.1(c)(i)</u> or <u>6.1(c)(ii)</u>). The foregoing definition of Adjusted Capital Account is intended to comply with the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith. The "Adjusted Capital Account" of a Partner in respect of a General Partner Interest, a Common Unit or any other specified interest in the Partnership shall be the amount which such Adjusted Capital Partner Interest, Common Unit or other interest in the Partnership were the only interest in the Partnership which such General Partner Interest, Common Unit or other interest was first issued.

"Adjusted Property" means any property the Carrying Value of which has been adjusted pursuant to <u>Section 5.5(d)(i)</u> or <u>5.5(d)(i)</u>. Once an Adjusted Property is deemed contributed to a new partnership in exchange for an interest in the new partnership, followed by the deemed liquidation of the Partnership for federal income tax purposes upon a termination of the Partnership pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.708-(b)(1)(iv), such property shall thereafter constitute a Contributed Property until the Carrying Value of such property is subsequently adjusted pursuant to <u>Section 5.5(d)(i)</u>.

"Administrative Services Agreement" means the Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement, dated as of , 2007, but effective as of , 2007, by and among EPCO, EPE, the EPE GP, the MLP, Enterprise OLP, the MLP General Partner, Enterprise OLP GP, the Partnership, the General Partner, the Operating General Partner, TEPPCO, the TEPPCO General Partner and certain other parties thereto, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term "control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Person shall only be considered an "Affiliate" of the General Partner if (i) such Person owns, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the voting securities of the General Partner or otherwise possesses the sole power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the General Partner or (ii) such Person is under common control with the Person in clause (i).

"Agreed Allocation" means any allocation, other than a Required Allocation, of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to the provisions of <u>Section 6.1</u>, including a Curative Allocation (if appropriate to the context in which the term "Agreed Allocation" is used).

"Agreed Value" of any Contributed Property means the fair market value of such property or other consideration at the time of contribution as determined by the General Partner. The General Partner shall use such method as it determines to be appropriate to allocate the aggregate Agreed Value of Contributed Properties contributed to the Partnership in a single or integrated transaction among each separate property on a basis proportional to the fair market value of each Contributed Property.

"Agreement" means this Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P., as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.



"Associate" means, when used to indicate a relationship with any Person, (a) any corporation or organization of which such Person is a director, officer or partner or is, directly or indirectly, the owner of 20% or more of any class of voting stock or other voting interest; (b) any trust or other estate in which such Person has at least a 20% beneficial interest or as to which such Person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity; and (c) any relative or spouse of such Person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same principal residence as such Person.

"Audit and Conflicts Committee" means a committee of the Board of Directors of the General Partner composed entirely of three or more directors who meet the independence, qualification and experience requirements established by the Securities Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and by the New York Stock Exchange.

"Available Cash" means, with respect to any Quarter ending prior to the Liquidation Date:

(a) all cash and cash equivalents of the Partnership Group on hand on the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter, less

(b) the amount of any cash reserves established by the General Partner (i) to provide for the proper conduct of the business of the Partnership Group (including reserves for future capital expenditures and for anticipated future credit needs of the Partnership Group) subsequent to such Quarter, (ii) to comply with applicable law or any loan agreement, security agreement, mortgage, debt instrument or other agreement or obligation to which any Group Member is a party of by which it is bound or its assets are subject or (iii) to provide funds for distributions under Section 6.3 in respect to any one or more of the next four Quarters; *provided, however*, that disbursements made by a Group Member or cash reserves established, increased or reduced after the end of such Quarter but on or before the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall be deemed to have been made, established, increased or reduced, for purposes of determining Available Cash, within such Quarter if the General Partners.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Available Cash" with respect to the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs and any subsequent Quarter shall equal zero.

"Board of Directors" means, with respect to the Board of Directors of the General Partner, its board of directors or managers, as applicable, if a corporation or limited liability company, or if a limited partnership, the board of directors or board of managers of the general partner of the General Partner.

"Book-Tax Disparity" means with respect to any item of Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, as of the date of any determination, the difference between the Carrying Value of such Contributed Property or Adjusted Property and the adjusted basis thereof for federal income tax purposes as of such date. A Partner's share of the Partnership's Book-Tax Disparities in all of its Contributed Property and Adjusted Property will be reflected by the difference between such Partner's Capital Account balance as maintained pursuant to <u>Section 5.5</u> and the hypothetical balance of such Partner's Capital Account computed as if it had been maintained strictly in accordance with federal income tax accounting principles.

"Business Day" means Monday through Friday of each week, except that a legal holiday recognized as such by the government of the United States of America or the states of New York or Texas shall not be regarded as a Business Day.

"Capital Account" means the capital account maintained for a Partner pursuant to Section 5.5. The "Capital Account" of a Partner in respect of a General Partner Interest, a Common Unit or any other Partnership Interest shall be the amount which such Capital Account would be if such General Partner Interest, Common Unit or other Partnership Interest were the only interest in the Partnership held by a Partner from and after the date on which such General Partner Interest, Common Unit or other Partnership Interest was first issued.

"Capital Contribution" means any cash, cash equivalents or the Net Agreed Value of Contributed Property that a Partner contributes to the Partnership.

"*Carrying Value*" means (a) with respect to a Contributed Property, the Agreed Value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partners' Capital Accounts in respect of such Contributed Property, and (b) with respect to any other Partnership property, the adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination. The Carrying Value of any property shall be adjusted from time to time in accordance with <u>Sections 5.5(d)(i)</u> and <u>5.5(d)(ii)</u> and to reflect changes, additions or other adjustments to the Carrying Value for dispositions and acquisitions of Partnership properties, as deemed appropriate by the General Partner.

"Cause" means a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, non-appealable judgment finding the General Partner liable for actual fraud or willful misconduct in its capacity as general partner of the Partnership.

"Certificate" means (a) a certificate (i) substantially in the form of Exhibit A to this Agreement, (ii) issued in global form in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Depositary or (iii) in such other form as may be adopted by the General Partner, issued by the Partnership evidencing ownership of one or more Common Units, or (b) a certificate, in such form as may be adopted by the Partnership evidencing ownership of one or more other Partnership Securities.

"Certificate of Limited Partnership" means the Certificate of Limited Partnership of the Partnership filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as referenced in Section 2.1, as such Certificate of Limited Partnership may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"Citizenship Certification" means a properly completed certificate in such form as may be specified by the General Partner by which a Limited Partner certifies that he (and if he is a nominee holding for the account of another Person, that to the best of his knowledge such other Person) is an Eligible Citizen.

"Claim" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(c).

"Closing Date" means the first date on which the Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the Underwriters pursuant to the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement.

"Closing Price" has the meaning assigned to such term in <u>Section 15.1(a)</u>.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time and as interpreted by the applicable regulations thereunder. Any reference herein to a specific section or sections of the Code shall be deemed to include a reference to any corresponding provision of successor law.

"Commission" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Common Unit" means a Partnership Security representing a fractional part of the Partnership Interests of all Limited Partners and of the General Partner (exclusive of its interest as a holder of a General Partner Interest) and having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in this Agreement.

"Contributed Property" means each property or other asset, in such form as may be permitted by the Delaware Act, but excluding cash, contributed to the Partnership. Once the Carrying Value of a Contributed Property is adjusted pursuant to Section 5.5(d), such property shall no longer constitute a Contributed Property, but shall be deemed an Adjusted Property.

"Contribution Agreement" means the Contribution, Conveyance and Assignment Agreement by and among Enterprise OLP, the Partnership, the General Partner, the OLP and the Operating General Partner dated as of the date of this Agreement.

"Curative Allocation" means any allocation of an item of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.1(b)(ix).

"Current Market Price" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 15.1(a).

"Delaware Act" means the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, 6 Del C. Section 17-101, et seq., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

"Departing General Partner" means a former General Partner from and after the effective date of any withdrawal or removal of such former General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or

<u>11.2</u>.

"Depositary" means, with respect to any Units issued in global form, The Depository Trust Company and its successors and permitted assigns.

"Duncan" means, collectively, individually or in any combination, Dan L. Duncan, his wife, descendants, heirs and/or legatees and/or distributees of Dan L. Duncan's estate, and/or trusts established for the benefit of his wife, descendants, such legatees and/or distributees and/or their respective descendants, heirs, legatees and distributees.

"Economic Risk of Loss" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-2(a).

"*Eligible Citizen*" means a Person qualified to own interests in real property in jurisdictions in which any Group Member does business or proposes to do business from time to time, and whose status as a Limited Partner does not or would not subject such Group Member to a significant risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any of its properties or any interest therein, as determined by the General Partner.

"Enterprise OLP" means Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and its successors and permitted assignees.

"Enterprise OLP GP" means Enterprise Products OLP GP, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of the MLP, and any successors and permitted assigns as the general partner of the Enterprise OLP.

"EPCO" means EPCO, Inc. (formerly, Enterprise Products Company), a Texas Subchapter S corporation.

"EPE" means Enterprise GP Holdings L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and any successors thereto.

"EPE GP" means EPE Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its successors and permitted assigns as general partner of EPE.

"Event of Withdrawal" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.1(a).

"General Partner" means DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its successors and permitted assigns that are admitted to the Partnership as general partner of the Partnership, in its capacity as general partner of the Partnership (except as the context otherwise requires).

"General Partner Interest" means the management and ownership interest, if any, of the General Partner in the Partnership (in its capacity as a general partner without reference to any Limited Partner Interest held by it) which may be evidenced by Partnership Securities or a combination thereof or interest therein, and includes any and all benefits to which the General Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of the General Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.

"General Partner Unit" means a fractional part of the General Partner Interest having the rights and obligations specified with respect to the General Partner Interest, which are used solely as a notional amount for purposes of making calculations under this Agreement with respect to determining a Percentage Interest. A General Partner Unit is not a Unit.

"Group" means a Person that with or through any of its Affiliates or Associates has any contract, arrangement, understanding or relationship for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting (except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent given to such Person in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more Persons), exercising investment power or disposing of any Partnership Securities with any other Person that beneficially owns, or whose Affiliates or Associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, Partnership Interests.

"Group Member" means a member of the Partnership Group.

"Group Member Agreement" means the partnership agreement of any Group Member, other than the Partnership, that is a limited or general partnership, the limited liability company agreement of any Group Member that is a limited liability company, the certificate of incorporation and bylaws or similar

organizational documents of any Group Member that is a corporation, the joint venture agreement or similar governing document of any Group Member that is a joint venture and the governing or organizational or similar documents of any other Group Member that is a Person other than a limited or general partnership, limited liability company, corporation or joint venture, as such may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"Holder" as used in Section 7.12, has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(a).

"Indemnified Persons" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(c).

"Indemnitee" means (a) the General Partner, any Departing General Partner and any Person who is or was an Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (b) any Person who is or was a member, director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of a Group Member, (c) any Person who is or was an officer, member, partner, director or trustee of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, or any Affiliate of any such Person and (d) any Person who is or was serving at the request of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or any Serving at the request of the General Partner or any such Affiliate as a director, officer, member, partner, fiduciary or trustee of another Person; provided, that a Person shall not be an Indemnitee by reason of providing, on a fee-for- services basis, trustee, fiduciary or custodial services, or (e) any Person the General Partner designates as an "Indemnitee" for purposes of this Agreement.

"Initial Common Units" means the Common Units sold in the Initial Offering.

"Initial Offering" means the initial offering and sale of Common Units to the public, as described in the Registration Statement.

"Initial Operating Subsidiaries" means (1) Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and successor of Mont Belvieu Caverns, LP, a Delaware limited partnership, (2) South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, (3) Acadian Gas, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, (4) Sabine Propylene Pipeline, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and (5) Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership.

"Issue Price" means the price at which a Unit is purchased from the Partnership, after taking into account any sales commission or underwriting discount charged to the Partnership.

"Limited Partner" means, unless the context otherwise requires, Enterprise OLP as the initial Limited Partner, each additional Person that becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, each additional Limited Partner and any Departing General Partner upon the change of its status from General Partner to Limited Partner pursuant to <u>Section 11.3</u>, in each case, in such Person's capacity as a limited partner of the Partnership.

"Limited Partner Interest" means the ownership interest of a Limited Partner in the Partnership, which may be evidenced by Common Units or other Partnership Securities or a combination thereof or interest therein, and includes any and all benefits to which such Limited Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of such Limited Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.

"*Liquidation Date*" means (a) in the case of an event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership of the type described in <u>clauses (a) and (b)</u> of the first sentence of <u>Section 12.2</u>, the date on which the applicable time period during which the holders of Outstanding Units have the right to elect to continue the business of the Partnership has expired without such an election being made, and (b) in the case of any other event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership, the date on which such event occurs.

"Liquidator" means one or more Persons selected by the General Partner to perform the functions described in Section 12.3 as liquidating trustee of the Partnership within the meaning of the Delaware Act.

"Merger Agreement" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 14.1.

"MLP" means Enterprise Products Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and any successors thereto.

"MLP General Partner" means Enterprise Products GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its successors and permitted assigns as general partner of the MLP.

"MLP Partnership Agreement" means the Fifth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of the MLP, as it may be amended or restated from time to time.

"National Securities Exchange" means an exchange registered with the Commission under Section 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act or The Nasdaq National Market or any successor thereto.

"*Net Agreed Value*" means, (a) in the case of any Contributed Property, the Agreed Value of such property reduced by any liabilities either assumed by the Partnership upon such contribution or to which such property is subject when contributed, and (b) in the case of any property distributed to a Partner by the Partnership, the Partnership's Carrying Value of such property (as adjusted pursuant to Section 5.5(d)(ii)) at the time such property is distributed, reduced by any indebtedness either assumed by such Partner upon such distribution or to which such property is subject at the time of distribution, in either case, as determined under Section 752 of the Code.

"Net Income" means, for any taxable year, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of income and gain (other than those items taken into account in the computation of Net Termination Gain or Net Termination Loss) for such taxable year over the Partnership's items of loss and deduction (other than those items taken into account in the computation of Net Termination Gain or Net Termination Loss) for such taxable year. The items included in the calculation of Net Income shall be determined in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and shall not include any items specially allocated under <u>Section 6.1(c)</u>.

"Net Loss" means, for any taxable year, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of loss and deduction (other than those items taken into account in the computation of Net Termination Gain or Net Termination Loss) for such taxable year over the Partnership's items of income and gain (other than those items taken into account in the computation of Net Termination Gain or Net Termination Loss) for such taxable year. The items included in the calculation of Net Loss shall be determined in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and shall not include any items specially allocated under <u>Section 6.1(c)</u>.

"Net Termination Gain" means, for any taxable year, the sum, if positive, of all items of income, gain, loss or deduction recognized by the Partnership after the Liquidation Date. The items included in the determination of Net Termination Gain shall be determined in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and shall not include any items of income, gain or loss specially allocated under <u>Section 6.1(c)</u>.

"Net Termination Loss" means, for any taxable year, the sum, if negative, of all items of income, gain, loss or deduction recognized by the Partnership after the Liquidation Date. The items included in the determination of Net Termination Loss shall be determined in accordance with <u>Section 5.5(b)</u> and shall not include any items of income, gain or loss specially allocated under <u>Section 6.1(c)</u>.

"Non-citizen Assignee" means a Person whom the General Partner has determined does not constitute an Eligible Citizen and as to whose Partnership Interest the General Partner has become substituted as the limited partner, pursuant to Section 4.8.

"Nonrecourse Built-in Gain" means with respect to any Contributed Properties or Adjusted Properties that are subject to a mortgage or pledge securing a Nonrecourse Liability, the amount of any taxable gain that would be allocated to the Partners pursuant to Sections 6.2(b)(i)(A), 6.2(b)(ii)(A) and 6.2(b)(iii) if such properties were disposed of in a taxable transaction in full satisfaction of such liabilities and for no other consideration.

"Nonrecourse Deductions" means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditures (described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b), are attributable to a Nonrecourse Liability.

"Nonrecourse Liability" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-1(a)(2).

"Notice of Election to Purchase" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 15.1(b) hereof.

"Organizational Limited Partner" means Enterprise OLP.

"Omnibus Agreement" means the Omnibus Agreement by and among Enterprise OLP, the General Partner, the Partnership, the Operating General Partner and the Initial Operating Subsidiaries dated as of the date of this Agreement.

"Operating General Partner" means DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Partnership, and any successors and permitted assigns as the general partner of the Operating Partnership.

"Operating Partnership" means Duncan Energy Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and any successors thereto.

"Opinion of Counsel" means a written opinion of counsel (who may be regular counsel to the Partnership or the General Partner or any of its Affiliates) acceptable to the General Partner.

"Option Closing Date" has the meaning assigned to such term in the Underwriting Agreement.

"Outstanding" means, with respect to Partnership Securities, all Partnership Securities that are issued by the Partnership and reflected as outstanding on the Partnership's books and records as of the date of determination; *provided, however*, that, with respect to Partnership Securities, if at any time any Person or Group (other than the General Partner or its Affiliates) beneficially owns 20% or more of any Outstanding Partnership Securities of any class then Outstanding, all Partnership Securities owned by such Person or Group shall not be voted on any matter and shall not be considered to be Outstanding for purposes under this Agreement, except that Common Units so owned shall be considered to be Outstanding for purposes under this Agreement, except that Common Units so owned shall be considered to be Outstanding for purposes of <u>Section 11.1(b)(iv)</u> (such Common Units shall not, however, be treated as a separate class of Partnership Securities of any class then Outstanding directly from the General Partner or its Affiliates, determining the presence of a quorum or for other similar purposes under this Agreement, except that Common Units so owned shall be considered to be Outstanding for purposes of <u>Section 11.1(b)(iv)</u> (such Common Units shall not, however, be treated as a separate class of Partnership Securities for purposes of this Agreement); *provided, further*, that the foregoing limitation shall not apply to (i) any Person or Group who acquired 20% or more of any Outstanding Partnership Securities of any class then Outstanding directly from the General Partner or its Affiliates, (ii) to any Person or Group who acquired 20% or more of any Outstanding Partnership Securities of any class then Outstanding directly from a Person or Group described in <u>clause</u> (j) provided that the General Partner shall have notified such Person or Group in writing that such limitation shall not apply or (iii) to any Person or Group who acquired 20% or more of any Partnership Securities of the General Partner shall have

"Over-Allotment Option" means the over-allotment option granted to the Underwriters by the Partnership pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement.

"Partner Nonrecourse Debt" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b)(4).

"Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(2).

"Partner Nonrecourse Deductions" means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditure (including any expenditure described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i), are attributable to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt.

"Partners" means the General Partner and the Limited Partners.

"Partnership" means Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and any successors thereto.

"Partnership Group" means the Partnership, the Operating General Partner, the Operating Partnership and any Subsidiary of any of these entities, treated as a single consolidated entity.

"Partnership Interest" means an ownership interest in the Partnership, which shall include General Partner Interests and Limited Partner Interests.

"Partnership Minimum Gain" means that amount determined in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(d).

"Partnership Security" means any class or series of equity interest in the Partnership (but excluding any options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to any equity interest in the Partnership), including Units.

"Percentage Interest" means as of any date of determination (a) as to the General Partner with respect to General Partner Units and as to any Unitholder with respect to Units, the product obtained by multiplying (i) 100% less the percentage applicable to clause (b) below by (ii) the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the number of General Partner Units held by the General Partner or the number of Units held by such Unitholder, as the case may be, by (B) the total number of Outstanding Units and all General Partner Units, and (b) as to holders of other Partnership Securities issued by the Partnership in accordance with Section 5.6, the percentage established as part of such issuance.

"Person" means an individual or a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.

"Plan of Conversion" has the meaning ascribed thereto in Section 14.1.

"Pro Rata" means (a) when modifying Units or any class thereof, apportioned equally among all designated Units in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests and (b) when modifying Partners or Record Holders, apportioned among all Partners or Record Holders, as the case may be, in accordance with their respective Percentage Interests.

"Purchase Date" means the date determined by the General Partner as the date for purchase of all Outstanding Units (other than Units owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) pursuant to Article XV.

"Purchased Interest" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.3(a).

"Quarter" means, unless the context requires otherwise, a fiscal quarter of the Partnership, or with respect to the first fiscal quarter of the Partnership after the Closing Date, the portion of such fiscal quarter after the Closing Date.

"Recapture Income" means any gain recognized by the Partnership (computed without regard to any adjustment required by Sections 734 or 743 of the Code) upon the disposition of any property or asset of the Partnership, which gain is characterized as ordinary income because it represents the recapture of deductions previously taken with respect to such property or asset.

"Record Date" means the date established by the General Partner for determining (a) the identity of the Record Holders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of Limited Partners or entitled to vote by ballot or give approval of Partnership action in writing without a meeting or entitled to exercise rights in respect of any lawful action of Limited Partners or (b) the identity of Record Holders entitled to receive any report or distribution or to participate in any offer.

"Record Holder" means the Person in whose name a Common Unit is registered on the books of the Transfer Agent as of the opening of business on a particular Business Day, or with respect to other Partnership Interests, the Person in whose name any such other Partnership Interest is registered on the books that the General Partner has caused to be kept as of the opening of business on such Business Day.

"Redeemable Interests" means any Partnership Interests for which a redemption notice has been given, and has not been withdrawn, pursuant to Section 4.10.

"Registration Statement" means the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-138371) as it has been or as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, filed by the Partnership with the Commission under the Securities Act to register the offering and sale of the Common Units in the Initial Offering.



"Required Allocations" means (a) any limitation imposed on any allocation of Net Losses or Net Termination Losses under Section 6.1(a) or 6.1(b)(ii) and (b) any allocation of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to Section 6.1(c)(ii), 6.1(c)(iii), 6.1(c)(iii), 6.1(c)(vii)), or 6.1(c)(vii)).

"Residual Gain" or "Residual Loss" means any item of gain or loss, as the case may be, of the Partnership recognized for federal income tax purposes resulting from a sale, exchange or other disposition of a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, to the extent such item of gain or loss is not allocated pursuant to Section 6.2(b)(i)(A) or 6.2(b)(i)(A), respectively, to eliminate Book-Tax Disparities.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

"Securities Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

"Special Approval" means approval by a majority of the members of the Audit and Conflicts Committee.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership or member of such limited liability company in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general or limited partner of such partnership or member of such limited liability company, but only if more than 50% of the partnership interests of such partnership or membership interests or such limited liability company (considering all of the partnership interests or membership interests as a single class) is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, or a combination thereof, or (c) any other Person (other than a corporation or a partnership) in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has (i) at least a majority ownership interest or (ii) the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.

"Surviving Business Entity" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 14.2(b).

"TEPPCO" means TEPPCO Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and any successors thereto.

"TEPPCO General Partner" means Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and any successors thereto.

"Trading Day" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 15.1(a).

"transfer" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.4(a).

"Transfer Agent" means such bank, trust company or other Person (including the General Partner or one of its Affiliates) as shall be appointed from time to time by the Partnership to act as registrar and transfer agent for the Units and as may be appointed from time to time by the Partnership to act as registrar and transfer agent for any other Partnership Securities; provided, that if no Transfer Agent is specifically designated for any such other Partnership Securities, the General Partner shall act in such capacity.

"Underwriter" means each Person named as an underwriter in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement who purchases Common Units pursuant thereto.

"Underwriting Agreement" means the Underwriting Agreement dated , 2007, among the Underwriters, the Partnership and certain other parties, providing for the purchase of Common Units by such Underwriters.

"Unit" means a Partnership Security that is designated as a "Unit" and shall include Common Units but shall not include a General Partner Interest; provided, that each Common Unit at any time Outstanding shall represent the same fractional part of the Partnership Interests of all Limited Partners holding Common Units as each other Common Unit.

"Unitholders" means the holders of Units.

"Unrealized Gain" attributable to any item of Partnership property means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, of (a) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under Section 5.5(d)) over (b) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.5(d)) as of such date).

"Unrealized Loss" attributable to any item of Partnership property means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, of (a) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.5(d) as of such date) over (b) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under Section 5.5(d)).

"U.S. GAAP" means United States generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

"Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.1(b).

FORM OF CERTIFICATE

FORM OF CERTIFICATE EVIDENCING COMMON UNITS REPRESENTING LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS IN

NUMBER

THIS CERTIFICATE IS TRANSFERABLE IN

UNITS

CUSIP 265026 10 4 SEE REVERSE FOR CERTAIN DEFINITIONS

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF DELAWARE

In accordance with Section 4.1 of the Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time (the "Partnership Agreement"), Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), hereby certifies that [] (the "Holder") is the registered owner of Common Units representing Limited Partnership (the "Common Units") transferable on the books of the Partnership, in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. The rights, preferences and limitations of the Common Units are set forth in, and this Certificate and the Common Units represented hereby are issued and shall in all respects be subject to the terms and provisions of, the Partnership Agreement. Copies of the Partnership Agreement are on file at, and will be furnished without charge on delivery of written request to the Partnership at, the principal office of the Partnership located at 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas, 77002 or such other address as may be specified by notice under the Partnership Agreement. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement.

The Holder, by accepting this Certificate, is deemed to have (i) requested admission as, and agreed to become, a Limited Partner and to have agreed to comply with and be bound by and to have executed the Partnership Agreement, (ii) persented and warranted that the Holder has all right, power and authority and, if an individual, the capacity necessary to enter into the Partnership Agreement, (iii) granted the powers of attorney provided for in the Partnership Agreement, and (iv) made the waivers and given the consents and approvals contained in the Partnership Agreement.

This Certificate shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to principles of conflict of laws thereof.

This Certificate shall not be valid for any purpose unless it has been countersigned and registered by the Transfer Agent and Registrar.

Dated:

Countersigned and Registered by:

Mellon Investor Services LLC as Transfer Agent and Registrar

By:

Authorized Signature

 Duncan Energy Partners L.P.,

 By:
 DEP Holdings, LLC, its general partner

БУ.	
	Richard H. Bachmann
	President and Chief Executive Officer

Stephanie Hildebrandt Secretary

By:

A-1

Reverse of Certificate

ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Certificate, shall be construed as follows according to applicable laws or regulations:

(Minor)

TEN COM —	as tenants in common	UNIF GIFT/TRANSFERS MIN ACT
TEN ENT —	as tenants by the entireties	Custodian
		(Cust)
JT TEN —	as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common	under Uniform Gifts/Transfers to CD Minors Act (State)

Additional abbreviations, though not in the above list, may also be used.

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMON UNITS

IN DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, hereby assigns, conveys, sells and transfers unto

(Please pri	nt or typewrite name and address of Assignee)	(Please insert Social Security or other identifying number of Assignee)	
appoint	Common Units representing Limited Partner Interests evidenced by this Certificate, subject to the Partnership Agreement, and does hereby irrevocably constitute and as its attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution to transfer the same on the books of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.		
Date:		NOTE: The signature to any endorsement hereon must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this Certificate in every particular, without alteration, enlargement or change.	
SIGNATURE(S) MUST BE GUARANTEED BY A MEMBER FIRM OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SECURITIES DEALERS, INC. OR BY A COMMERCIAL BANK OR TRUST COMPANY SIGNATURE(S) GUARANTEED		(Signature)	
		(Signature)	

No transfer of the Common Units evidenced hereby will be registered on the books of the Partnership, unless the Certificate evidencing the Common Units to be transferred is surrendered for registration of transfer.

A-3

APPENDIX B - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Acadian Gas: Acadian Gas, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

basis differential: The cost of transporting natural gas from Henry Hub to the destination point.

Bcf: One billion cubic feet of natural gas.

Bcf/d: One billion cubic feet of natural gas per day.

Bbls: Barrels.

Btu: British thermal units.

Bbtu/d: One billion Btus per day.

condensate: Similar to crude oil and produced in association with natural gas gathering and processing.

DEP Holdings: DEP Holdings, LLC.

Enterprise GP Holdings: Enterprise GP Holdings L.P., a publicly traded partnership that owns the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners.

Enterprise Products Partners: Enterprise Products Partners L.P., a publicly traded partnership that owns our general partner, and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Enterprise Products OLP: Enterprise Products Operating L.P., the operating partnership of Enterprise Products Partners.

Enterprise Products GP: Enterprise Products GP, LLC, the general partner of Enterprise Products Partners.

EPE Holdings: EPE Holdings, LLC, the general partner of Enterprise GP Holdings.

EPCO: EPCO, Inc., an affiliate of our ultimate parent company.

Evangeline: Our equity method investment in Evangeline Gas Pipeline Company, L.P. and Evangeline Gas Corp. For information regarding this unconsolidated affiliate, please read Note 4 of the Notes to Combined Financial Statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor.

feedstock: A raw material required for an industrial process such as in petrochemical manufacturing.

FERC: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

fractionation: The process of separating or refining NGLs into their component products by a process known as fractional distillation.

fractionator: A processing unit that separates a mixed stream of NGLs into component products by fractionation.

GAAP: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

LCM: Lower of average cost or market.

Lou-Tex Propylene: Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership.

MBbls/d: One thousand barrels per day.

MBPD: Thousand barrels per day.

MMBbls: One million barrels.

MMBtu: One million British thermal units.

B-1

MMBtu/d: One million British thermal units per day.

MMcf: One million cubic feet.

MMcf/d: One million cubic feet per day.

Mont Belvieu Caverns: Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, or its successor Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

NGLs: Natural gas liquids which consist primarily of ethane, propane, isobutane, normal butane and natural gasoline. NGLs are used by the petrochemical or refining industries to produce plastics, motor gasoline and other industrial and consumer products and also are used as residential, agricultural and industrial fuels.

Operating Partnership: DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership.

Operating Partnership Agreement: The Agreement of Limited Partnership of the Operating Partnership dated as of September 29, 2006, as amended from time to time.

Our general partner: DEP Holdings, LLC.

propylene: A type of liquid hydrocarbon derived from oil or natural gas that is used to make polypropylene. Refinery-grade propylene (a mixture of propane and propylene) is separated into either polymer-grade propylene or chemical-grade propylene along with by-products of propane and mixed butane. Polymer-grade propylene can also be produced from chemical-grade propylene feedstock.

Sabine Propylene: Sabine Propylene Pipeline, L.P., a Texas limited partnership.

South Texas NGL: South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

TEPPCO Partners: TEPPCO Partners, L.P., a publicly traded partnership, and its subsidiaries.

TEPPCO GP: Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC, the general partner of TEPPCO Partners.

throughput: The volume of natural gas or NGLs transported or passing through a pipeline, plant, terminal or other facility in an economically meaningful period of time.

B-2



13,000,000 Common Units Representing Limited Partner Interests

Prospectus , 2007

LEHMAN BROTHERS UBS INVESTMENT BANK

Citigroup Goldman, Sachs & Co. Morgan Stanley Wachovia Securities

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

Set forth below are the expenses (other than underwriting discounts and commissions) expected to be incurred in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities registered hereby. With the exception of the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee, the NASD filing fee and the NYSE filing fee, the amounts set forth below are estimates.

SEC registration fee	\$ 33,593
NASD filing fee	31,895
NYSE listing fee	100,000
Printing and engraving expenses	500,000
Fees and expenses of legal counsel	1,000,000
Accounting fees and expenses	1,700,000
Structuring fees	1,000,000
Transfer agent and registrar fees	5,000
Miscellaneous	29,512
Total	\$ 4,400,000

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

The section of the prospectus entitled "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement — Indemnification" is incorporated herein by this reference. Reference is also made to the Underwriting Agreement filed as Exhibit 1.1 to this registration statement. Subject to any terms, conditions or restrictions set forth in the partnership agreement, Section 17-108 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act empowers a Delaware limited partnership to indemnify and hold harmless any partner or other person from and against all claims and demands whatsoever.

Section 18-108 of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act provides that, subject to such standards and restrictions, if any, as are set forth in its limited liability company agreement, a Delaware limited liability company may, and shall have the power to, indemnify and hold harmless any member or manager or other person from and against any and all claims and demands whatsoever. The First Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of DEP Holdings, LLC provides for the indemnification of (i) a present or former member of the Board of Directors of DEP Holdings, LLC or any committee thereof, (ii) a present or former member, (iii) a present or former officer of DEP Holdings, LLC or (iv) a person serving at the request of DEP Holdings, LLC in another entity in a similar capacity as that referred to in the immediately preceding clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) (each person in clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv), a "General Partner Indemnitee") to the fullest extent permitted by law, from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, (joint or several), expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements and other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any such person may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of such person's status as a General Partner Indemnitee; provided, each case the General Partner Indemnitee is all not be indemnification, the General Partner Indemnitee shall not be indemnified if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the General Partner Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to these provisions shall be made only out of the assets of DEP Holdings, LLC is authorized to purchase and maintain insurance, on behalf of the members of its

II-1

be incurred by such person in connection with the activities of DEP Holdings, LLC, regardless of whether DEP Holdings, LLC would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of its limited liability company agreement.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

On September 29, 2006, in connection with the formation of the partnership, Duncan Energy Partners L.P. issued (1) to DEP Holdings, LLC, the 2% general partner interest in the partnership for \$60 and (2) to Enterprise Products Operating L.P., the 98% limited partner interest in the partnership for \$2,940, in an offering exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. There have been no other sales of unregistered securities within the past three years.

Item 16. Exhibits.

The following documents are filed as exhibits to this registration statement:

Exhibit Number	Description
1.1*	— Form of Underwriting Agreement
3.1**	 Certificate of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.
3.2**	— Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (included as Appendix A)
3.3**	 Certificate of Formation of DEP Holdings, LLC
3.4**	 Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of DEP Holdings, LLC
3.5**	 Certificate of Formation of DEP OLPGP, LLC
3.6*	 Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of DEP OLPGP, LLC
3.7**	 Certificate of Limited Partnership of DEP Operating Partnership, L.P.
3.8**	 Agreement of Limited Partnership of DEP Operating Partnership, L.P.
4.1**	 — Specimen certificate representing common units
5.1*	 — Opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP as to the legality of the securities being registered
8.1*	 — Opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP relating to tax matters
10.1*	 Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement
10.2†**	— Form of Storage Lease (Enterprise Products NGL Marketing), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.3†**	— Form of Storage Lease (North Propane — Propylene Splitters), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.4†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Belvieu Environmental Fuels), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.5†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Butane Isomer), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.6†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Enterprise Fractionation Plant), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P., Duke Energy NGL Services L.P., Burlington Resources Inc. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.7***	— Form of Amended and Restated RGP Storage Lease, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.8*	 Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P., Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., Enterprise Products Texas Operating, L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.9*	 Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, between Enterprise GC, LP, Enterprise Holding III, L.L.C., Enterprise GTM Holdings L.P., Enterprise GTMGP, LLC, Enterprise Products GTM, LLC, Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC



Table of Contents

Exhibit Number		Description
10.10**	_	Ground Lease Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2002, by and between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. (successor-in-interest to Diamond-Koch, L.P.) and Mont
		Belvieu Caverns, LLC (successor-in-interest to Enterprise Products Texas Operating L.P.)
10.11**	_	Form of Pipeline Lease Agreement, between Enterprise GC, L.P. and TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership
10.12**		Form of NGL Transportation Agreement, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC
10.13*	—	Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
10.14**	—	Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Acadian Gas, LLC
10.15*		Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC
10.16**		Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P.
10.17**		Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P.
10.18*		Form of Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement
10.19*		Form of Omnibus Agreement
10.20**	—	Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of January 5, 2007, among Duncan Energy Partners L.P., as borrower, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Administrative
		Agent, The Bank of Nova Scotia and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Syndication Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd., as Co-Documentation
		Agents, and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, The Bank of Nova Scotia and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners
10.21†**		Form of Amended and Restated PGP Storage Lease, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC
21.1*		List of Subsidiaries of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.
23.1*		Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP
23.2*		Consent of Andrews Kurth LLP (contained in Exhibit 5.1)
23.3*		Consent of Andrews Kurth LLP (contained in Exhibit 8.1)
23.4**		Consent of Director Nominee (William A. Bruckmann, III)
23.5**		Consent of Director Nominee (Larry J. Casey)
23.6**		Consent of Director Nominee (Joe D. Havens)
24.1**	—	Powers of Attorney (included on the signature page)
		-

* Filed herewith.

** Previously filed

† Portions of this exhibit have been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a confidential treatment request under Rule 406 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such

indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction of the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

The registrant undertakes to send to each limited partner at least on an annual basis a detailed statement of any transactions with DEP Holdings, LLC or its affiliates, and of fees, commissions, compensation and other benefits paid, or accrued to DEP Holdings, LLC or its affiliates for the fiscal year completed, showing the amount paid or accrued to each recipient and the services performed.

The registrant undertakes to provide to the limited partners the financial statements required by Form 10-K for the first full fiscal year of operations of the partnership.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this Amendment No. 3 to Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Houston, State of Texas, on January 19, 2007.

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

By: DEP Holdings, LLC its General Partner

By: /s/ Richard H. Bachmann

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated on January 19, 2007.

Signature	Title
* Dan L. Duncan	Chairman of the Board and Director
/s/ Richard H. Bachmann Richard H. Bachmann	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
* Michael A. Creel	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Director (Principal Financial Officer)
* Michael J. Knesek	Senior Vice President, Controller and Principal Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)
* Gil H. Radtke	Senior Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
* W. Randall Fowler	Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Director
/s/ Richard H. Bachmann As attorney-in-fact	Pursuant to power of attorney included in the Registration Statement filed on November 2, 2006

II-5

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description	
1.1*	— Form of Underwriting Agreement	
3.1**	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.	
3.2**	— Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (included as Appendix A)	
3.3**	— Certificate of Formation of DEP Holdings, LLC	
3.4**	 Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of DEP Holdings, LLC 	
3.5**	 Certificate of Formation of DEP OLPGP, LLC 	
3.6*	 Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of DEP OLPGP, LLC 	
3.7**	 Certificate of Limited Partnership of DEP Operating Partnership, L.P. 	
3.8**	 Agreement of Limited Partnership of DEP Operating Partnership, L.P. 	
4.1**	 — Specimen certificate representing common units 	
5.1*	 — Opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP as to the legality of the securities being registered 	
8.1*	 — Opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP relating to tax matters 	
10.1*	— Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement	
10.2†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Enterprise Products NGL Marketing), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC 	
10.3***	— Form of Storage Lease (North Propane — Propylene Splitters), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC	
10.4†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Belvieu Environmental Fuels), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC 	
10.5***	 Form of Storage Lease (Butane Isomer), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC 	
10.6†**	 Form of Storage Lease (Enterprise Fractionation Plant), between Enterprise Products Operating L.P., Duke Energy NGL Services L.P., Burlington Resources Inc. and 	
10.7***	Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC — Form of Amended and Restated RGP Storage Lease, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC	
10.7	 Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Derived Caverns, LLC Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., Enterprise Products 	
	Texas Operating, L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC	
10.9*	 Form of Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, between Enterprise GC, LP, Enterprise Holding III, L.L.C., Enterprise GTM Holdings L.P., Enterprise GTMGP, LLC, Enterprise Products GTM, LLC, Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC 	
10.10**	— Ground Lease Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2002, by and between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. (successor-in-interest to Diamond-Koch, L.P.) and Mont	
10 11 11	Belvieu Caverns, LLC (successor-in-interest to Enterprise Products Texas Operating L.P.)	
10.11**	 Form of Pipeline Lease Agreement, between Enterprise GC, L.P. and TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership 	
10.12**	Form of NGL Transportation Agreement, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC	
10.13*	Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Mont Belveu Caverns, LLC	
10.14** 10.15*	 Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Acadian Gas, LLC Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC 	
10.15** 10.16**	 Form of Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P. 	
10.16***	 Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Enterprise Lou-res Propylene Pipeline L.P. Form of Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P. 	
10.17	 Form of America and Restated Agreement of Limited Fatherising of Saone Fropytein Pipeline L.P. 	

Exhibit Numb Description 10.18* - Form of Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement _ 10.19* Form of Omnibus Agreement 10.20** Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of January 5, 2007, among Duncan Energy Partners L.P., as borrower, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, The Bank of Nova Scotia and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Syndication Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd., as Co-Documentation Agents, and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, The Bank of Nova Scotia and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners 10.21†** Form of Amended and Restated PGP Storage Lease, between Enterprise Products Operating L.P. and Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC — 21.1* 23.1* List of Subsidiaries of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.
 Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP _ 23.2* Consent of Andrews Kurth LLP (contained in Exhibit 5.1) 23.3* Consent of Andrews Kurth LLP (contained in Exhibit 8.1) 23.4** Consent of Director Nominee (William A. Bruckmann, III)
 Consent of Director Nominee (Larry J. Casey)

- 23.5**
- 23.6**
- Consent of Director Nominee (Joe D. Havens)
 Powers of Attorney (included on the signature page) 24.1**
- * Filed herewith.
- ** Previously filed
- + Portions of this exhibit have been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a confidential treatment request under Rule 406 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

13,000,000 Common Units DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P. Representing Limited Partner Interests UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

January [__], 2007

Lehman Brothers Inc. UBS Securities LLC As Representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto c/o Lehman Brothers Inc.

745 Seventh Avenue New York, New York 10019 c/o UBS Securities LLC 299 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10173

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "**Partnership**"), proposes to sell to the underwriters named in Schedule I hereto (the "**Underwriters**") 13,000,000 common units (the "**Firm Units**"), representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the "**Common Units**"). In addition, the Partnership proposes to grant to the Underwriters an option to purchase up to 1,950,000 additional Common Units on the terms and for the purposes set forth in Section 1 (the "**Option Units**"). The Firm Units and the Option Units, if purchased, are referred to collectively herein as the "**Units**."

This is to confirm the agreement among the Partnership, DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and the general partner of the Partnership (the "General Partner"), DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership"), DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and the general partner of the Operating Partnership ("OLPGP") and Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EPOLP" and, together with the Partnership, the General Partner, the Operating Partnership and OLPGP, the "DEP Parties") and the Underwriters concerning the purchase of the Units from the Partnership by the Underwriters.

It is understood and agreed to by all parties hereto that the Partnership was initially formed to acquire certain natural gas gathering, transportation, marketing and storage assets and certain natural gas liquid transportation and storage assets from EPOLP, each as more particularly described in the Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus (as such terms are hereinafter defined).

It is further understood and agreed to by all parties hereto that as of the date hereof:

(i) the Partnership owns 100% of the limited liability company interests in OLPGP and a 99.999% limited partner interest in the Operating Partnership;

(ii) the General Partner owns a 2% general partner interest in the Partnership;

(iii) OLPGP owns a 0.001% general partner interest in the Operating Partnership;

(iv) EPOLP and its general partner, Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("EPOLPGP"), collectively or individually own 100% of the limited liability company interests in the General Partner and 100% of the limited liability company interests or partnership interests, as the case may be, in each of Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC ("MBC LLC"), South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC ("South Texas NGL"), Acadian Gas, LLC ("Acadian Gas"), Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Lou-Tex LP"), and Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P. ("Sabine LP", and collectively with MBC LLC, South Texas NGL, Acadian Gas, Lou-Tex LP and Sabine LP, the "Initial Operating Subsidiaries"); and

(v) the Partnership has entered into a \$300 million revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility").

The General Partner, the Partnership, OLPGP, the Operating Partnership, the Initial Operating Subsidiaries and the subsidiaries of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries named in Schedule III hereto (together with the Initial Operating Subsidiaries, the "**Subsidiaries**") are referred to collectively herein as the "**Partnership Entities**." The General Partner, the Partnership, the OLPGP, the Operating Partnership, the Initial Operating Subsidiaries, Evangeline Gas Pipeline Company, L.P. and Evangeline Gas Corp. are collectively herein referred to as the "**Significant DEP Entities**").

It is further understood and agreed to by the parties hereto that the following transactions have occurred prior to the date hereof or will occur on the date hereof:

(i) the Partnership and the Initial Operating Subsidiaries will enter into various new and amended transportation, storage and operating agreements with EPOLP and its affiliates, including the following:

a) South Texas NGL and EPOLP entered into a transportation agreement dated January [___], 2007 regarding transportation of dedicated production from EPD's Shoup and Armstrong facilities to Mont Belvieu, Texas; and

b) MBC LLC entered into five new storage leases with EPOLP and became party to the RGP Storage Lease and the PGP Storage Lease with EPOLP;



(ii) EPOLP, EPOLPGP, EPD, the Partnership, the General Partner, OLPGP and the Operating Partnership will enter into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement (the "**Contribution Agreement**") pursuant to which EPOLP, for itself and on behalf of the General Partner, will contribute to the Partnership an aggregate of 66% of the limited liability company or limited partnership interests, as the case may be, in each of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries in exchange for the issuance by the Partnership to EPOLP of 7,301,571 Common Units (the "**Sponsor Units**") and a continuation of the General Partner's 2% general partner interest in the Partnership;

(iii) MBC LLC has entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption agreement with EPOLP and certain of its affiliates relating to assets located at Mont Belvieu, Texas (the "**MB Contribution Agreement**"), and South Texas NGL has entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption agreement with EPOLP and certain of its affiliates relating to assets that form part of the South Texas NGL Pipeline System (the "**South Texas Contribution Agreement**"); and

(iv) EPOLP has assigned to the appropriate Initial Operating Subsidiary two exchange agreements with Shell Oil Company and one exchange agreement with ExxonMobil, each relating to transportation on the Sabine and Lou-Tex pipeline systems.

The agreements described in (i)(a), (i)(b) and (iv), as assigned, above are referred to herein collectively as the "Commercial Agreements."

It is further understood and agreed to by the parties hereto that the following additional transactions will occur on or prior to the Initial Delivery Date:

(i) the Partnership will amend and restate its agreement of limited partnership (as so amended and restated, the "Partnership Agreement");

(ii) the General Partner will amend and restate its limited liability company agreement (as so amended and restated, the "GP LLC Agreement");

(iii) the OLPGP will amend and restate its limited liability company agreement (as so amended and restated, the "OLPGP LLC Agreement");

(iv) each of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries will amend and restate their limited liability company agreement or limited partnership agreement, as the case may be (as so amended and restated, the "Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreements");

(v) EPOLP, the General Partner, the Partnership, OLPGP, the Operating Partnership and the Initial Operating Subsidiaries will enter into an Omnibus Agreement (the "Omnibus Agreement") pursuant to which (A) EPOLP has agreed to indemnify the Partnership for certain liabilities, (B) EPOLP has agreed to reimburse the Partnership for its 66% share of excess expenditures, if any, relating to construction of the South Texas NGL Pipeline System and additional brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs at Mont Belvieu, (C) EPOLP will have a right of first

refusal on the equity interests of the current and future Subsidiaries and their assets, and (D) EPOLP will have preemptive rights with respect to certain issuances of equity by the Subsidiaries;

(vi) EPCO, Inc., Enterprise Products Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EPD"), and its general partner, Enterprise GP Holdings L.P. and its general partner, EPOLP and its general partner, TEPPCO Partners, L.P. and its general partner, TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership, TEPPCO Midstream Companies, L.P., TCTM, L.P., the Partnership and the General Partner will enter into the Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement (the "Administrative Services Agreement") pursuant to which (A) EPCO, Inc. will provide all necessary administrative, management, engineering and operating services to the Partnership, (B) business opportunities will be allocated amongst the parties, and (C) certain parameters will be established regarding the parties' governance structures;

(vii) the public offering of the Firm Units contemplated hereby will be consummated;

(viii) the Partnership will borrow approximately \$200 million under the Credit Facility;

(ix) the Partnership will distribute to EPOLP \$198.9 million of borrowings under the Credit Facility and approximately \$[___] million of the net proceeds of the public offering; provided, the actual final amount of net proceeds so distributed shall be calculated as set forth under "Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus and in accordance with the Contribution Agreement; and

(x) the Partnership will contribute to the Operating Partnership (including 0.001% for the benefit of OLPGP) its ownership interests in the Initial Operating Subsidiaries.

The transactions contemplated in the paragraphs above are referred to herein collectively as the "Transactions."

In connection with the Transactions, the parties to the Transactions have entered or will enter into various bills of sale, assignments, conveyances, contribution agreements and related documents (collectively with the Contribution Agreement, the South Texas Contribution Agreement and the MB Contribution Agreement, the "Contribution Documents" shall mean the Contribution Documents, the Omnibus Agreement, the Administrative Services Agreement and the Credit Facility. The "Organizational Documents" shall mean the Partnership Agreement, the OLPGP LLC Agreement, the Operating Partnership Agreement (as defined below) and the Initial Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreements. The "Operative Agreements" shall mean the Transaction Documents, the Commercial Agreements and the Organizational Documents of Limited Partnership of the Operating Partnership.

The DEP Parties wish to confirm as follows their agreement with you in connection with the purchase of the Units from the Partnership by the Underwriters.

1. Representations, Warranties and Agreements of the DEP Parties. The DEP Parties jointly and severally represent, warrant and agree that:

(a) *Registration; Definitions; No Stop Order.* A registration statement (Registration No. 333-138731) on Form S-1 relating to the Units has (i) been prepared by the Partnership in conformity with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and the rules and regulations (the "Rules and Regulations") of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") thereunder; (ii) been filed with the Commission under the Securities Act; and (iii) become effective under the Securities Act. Copies of such registration statement and any amendment thereto have been delivered by the Partnership to you as the Representatives of the Underwriters (the "Representatives"). As used in this Agreement:

(i) "Applicable Time" means [___] (New York City time) on [the date of this Agreement], which the Underwriters have informed the Partnership and its counsel is a time prior to the time of the first sale of the Units;

(ii) "Effective Date" means the date and time as of which the Registration Statement, or any post-effective amendment or amendments thereto, was declared effective by the Commission;

(iii) "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus" means each "free writing prospectus" (as defined in Rule 405 of the Rules and Regulations) prepared by or on behalf of the Partnership or used or referred to by the Partnership in connection with the offering of the Units;

(iv) "Preliminary Prospectus" means any preliminary prospectus relating to the Units included in the Registration Statement or filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424of the Rules and Regulations;

(v) "Pricing Disclosure Package" means, as of the Applicable Time, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, together with the information set forth on <u>Schedule IV</u> hereto and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus filed with the Commission or used by the Partnership on or before the Applicable Time, other than a road show that is an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus but is not required to be filed under Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations;

(vi) "Prospectus" means the final prospectus relating to the Units, as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) of the Rules and Regulations; and

(vii) "Registration Statement" means the registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-138731) relating to the Units, as amended as of the Effective Date, including any Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and all exhibits to such registration statement. Any reference herein to the term "Registration Statement" shall be deemed to include the abbreviated registration statement to register additional

Common Units under Rule 462(b) of the Rules and Regulations (the "Rule 462(b) Registration Statement").

Any reference to the "most recent Preliminary Prospectus" shall be deemed to refer to the latest Preliminary Prospectus included in the Registration Statement or filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) of the Rules and Regulations on or prior to the date hereof.

The Commission has not issued any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, and no proceeding or examination for such purpose has been instituted or, to the knowledge of any of the DEP Parties, threatened by the Commission.

(b) Partnership Not an "Ineligible Issuer." The Partnership was not at the time of initial filing of the Registration Statement and at the earliest time thereafter that the Partnership or another offering participant made a bona fide offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) of the Rules and Regulations) of the Units, is not on the date hereof and will not be on the applicable Delivery Date (as defined in Section 3), an "ineligible issuer" (as defined in Rule 405 of the Rules and Regulations).

(c) Registration Statement and Prospectus Conform to the Requirements of the Securities Act. The Registration Statement conformed when filed and will conform in all material respects on each of the Effective Date and the applicable Delivery Date, and any amendment to the Registration Statement filed after the date hereof will conform in all material respects when filed, to the requirements of the Securities Act and the Rules and Regulations. The most recent Preliminary Prospectus conformed, and the Prospectus will conform, in all material respects when filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) of the Rules and Regulations and on the applicable Delivery Date, to the requirements of the Securities Act and the Rules and Regulations.

(d) No Material Misstatements or Omissions in Registration Statement. The Registration Statement did not, as of the Effective Date, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; provided that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Registration Statement in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership through the Representatives by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8(e).

(e) No Material Misstatements or Omissions in Prospectus. The Prospectus will not, as of its date and on the applicable Delivery Date, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided* that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership through the Representatives by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8(e).

(f) No Material Misstatements or Omissions in Pricing Disclosure Package. The Pricing Disclosure Package did not, as of the Applicable Time, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Pricing Disclosure Package in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership through the Representatives by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8(e).

(g) No Material Misstatements or Omissions in Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses. Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus (including, without limitation, any road show that is a free writing prospectus under Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations), when considered together with the Pricing Disclosure Package as of the Applicable Time, did not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership through the Representatives by or on behalf of any Underwriters specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8(e).

(h) Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses Conform to the Requirements of the Securities Act. Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus conformed or will conform in all material respects to the requirements of the Securities Act and the Rules and Regulations on the date of first use, and the Partnership has complied with all prospectus delivery requirements, any filing requirements and any record keeping requirements applicable to such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus pursuant to the Rules and Regulations. The Partnership has not made any offer relating to the Units that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus without the prior written consent of the Representatives. The Partnership has retained in accordance with the Rules and Regulations all Issuer Free Writing Prospectus es that were not required to be filed pursuant to the Rules and Regulations. The Partnership has taken all actions necessary so that any "road show" (as defined in Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations) in connection with the offering of the Units will not be required to be filed pursuant to the Rules and Regulations. Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus delivery requirements and Regulations and Regulations. Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus delivery in Rules and Regulations contained in the Registration Statement as of the Applicable Time.

(i) Formation, Qualification and Authority. Each of the Significant DEP Entities and EPOLP has been duly formed or incorporated, as the case may be, is validly existing and is in good standing under the laws of its respective jurisdiction of formation or incorporation, as applicable, with all corporate, limited liability company or partnership, as the case may be, power and authority necessary to own or hold its properties and conduct the businesses in which it is engaged and, in the case of the General Partner and the OLPGP, to act as general partner of the Partnership and the Operating Partnership, respectively, in each case in all material respects as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. Each of

the Significant DEP Entities is duly registered or qualified to do business in and is in good standing as a foreign limited partnership, limited liability company or corporation, as applicable, in each jurisdiction in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of its business requires such qualification or registration, except where the failure to be so qualified or registered could not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the condition (financial or otherwise), securityholders' equity, results of operations, properties, business or prospects of the Partnership Entities taken as a whole (a "Material Adverse Effect"), or subject the limited partners of the Partnership to any material liability or disability.

(j) Ownership of General Partner. At each Delivery Date, EPOLP will own 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests in the General Partner; such membership interests will be duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the GP LLC Agreement and fully paid (to the extent required under the GP LLC Agreement) and non-assessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act")); and EPOLP will own such membership interests free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, security interests, charges or claims ("Liens").

(k) Ownership of the General Partner Interest in the Partnership. At each Delivery Date, the General Partner will be the sole general partner of the Partnership with a 2.0% general partner interest in the Partnership; such general partner interest will be duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Partnership Agreement; and the General Partner will own such general partner interest free and clear of all Liens (except for restrictions on transferability described in the Pricing Disclosure Package).

(1) Ownership of Sponsor Units by EPOLP. Assuming no purchase by the Underwriters of Option Units on the Initial Delivery Date, at the Initial Delivery Date, after giving effect to the Transactions, EPOLP will own the Sponsor Units; the Sponsor Units and the limited partner interests represented thereby will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Partnership Agreement and will be fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "Delaware LP Act"); and EPOLP will own the Sponsor Units free and clear of all Liens.

(m) Valid Issuance of the Units. At the Initial Delivery Date or the Option Unit Delivery Date (as defined in Section 3 hereof), as the case may be, the Firm Units or the Option Units, as the case may be, and the limited partner interests represented thereby, will be duly authorized in accordance with the Partnership Agreement and, when issued and delivered to the Underwriters against payment therefor in accordance with this Agreement, will be duly and validly issued, fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 17-607 or 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act). Other than the Sponsor Units, the Units will be the only limited partner interests of the Partnership issued and outstanding at each Delivery Date.

(n) Ownership of OLPGP. At each Delivery Date, the Partnership will own 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests in OLPGP; such membership interests will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the OLPGP LLC Agreement and will be fully paid (to the extent required under the OLPGP LLC Agreement) and non-assessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act); and the Partnership will own such membership interests free and clear of all Liens (except for restrictions on transferability described in the Pricing Disclosure Package, including under the Credit Facility).

(o) Ownership of the Operating Partnership. At each Delivery Date, (i) OLPGP will be the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership with a 0.001% general partner interest in the Operating Partnership; such general partner interest will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership Agreement; and OLPGP will own such general partner interest free and clear of all Liens; and (ii) the Partnership will be the sole limited partner of the Operating Partnership; such limited partner interest will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership Partnership; such limited partner interest will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership; such limited partner interest will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership partner interest in the Operating Partnership; such limited partner interest will have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership partner interest in the Operating Partnership and non-assessable (except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act); and the Partnership will own such limited partner interest free and clear of all Liens (except for restrictions on transferability described in the Pricing Disclosure Package, including under the Credit Facility).

(p) Ownership of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries. At each Delivery Date, the Operating Partnership will own 66% of the limited liability company interests or partnership interests, as the case may be, in each of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens, except for Liens described in the Pricing Disclosure Package, including under the Omnibus Agreement. Such limited liability company interests or partnership interests, as the case may be, will be duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Initial Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreements and will be fully paid (to the extent required under the applicable Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreement) and non-assessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act, in the case of a Delaware limited liability company, or Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act, in the case of a Delaware limited partnership).

(q) No Other Subsidiaries. Other than its ownership of its 2.0% general partner interest in the Partnership, the General Partner does not own, and at each Delivery Date will not own, directly or indirectly, any equity or long-term debt securities of any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association or other entity. Other than (i) the Partnership's ownership of a 99.999% limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership and a 100% membership interest in OLPGP, and (ii) the Operating Partnership's 66% ownership of the outstanding membership interests or partnership interests, as the case may be, in each of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries, neither the Partnership nor the Operating Partnership owns, and at each Delivery Date

will directly own, any equity or long-term debt securities of any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association or other entity. None of the Subsidiaries has, or will have at each Delivery Date, any subsidiaries which, individually or considered as a whole, would be deemed to be a significant subsidiary of the Partnership (as such term is defined in Section 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X of the Securities Act).

(r) No Preemptive Rights, Registration Rights or Options. Except as identified in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus (including the rights of EPOLP under the Omnibus Agreement), there are no (i) preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, nor any restriction upon the voting or transfer of, any equity interests in of any of the Significant DEP Entities or (ii) outstanding options or warrants to purchase any securities of any of the Significant DEP Entities. Except for such rights that have been waived or complied with, none of the filing of the Registration Statement, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Operative Agreements (including the Transactions), nor the offering or sale of the Units as contemplated by this Agreement gives rise to any rights for or relating to the registration of any Common Units or other securities.

(s) Authority and Authorization. The Partnership has all requisite partnership power and authority to issue, sell and deliver the (i) the Units, in accordance with and upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, the Partnership Agreement, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus and (ii) the Sponsor Units, in accordance with and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Partnership Agreement. Each of the DEP Parties has all requisite right, power and authority to execute and deliver the Underwriting Agreement and to perform its respective obligations thereunder. At each Delivery Date, all corporate, partnership and limited liability company action, as the case may be, required to be taken by any of the Partnership Entities or any of their respective unitholders, stockholders, members or partners for the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the Units, the execution and delivery of the Operative Agreements and the consummation of the transactions (including the Transactions) contemplated by this Agreement and the Operative Agreements, shall have been validly taken.

(t) Authorization, Execution and Delivery of this Agreement. This Agreement has been duly authorized and validly executed and delivered by each of the DEP Parties.

(u) Authorization, Execution, Delivery and Enforceability of Certain Agreements. At each Delivery Date:

(i) The Transaction Documents will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto and each will be a valid and legally binding agreement of the parties thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms;

(ii) The Commercial Agreements will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto and each will be a valid and legally binding



agreement of the parties thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms;

(iii) the Partnership Agreement will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the General Partner and EPOLP and will be a valid and legally binding agreement of the General Partner and EPOLP, enforceable against each of them in accordance with its terms;

(iv) the GP LLC Agreement will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by EPOLP and will be a valid and legally binding agreement, enforceable against EPOLP in accordance with its terms;

(v) the OLPGP LLC Agreement will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Partnership and will be a valid and legally binding agreement, enforceable against the Partnership in accordance with its terms;

(vi) the Operating Partnership Agreement will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Partnership and the OLPGP and will be a valid and legally binding agreement of the Partnership and the OLPGP, enforceable against each of them in accordance with its terms;

(vii) the Initial Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreements will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto and each will be a valid and legally binding agreement of the parties thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms;

provided, however, that, with respect to each agreement described in this Section 1(u), the enforceability thereof may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer or conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law); and provided further that the indemnity, contribution and exoneration provisions contained in any such agreements may be limited by applicable laws relating to fiduciary duties, public policy and an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

(v) Sufficiency of the Contribution Documents. The Contribution Documents will be legally sufficient (i) to transfer or convey to the Partnership all equity interests in the Initial Operating Subsidiaries as contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and (ii) to transfer or convey to the applicable Subsidiaries all properties not already held by them that are, individually or in the aggregate, required to enable the Initial Operating Subsidiaries to conduct their operations in all material respects as contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, in each case subject to the conditions, reservations and limitations contained in the Contribution Documents, will succeed in all material respects to the business, assets,

properties, liabilities and operations reflected by the pro forma financial statements of the Partnership, except as disclosed in the Prospectus and the Contribution Documents.

(w) *No Conflicts*. None of (i) the offering, issuance and sale by the Partnership of the Units and the application of the proceeds from the sale of the Units as described under "Use of Proceeds" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, (ii) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or the Operative Agreements by the DEP Parties party hereto or thereto or (iii) the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Transactions) (A) conflicts or will conflict with or constitutes or will constitute a violation of the partnership agreement, limited liability company agreement, certificate of formation or default (or an event that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such a default) under any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement to which any of the Partnership Entities is a party or by which any of them or any of their respective properties may be bound, (C) violates or will violate any statute, law or regulation or any order, judgment, decree or injunction of any contr or governmental agency or body directed to any of the Partnership Entities (other than Liens created pursuant to the Credit Facility), which conflicts, breaches, violations, defaults or Liens, in the case of clauses (B), (C) or (D), would, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect or materially impair the ability of any of the DEP Parties to consummate the transactions (including the Transactions) provided for in this Agreement or the Operative Agreements.

(x) *No Consents*. No permit, consent, approval, authorization, order, registration, filing or qualification of or with any court, governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over any of the Partnership Entities is required in connection with (i) the offering, issuance or sale by the Partnership of the Units, (ii) the application of the proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, (iii) the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Operative Agreements by the DEP Parties party hereto or thereto and consummation by such DEP Parties of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including the Transactions), except for (i) consents, approvals and similar authorizations as may be required under the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"), and state securities or "Blue Sky" laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Units by the Underwriters, (ii) such consents that have been, or prior to any such Delivery Date will be, obtained and (iii) such consents that, if not obtained, would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

(y) No Defaults. None of the Significant DEP Entities (i) is in violation of its certificate of limited partnership, agreement of limited partnership, limited liability company agreement, certificate of incorporation or bylaws or other organizational documents, (ii) is in violation of any law, statute, ordinance, administrative or governmental rule or regulation applicable to it or of any decree of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over it, or (iii) is in breach, default (or an event which, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such an event) or violation in the performance of any obligation, agreement or condition contained in any bond, debenture, note or any other evidence of indebtedness or in any agreement, indenture, lease or other instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound, which breach, default or violation, in the case of clause (ii) or (iii), would, if continued, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect or could materially impair the ability of any of the DEP Parties to perform their obligations under this Agreement or the Operative Agreements.

(z) Conformity of Units to Description in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and Prospectus. The Units, when issued and delivered in accordance with the terms of the Partnership Agreement and this Agreement against payment therefor as provided therein and herein, will conform in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Registration Statement, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus.

(aa) No Material Adverse Change. None of the Partnership Entities has sustained, since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, and since such date, there has not been any change in the capitalization or increase in the long-term debt of any of the Partnership Entities or any adverse change in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations, securityholders' equity, properties, management or business of the Partnership Entities taken as a whole, in each case except as could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(bb) Conduct of Business. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement and the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, since the date as of which information is given in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, none of the Partnership Entities has (i) incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, that, individually or in the aggregate, is material to the Partnership Entities taken as a whole, other than liabilities and obligations that were incurred in the ordinary course of business, (ii) entered into any transaction not in the ordinary course of business that, individually or in the aggregate, is material to the Partnership Entities taken as a whole, or (iii) declared, paid or made any dividend or distribution on any class of security other than distributions of cash by the Initial Operating Subsidiaries prior to the effective time of contribution to the Partnership pursuant to the Contribution Agreement.

(cc) *Financial Statements*. The historical financial statements (including the related notes and supporting schedules) included in the Registration Statement and most recent Preliminary Prospectus (i) comply in all material respects with the requirements under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act, (ii) present fairly in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the entities purported to be shown thereby on the basis shown therein at the dates or for the periods indicated, and (iii) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States consistently applied throughout the periods involved. The summary Historical and pro forma financial and operating data included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the selected historical and pro forma financial and operating Data" included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus are fairly presented in all material respects and prepared on a basis consistent with the audited and unaudited historical financial statements and pro forma financial statements, as applicable, from which they have been derived. The other financial information of the General Partner and the Partnership and its subsidiaries, including non-GAAP financial measures, if any, contained in the Registration Statement and the most recent Preliminary Prospectus (and any amendment or supplement thereto) has been derived from the accounting records of the General Partner, the Partnership and its subsidiaries, and fairly presents the information purported to be shown thereto.

(dd) *Pro Forma Financial Statements.* The pro forma financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus include assumptions that provide a reasonable basis for presenting the significant effects directly attributable to the transactions and events described therein, the related pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those assumptions, and the pro forma adjustments reflect the proper application of those adjustments to the historical financial statement amounts in the pro forma financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus. The pro forma financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus comply as to form in all material respects with the applicable requirements of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act.

(ee) Statistical and Market-Related Data. The statistical and market-related data included under the captions "Prospectus Summary," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus are based on or derived from sources that the DEP Parties believe to be reliable and accurate in all material respects.

(ff) Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. Deloitte & Touche LLP, who has audited the audited financial statements contained in the Registration Statement and the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, whose reports appear in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus and who has delivered the initial letter referred to in Section 7(g) hereof, is, and were during the periods covered by the financial statements covered by such reports, an independent registered public accounting firm within the meaning of the Securities Act and the applicable rules and regulations

thereunder adopted by the Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (the "PCAOB").

(gg) *Title to Properties*. At each Delivery Date, each Partnership Entity will have good and indefeasible title to all its interests in real property, subject to recordation of individual conveyances and assignments, and good title to all its personal property (excluding easements or rights-of-way), in each case free and clear of all Liens except (i) as described, and subject to the limitations contained, in the Prospectus, (ii) as do not materially affect the value of such property taken as a whole and do not materially interfere with the use of such properties taken as a whole as they have been used in the past and are proposed to be used in the future as described in the Prospectus, (iii) could not be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect or (iv) are described, and subject to the limitations contained in, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus; *provided* that, with respect to any real property and buildings held under lease by the Partnership Entities, such real property and buildings are held under valid and subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as do not materially interfere with the use of the properties of the Partnership Entities taken as a whole as they have been used in the Prospectus and are proposed to be used in the future as described in the respect to any real property and buildings held under lease by the Partnership Entities, such real property and buildings are held under valid and subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as do not materially interfere with the use of the properties of the Partnership Entities taken as a whole as they have been used in the past as described in the Prospectus.

(h) *Rights-of-Way*. At each Delivery Date, each of the Partnership Entities will have such consents, easements, rights-of-way or licenses from any person (collectively, "**rights-of-way**") as are necessary to conduct its business in the manner described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, subject to such qualifications as may be set forth in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and except for such rights-of-way the failure of which to have obtained, would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect upon the ability of the Partnership Entities, taken as a whole, to conduct their businesses in all material respects as currently conducted; at each Delivery Date, each Partnership Entity will have fulfilled and performed all its material obligations with respect to such rights-of-way and no event has occurred which allows, or after notice or lapse of time would allow, revocation or termination thereof or would result in any impairment of the rights of the holder of any such rights-of-way, except for such revocations, terminations and impairments that will not have a material adverse effect upon the ability of the Partnership Entities, taken as a whole, to conduct their businesses in all material respects as currently conducted, subject in each case to such qualification as may be set forth in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus; and, except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, none of such rights-of-way will contain any restriction that is materially burdensome to the Partnership Entities.

(ii) Permits. Each of the Partnership Entities has such permits, consents, licenses, franchises, certificates and authorizations of governmental or regulatory authorities ("**permits**") as are necessary to own or lease its properties and to conduct its business in the manner described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, subject to such qualifications as may be set forth in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and except for such permits that,



if not obtained, would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; each of the Partnership Entities has fulfilled and performed all its material obligations with respect to such permits in the manner described, and subject to the limitations contained in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, and no event has occurred that would prevent the permits from being renewed or reissued or that allows, or after notice or lapse of time would allow, revocation or termination thereof or results or would result in any impairment of the rights of the holder of any such permit, except for such non-renewals, non-issues, revocations, terminations and impairments that would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. None of the Partnership Entities has received notification of any revocation or modification of any such permit will not be renewed in the ordinary course.

(jj) Environmental Compliance. Except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, each of DEP Parties, with respect to the assets to be owned or leased by the Partnership Entities at the Initial Delivery Date, (i) is, and at all times prior hereto was, in compliance with any and all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of human health and safety and the environment or imposing liability or standards of conduct concerning any Hazardous Materials (as defined below) ("Environmental Laws"), (ii) has received all permits required of them under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their respective businesses, (iii) is in compliance with all terms and conditions of any such permits and (iv) has not received notice of any actual or alleged violation of Environmental Law and does not have any potential liability in connection with the release into the environment of any Hazardous Material, except where such noncompliance with Environmental Laws, failure to receive required permits, failure to comply with the terms and conditions of such permits or liability in connection with such releases could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The term "Hazardous Material" means (A) any "hazardous substance" as defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, (B) any "hazardous waste" as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended, (C) any petroleum or petroleum product, (D) any polychlorinated biphenyl and (E) any pollutant or contaminant or hazardous, dangerous or toxic chemical, material, waste or substance regulated under or within the meaning of any other Environmental Law.

(kk) Insurance. The DEP Parties, with respect to the assets to be owned or leased by the Partnership Entities at the Initial Delivery Date, maintain insurance covering their properties, operations, personnel and businesses against such losses and risks as are reasonably adequate to protect them and their businesses in a manner consistent with other businesses similarly situated. None of the Partnership Entities has received notice from any insurer or agent of such insurance to fauch insurance is outstanding and duly in force on the date hereof and will be outstanding and duly in force on each Delivery Date.

(II) Intellectual Property. Each of DEP Parties, with respect to the assets to be owned or leased by the Partnership Entities at the Initial Delivery Date, owns or possesses adequate rights to use all material patents, patent applications, trademarks, service marks, trade names, trademark registrations, service mark registrations, copyrights, licenses and know-how (including trade secrets and other unpatented and/or unpatentable proprietary or confidential information, systems or procedures) necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses; and the conduct of their respective businesses will not conflict in any material respect with, and no DEP Party has received any notice of any claim of conflict with, any such rights of others.

(mm) *Litigation*. Except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, there is (i) no action, suit or proceeding before or by any court, arbitrator or governmental agency, body or official, domestic or foreign, now pending or, to the knowledge of any of the DEP Parties, threatened, to which any of the Partnership Entities is or may be a party or to which the business or property of any of the Partnership Entities is or may be subject, (ii) no statute, rule, regulation or order that has been enacted, adopted or issued by any governmental agency and (iii) no injunction, restraining order or order of any nature issued by a federal or state court or foreign court of competent jurisdiction to which any of the Partnership Entities is or may be subject, that, in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) above, is reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (B) prevent or result in the suspension of the offering and issuance of the Units, or (C) in any manner draw into question the validity of this Agreement.

(nn) Related Party Transactions. No relationship, direct or indirect, exists between or among the Partnership Entities on the one hand, and the directors, officers, partners, customers or suppliers of the General Partner and its affiliates (other than the Partnership Entities) on the other hand, which is required to be described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus and which is not so described.

(oo) No Labor Disputes. No labor dispute with the employees that are engaged in the business of the Partnership or its subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the DEP Parties, is imminent or threatened that is reasonably likely to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(pp) *Tax Returns*. Each of the Partnership Entities has filed (or has obtained extensions with respect to) all material federal, state, local and foreign income and franchise tax returns required to be filed through the date hereof, which returns are complete and correct in all material respects, and has timely paid all taxes due thereon, other than those (i) which are being contested in good faith and for which adequate reserves have been established in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or (ii) which, if not paid, would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

(qq) No Omitted Descriptions; Legal Proceedings. There are no legal or governmental proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the DEP Parties, threatened or contemplated, against any of the Partnership Entities, or to which any of the Partnership Entities or assets is subject, that

are required to be described in the Registration Statement or the most recent Preliminary Prospectus but are not described as required, and there are no agreements, contracts, indentures, leases or other instruments that are required to be described in the Registration Statement or the most recent Preliminary Prospectus or to be filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement that are not described or filed as required by the Securities Act or the Rules and Regulations or the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. The statements included in the Registration Statement and the most recent Preliminary Prospectus under the headings "Description of Our Common Units," "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions," "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement," "Material Tax Consequences," "Business," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition," and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions," insofar as such statements summarize legal matters, agreements, documents or proceedings.

(rr) Books and Records. The Partnership Entities and Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor (as defined in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus) (i) make and keep books, records and accounts that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets, and (ii) maintain systems of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurances that (A) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; (B) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and to maintain accountability for assets; (C) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (D) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

(ss) *Disclosure Controls and Procedures*. (i) The Partnership Entities have established and maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act), (ii) such disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Partnership in the reports it files or will file or submit under the Exchange Act, as applicable, is accumulated and communicated to management of the Partnership Entities, including their respective principal executive officers and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure to be made and (iii) such disclosure controls and procedures are effective in all material respects to perform the functions for which they were established.

(tt) No Changes in Internal Controls. Since the date of the most recent balance sheet of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, (i) neither EPD nor any of the Partnership Entities has been advised of (A) any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the ability of the Partnership Entities to record, process, summarize and report financial data, or any material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting affecting any of the Partnership Entities, or (B) any

fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the internal controls over financial reporting of EPD or any of the Partnership Entities, and (ii) since that date, there have been no significant changes in the internal controls of EPD or any of the Partnership Entities that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect any internal controls over financial reporting relating to any of the Partnership Entities.

(uu) Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There is and has been no failure on the part of the Partnership and any of the General Partner's directors or officers, in their capacities as such, to comply with the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith.

(vv) Directed Unit Sales. None of the Directed Units distributed in connection with the Directed Unit Program (each as defined in Section 2) will be offered or sold outside of the United States. The Partnership has not offered, or caused Lehman Brothers Inc. to offer, Units to any person pursuant to the Directed Unit Program with the specific intent to unlawfully influence (i) a customer or supplier of any of the Partnership Entities to alter the customer's or supplier's level or type of business with any such entity or (ii) a trade journalist or publication to write or publish favorable information about any of the Partnership Entities, or their respective businesses or products.

(ww) No Distribution of Other Offering Materials. None of the Partnership Entities has distributed and, prior to the later to occur of any Delivery Date and completion of the distribution of the Units, will distribute any offering material in connection with the offering and sale of the Units other than any Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus to which the Representatives have consented in accordance with Section 1(h) or 4(a)(v), any other materials, if any, permitted by the Securities Act, including Rule 134, and, in connection with the Directed Unit Program described in Section 2, the enrollment materials prepared by Lehman Brothers Inc.

(xx) Market Stabilization. None of the General Partner, the Partnership or any of their affiliates has taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or which has constituted or which would reasonably be expected to cause or result, under the Exchange Act or otherwise, in stabilization or manipulation of the price of any securities of the Partnership or to facilitate the sale or resale of the Units.

(yy) Listing on the New York Stock Exchange. The Units have been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange, subject to official notice of issuance.

(zz) Investment Company. None of the Partnership Entities is now, or after sale of the Units to be sold by the Partnership hereunder and application of the net proceeds from such sale as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus under the caption "Use of Proceeds" will be, an "investment company" or a company "controlled by" an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

(aaa) Private Placement. The sale and issuance of the Sponsor Units to EPOLP are exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, the Rules and Regulations and the securities laws of any state having jurisdiction with respect thereto, and none of the Partnership Entities has taken or will take any action that would cause the loss of such exemption. The Partnership has not sold or issued any securities that would be integrated with the offering of the Units contemplated by this Agreement pursuant to the Securities Act, the Rules and Regulations or the interpretations thereof by the Commission.

(bbb) Critical Accounting Policies. The section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus accurately and fully describes (A) the accounting policies that the Partnership believes are the most important in the portrayal of the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership and Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor and that require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments; (B) the judgments and uncertainties affecting the application of critical accounting policies; and (C) the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions and an explanation thereof.

(ccc) No Foreign Operations. None of the Partnership Entities conducts business operations outside the United States.

Any certificate signed by any officer of the DEP Parties and delivered to the Representatives or counsel for the Underwriters in connection with the offering of the Units shall be deemed a representation and warranty by such entity, as to matters covered thereby, to each Underwriter.

1. Purchase of the Units by the Underwriters. On the basis of the representations and warranties contained in, and subject to the terms and conditions of, this Agreement, the Partnership agrees to sell the Firm Units to the several Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters, severally and not jointly, agrees to purchase the number of Firm Units set forth opposite that Underwriter's name in Schedule I hereto. The respective purchase obligations of the Underwriters with respect to the Firm Units shall be rounded among the Underwriters to avoid fractional Units, as the Representatives may determine.

In addition, the Partnership grants to the Underwriters an option to purchase up to 1,950,000 Option Units. Such option (the "**Option**") is exercisable in the event that the Underwriters sell more Common Units than the number of Firm Units in the offering and as set forth in Section 3 hereof. Each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase the number of Option Units (subject to such adjustments to eliminate fractional Units as the Representatives may determine) that bears the same proportion to the total number of Option Units to be sold on such Delivery Date as the number of Firm Units set forth in Schedule I hereto opposite the name of such Underwriter bears to the total number of Firm Units.

The price of the Firm Units and any Option Units purchased by the Underwriters shall be \$[___] per Common Unit.



The Partnership shall not be obligated to deliver any of the Firm Units or Option Units to be delivered on the applicable Delivery Date, except upon payment for all such Units to be purchased on such Delivery Date as provided herein.

2. Offering of Units by the Underwriters. Upon authorization by the Representatives of the release of the Firm Units, the several Underwriters propose to offer the Firm Units for sale upon the terms and conditions to be set forth in the Prospectus.

It is understood that 650,000 Firm Units (the "Directed Units") initially will be reserved by the several Underwriters for offer and sale upon the terms and conditions to be set forth in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the "NASD") to directors, officers and employees of the General Partner and its affiliates ("Directed Unit Program") and that any allocation of such Firm Units among such persons will be made in accordance with timely directions received by Lehman Brothers Inc. from the Partnership; *provided* that under no circumstances will Lehman Brothers Inc. or any Underwriters be liable to the Partnership or to any such persons will be most for any action taken or omitted in good faith in connection with such Directed Unit Program. It is further understood that any Directed Unit Program by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first business day following the date hereof or otherwise are not purchased by such persons will be offered by the Underwriters to the public upon the terms and conditions set forth in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus.

The Partnership agrees to pay all fees and disbursements incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Unit Program and any stamp duties or other taxes incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Unit Program.

3. Delivery of and Payment for the Units. Delivery of and payment for the Firm Units shall be made at 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on February [___], 2007 or at such other date or place as shall be determined by agreement between the Representatives and the Partnership. This date and time are sometimes referred to as the "**Initial Delivery Date**." Delivery of the Firm Units shall be made to the Representatives for the account of each Underwriter against payment by the several Underwriters through the Representatives and of the respective aggregate purchase prices of the Firm Units being sold by the Partnership to or upon the order of the Partnership of the purchase price by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the accounts specified by the Partnership. Time shall be of the essence, and delivery at the time and place specified pursuant to this Agreement is a further condition of the obligation of each Underwriter hereunder. The Partnership shall deliver the Firm Units through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company unless the Representatives shall otherwise instruct.

The Option granted in Section 1 will expire 30 days after the date of this Agreement and may be exercised in whole or from time to time in part by written notice being given to the Partnership by the Representatives; *provided* that if such date falls on a day that is not a business day, the Option granted in Section 1 will expire on the next succeeding business day. Such notice shall set forth the aggregate number of Option Units as to which the option is

being exercised, the names in which the Option Units are to be registered, the denominations in which the Option Units are to be issued and the date and time, as determined by the Representatives, when the Option Units are to be delivered; *provided, however*, that this date and time shall not be earlier than the Initial Delivery Date nor earlier than the second business day after the date on which the Option shall have been exercised nor later than the fifth business day after the date on which the Option Unit Delivery Date," and the Initial Delivery Date are option Units are delivered is sometimes referred to as an "**Option Unit Delivery Date**," and the Initial Delivery Date and any Option Unit Delivery Date are sometimes each referred to as a "**Delivery Date**."

Delivery of the Option Units by the Partnership and payment for the Option Units by the several Underwriters through the Representatives shall be made at 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on the date specified in the corresponding notice described in the preceding paragraph or at such other date or place as shall be determined by agreement between the Representatives and the Partnership. On the Option Unit Delivery Date, the Partnership shall deliver or cause to be delivered the Option Units to the Representatives for the account of each Underwriter against payment by the several Underwriters through the Representatives and of the respective aggregate purchase prices of the Option Units being sold by the Partnership to or upon the order of the Partnership of the purchase price by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the accounts specified pursuant to this Agreement is a further condition of the obligation of each Underwriter hereunder. The Partnership shall deliver the Option Units through the facilities of Depository Trust Company unless the Representatives shall otherwise instruct.

4. Further Agreements of the DEP Parties and the Underwriters.

(a) Each of the DEP Parties, jointly and severally, covenants and agrees to cause the Partnership:

(i) *Preparation of Prospectus and Registration Statement*. To prepare the Prospectus in a form approved by the Representatives and to file such Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) of the Rules and Regulations within the time period prescribed by the rule; to make no further amendment or any supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus prior to the last Delivery Date except as provided herein; to advise the Representatives, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the time when any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus has been filed and to furnish the Representatives with copies thereof, to advise the Representatives, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, of the suspension of the qualification of the Units for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, of the initiation or threatening of any proceeding or examination for any such purpose or of any request by the Commission for the amending or supplementing of the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or for additional information; and, in the event of the issuance of any stop order or of any stop order or for additional information; and, in the event of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or suspending the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or suspending any such qualification, to use promptly its best efforts to obtain its withdrawal;

(ii) Signed Copies of Registration Statement. To furnish promptly to the Representatives and to counsel for the Underwriters, upon request, a signed copy of the Registration Statement as originally filed with the Commission, and each amendment thereto filed with the Commission, including all consents and exhibits filed therewith;

(iii) Copies of Documents to Underwriters. To deliver promptly to the Representatives such number of the following documents as the Representatives shall reasonably request: (A) conformed copies of the Registration Statement as originally filed with the Commission and each amendment thereto (in each case excluding exhibits other than this Agreement), (B) each Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and any amended or supplemented Prospectus and (C) each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus; and, if the delivery of a prospectus is required at any time after the date hereof in connection with the offering or sale of the Units or any other securities relating thereto and if at such time any events shall have occurred as a result of which the Prospectus and mended or supplemented would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made when such Prospectus is delivered, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary to amend or supplement the Prospectus in order to comply with the Securities Act, to notify the Representatives and, upon its request, to file such document and to prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter and to any delar in securities as many copies as the Representatives may from time to time reasonably request of an amended or supplemented Prospectus that will correct such statement or omission or effect such compliance;

(iv) *Filing of Amendment or Supplement.* To file promptly with the Commission any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus that may, in the judgment of the Partnership or the Representatives, be required by the Securities Act or requested by the Commission; prior to filing with the Commission any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or to the Prospectus, to furnish a copy thereof to the Representatives and counsel for the Underwriters and obtain the consent of the Representatives to the filing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld and which, if to be so provided, shall be provided to the Partnership promptly after having been given notice of the proposed filing;

(v) Issuer Free Writing Prospectus. Not to make any offer relating to the Units that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus without the prior written consent of the Representatives, not to be unreasonably withheld; to comply with all applicable requirements of Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations with respect to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus; to retain in accordance with the Rules and Regulations all Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have occurred as a result of which any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, as then amended or supplemented, would conflict with the information in the Registration Statement, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary to amend or supplement any Issuer Free

Writing Prospectus, to notify the Representatives and, upon its request, to file such document and to prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter as many copies as the Representatives may from time to time reasonably request of an amended or supplemented Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that will correct such conflict, statement or omission or effect such compliance;

(vi) *Reports to Security Holders*. As soon as practicable after the Effective Date (it being understood that the Partnership shall have until at least 410 or, if the fourth quarter following the fiscal quarter that includes the Effective Date is the last fiscal quarter of the Partnership's fiscal year, 455 days after the end of the Partnership's current fiscal quarter), to make generally available to the Partnership's security holders and to deliver to the Representatives an earnings statement of the Partnership and its subsidiaries (which need not be audited) complying with Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and the Rules and Regulations (including, at the option of the Partnership, Rule 158);

(vii) Qualifications. Promptly from time to time to take such action as the Representatives may reasonably request to qualify the Units for offering and sale under the securities laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives may request and to comply with such laws so as to permit the continuance of sales and dealings therein in such jurisdictions for as long as may be necessary to complete the distribution of the Units; provided that in connection therewith the Partnership shall not be required to (i) qualify as a foreign limited partnership in any jurisdiction in which it would not otherwise be required to so qualify, (ii) file a general consent to service of process in any such jurisdiction or (iii) subject itself to taxation in any jurisdiction in which it would not otherwise be subject;

(viii) Lock-Up Period; Lock-Up Letters. For a period commencing on the date hereof and ending on the 180th day after the date of the Prospectus (the "Lock-Up Period"), not to, directly or indirectly, (1) offer for sale, sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of (or enter into any transaction or device that is designed to, or could be expected to, result in the disposition by any person at any time in the future of) any other Common Units or securities convertible into or exchangeable for Common Units (other than the Units and Common Units issued pursuant to employee benefit plans, option plans or other employee compensation plans existing on the date hereof), or sell or grant options, rights or warrants with respect to any Common Units or securities convertible into or exchangeable for Common Units or prestricted units pursuant to plans existing on the date hereof), (2) enter into any swap or other derivatives transaction that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic benefits or risks of ownership of such Common Units, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Units or other securities, in cash or other weiges of the Partnership (other than any registration statement on Form S-8) or (4) publicly disclose the intention to do any of the foregoing, in each case without the prior written consent of the Representatives on behalf of the Underwriters, and to cause EPOLP and the executive officers and directors of the General Partner to furnish to the

Representatives, prior to the Initial Delivery Date, an executed letter or letters, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto (the "Lock-Up Agreements"); notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the Lock-Up Period, the Partnership issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Partnership occurs or (2) prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, the Partnership announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the Lock-Up Period, then the restrictions imposed in this Section 4(a)(viii) shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the announcement of the material news or the occurrence of the material event, unless the Representatives, on behalf of the Underwriters, waives such extension in writing;

(ix) Directed Unit Program. In connection with the Directed Unit Program, to ensure that the Directed Units will be restricted from sale, transfer, assignment, pledge or hypothecation to the same extent provided for in Section 4(a)(viii), and the Representatives will notify the Partnership as to which Directed Unit Participants will need to be so restricted. At the request of the Representatives, the Partnership will direct the transfer agent to place stop-transfer restrictions upon such securities for such period of time as is consistent with Section 4(a)(viii); and

(x) Application of Proceeds. To apply the net proceeds from the sale of the Units being sold by the Partnership as set forth in the Prospectus.

(b) Each Underwriter severally agrees that such Underwriter shall not include any "issuer information" (as defined in Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations) in any "free writing prospectus" (as defined in Rule 405 of the Rules and Regulations) used or referred to by such Underwriter without the prior consent of the Partnership (any such issuer information with respect to whose use the Partnership has given its consent, "**Permitted Issuer Information**") *provided* that (i) no such consent shall be required with respect to any such issuer information ortained in any document filed by the Partnership with the Commission prior to the use of such free writing prospectus; and (ii) "issuer information," as used in this Section 4(b), shall not be deemed to include information prepared by or on behalf of such Underwriter on the basis of or derived from Permitted Issuer Information referred to in clause (i).

5. *Expenses*. Each of the DEP Parties covenants and agrees, jointly and severally, whether or not the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated or this Agreement is terminated, that the DEP Parties will pay or cause to be paid all costs, expenses, fees and taxes incident to and in connection with (a) the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the Units, and the preparation, printing, authentication, issuance and delivery of certificates for the Units, including any stamp or transfer taxes in connection with the original issuance and sale of the Units; (b) the preparation, printing and filing under the Securities Act of the Registration Statement (including any exhibits thereto), any Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto; (c) the distribution of the Registration Statement (including any exhibits thereto), any Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto, all as provided in this Agreement; (d) services provided by the transfer agent

or registrar; (e) the production and distribution of this Agreement, any supplemental agreement among Underwriters, and any other related documents in connection with the offering, purchase, sale and delivery of the Units; (f) any required review by the NASD of the terms of sale of the Units; (g) the listing of the Units on the New York Stock Exchange or any other exchange; (h) the qualification of the Units under the securities laws of the several jurisdictions as provided in Section 4(a)(vii)) and the preparation, printing and distribution of a Blue Sky Memorandum (including related fees and expenses of counsel to the Underwriters); (i) the offer and sale of the Units by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Unit Program, including the fees and disbursements of counsel to the Underwriters related thereto, the costs and expenses of preparation, printing and distribution of the Directed Unit Program, including, without limitation, expenses associated with any electronic road show, travel and lodging expenses of the Representatives and officers of the General Partner, half of the cost of any aircraft that is chartered in connection 10, the Underwriters shall pay their own costs and expenses, including the costs and expenses of their counsel, any transfer taxes on the Units that they may sell and the expenses of any offering of the Units made by the Underwriters shall pay their own costs and expenses incurred by the Partnership in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including from the sale of any Option Units) in an amount of up to the lesser of \$520,000 or the actual expenses incurred by the Partnership, in each case as such expenses are evidenced by a written invoice provided to the Representatives.

6. Conditions of Underwriters' Obligations. The respective obligations of the Underwriters hereunder are subject to the accuracy, when made and on each Delivery Date, of the representations and warranties of the DEP Parties contained herein, to the performance by the DEP Parties of their respective obligations hereunder, and to each of the following additional terms and conditions:

(a) The Prospectus shall have been timely filed with the Commission in accordance with Section 4(a)(i); the DEP Parties shall have complied with all filing requirements applicable to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus used or referred to after the date hereof; no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or preventing or suspending the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been issued and no proceeding or examination for such purpose shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; and any request of the Commission for inclusion of additional information in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or otherwise shall have been complied with.

(b) No Underwriter shall have discovered and disclosed to any of the DEP Parties on or prior to such Delivery Date that the Registration Statement, the Prospectus

or the Pricing Disclosure Package, or any amendment or supplement thereto, contains an untrue statement of a fact which, in the opinion of Baker Botts L.L.P., counsel to the Underwriters, is material or omits to state a fact which, in the opinion of such counsel, is material and is required to be stated therein or is necessary (in the case of the Prospectus or the Pricing Disclosure Package, in the light of the circumstances under which such statements were made) to make the statements therein not misleading.

(c) All corporate, partnership and limited liability company proceedings and other legal matters incident to the authorization, form and validity of this Agreement, the Units, the Operative Agreements, the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, and all other legal matters relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be reasonably satisfactory in all material respects to counsel for the Underwriters, and the DEP Parties shall have furnished to such counsel all documents and information that they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

(d) Andrews Kurth LLP shall have furnished to the Representatives its written opinion, as counsel to the Partnership, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such Delivery Date, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B-1.

(e) Stephanie C. Hildebrandt shall have furnished to the Underwriters her written opinion, as Chief Legal Officer, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such Delivery Date, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Underwriters, substantially to the effect set forth in Exhibit B-2 hereto.

(f) Bracewell & Guiliani LLP shall have furnished to the Representatives its written opinion, as counsel to the Partnership, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such Delivery Date, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B-3.

(g) The Representatives shall have received from Baker Botts L.L.P., counsel for the Underwriters, such opinion or opinions, dated such Delivery Date, with respect to the issuance and sale of the Units, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package and other related matters as the Representatives may reasonably require, and the DEP Parties shall have furnished to such counsel such documents as they reasonably requires for the purpose of enabling them to pass upon such matters.

(h) At the time of execution of this Agreement, the Underwriters shall have received from Deloitte & Touche LLP a letter or letters, in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriters, addressed to the Underwriters and dated the date hereof (i) confirming that they are an independent registered public accounting firm within the meaning of the Securities Act and are in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations thereunder adopted by the Commission, including Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X, and the PCAOB, and (ii) stating that, as of the date hereof (or, with respect to matters involving changes or developments since the respective dates as of which specified

financial information is given in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, as of a date not more than three days prior to the date hereof), the conclusions and findings of such firm with respect to the financial information and other matters ordinarily covered by accountants' "comfort letters" to underwriters in connection with registered public offerings.

(i) With respect to the letter of Deloitte & Touche L.L.P. referred to in the preceding paragraph and delivered to the Representatives concurrently with the execution of this Agreement (the "**initial letter**"), the DEP Parties shall have furnished to the Representatives a letter (the "**bring-down letter**") of such accountants, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such Delivery Date (i) confirming that they are independent public accountants within the meaning of the Securities Act and are in compliance with the applicable rule and regulations thereunder adopted by the Commission, including Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X, and the PCAOB, (ii) stating, as of the date of the bring-down letter (or, with respect to matters involving changes or developments since the respective dates as of which specified financial information is given in the Prospectus, as of a date not more than three days prior to the date of the bring-down letter), the conclusions and findings of such firm with respect to the financial information and other matters covered by the initial letter and (iii) confirming in all material respects the conclusions and findings set forth in the initial letter.

(j) The Partnership shall have furnished to the Underwriters a certificate, dated such Delivery Date, of the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer of the General Partner stating that: (i) such officers have carefully examined the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package; (ii) in their opinion, (1) the Registration Statement as of the most recent Effective Date, (2) the Prospectus as of the date of the Prospectus and as of such Delivery Date, and (3) the Pricing Disclosure Package as of the Applicable Time, did not and do not include any untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state a material fact and correct; (iv) the DEP Parties have complied with all their agreements contained herein and satisfied all conditions on their part to be performed or satisfied hereunder on or prior to such Delivery Date; (v) no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement is not notified the Partnership of any objection to the use of the form of the Registration Statement or any post-effective amendment thereto; (vii) since the date of the most recent financial statements included in the Prospectus, there has been no material adverse effect on the condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations, business or prospects of the Partnership Entities, taken as a whole, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, except as set forth in or contemplated in the Prospectus; or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that has not been so set forth.

(k) Except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, (i) none of the Partnership Entities shall have sustained, since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree or (ii) since such date there shall not have been any change in the capitalization or increase in the long-term debt of any of the Partnership Entities or any change, or any development involving a prospective change, in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations, securityholders' equity, properties, management, business or prospects of the Partnership Entities, taken as a whole, the effect of which, in any such case described in clause (i) or (ii), is, in the judgment of the Representatives, so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Units being delivered on such Delivery Date on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus.

(1) Subsequent to the execution and delivery of this Agreement there shall not have occurred any of the following: (i) trading in securities generally on the New York Stock Exchange or the American Stock Exchange or in the over-the-counter market shall have been suspended or materially limited or the settlement of such trading generally shall have been materially disrupted or minimum prices shall have been established on any such exchange or such market by the Commission, by such exchange or by any other regulatory body or governmental authority having jurisdiction, (ii) trading in any securities of the Partnership on any exchange or in the over-the-counter market, shall have been suspended or materially limited or the settlement of such trading generally shall have been materially disrupted, (iii) a banking moratorium shall have been declared by federal or state authorities, (iv) the United States shall have been engaged in hostilities, there shall have been an escalation in hostilities involving the United States or tiere shall have been adeclared by federal or state authorities or (iv) there shall have occurred such a material adverse change in general economic, political or financial conditions, including, without limitation, as a result of terrorist activities after the date hereof (or the effect of international conditions on the financial markets in the United States shall be such), as to make it, in the judgment of the Representatives, impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or delivery of the Units being delivered on such Delivery Date on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus.

(m) The New York Stock Exchange shall have approved the Units for listing subject only to official notice of issuance.

(n) The Lock-Up Agreements between the Representatives and each of the parties listed on Schedule II hereto and, in the case of each participant in the Directed Unit Program, the lock-up agreement contained in the Directed Unit Program materials and delivered to the Representatives on or before the date of this Agreement, shall be in full force and effect on such Delivery Date.

All opinions, letters, evidence and certificates mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if they are in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to counsel for the Underwriters.

7. Indemnification and Contribution

(a) Each of the DEP Parties, jointly and severally, shall indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter, its directors, managers, officers and employees and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act, from and against any loss, claim, damage or liability, joint or several, or any action in respect thereof (including, but not limited to, any loss, claim, damage, liability or action ratises out of, or is based upon, (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact (in the case of any Preliminary Prospectus, or any sace rate which such statement or supplement thereto, (B) any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or in any amendment or supplement thereto, (C) any Permitted Issuer Information used or referred to in any "free writing prospectus," (a) defined in Rule 403 of the Rules and Regulations) used or referred to by any Underwriter, or (D) any "road show" (as defined in Rule 433 of the Rules and Regulations) not constituting an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, for in any amendment or supplement thereto, (C) any Permitted Issuer Information or ally gend omission to state in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Registration Statements therein not misleading (in the case of any Preliminary Prospectus, and Now"), or (ii) the omission or alleged omission to state in any Perospectus, and therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading (in the case of any Preliminary Prospectus, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made), and shall reimburse each Underwriter and each such director, officer, employee or controlling person promptly upon demand for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by that Underwriter, director, officer, employee or controlling person in connection with investigating or defending or preparing to defend against any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action as such expenses are incurred; *provided*, *however*, that the DEP Parties shall not be liable in any such acase to th

(b) Each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, shall indemnify and hold harmless each of the DEP Parties, their respective directors (including any person who, with his or her consent, is named in the Registration Statement as about to become a director of the General Partner), managers, officers and employees, and each person, if any, who controls any of the DEP Parties within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act, from and against any loss, claim, damage or liability, joint or several, or any action in respect thereof, to which the DEP Parties or any such director, manager, officer, employee or controlling person may become subject, under the Securities Act or otherwise, insofar as such loss, claim, damage, liability or action arises out of, or is based upon, (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or in any amendment or supplement thereto or in any Non-Prospectus Road Show, or (ii) the omission or alleged omission to state in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or in any amendment or supplement thereto or in any Non-Prospectus Road Show, any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, but in each case only to the extent that the untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with written information concerning such Underwriter furnished to the Partnership through the Representatives by or on behalf of that Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is limited to the information set forth in Section 8(e). The foregoing indemnity agreement is in addition to any liability that any Underwriter may otherwise have to the Partnership or any such director, officer, employee or controlling person.

(c) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under this Section 7 of notice of any claim or the commencement of any action, the indemnified party shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the indemnifying party under this Section 7, notify the indemnifying party in writing of the claim or the commencement of that action; *provided, however*, that the failure to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability which it may have under this Section 7 except to the extent it has been materially prejudiced by such failure, and *provided further* that the failure to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability which it may have to an indemnified party otherwise than under this Section 7. If any such claim or action shall be brought against an indemnifying party, and it shall notify the indemnifying party thereof, the indemnifying party shall not the extent that it wishes, jointly with any other similarly notified indemnifying party, and it shall notify the indemnifying party thereof, the indemnified party. After notice from the indemnifying party to the indemnified party of its election to assume the defense of such claim or action, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to the indemnified party under this Section 7 for any legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the indemnified party in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation; *provided, however*, that the Representatives shall have the right to employ counsel to represent jointly the Representatives against the DEP Parties under this

Section 7 if (i) the DEP Parties and the Underwriters shall have so mutually agreed; (ii) the DEP Parties have failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Underwriters; (iii) the Underwriters and their respective directors, managers, officers, employees and controlling persons shall have reasonably concluded that there may be legal defenses available to them that are different from or in addition to those available to the DEP Parties; or (iv) the named parties in any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both any of the Underwriters or their respective directors, managers, officers, employees or controlling persons, on the one hand, and any of the DEP Parties, on the other hand, and representation of both sets of parties by the same counsel would be inappropriated ue to actual or potential differing interests between them, and in any such event the fees and expenses of such separate counsel shall be paid by the DEP Parties. No indemnifying party shall (i) without the prior writtern consent of the indemnified parties (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), settle or compromise or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to any pending or threatened claim, action, suit or proceeding in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sough thereunder (whether or not the indemnified parties are actual or potential parties to such claim or action) unless such settlement, compromise or consent includes an unconditional release of each indemnified party from all liability arising out of such claim, action, suit or proceeding and does not include any findings of fact or admissions of fault or culpability as to the indemnified party (ii) be liable for any such action effected without its written consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), but if settled with the consent of the indemnifying party agrees to indemnify and hold harmless any indemnified party from and against any loss or liability by reason of such settlemen

(d) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 7 shall for any reason be unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under Section 7(a), 7(b), or 8(c) in respect of any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, (i) in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the DEP Parties, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the offering of the Units or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative fault of the DEP Parties, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, with respect to the statements or omissions that resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the DEP Parties, on the other, with respect to such offering shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total net proceeds from the offering of the Units purchased under this Agreement (before deducting expenses) received by the DEP Parties, as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus, on the onher hand. The relative band this discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters with respect to the Units purchased under this Agreement, so the Units purchased under this A

reference to whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the DEP Parties or the Underwriters, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The DEP Parties and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contributions pursuant to this Section 7(d) were to be determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take into account the equitable considerations referred to herein. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, referred to above in this Section 7(d) shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this Section 7(d), any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 7(d), no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the net proceeds from the sale of the Units underwritten by it exceeds the amount of any damages that such Underwriter has otherwise paid or become liable to pay by reason of any untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 7(d) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations to contribute as provided in this Section 7(d) are several in proportion to their respective underwriting obligations and not joint.

(e) The Underwriters severally confirm and the DEP Parties acknowledge and agree that the statements regarding the delivery of Units by the Underwriters set forth on the cover page of the Prospectus, and the concession figure and the subsection relating to "Stabilization, Short Positions and Penalty Bids" by the Underwriters appearing under the caption "Underwriting" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus are correct and constitute the only information concerning such Underwriters furnished in writing to the DEP Parties by or on behalf of the Underwriters specifically for inclusion in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or in any amendment or supplement thereto or in any Non-Prospectus Road Show.

(f) The DEP Parties shall, jointly and severally, indemnify and hold harmless Lehman Brothers Inc. (including its directors, officers and employees) and each person, if any, who controls Lehman Brothers Inc. within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act ("**Lehman Brothers Entities**"), from and against any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof to which any of the Lehman Brothers Entities may become subject, under the Securities Act or otherwise, insofar as such loss, claim, damage, liability or action (i) arises out of, or is based upon, any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any material prepared by or with the approval of any of the DEP Parties for distribution to Directed Unit Participants in connection with the Directed Unit Program or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, (ii) arises out of, or is based upon, the failure of the Directed Unit Participant to pay for and accept delivery of Directed Units that the Directed Unit

Participant agreed to purchase or (iii) is otherwise related to the Directed Unit Program; *provided* that the DEP Parties shall not be liable under this clause (iii) for any loss, claim, damage, liability or action that is determined in a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Lehman Brothers Entities. The DEP Parties shall reimburse the Lehman Brothers Entities promptly upon demand for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by them in connection with investigating or defending or preparing to defend against any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action as such expenses are incurred.

8. Defaulting Underwriters. If, on any Delivery Date, any Underwriter defaults in the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, the remaining non-defaulting Underwriters shall be obligated to purchase the Units that the defaulting Underwriter agreed but failed to purchase on such Delivery Date in the respective proportions which the number of Firm Units set forth opposite the name of each remaining non-defaulting Underwriter in Schedule I hereto bears to the total number of Firm Units set forth opposite the names of all the remaining non-defaulting Underwriters in Schedule I hereto; *provided, however*, that the remaining non-defaulting Underwriters shall not be obligated to purchase any of the Units on such Delivery Date if the total number of Units that the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed but failed to purchase on such Delivery Date, and any remaining non-defaulting Underwriter shall not be obligated to purchase on such Delivery Date, and any remaining non-defaulting Underwriters, or those other underwriters satisfactory to the Representatives who so agree, shall have the right, but shall not be obligated, to purchase, in such proportion as may be agreed upon among them, all the Units to be purchase on such Delivery Date. If the remaining Underwriters or other underwriters satisfactory to the Representatives do not elect to purchase, and of the Partnership to sell, the Option Units) shall terminate without liability on the part of any on-defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters are set. The obligation of the Underwriter or any of the DEP Partnership will continue to be liable for the payment of expenses to the extent set forth in Sections 8 purchases Units Agreement, the rem "Underwriter agreed but failed to purchase.

Nothing contained herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter of any liability it may have to the DEP Parties, including expenses paid pursuant to Section 6, for damages caused by its default. If other Underwriters are obligated or agree to purchase the Units of a defaulting or withdrawing Underwriter, either the Representatives or the Partnership may postpone the Delivery Date for up to seven full business days in order to effect any changes that in the opinion of counsel for the Partnership or counsel for the Underwriters may be necessary in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or in any other document or arrangement.

9. Termination. The obligations of the Underwriters hereunder may be terminated by the Representatives by notice given to and received by the DEP Parties prior to delivery of and payment for the Firm Units if, prior to that time, any of the events described in

Sections 6(k) or 6(l) shall have occurred or if the Underwriters shall decline to purchase the Units for any reason permitted under this Agreement.

10. Reimbursement of Underwriters' Expenses. If (a) the Partnership shall fail to tender the Units for delivery to the Underwriters by reason of any failure, refusal or inability on the part of any DEP Parties to perform any agreement on its part to be performed, or because any other condition to the Underwriters' obligations hereunder required to be fulfilled by the DEP Parties is not fulfilled for any reason or (b) the Underwriters shall decline to purchase the Units for any reason permitted under this Agreement, the Partnership will reimburse the Underwriters for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including fees and disbursements of counsel) incurred by the Underwriters in connection with this Agreement and the proposed purchase of the Units, and upon demand the Partnership shall pay the full amount thereof to the Representatives; *provided*, *however*, that, if this Agreement is terminated because of the failure of the conditions set forth in Section 7(1) (other than Section 7(1)(ii)), the Partnership shall not be required to reimburse the Underwriters for such expenses. If this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Section 8 (Defaulting Underwriters) by reason of the default of one or more Underwriters, the Partnership shall not be obligated to reimburse any defaulting Underwriter on account of such Underwriter's expenses.

11. Research Analyst Independence. Each of the DEP Parties acknowledges that the Underwriters' research analysts and research departments are required to be independent from their respective investment banking divisions and are subject to certain regulations and internal policies, and that such Underwriters' research analysts may hold views and make statements or investment recommendations or publish respect to the Partnership or EPD or the offering of the Units that differ from the views of their respective investment banking divisions. Each of the DEP Parties hereby waives and releases, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any claims that the DEP Parties may have against the Underwriters with respect to any conflict of interest that may arise from the fact that the views expressed by their independent research analysts and research departments may be different from or inconsistent with the views or advice communicated to the DEP Parties by such Underwriters' investment banking divisions. Each of the DEP Parties acknowledges that each of the Underwriters is a full service securities firm and as such from time to time, subject to applicable securities laws, may effect transactions for its own account or the account of its customers and hold long or short positions in debt or equity securities of the Partnership or EPD.

12. No Fiduciary Duty. Each of the DEP Parties acknowledges and agrees that, in connection with this offering and sale of the Units or any other services the Underwriters may be deemed to be providing hereunder, notwithstanding any preexisting relationship, advisory or otherwise, between the parties or any oral representations or assurances previously or subsequently made by the Underwriters: (i) no fiduciary or agency relationship between any of the DEP Parties and any other person, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, exists; (ii) the Underwriters, are not acting as advisors, expert or otherwise, to any of the DEP Parties, including, without limitation, with respect to the determination of the public offering price of the Units, and such relationship between the DEP Parties, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, is entirely and solely commercial, based on arms-length negotiations; (iii) any duties and obligations that the Underwriters may have to any of the DEP Parties shall be limited to those duties and obligations specifically stated herein; and (iv) the Underwriters and

1	э	
s,	Э	ü

their respective affiliates may have interests that differ from those of the DEP Parties. Each of the DEP Parties hereby waives any claims that any such entity may have against the Underwriters with respect to any breach of fiduciary duty in connection with this offering of Units.

13. Notices, Etc. All statements, requests, notices and agreements hereunder shall be in writing, and:

(a) if to the Underwriters, shall be delivered or sent by mail or facsimile transmission to (i) Lehman Brothers Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Syndicate Registration (Fax: 646-834-8133), with a copy, in the case of any notice pursuant to Section 7(c), to the Director of Litigation, Office of the General Counsel, Lehman Brothers Inc., 399 Park Avenue, 10th Floor, New York, New York 10022 (Fax: 212-520-0421), and (ii) UBS Securities LLC, 299 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10173 (Fax: (212) 821-4042), Attention: Legal Department; or

(b) if to the Partnership, shall be delivered or sent by mail or facsimile transmission to the address of the Partnership set forth in the Registration Statement, Attention: Richard H. Bachmann, President (Fax: (713) 381-6570).

Any such statements, requests, notices or agreements shall take effect at the time of receipt thereof. The DEP Parties shall be entitled to act and rely upon any request, consent, notice or agreement given or made on behalf of the Underwriters by Lehman Brothers Inc. and UBS Securities LLC.

14. Persons Entitled to Benefit of Agreement. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Underwriters, the DEP Parties and their respective successors. This Agreement and the terms and provisions hereof are for the sole benefit of only those persons, except that (A) the agreements and indemnities of the DEP Parties contained in Sections 8 and 16 of this Agreement shall also be deemed to be for the benefit of the directors, managers, officers and employees of the Underwriters and each person or persons, if any, who control any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act and (B) the agreements and indemnities of the Underwriters contained in Sections 4(b) and 7(c) of this Agreement shall be deemed to be for the benefit of the directors and managers of the DEP Parties, the officers of the DEP Parties who have signed the Registration Statement and any person controlling the DEP Parties within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act. No purchaser of any of the Units from any Underwriter shall be construed a successor by reason merely of such purchase. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give any person, other than the persons referred to in this Section 14, any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision contained herein.

15. Survival. The respective indemnities, representations, warranties and agreements of the DEP Parties and the Underwriters contained in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of them, respectively, pursuant to this Agreement, shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Units and shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation (or any statement as to the results thereof) made by or on behalf of any of them or any person controlling any of them.

16. Definition of the Terms "Business Day" and "Subsidiary." For purposes of this Agreement, (a) "business day" means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York are generally authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close and (b) "subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 of the Rules and Regulations.

17. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

18. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts and, if executed in more than one counterpart, the executed counterparts shall each be deemed to be an original but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

19. Headings. The headings herein are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be part of, or to affect the meaning or interpretation of, this Agreement.

[Signature pages follow]

If the foregoing correctly sets forth the agreement between DEP Parties and the Underwriters, please indicate your acceptance in the space provided for that purpose below.

-	ruly yours,
Dunca	an Energy Partners L.P.
By:	DEP Holdings, LLC, its general partner
	By: Name: Title:
DEP	Holdings, LLC
By:	Name: Title:
DEP	DLPGP, LLC
By:	Name: Tïtle:
DEP	Operating Partnership, L.P.
By:	DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner
	By: Name: Title:

[Signature page to Underwriting Agreement]

Enterprise Products Operating L.P.

Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., its general partner By:

Name: Title:

By:

[Signature page to Underwriting Agreement]

Accepted:

For itself and as Representative of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto

LEHMAN BROTHERS INC.

By:

Authorized Representative Name: Title:

UBS SECURITIES LLC

By:	
	Authorized Representative
	Name:
	Title:

By:

Authorized Representative Name: Title:

[Signature page to Underwriting Agreement]

Underwriters	to be Purchased
Lehman Brothers Inc.	
UBS Securities LLC	
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated	
Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC	
A.G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.	
J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	
RBC Capital Markets Corporation	
Sanders Morris Harris Inc.	
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.	
Natexis Bleichroeder Inc.	
Banc of America Securities LLC	
TOTAL	13,000,000

Schedule I

SCHEDULE II

Dan L. Duncan Richard H. Bachmann Michael A. Creel Gil H. Radtke W. Randall Fowler Michael J. Knesek William A. Bruckmann, III Larry J. Casey Joe D. Havens

Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., as general partner of Enterprise Products Operating Partnership, L.P.

Schedule II

Subsidiaries of Acadian Gas, LLC	Ownership
Evangeline Gulf Coast Gas, LLC	100%
Evangeline Gas Corp.	45%
Evangeline Gas Pipeline Company, L.P.	55%
Cypress Gas Pipeline, LLC	100%
MCN Pelican Transmission LLC	100%
TXO-Acadian Gas Pipeline, LLC	100%
Acadian Gas Pipeline System	100%
Calcasieu Gas Gathering System	100%
Neches Pipeline System	100%
Pontchartrain Natural Gas System	100%
Acadian Acquisition, LLC	100%
MCN Acadian Gas Pipeline, LLC	100%
Cypress Gas Marketing, LLC	100%
MCN Pelican Interstate Gas, LLC	100%
Tejas-Magnolia Energy, LLC	100%
Acadian Consulting LLC	100%

Schedule III

SCHEDULE IV

Schedule IV

Lehman Brothers Inc. UBS Securities LLC As Representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I to the Underwriting Agreement

c/o Lehman Brothers Inc. 745 Seventh Avenue New York, New York 10019

c/o UBS Securities LLC 299 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10173

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The understands that you (the "**Representatives**") and certain other firms (the "**Underwriters**") propose to enter into an Underwriting Agreement (the "**Underwriting Agreement**") providing for the purchase by the Underwriters of common units (the "**Common Units**") representing limited partner interests in Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "**Partnership**"), and that the Underwriters propose to reoffer the Common Units to the public (the "**Offering**").

In consideration of the execution of the Underwriting Agreement by the Representatives on behalf of the Underwriters, and for other good and valuable consideration, the undersigned hereby irrevocably agrees that without the prior written consent of the Representatives on behalf of the Underwriters, the undersigned will not, directly or indirectly, (1) offer for sale, sell or otherwise dispose of (or enter into any transaction or device that is designed to, or could be expected to, result in the disposition by any person at any time in the future of) any Common Units (including, without limitation, Common Units that may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Common Units that may be issued upon exercise of any options or warrants) or securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Units, (2) enter into any swap or other derivatives transaction that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic benefits or risks of ownership of the Common Units, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Units or other securities, in cash or otherwise, (3) make any demand for or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Units or any other securities of any Common Units or any other securities of the Partnership (except on Form S-8 in connection with option plans existing on the date hereof) or (4) publicly disclose the intention to do any of the foregoing, for a period commencing on the date the efforts.

A-1

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the Lock-Up Period, the Partnership issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Partnership occurs or (2) prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, the Partnership announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the Lock-Up Period, then the restrictions imposed by this Lock-Up Letter Agreement shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the announcement of the material news or the occurrence of the material event, unless the Representatives waives such extension in writing. The undersigned hereby further agrees that, prior to engaging in any transaction or taking any other action that is subject to the terms of this Lock-Up Letter Agreement to an including the 34th day following the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, it will give notice thereof to the Partnership and will not consummate such transaction or take any such action unless it has received written confirmation from the Partnership that the Lock-Up Period (as such may have been extended pursuant to this paragraph) has expired.

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Partnership and its transfer agent are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this Lock-Up Letter Agreement.

It is understood that, if the Partnership notifies the Representatives that it does not intend to proceed with the Offering, if the Underwriting Agreement does not become effective, or if the Underwriting Agreement (other than the provisions thereof which survive termination) shall terminate or be terminated prior to payment for and delivery of the Common Units, the undersigned will be released from its obligations under this Lock-Up Letter Agreement.

The undersigned understands that the Partnership and the Underwriters will proceed with the Offering in reliance on this Lock-Up Letter Agreement.

Whether or not the Offering actually occurs depends on a number of factors, including market conditions. Any Offering will only be made pursuant to an Underwriting Agreement, the terms of which are subject to negotiation between the Partnership and the Underwriters.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to enter into this Lock-Up Letter Agreement and that, upon request, the undersigned will execute any additional documents necessary in connection with the enforcement hereof. Any obligations of the undersigned shall be binding upon the heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns of the undersigned.

Very truly yours,

By: Name:

Title:

Dated:

A-2

FORM OF OPINION OF ANDREWS KURTH LLP

1. Each of the General Partner, the Partnership, the Operating Partnership and the OLPGP has been duly formed is validly existing and is in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with all limited liability company or partnership, as the case may be, power and authority necessary to own or hold its properties and conduct the businesses in which it is engaged and to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and, in the case of the General Partner and the OLPGP, to act as general partner of the Partnership and the OLPGP is duly registered or qualified to do business in and is in good standing as a foreign limited partnership or limited liability company, as applicable, in each jurisdiction set forth opposite its name on Annex A to this opinion.

2. EPOLP owns 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests in the General Partner; such membership interests have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the GP LLC Agreement and are fully paid (to the extent required by the GP LLC Agreement) and non-assessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act); and EPOLP owns such membership interests free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming EPOLP as debtor is on file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, or (B) otherwise known to such counsel without independent investigation, other than those created by or arising under Section 18-607 of the Delaware LLC Act, and those in favor of lenders of EPD.

3. The General Partner is the sole general partner of the Partnership with a 2.0% general partner interest in the Partnership; such general partner interest has been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Partnership Agreement; and the General Partner owns such general partner interest free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming the General Partner as debtor is on file in the office of the Scate of the State of Delaware or (B) otherwise known to such coursel without independent investigation, other than those created by or arising under Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act.

4. The Sponsor Units and the limited partner interests represented thereby have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Partnership Agreement and are fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act); and EPOLP owns the Sponsor Units free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming EPOLP as debtor is on file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or (B) otherwise known to such counsel without independent investigation, other than those created by or arising under Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act.

5. The Units and the limited partner interests represented thereby have been duly authorized by the Partnership and, when issued and delivered to the Underwriters against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement) and non-assessable (except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act). Other than the Sponsor Units, the Units are the only limited partnership interests of the Partnership issued and outstanding.

6. The Partnership owns 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests in the OLPGP; such membership interests has been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the OLPGP LLC Agreement; and the Partnership owns such membership interests free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming the Partnership as debtor is on file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or (B) otherwise known to such counsel without independent investigation, other than those created by or arising under Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act.

7. The OLPGP is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership with a 0.001% general partner interest in the Operating Partnership; such general partner interest has been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Operating Partnership Agreement; and the OLPGP owns such general partner interest free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware LP Act; and (ii) the Partnership is the sole limited partner interest free and is fully paid (to the extent required under the Departing Partnership; such limited partner interest in the Operating Partnership and non-assessabile (except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 or 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act; and (ii) the State of Delaware LP Act; and of the State of Delaware of the Operating Partnership with a 99.99% limited partner interest in the Operating Partnership Agreement and is fully paid (to the extent required under the Operating Partnership Agreement and is fully paid (to the extent required under the Operating Partnership Agreement and is fully paid (to the extent required under the form Commercial Code of the State of Delaware LP Act); and the Partnership owns such limited partner interest free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming the Partnership owns such limited partner interest free and clear of all (B) otherwise known to such counsel without independent investigation, other than those created by or arising under S

8. Except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and for rights that have been effectively complied with or waived, there are no preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, nor any restriction upon the voting or transfer of, any partnership interests or membership interests in the General Partner, the Partnership, the OLPGP or the Operating Partnership, in each case pursuant to the organizational documents of such entity. To such counsel's knowledge, neither the filing of the Registration Statement, the offering or sale of the Units as contemplated by the Underwriting Agreement nor the application of the proceeds therefrom as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus gives rise to any rights for or relating to the registration of any Common Units or other securities of the Partnership, other than as have been waived, effectively complied with or satisfied.

9. The Partnership has all requisite partnership power and authority (i) to execute and deliver the Underwriting Agreement and to perform its obligations thereunder, including to issue, sell and deliver the Units, in accordance with and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Underwriting Agreement, the Partnership Agreement, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, and (ii) to issue and deliver the Sponsor Units, in accordance with and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Partnership Agreement and the Contribution Agreement. Each of the other DEP Parties has all requisite corporate, partnership or limited liability company power and authority to execute and deliver the Underwriting Agreement and to perform its respective obligations thereunder.

10. The Underwriting Agreement has been duly authorized and validly executed and delivered by each of the DEP Parties.

11. Each of the Operative Agreements (excluding the Commercial Agreements and the Credit Facility) has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto and is a valid and legally binding agreement of the Partnership Entities thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms; *provided* that, with respect to each such agreement, the enforceability thereof may be limited by (A) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, (B) principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law), (C) public policy limitations, (D) applicable law relating to fiduciary duties and indemnification and (E) an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

12. None of the offering, issuance and sale by the Partnership of the Units, the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or the Operative Agreements (excluding the Credit Facility) by the Partnership Entities hereto or thereto, or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby at or prior to the Closing (A) constitutes or will constitute a violation of the partnership agreement, limited liability company agreement, certificate of formation or conversion or other constituent document of any of the DEP Parties, (B) constitutes or will constitute a breach or violation of, or a default (or an event that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such a default) under any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument filed as exhibit to the Registration Statement, or (C) results or will result in any violation of the Delaware LP Act, the Delaware LLC Act, the DGCL, the laws of the State of Texas or the applicable laws of the United States of America, which violation, in the case of clauses (B) and (C) would, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect or materially impair the ability of any of the DEP Parties to consummate the transactions provided for in this Agreement or the Operative Agreements; provided, however, that for purposes of this paragraph, such counsel need not express an opinion with respect to federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or antitrust laws.

13. No Governmental Approval of any federal, Delaware or Texas court, governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Partnership Entities or any of their respective properties, other than those that have been obtained or taken and are in full force and effect, is required in connection with offering, issuance or sale by the Partnership of the Units, application of the proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Operative Agreements

(excluding the Credit Facility) by the Partnership Entities hereto or thereto and consummation by such parties of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, except (A) for such consents required under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and state securities or "Blue Sky" laws, as to which such counsel need not express any opinion, (B) for such consents which have been obtained or made, (C) for such consents which (i) are of a routine or administrative nature, (ii) are not customarily obtained or made prior to the consummation of transactions such as those contemplated by this Agreement and the Operative Agreements and (iii) are expected in the reasonable judgment of the General Partner to be obtained or made in the ordinary course of business subsequent to the consummation of the Transactions, or (D) for such consents which, if not obtained or made, would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

14. The Common Units conform in all material respects to the description set forth under "Summary—The Offering," "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions," "Description of Our Common Units," "How We Make Cash Distributions," and "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and Prospectus.

15. To the knowledge of such counsel, (i) there are no legal or governmental proceedings pending or threatened to which any of the Partnership Entities is a party or to which any of their respective properties is subject that are required to be described in the Prospectus but are not so described as required and (ii) there are no agreements, contracts, indentures, leases or other instruments that are required to be described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus or to be filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement that are not described or filed as required by the Rules and Regulations.

16. Each of the conveyances that are part of the Contribution Documents that relates to the transfer of property in the State of Texas, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery thereof by the parties thereto, to the extent it is a valid and legally binding agreement under the laws of the State of Texas and that such law applies thereto, is a valid and legally binding agreement of the parties thereto under the laws of the State of Texas, enforceable in accordance with its terms subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law); each of those conveyances is in a form legally sufficient as between the parties thereto to transfer or convey to the transfere thereunder all of the right, title and interest of the transfer of therein in and to the assets located in the State of Texas, as described in the Contribution Documents, subject to conveyance of certificated title, as to which the conveyances are legally sufficient to compel delivery of such certificated title.

17. Each of the forms of Contribution Documents listed on a schedule to the opinion that is a deed or real property assignment (including, without limitation, the form of the exhibits and schedules thereto) is in a form legally sufficient for recordation in the appropriate public offices of the State of Texas, to the extent such recordation is required to evidence title to the

properties covered thereby in the transferee or successor, as the case may be, thereunder, and, upon proper recordation of any of such deeds, real property assignments, as the case may be, in the State of Texas, will constitute notice to all third parties under the recordation statutes of the State of Texas concerning record title to the assets transferred thereby; the county clerk's office in each county in the State of Texas in which any Initial Operating Subsidiary owns property in which recordation has been made is the appropriate public offices for the recordation of deeds and assignments of interests in real property located in such county.

18. The statements made in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and Prospectus under the captions "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Credit Facility," "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties," "Cash Distribution Policy," "Description of Material Provisions of Our Partnership Agreement," "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions," "How We Make Cash Distributions," and "Description of Our Common Units," "Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions," insofar as they purport to constitute summaries of the terms of statutes, rules or regulations, legal and governmental proceedings or contracts and other documents in all material respects.

19. The statements under the caption "Material Tax Consequences" in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and Prospectus, insofar as they refer to statements of law or legal conclusions, fairly summarize the matters referred to therein in all material respects, subject to the qualifications and assumptions stated therein.

20. The opinion of Andrews Kurth LLP that is filed as Exhibit 8.1 to the Registration Statement (filed with the Commission on January [___], 2007) is confirmed and the Underwriters may rely upon such opinion as if it were addressed to them.

21. None of the Partnership Entities is an "investment company," as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

22. Any required filing of the Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) has been made in the manner and within the time period required by such Rule.

Such counsel shall state that they have been advised orally and in writing by the Commission that the Registration Statement was declared effective under the Securities Act on [___], 2007; to the knowledge of such counsel, no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement has been issued and, to such counsel's knowledge based on oral communication with the Commission, no proceedings for that purpose have been instituted or threatened by the Commission.

In addition, such counsel shall state that they have participated in conferences with officers and other representatives of the General Partner and the Partnership, the independent registered public accounting firm for the General Partner and the Partnership, your counsel and your representatives, at which the contents of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and related matters were discussed, and, although such counsel has not independently verified, is not passing upon, and does not assume any

B-1-5

responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of, the statements contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus (except as and to the extent set forth in opinions 14, 18 and 19 above), on the basis of the foregoing (relying to a limited extent with respect to factual matters upon statements by officers and other representatives of the DEP Parties and their subsidiaries),

(a) such counsel confirms that, in their opinion, each of the Registration Statement, as of the Effective Date and the applicable Delivery Date, the Preliminary Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, and the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, and the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, and the Rules and Regulations (except that such counsel need not make a statement with respect to Regulation S-T), and

(b) no facts have come to such counsel's attention that have led them to believe that (i) the Registration Statement, as of the Effective Date, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, (ii) the Pricing Disclosure Package, as of the Applicable Time, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statement berein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, it being understood that such counsel expresses no statement or belief in this letter with respect to (A) the financial statements and related schedules, including the notes and schedules thereto and the auditor's report thereon, (B) any other financial data included in, or excluded from, the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus or the Pricing Disclosure Package, and (C) representations and warranties and other statements of fact included in the exhibits to the Registration Statement.

In rendering such opinions, such counsel may (A) rely in respect of matters of fact upon certificates of officers and employees for the Partnership Entities and of the transfer agent of the Partnership and upon information obtained from public officials, (B) assume that all documents submitted to them as originals are authentic, that all copies submitted to them conform to the originals thereof, and that the signatures on all documents examined by them are genuine, (C) state that their opinion is limited to the Delaware LP Act, the Delaware LLC Act, the DGCL and the laws of the State of Texas, the applicable laws of the United States of America and, with respect to the opinion set forth in paragraph 18 above, United States federal income tax law, (D) with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph 1 above with respect to the good standing and foreign qualification of the Partnership, the General Partner, the Operating Partnership and OLPGP, state that such opinions are based solely on certificates of foreign qualification provided by the Secretary of State of the applicable state, (E) with respect to the dates specified therein in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware naming EPOLP, the General Partner, the Partnership and OLPGP, or one or

B-1-6

more of them, as debtors, and (F) state that such counsel expresses no opinion with respect to (i) any permits to own or operate any real or personal property, (ii) the title of any of the Partnership Entities to any of their respective real or personal property, other than with regard to the opinions set forth above regarding the ownership of capital stock, partnership interests and membership interests, or with respect to the accuracy or descriptions of real or personal property or (iii) state or local tax statutes to which any of the limited partners of the Partnership or any of the DEP Parties or the General Partner may be subject.

FORM OF GENERAL COUNSEL'S OPINION

1. Each of the Subsidiaries, EPD and EPOLP has been duly formed, is validly existing and is in good standing under the laws of its respective jurisdiction of formation, with all limited liability company or partnership, as the case may be, power and authority necessary to own or hold its properties and conduct the businesses in which it is engaged and to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Transaction Documents to which they are party, in each case in all material respects as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. Each of the Subsidiaries is duly registered or qualified to do business in and is in good standing as a foreign limited partnership or limited liability company, as applicable, in each jurisdiction set forth opposite its name on Annex A to this opinion.

2. The Operating Partnership owns 66% the partnership interests or membership interests, as applicable, in each of the Initial Operating Subsidiaries; such partnership interests or membership interests have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the applicable Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreement and are fully paid (to the extent required under the applicable Operating Subsidiaries Formation Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act, in the case of a Delaware limited liability company, or Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act, in the case of a Delaware limited partnership); and the Operating Partnership owns such partnership interests free and clear of all Liens (A) in respect of which a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Delaware naming the Operating Partnership as debtor is on file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware IC Act.

3. Except as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and for rights that have been waived, there are no preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, nor any restriction upon the voting or transfer of, any capital stock or partnership or membership interests or capital stock in (a) the Subsidiaries pursuant to the organizational documents of any such entity or (b) the Partnership Entities pursuant to any agreement or other instrument known to such counsel to which any of them is a party or by which any of them may be bound (other than the organizational documents of such entity). To such counsel's knowledge, neither the filing of the Registration Statement nor the offering, sale of the Units as contemplated by the Underwriting Agreement, or application of proceeds therefrom as described in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus gives rise to any rights for or relating to the registration of any Common Units or other securities of the Partnership or any of its subsidiaries, other than as have been waived. To such counsel's knowledge, there are no outstanding options or warrants to purchase any partnership or membership interests or capital stock in any of the Partnership Entities.

4. Each of the Commercial Agreements has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto and is a valid and legally binding agreement of the parties

B-2-1

thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms; *provided* that, with respect to each such agreement, the enforceability thereof may be limited by (A) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, (B) principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law), (C) public policy limitations, (D) applicable law relating to fiduciary duties and indemnification and (E) an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

5. None of the offering, issuance and sale by the Partnership of the Units, the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement or the Operative Agreements by the parties hereto or thereto, or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (A) constitutes or will constitute a violation of the partnership agreement, limited liability company agreement, certificate of formation or conversion or other constituent document of any of the Subsidiaries, EPD or EPOLP, or (B) constitutes or will constitute a breach or violation of, or a default (or an event that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitutes used a default) under any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument known to such counsel to which any of the Partnership Entities is a party or by which any of them or any of their respective properties may be bound (other than those filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement), or (C) will result in any violation of any judgment, order, decree, injunction, rule or regulation of any court, arbitrator or governmental agency or body known to such counsel having jurisdiction over any of the Partnership Entities or any of the Subsidiaries, which conflict, breach, violation, default or Lien, in the case of Clauses (B), (C) and (D), would, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect or materially impair the ability of any of the Partnership Entities to consummate the transactions provided for in this Agreement or the Operative Agreements.

6. None of (i) the execution, delivery and performance of the Credit Facility by the Partnership and (ii) the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby (A) constitutes or will constitute a violation of the partnership agreement, limited liability company agreement, certificate of formation or conversion or other constituent document of any of the DEP Parties, (B) constitutes or will constitute a breach or violation of, or a default (or an event that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such a default) under any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument field as exhibit to the Registration Statement, or (C) results or will result in any violation of the State of Texas or the applicable laws of the United States of America, which violation, in the case of clauses (B) and (C) would, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect or materially impair the ability of any of the DEP Parties to consummate the transactions provided for in this Agreement or the Operative Agreements; provided, however, that for purposes of this paragraph, such counsel need not express an opinion with respect to federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or antitrust laws.

In addition, such counsel shall state that she has participated in conferences with officers and other representatives of the General Partner and the Partnership, the independent registered public accounting firm for the General Partner and the Partnership, your counsel and your representatives, at which the contents of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and related matters were discussed, and, although such counsel has

B-2-2

not independently verified, is not passing upon, and do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of, the statements contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, on the basis of the foregoing (relying to a limited extent with respect to factual matters upon statements by officers and other representatives of the DEP Parties and their subsidiaries), no facts have come to such counsel's attention that have led them to believe that (i) the Registration Statement, as of the Effective Date, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein on the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date and the applicable Delivery Date, contained or contains an untrue statement or belief in this letter with respect to (A) the financial statements and related schedules, including the notes and schedules thereto and the auditor's report thereon, (B) any other financial data included in, or excluded from, the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus or the Pricing Disclosure Package, and (C) representations and warranties and other statements of fact included in the exhibits to the Registration Statement.

In rendering such opinion, such counsel may (A) rely on certificates of officers and representatives of the Partnership Entities and upon information obtained from public officials, (B) assume that all documents submitted to him as originals are authentic, that all copies submitted to him conform to the originals thereof, and that the signatures on all documents examined by him are genuine, (C) state that his opinion is limited to federal laws, the Delaware LP Act, the Delaware LLC Act, the DGCL and the laws of the State of Texas, (D) with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph 1 above as to the good standing or foreign qualification of the Subsidiaries, state that such opinions are based solely on certificates provided by the appropriate official of the applicable state, (E) with respect to the opinion expressed in clause (A) of paragraph (2) above, such counsel relied solely on reports, dated as of recent dates, purporting to describe all financing statements on file as of the dates specified therein in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware naming the Operating Partnership as a debtor and (F) state that such counsel expresses on opinion with respect to: (i) any permits to own or operate any real or personal property, (ii) the title of any of the Partnership Entities to any of their respective real or personal property or (iii) state or local taxes or tax statutes to which any of the limited partnership interests and membership interests, or with respect to the accuracy or descriptions of real or personal property or (iii) state or local taxes or tax statutes to which any of the limited partnership for any of the Partnership Entities on any of the limited partnership for any of the Partnership Entities on any of the limited partnership or any of the Partnership Entities or any of the limited partnership or any of the Partnership Entities or any of the limited partnership for appropriate of files and the appropriate of files and the appropriate of the partnership interests and mem

B-2-3

FORM OF OPINION OF BRACEWELL & GUILIANI LLP

1. The Credit Facility has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Partnership and is a valid and legally binding agreement of the parties thereto, enforceable against such parties in accordance with its terms; *provided* that, with respect to each such agreement, the enforceability thereof may be limited by (A) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, (B) principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law), (C) public policy limitations, (D) applicable law relating to fiduciary duties and indemnification and (E) an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

2. No Governmental Approval, other than those that have been obtained or taken and are in full force and effect, is required in connection with the execution and delivery of the Credit Facility by the Partnership and consummation by the Partnership of the transactions contemplated by the Credit Facility.

4. The statements made in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and Prospectus under the captions "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Credit Facility," insofar as they purport to constitute summaries of the Credit Facility, constitute accurate summaries of the terms of the Credit Facility in all material respects.

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT

OF

DEP OLPGP, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF DEP OLPGP, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 Definitions 1.02 Construction ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION 2.01 Name 2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices 2.04 Pupose 2.05 Tem 2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Law 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS OF MEMBERS 5.01 Allocations ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS OF MEMBERS 5.01 Allocations ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS OF MEMBERS 5.01 Distributions ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS OF MEMBERS 5.01 Immatter of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
ATTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION 20.1 20.2 20.4 20.4 20.4 Repsended files: Repsende Agent: Principal Office: Other Offices 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.2 20.4 20.4 Pupose 20.4 20.4 20.4 Pupose 20.4 20.4 20.4 Pupose 20.4 20.4 20.4 Pupose 20.4 20.4 Pupose 20.4 20.5 Functional Agent: Principal Office: Other Offices 20.4 20.6 No State-Law Portnership: Withdrawal 20.7 Functional Agent: Principal Office: Other Offices 20.4 20.8 Functional Agent: Principal Office: Other Office	1.01	Definitions	1
201 FORGANIZATION 202 Name 203 Registered Office: Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices 204 Purpose 205 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal 206 Members 207 Lability to Third Parties 208 Carpital Contributions 209 Carpital Contributions 200 Carpital Contributions 201 Carpital Contributions 202 Carpital Contributions 203 Annee 204 Carpital Contributions 205 Carpital Contributions 206 Carpital Contributions 207 Carpital Contributions 208 Carpital Contributions 209 Carpital Contributions 201 Canton Contributions 202 Carpital Contributions 203 Remote Contributions 204 Carpital Accounts 205 Carpital Contributions 206 Carpital Contributions 207 Carpital Contributions 208 Carpital Contributions	1.02	Construction	1
PORGANIZATION P10 Formation P204 Registered Office; Registered Agen; Principal Office; Other Offices P205 Parpose P206 Parpose P207 No State-Law Partnership; Withdraval P207 ARTICLE 3 ARTICLE 4 Lability to Third Parties P208 Parpose P209 Restered Contributions P209 Capital Accounts P209<			
 Formation Formation Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices Purpose Term No State-Law Parnership; Withdrawal Artificue 3 Artificue 3 Artificue 4 Liability to Third Parties Artificue 4 Contributions Capital Contributions Capital Accounts Artificue 5 Allocations State Accounts Artificue 5 Artificu			
2.02 Name 2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices 2.04 Purpose 2.05 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal 2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal 3.07 Members 3.08 Liability to Third Parties 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 3 ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 5.02 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.02 Allocations 5.02 Minitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability		ORGANIZATION	
2.02 Name 2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices 2.04 Purpose 2.05 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal 2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal 3.07 Members 3.08 Liability to Third Parties 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 3 ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 5.02 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.02 Allocations 5.02 Minitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability	2.01	Formation	2
2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices 2.04 Purpose 2.05 Term 2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Imitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			2
2.04 Purpose 2.05 No State-Law Partnership: Withdrawal ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.03 Capital Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.02 Allocations Distributions 5.03 Allocations Distributions 5.04 Allocations Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS			2
205 Fem 206 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 301 Members 302 Lability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 403 Capital Contributions 404 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 SLILOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 501 Allocations 502 Distributions ARTICLE 6 SIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 601 Linitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			2
2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.01 Members Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 4.05 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Allocations 5.04 Allocations 5.05 Distributions 6.01 Liniation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			2
ATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS ATTERS RELATING TO ME			2
MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 4.05 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Allocations 5.04 Allocations 5.05 Distributions 6.01 Linutions (Members' Responsibility, Liability)	2.00	No State Law Fundationapy, Windowin	-
MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS 3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 4.05 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Allocations 5.04 Allocations 5.05 Distributions 6.01 Linitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability		ARTICLE 3	
3.01 Members 3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Allocations 5.04 Allocations 5.05 Distributions 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 4.05 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Allocations 5.04 Linitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
3.02 Liability to Third Parties ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts 4.05 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 6.01 Linitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability	3.01	Members	3
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability		Liability to Third Parties	3
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AU			
 4.01 Capital Contributions 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ACCOUNTS ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 Capital Accounts 5.04 Allocations 5.05 Capital Accounts 5.07 Allocations 5.08 Capital Accounts 5.09 Capital Accounts 5.01 Allocations 5.01 Capital Accounts 5.02 Capital Accounts 5.03 Capital Accounts 5.04 Capital Accounts 5.05 Capital Accounts 5.05 Capital Accounts 5.06 Capital Accounts 5.07 Capital Accounts 5.08 Capital Accounts 5.09 Capital Accounts 5.09 Capital Accounts 5.00 Capital Accounts 5.01 Capital Accounts 5.01 Capital Accounts 5.02 Capital Accounts 5.02 Capital Accounts 5.03 Capital Accounts 5.04 Capital Accounts 5.05 Capital Accounts 5.05 Capital Accounts 5.06 Capital Accounts 5.07 Capital Accounts 5.08 Capital Accounts 5.09 Capital Accounts 5.09 Capital Accounts 5.00 Capital Account			
 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability 		CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	
 4.02 Loans 4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability 			
4.03 Return of Contributions 4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions 5.03 ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			3
4.04 Capital Accounts ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			3
ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			3
ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability	4.04	Capital Accounts	3
ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS 5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
5.01 Allocations 5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability		ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS	
5.02 Distributions ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS 6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability	F 01	All	4
ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS			4
6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability	5.02	Distributions	0
6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability			
		KIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS	
	6.01	Limitation of Members' Responsibility Liability	6
i	5.01	Zanacon of inclusion responsionally balance	0
		i	

6.02	Return of Distributions		6
6.03	Priority and Return of Capital		6
6.04	Competition		6
6.05	Admission of Additional Members		6
6.06	Resignation		7
6.07	Indemnification		7
		ARTICLE 7	
		MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	
7.01	Meetings		7
7.02	Place of Meetings		7
7.02	Notice of Meetings		7
7.04	Meeting of All Members		7
7.05	Action by Members Without a Meeting		7
7.06	Waiver of Notice		7
7.07	Delegation to Board		7
	0		
		ARTICLE 8	
		MANAGEMENT	
8.01	Management by Board of Directors		8
8.02	Officers		10
8.03	Duties of Officers and Directors		12
8.04	Compensation		12
8.05	Indemnification		12
8.06	Liability of Indemnitees		14
		ARTICLE 9	
		ACCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS	
		ACCOUNTING METHOD, TEMOD, RECORDS MAD REFORTS	
9.01	Accounting Method		15
9.02	Accounting Period		15
9.03	Records, Audits and Reports		15
9.04	Inspection		15
	-		

ARTICLE 10 TAX MATTERS

10.01	Tax Returns		15
10.02	Tax Elections		15
10.03	Tax Matters Partner		15
		ARTICLE 11	

BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

11.01	Maintenance of Books
11.02	Reports

ii

11.03	Bank Accounts		16
11.04	Tax Statements		16
		ARTICLE 12	
		DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION	
10.01			10
12.01 12.02	Dissolution Winding-Up and Termination		16 17
12.02	winding-Op and Termination		17
		ARTICLE 13	
		MERGER	
		MERCER	
13.01	Authority		18
13.02	Procedure for Merger or Consolidation		18
13.03	Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation		19
13.04	Certificate of Merger or Consolidation		20 20
13.05	Effect of Merger or Consolidation		20
		ARTICLE 14	
		GENERAL PROVISIONS	
14.01	at d		20
14.01	Notices		20
14.02 14.03	Entire Agreement; Supersedure Effect of Waiver or Consent		21 21
14.03 14.04	Amendment or Restatement		21
14.04	Binding Effect		21
14.05	Governing Law; Severability		21
14.00	Further Assurances		21
14.08	Offset		22
14.09	Counterparts		22
14.10	Execution of Additional Instruments		22
14.11	Severability		22
14.12	Headings		22
	<u>v</u>		
		iii	

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF

DEP OLPGP, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") of DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), executed on January 19, 2007 (the "Effective Date"), is adopted, executed and agreed to, by Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Duncan Energy Partners"), as the sole Member of the Company.

RECITALS

A. The Company was formed on September 29, 2006 by the filing of a Certificate of Formation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

B. The Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company was executed effective September 29, 2006 by its sole Member, Duncan Energy Partners (the "Existing Agreement").

C. Duncan Energy Partners, as the sole Member of the Company, now deems it advisable to amend and restate the Existing Agreement in its entirety as set forth herein to reflect that the Company shall now be managed by "managers," as that term is used in the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Act"), and to make such other changes as set forth herein.

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 Definitions. Each capitalized term used herein shall have the meaning given such term in Attachment I

1.02 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) the gender (or lack of gender) of all words used in this Agreement includes the masculine, feminine and neuter; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) references to Laws refer to such Laws as they may be amended from time to time, and references to particular provisions of a Law include any corresponding provisions of any succeeding Law; (d) references to money refer to legal currency of the United States of America; (e) "including" means "including without limitation" and is a term of illustration and not of limitation; (f) all definitions set forth herein shall be deemed applicable whether the words defined are used herein in the singular or the plural; and (g) neither this Agreement nor any other agreement, document or instrument referred to herein or executed and delivered in connection herewith shall be construed against any Person as the principal draftsperson hereof or thereof.

ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION

2.01 Formation. The Company was organized as a Delaware limited liability company by the filing of a Certificate of Formation ("Organizational Certificate") on September 29, 2006 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

2.02 Name. The name of the Company is "DEP OLPGP, LLC" and all Company business must be conducted in that name or such other names that comply with Law as the Board of Directors may select.

2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. The registered office of the Company required by the Act to be maintained in the State of Delaware shall be the office of the initial registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other office (which need not be a place of business of the Company) as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The principal office of the Company in the United States shall be at such a place as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate, which need not be in the State of Delaware, and the Company shall maintain records there and shall keep the street address of such principal office at the registered office of the Company in the State of Delaware. The Company may have such other offices as the Board of Directors may designate.

2.04 Purpose. The purposes of the Company are the transaction of any or all lawful business for which limited liability companies may be organized under the Act.

2.05 Term. The period of existence of the Company commenced on September 29, 2006 and shall end at such time as a Certificate of Cancellation is filed in accordance with Section 12.02(c).

2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal. It is the intent that the Company shall be a limited liability company formed under the Laws of the State of Delaware and shall not be a partnership (including a limited partnership) or joint venture, and that the Members not be a partner or joint venture of any other party for any purposes other than federal and state tax purposes, and this Agreement may not be construed to suggest otherwise. A Member does not have the right to Withdraw from the Company; provided, however, that a Member shall have the power to Withdraw at any time in violation of this Agreement. If a Member exercises such power in violation of this Agreement, (a) such Member shall be liable to the Company and its Affiliates for all monetary damages suffered by them as a result of such Withdrawing in violation of this Agreement. If a Member shall not have any rights under Section 18.604 of the Act. In no event shall the Company have the right, through specific performance or otherwise, to prevent a Member from Withdrawing in violation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS

3.01 Members. Duncan Energy Partners has previously been admitted as the sole Member of the Company.

3.02 Liability to Third Parties. No Member or beneficial owner of any Membership Interest shall be liable for the Liabilities of the Company.

ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

4.01 Capital Contributions.

(a) The amount of money and the fair market value (as of the date of contribution) of any property (other than money) contributed to the Company by a Member in respect of the issuance of a Membership Interest to such Member shall constitute a "Capital Contribution." Any reference in this Agreement to the Capital Contribution of a Member shall include a Capital Contribution of its predecessors in interest.

(b) Duncan Energy Partners previously made an initial contribution to the capital of the Company in the amount of \$1,000.

4.02 Loans. If the Company does not have sufficient cash to pay its obligations, any Member that may agree to do so may, upon approval by the Board of Directors, advance all or part of the needed funds for such obligation to or on behalf of the Company. An advance described in this Section 4.02 constitutes a loan from the Member to the Company, shall bear interest at a rate comparable to the rate the Company could obtain from third parties, from the date of the advance until the date of repayment, and is not a Capital Contribution.

4.03 Return of Contributions. A Member is not entitled to the return of any part of its Capital Contributions or to be paid interest in respect of its Capital Contributions. An unrepaid Capital Contribution is not a liability of the Company or of any Member. No Member will be required to contribute or to lend any cash or property to the Company to enable the Company to return any Member's Capital Contributions.

4.04 *Capital Accounts.* A capital account shall be established and maintained for each Member. Each Member's capital account (a) shall be increased by (i) the amount of money contributed by that Member to the Company, (ii) the fair market value of property contributed by that Member to the Company (net of liabilities secured by the contributed property that the Company is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), and (iii) allocations to that Member of Company income and gain (or items of income and gain), including income and gain exempt from tax and income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2) (iv)(g), but excluding income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i), and (b) shall be decreased by (i) the amount of money distributed to that Member by the Company, (iii) the fair market value of property distributed to that Member by the Company (net of liabilities secured by the distributed property that the Member is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), (iii) allocations to that Member by the distributed property that the Member is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), (iii) allocations to that Member of expenditures of the Company (net of liabilities secured by the distributed property that the Member is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), (iii) allocations to that Member of expenditures of the Code).

Company described in section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code, and (iv) allocations of Company loss and deduction (or items of loss and deduction), including loss and deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g), but excluding items described in clause (b)(iii) above and loss or deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i) or § 1.704-1(b)(4)(iii). The Members' capital accounts also shall be maintained and adjusted as permitted by the provisions of Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f) and as required by the other provisions of Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv) and 1.704-1(b)(4), including adjustments to reflect the allocations to the Members of depreciation, depletion, amortization, and gain or loss as computed for book purposes rather than the allocation of the corresponding items as computed for tax purposes, as required by Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g). A Member that has more than one Membership Interest shall have a single capital account that reflects all its Membership Interests, regardless of the class of Membership Interests of were acquired.

ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

5.01 Allocations.

(a) Except as otherwise set forth in Section 5.01(b), for purposes of maintaining the capital accounts and in determining the rights of the Members among themselves, all items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit of the Company shall be allocated among the Members in accordance with their Sharing Ratios.

(b) The following special allocations shall be made prior to making any allocations provided for in 5.01(a) above:

(i) *Minimum Gain Chargeback*. Notwithstanding any other provision hereof to the contrary, if there is a net decrease in Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2) for a taxable year (or if there was a net decrease in Minimum Gain for a prior taxable year and the Company did not have sufficient amounts of income and gain during prior years to allocate among the Members under this subsection 5.01(b)(i), then items of income and gain shall be allocated to each Member in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in such Minimum Gain (as determined pursuant to Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(g)(2)). It is the intent of the Members that any allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(i) shall constitute a "minimum gain chargeback" under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) *Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain Chargeback*. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 5, except subsection 5.01(b)(i), if there is a net decrease in Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1 or § 1.704-2), during any taxable year, any Member who has a share of the Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain shall be allocated such amount of income and gain for such year (and subsequent years, if necessary) determined in the manner required by Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(i)(4) as is necessary to meet the requirements for a chargeback of Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain.

(iii) Qualified Income Offset. Except as provided in subsection 5.01(b)(i) and (ii) hereof, in the event any Member unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(i)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Company income and gain shall be specifically allocated to such Member in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Allocation Regulations, the deficit balance, if any, in its adjusted capital account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible.

(iv) *Gross Income Allocations*. In the event any Member has a deficit balance in its adjusted capital account at the end of any Company taxable period, such Member shall be specially allocated items of Company gross income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(iv) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Member would have a deficit balance in its adjusted capital account after all other allocations provided in this Section 5.01 have been tentatively made as if subsection 5.01(b)(iv) were not in the Agreement.

(v) Company Nonrecourse Deductions. Company Nonrecourse Deductions (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(c)) for any fiscal year shall be allocated among the Members in proportion to their Membership Interests.

(vi) Member Nonrecourse Deductions. Any Member Nonrecourse Deductions (as defined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i)(2)) shall be allocated pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i) to the Member who bears the economic risk of loss with respect to the partner nonrecourse debt to which it is attributable.

(vii) Code Section 754 Adjustment. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Company asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, to be taken into account in determining capital accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the capital accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Members in a manner consistent with the manner in which their capital accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations.

(viii) Curative Allocation. The special allocations set forth in subsections 5.01(b)(i)-(vi) (the "Regulatory Allocations") are intended to comply with the Allocation Regulations. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 5.01, the Regulatory Allocations shall be taken into account in allocating items of income, gain, loss and deduction among the Members such that, to the extent possible, the net amount of allocations of such items and the Regulatory Allocations to each Member shall be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to each Member if the Regulatory Allocations had not occurred.

For federal income tax purposes, except as otherwise required by the Code, the Allocation Regulations or the following sentence, each item of Company income, gain, loss, deduction and credit shall be allocated among the Members in the same manner as corresponding items are allocated in Section 5.01(a). Notwithstanding any provisions contained herein to the contrary, solely for federal income tax purposes, items of income, gain, depreciation, gain or loss

with respect to property contributed or deemed contributed to the Company by a Member or whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations shall be allocated among the Members so as to take into account the variation between the Company's tax basis in such property and its Carrying Value in the manner provided under section 704(c) of the Code and Treas. Reg. § 1.704-3(d) (i.e. the "remedial method").

5.02 Distributions

(a) From time to time the Board of Directors also may cause property of the Company other than cash to be distributed to the Members, which distribution must be made in accordance with their Sharing Ratios and may be made subject to existing liabilities and obligations. Immediately prior to such a distribution, the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted as provided in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f).

ARTICLE 6

RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS

6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability. The Members shall not perform any act on behalf of the Company, incur any expense, obligation or indebtedness of any nature on behalf of the Company, or in any manner participate in the management of the Company, except as specifically contemplated hereunder. No Member shall be liable under a judgment, decree or order of a court, or in any other manner, except as agreed to by any such Member, for the indebtedness or any other obligations or liabilities of the Company or liable, responsible or accountable in damages to the Company or its Members for breach of fiduciary duty as a Member, for any acts performed within the scope of the authority conferred on it by this Agreement, or for its failure or refusal to perform any acts except those expressly required by or pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, or for any debt or loss in connection with the affairs of the Company, except as required by the Delaware Act.

6.02 Return of Distributions. In accordance with Section 18-607 of the Delaware Act, a Member will be obligated to return any distribution from the Company only as provided by applicable law.

6.03 Priority and Return of Capital. Except as may be provided in this Agreement, no Member shall have priority over any other Member, either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions; provided that this Section shall not apply to loans (as distinguished from Capital Contributions) that a Member has made to the Company.

6.04 Competition. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Member may engage in or possess an interest in any other business venture or ventures, including any activity that is competitive with the Company without offering any such opportunity to the Company, and neither the Company nor the other Member shall have any rights in or to such venture or ventures or activity or the income or profits derived therefrom.

6.05 Admission of Additional Members. The Company shall not admit additional Members without the prior written consent of all of the Members.

6.06 *Resignation*. Without the prior approval of all other Members, no Member may resign from the Company.

6.07 Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, the Company shall (to the extent of the assets of the Company) indemnify, defend and hold harmless each Member and each officer, employee and director of such Member from and against all losses, expenses, claims or liabilities, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of or in connection with the indebtedness or any other obligation or liabilities of the Company, other than losses, expenses, claims or liabilities of such indemnified Member which result from a violation in any material respect of any of the provisions of this Agreement or fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or misappropriation of funds. The foregoing indemnity expressly includes an indemnity with respect to the negligence (excluding the gross negligence) of a Member.

ARTICLE 7 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

7.01 *Meetings*. Meetings of the Members, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by law, may be called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company or by any Member. The chairperson at any meeting shall be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.

7.02 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Members shall be held at the principal place of business of the Company or at such other place as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.

7.03 Notice of Meetings. Except as provided in Section 7.04, written notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting and the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called shall be sent not less than five days before the date of the meeting, either personally, by facsimile or by mail, by or at the direction of the person calling the meeting, to each Member.

7.04 Meeting of All Members. If all of the Members shall meet at any time and place and consent to the holding of a meeting at such time and place, such meeting shall be valid without call or notice, and at such meeting any lawful action may be taken.

7.05 Action by Members Without a Meeting. Action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of Members may be taken without a meeting if the action is evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by all Members and delivered to the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company for inclusion in the minutes or for filing with the Company records. Action taken under this Section is effective when all Members have signed the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

7.06 Waiver of Notice. When any notice is required to be given to any Member, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the Person entitled to such notice, whether before, at or after the time stated therein, shall be equivalent to the giving of such notice.

7.07 Delegation to Board. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act, the Members agree that they shall act solely through the mechanisms provided herein relating to the appointment and authority of the Board of Directors.

8.01 Management by Board of Directors.

(a) Generally. Subject to any powers reserved to the Members under this Agreement, the business and affairs of the Company shall be fully vested in, and managed by, a Board of Directors (the "Board") and subject to the discretion of the Board, officers elected pursuant to this Article 8. The Directors and officers shall collectively constitute "managers" of the Company within the meaning of the Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the authority and functions of the Board, on the one hand, and of the officers, on the other hand, shall be identical to the authority and functions of the board of directors and officers, respectively, of a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The officers shall be vested with such powers and duties as are set forth in this Article 8 and as are specified by the Board. Accordingly, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the Board of the Company shall be conducted on the Company shall be agents of the Company.

(b) Number; Qualification; Tenure. The number of Directors constituting the initial Board of Directors shall be four. The number of Directors constituting the Board of Directors may be increased from time to time by resolution of the Members. Except as provided in Section 8.01(e) hereof, Directors shall be elected by the Members holding a plurality of the Member Interests, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the full term to which he shall have been elected and until his successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may resign at any time upon notice to the Company. A Director need not be a Member of the Company or a resident of the State of Delaware.

(c) Regular Meetings. Regular quarterly and annual meetings of the Board shall be held at such time and place as shall be designated from time to time by resolution of the Board. Notice of such regular quarterly and annual meetings shall not be required.

(d) Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any time, whenever called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the President of the Company or a majority of Directors then in office, at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as may be stated in the notice of the meeting. Notice of the time and place of a special meeting must be given by the person or persons calling such meeting at least twenty-four (24) hours, before the special meeting. The attendance of a Director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a Director attends a meeting for the sole purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

(e) Term; Resignation; Vacancies; Removal. Each Director shall hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified or until his earlier resignation or removal.



Any Director may resign at any time upon written notice to the Board, the Chairman of the Board, to the Chief Executive Officer or to any other Officer. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein, and unless otherwise specified therein no acceptance of such resignation shall be necessary to make it effective. Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of Directors or from any other cause shall be fulled by an affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Directors then in office, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining Director, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the remainder of the full term in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until such Director's successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may be removed, with or without cause, by a majority of the Members at any time, and the vacancy in the Board caused by any such removal shall be filled by an affirmative vote.

(f) Quorum; Required Vote for Action. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law or this Agreement, at all meetings of the Board of Directors a majority of the whole Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of the Directors present at any meeting of the Board of Directors at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

(g) Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board of Directors, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, and in the absence of a designation by the Board of Directors of an alternate member to replace the absent or disqualified member, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he, she or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any absent or disqualified member. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors establishing such committee, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board of Directors when required.

The designation of any such committee and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors, or any member thereof, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him by law, nor shall such committee function where action of the Board of Directors is required under applicable law. The Board of Directors shall have the power at any time to change the membership of any such committee and to fill vacancies in it. A majority of the members of any such committee shall constitute a quorum. Each such committee may elect a chairman and appoint such subcommittees and assistants as it may deem necessary. Except as otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, meetings of any committee shall be conducted in the same manner as the Board of Directors is business pursuant to this Agreement, as

the same shall from time to time be amended. Any member of any such committee elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Company will be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Election or appointment of a member of a committee shall not of itself create contract rights.

8.02 Officers

(a) Generally. The officers of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. Unless provided otherwise by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Officers shall have the titles, power, authority and duties described below in this Section 8.02.

(b) *Titles and Number*. The Officers of the Company shall be the Chairman of the Board (unless the Board of Directors provides otherwise), the Chief Executive Officer, the President, any and all Vice Presidents (including any Vice Presidents who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President), the Secretary, the Chief Financial Officer, any Treasurer and any and all Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers and the General Counsel. There shall be appointed from time to time such Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, Treasurers and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may desire. Any person may hold more than one office.

(c) Appointment and Term of Office. The Officers shall be appointed by the Board of Directors at such time and for such term as the Board of Directors shall determine. Any Officer may be removed, with or without cause, only by the Board of Directors. Vacancies in any office may be filled only by the Board of Directors.

(d) Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and he shall be a non-executive unless and until other executive powers and duties are assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors.

(e) Chief Executive Officer. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company may legally take. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall previde at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall exercise such other duties as may be assigned to him by this Agreement or the Board of Directors, including any duties and powers stated in any employment agreement approved by the Board of Directors.

(f) President. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the President, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company in the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and shall be responsible for the

management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company may legally take. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Members and, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board and a Chief Executive Officer, the President shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The President shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by this Agreement or the Board of Directors, including any duties and powers stated in any employment agreement approved by the Board of Directors.

(g) Vice Presidents. In the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and the President, each Vice President (including any Vice Presidents designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President) appointed by the Board of Directors shall have all of the powers and duties conferred upon the President, including the same power as the President to execute documents on behalf of the Company. Each such Vice President shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(h) Secretary and Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall record or cause to be recorded in books provided for that purpose the minutes of the meetings or actions of the Board of Directors, shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and as required by law, shall be custodian of all records (other than financial), shall see that the books, reports, statements, certificates and all other documents and records required by law are properly kept and filed, and, in general, shall perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may, from time to time, be assigned to him by this Agreement, the Board of Directors or the President. The Assistant Secretaries shall exercise the powers of the Secretary during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act.

(i) *Chief Financial Officer*. The Chief Financial Officer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of account of the Company. He shall receive and deposit all moneys and other valuables belonging to the Company in the name and to the credit of the Company and shall disburse the same and only in such manner as the Board of Directors or the appropriate Officer of the Company may from time to time determine. He shall render to the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer, whenever any of them request it, an account of all his transactions as Chief Financial Officer and of the financial condition of the Company, and shall perform such further duties as the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer may require. The Chief Financial Officer shall have the same power as the Chief Executive Officer to execute documents on behalf of the Company.

(j) *Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers*. The Treasurer shall have such duties as may be specified by the Chief Financial Officer in the performance of his duties. The Assistant Treasurers shall exercise the power of the Treasurer during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act. Each of the Assistant Treasurers shall possess the same power as the Treasurer to sign all certificates, contracts, obligations and other instruments of the Company. If no Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer is appointed and serving or in the absence of the appointed Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer, the Senior Vice President, or such other Officer as the Board of Directors shall select, shall have the powers and duties conferred upon the Treasurer.

(k) General Counsel. The General Counsel subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors, shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day legal affairs of the Company. The General Counsel shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(1) Powers of Attorney. The Company may grant powers of attorney or other authority as appropriate to establish and evidence the authority of the Officers and other persons.

(m) Delegation of Authority. Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the Board of Directors, no Officer shall have the power or authority to delegate to any person such Officer's rights and powers as an Officer to manage the business and affairs of the Company.

(n) Officers. The Board of Directors shall appoint Officers of the Company to serve from the date of such appointment until the death, resignation or removal by the Board of Directors with or without cause of such officer.

8.03 Duties of Officers and Directors. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the duties and obligations owed to the Company and to the Board of Directors by the Officers of the Company and by members of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be the same as the respective duties and obligations owed to a corporation organized under the Delaware General Corporation Law by its officers and directors, respectively.

8.04 Compensation. The members of the Board of Directors who are neither Officers nor employees of the Company shall be entitled to compensation as directors and committee members as approved by the Board and shall be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending meetings of the Board of Directors or committees thereof.

8.05 Indemnification

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by Law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, each Indemnitee (as defined below) shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities (joint or several), expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements and other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any such person may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of such person's status as (i) a present or former member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, (ii) a present or former Member, (iii) a present or former Officer, or (iv) a Person serving at the request of the Company in another entity in a similar capacity as that referred to in the immediately preceding clauses (i) or (ii), *provided*, that the Person described in the immediately preceding clauses (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) ("Indemnitee") shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect

of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05 shall be made only out of the assets of the Company.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 8.05(a) in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Company prior to the final disposition of such claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding upon receipt by the Company of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this Section 8.05.

(c) The indemnification provided by this Section 8.05 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, as a matter of law or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity, and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity.

(d) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance, on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors, the Officers and such other persons as the Board of Directors shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against or expense that may be incurred by such person in connection with the Company's activities, regardless of whether the Company would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.

(e) For purposes of this Section 8.05, the Company shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by the Indemnitee of such Indemnitee's duties to the Company also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, the Indemnitee to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of Section 8.05(a); and action taken or omitted by the Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan in the performance of such Indemnitee to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose which is in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject any Members of the Company to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions of this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 8.05 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 8.05 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees, their heirs, successors, assigns and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.05 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair either the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Company or the obligation of the Company to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 8.05 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted, and provided such Person became an Indemnitee hereunder prior to such amendment, modification or repeal.

(j) THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION 8.05 ARE INTENDED BY THE PARTIES TO APPLY EVEN IF SUCH PROVISIONS HAVE THE EFFECT OF EXCULPATING THE INDEMNITEE FROM LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PERSON'S NEGLIGENCE, FAULT OR OTHER CONDUCT.

8.06 Liability of Indemnitees

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Company, the Members or any other Person for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered in a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) Subject to its obligations and duties as set forth in this Article 8, the Board of Directors and any committee thereof may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through the Company's Officers or agents, and neither the Board of Directors nor any committee thereof shall be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such Officer or agent appointed by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof in good faith.

(c) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.06 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on liability under this Section 8.06 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may be asserted.



ARTICLE 9 ACCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS

9.01 Accounting Method. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained in accordance with the accrual method of accounting.

9.02 Accounting Period. The Company's accounting period shall be the Fiscal Year.

9.03 Records, Audits and Reports. At the expense of the Company, the Board of Directors shall maintain books and records of account of all operations and expenditures of the Company.

9.04 Inspection. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained at the principal place of business of the Company or such other location as shall be determined by the Board of Directors and shall be open to inspection by the Members at all reasonable times during any business day.

ARTICLE 10 TAX MATTERS

10.01 Tax Returns. The Board shall cause to be prepared and filed all necessary federal and state income tax returns for the Company, including making the elections described in Section 10.02. Each Member shall furnish to the Board all pertinent information in its possession relating to Company operations that is necessary to enable the Company's income tax returns to be prepared and filed.

10.02 Tax Elections. The Company shall make the following elections on the appropriate tax returns:

(a) to adopt a fiscal year ending on December 31 of each year;

(b) to adopt the accrual method of accounting and to keep the Company's books and records on the income-tax method;

(c) to adjust the basis of Company properties pursuant to section 754 of the Code; and

(d) any other election the Board may deem appropriate and in the best interests of the Members.

Neither the Company nor any Member may make an election for the Company to be excluded from the application of the provisions of subchapter K of chapter 1 of subtitle A of the Code or any similar provisions of applicable state law.

10.03 Tax Matters Partner. Duncan Energy Partners shall be the "tax matters partner" of the Company pursuant to section 6231(a)(7) of the Code. Tax matters partner shall take such action as may be necessary to cause each Member to become a "notice partner" within the meaning of section 6223 of the Code. The tax matters partner shall inform each Member of all

significant matters that may come to its attention in its capacity as tax matters partner by giving notice on or before the fifth Business Day after becoming aware of the matter and, within that time, shall forward to each Member copies of all significant written communications it may receive in that capacity.

ARTICLE 11 BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

11.01 Maintenance of Books.

(a) The Board of Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Company or at such other location approved by the Board of Directors complete and accurate books and records of the Company, supporting documentation of the transactions with respect to the conduct of the Company's business and minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors and any other books and records that are required to be maintained by applicable Law.

(b) The books of account of the Company shall be maintained on the basis of a fiscal year that is the calendar year and on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, consistently applied, except that the capital accounts of the Members shall be maintained in accordance with Section 4.04.

11.02 Reports. The Board of Directors shall cause to be prepared and delivered to each Member such reports, forecasts, studies, budgets and other information as the Members may reasonably request from time to time.
11.03 Bank Accounts. Funds of the Company shall be deposited in such banks or other depositories as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All withdrawals from any such depository shall be

made only as authorized by the Board of Directors and shall be made only by check, wire transfer, debit memorandum or other written instruction.

11.04 Tax Statements. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to furnish, within 90 Days of the close of each taxable year of the Company, estimated tax information reasonably required by the Members for federal and state income tax reporting purposes.

ARTICLE 12 DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION

12.01 Dissolution.

(a) The Company shall dissolve and its affairs shall be wound up on the first to occur of the following events (each a "Dissolution Event"):

(i) the unanimous consent of the Members in writing;

(ii) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Company under Section 18-802 of the Act;

(iii) at any time there are no Members of the Company, unless the Company is continued in accordance with the Act or this Agreement.

(b) No other event shall cause a dissolution of the Company.

(c) Upon the occurrence of any event that causes there to be no Members of the Company, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the personal representative of the last remaining Member is hereby authorized to, and shall, within 90 days after the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member in the Company, agree in writing (i) to continue the Company and (ii) to the admission of the personal representative or its nominee or designee, as the case may be, as a substitute Member of the Company, effective as of the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member of the Company.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Bankruptcy of a Member shall not cause such Member to cease to be a member of the Company and, upon the occurrence of such an event, the Company shall continue without dissolution.

12.02 Winding-Up and Termination

(a) On the occurrence of a Dissolution Event, the Board of Directors shall select one or more Persons to act as liquidator. The liquidator shall proceed diligently to wind up the affairs of the Company and make final distributions as provided herein and in the Act. The costs of winding up shall be borne as a Company expense. Until final distribution, the liquidator shall continue to operate the Company properties with all of the power and authority of the Board of Directors. The steps to be accomplished by the liquidator are as follows:

(i) as promptly as possible after dissolution and again after final winding up, the liquidator shall cause a proper accounting to be made by a recognized firm of certified public accountants of the Company's assets, liabilities, and operations through the last calendar day of the month in which the dissolution occurs or the final winding up is completed, as applicable;

(ii) the liquidator shall discharge from Company funds all of the debts, liabilities and obligations of the Company or otherwise make adequate provision for payment and discharge thereof (including the establishment of a cash escrow fund for contingent liabilities in such amount and for such term as the liquidator may reasonably determine); and

(iii) all remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed to the Members as follows:

(A) the liquidator may sell any or all Company property, including to Members, and any resulting gain or loss from each sale shall be computed and allocated to the capital accounts of the Members;

(B) with respect to all Company property that has not been sold, the fair market value of that property shall be determined and the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted to reflect the manner in which the unrealized income, gain, loss, and

deduction inherent in property that has not been reflected in the capital accounts previously would be allocated among the Members if there were a taxable disposition of that property for the fair market value of that property on the date of distribution; and

(C) Company property shall be distributed among the Members in accordance with the positive capital account balances of the Members, as determined after taking into account all capital account adjustments for the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company occurs (other than those made by reason of this clause (iii)); and those distributions shall be made by the end of the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company after the date of the liquidation).

(b) The distribution of cash or property to a Member in accordance with the provisions of this Section 12.02 constitutes a complete return to the Member of its Capital Contributions and a complete distribution to the Member of its share of all the Company's property and constitutes a compromise to which all Members have consented within the meaning of Section 18-502(b) of the Act. No Member shall be required to make any Capital Contribution to the Company to enable the Company to make the distributions described in this Section 12.02.

(c) On completion of such final distribution, the liquidator shall file a Certificate of Cancellation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and take such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the existence of the Company.

ARTICLE 13 MERGER

13.01 Authority. The Company may merge or consolidate with one or more limited liability companies, corporations, business trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a general partnership or limited partnership, formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction, pursuant to a written agreement of merger or consolidation ("Merger Agreement") in accordance with this Article 13.

13.02 Procedure for Merger or Consolidation. The merger or consolidation of the Company pursuant to this Article 13 requires the prior approval of a majority the Board of Directors and compliance with Section 13.03. Upon such approval, the Merger Agreement shall set forth:

(a) The names and jurisdictions of formation or organization of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(b) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation ("Surviving Business Entity");

(c) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(d) The manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (i) if any general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited partnership, limited partnership, or limited partnership, or protection, trust or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity), which the holders of such interests, rights, securities or obligations of the constituent business entity are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, their interests, rights, securities or obligations and (ii) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity), securities or obligations of the constituent business entity are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, their interests, rights, securities or obligations and (ii) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity), or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;

(e) A statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership or limited liability company or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;

(f) The effective time of the merger or consolidation, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 13.04 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (*provided*, that if the effective time of the merger or consolidation is to be later than the date of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation and stated therein); and

(g) Such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation as are deemed necessary or appropriate by the Board of Directors.

13.03 Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) The Board of Directors, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement, shall direct that the Merger Agreement be submitted to a vote of the Members, whether at a meeting or by written consent. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a meeting or the written consent.

(b) After approval by vote or consent of the Members, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation pursuant to Section 13.04, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement.

13.04 Certificate of Merger or Consolidation. Upon the required approval by the Board of Directors and the Members of a Merger Agreement, a certificate of merger or consolidation shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in conformity with the requirements of the Act.

13.05 Effect of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) At the effective time of the certificate of merger or consolidation:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were property of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interest in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity, and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) A merger or consolidation effected pursuant to this Article 13 shall not (i) be deemed to result in a transfer or assignment of assets or liabilities from one entity to another having occurred or (ii) require the Company (if it is not the Surviving Business Entity) to wind up its affairs, pay its liabilities or distribute its assets as required under Article 12 of this Agreement or under the applicable provisions of the Act.

ARTICLE 14 GENERAL PROVISIONS

14.01 Notices. Except as expressly set forth to the contrary in this Agreement, all notices, requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered to the recipient in person, by courier or mail or by facsimile or other electronic transmission and a notice, request or consent given under this Agreement is effective on receipt by the Person to receive it; *provided, however*, that a facsimile or other electronic transmission that is transmitted after the normal business hours of the recipient shall be deemed effective on the next Business Day. All notices, requests and consents to be sent to a Member must be sent to or made at the addresses given for that Member as that Member may specify by notice to the other Members. Any notice, request or consent to the Company must be given to all of the Members. Whenever any notice is required to be given by applicable Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to

the giving of such notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given by Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

14.02 Entire Agreement; Supersedure. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Members and their respective Affiliates relating to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior contracts or agreements with respect to such subject matter, whether oral or written.

14.03 Effect of Waiver or Consent. Except as provided in this Agreement, a waiver or consent, express or implied, to or of any breach or default by any Person in the performance by that Person of its obligations with respect to the Company is not a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by that Person of the same or any other obligations of that Person with respect to the Company. Except as provided in this Agreement, failure on the part of a Person to complain of any act of any Person or to declare any Person in default with respect to the Company, irrespective of how long that failure continues, does not constitute a waiver by that Person of its rights with respect to that default until the applicable statute-of-limitations period has run.

14.04 Amendment or Restatement. This Agreement may be amended or restated only by a written instrument executed by all Members.

14.05 Binding Effect. This Agreement is binding on and shall inure to the benefit of the Members and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.

14.06 Governing Law; Severability. THIS AGREEMENT IS GOVERNED BY AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, EXCLUDING ANY CONFLICT-OF-LAWS RULE OR PRINCIPLE THAT MIGHT REFER THE GOVERNANCE OR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS AGREEMENT TO THE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION. In the event of a direct conflict between the provision of the Agreement and (a) any provision of the Organizational Certificate, or (b) any mandatory, non-waivable provision of the Act, such provision of the Organizational Certificate or the Act shall control. If any provision of the Act provides that it may be varied or superseded in the limited liability company agreement (or otherwise by agreement of the members or managers of a limited liability company), such provision shall be deemed superseded and waived in its entirety if this Agreement contains a provision addressing the same issue or subject matter. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any Person or circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, (a) the remainder of this Agreement and the application to other Persons or circumstances is not affected thereby and that provision shall be enforced to the greatest extent permitted by Law, and (b) the Members or Directors (as the case may be) shall negotiate in good faith to replace that provision that is valid and enforceable and that puts the Members in substantially the same economic, business and legal position as they would have been in if the original provision had been valid and enforceable.

14.07 Further Assurances. In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, each Member shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and those transactions.

14.08 Offset. Whenever the Company is to pay any sum to any Member, any amounts that a Member owes the Company may be deducted from that sum before payment.

14.09 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signing parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and constitute the same instrument.

14.10 Execution of Additional Instruments. Each Member hereby agrees to execute such other and further statements of interest and holdings, designations, powers of attorney and other instruments necessary to comply with any laws, rules or regulations.

14.11 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application thereof shall not be affected and shall be enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

14.12 Headings. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and are in no way intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the sole Member has executed this Agreement as of the date first set forth above.

SOLE MEMBER:

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

By: DEP Holdings, LLC, its general partner

By: /s/ Richard H. Bachmann Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

Attachment I

Defined Terms

Act — the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act and any successor statute, as amended from time to time.

Affiliate — with respect to any Person, each Person Controlling, Controlled by or under common Control with such first Person

Agreement — this Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company, as the same may be amended, modified, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"Allocation Regulations" means Treas. Reg. §§ 1.704-1(b), 1.704-2 and 1.704-3 (including any temporary regulations) as such regulations may be amended and in effect from time to time and any corresponding provision of succeeding regulations.

Bankruptc or **Bankrupt** — with respect to any Person, that (a) such Person (i) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors; (ii) files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; (iii) is insolvent, or has entered against such Person an order for relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding; (iv) files a petition or answer seeking for such Person any reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any Law; (v) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against such Person in a proceeding of the type described in subclauses (i) through (iv) of this clause (a); or (vi) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; or (b) 120 Days have passed after the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; one ending seeking reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any Law, if the proceeding has not been dismissed, or 90 Days have passed after the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; if the appointment is not vacated or stayed, or 90 Days have passed after the date of expiration of any such stay, if the appointment has not been vacated.

Board of Directors or Board - Section 8.01.

Business Day — any Day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a Day on which national banking associations in the State of Texas are authorized or required by Law to close.

Capital Contribution — Section 4.01(a).

Carrying Value means (a) with respect to property contributed to the Company, the fair market value of such property at the time of contribution reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, depletion (computed as a separate item of deduction), amortization and cost recovery deductions charged to the Members' capital accounts, (b) with respect to any property whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, the adjusted value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partner's capital accounts and (c) with respect to any other Company property, the adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination.

Attachment I – 1

Company — initial paragraph.

Control — shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power and authority to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership or control of Voting Stock, by contract or otherwise.

Day — a calendar Day; provided, however, that, if any period of Days referred to in this Agreement shall end on a Day that is not a Business Day, then the expiration of such period shall be automatically extended until the end of the first succeeding Business Day.

Delaware General Corporation Law — Title 8 of the Delaware Code, as amended from time to time.

Director — each member of the Board of Directors elected as provided in Section 8.01.

Dispose, Disposition means, with respect to any asset, any sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, gift, exchange or other disposition of such asset, whether such disposition be voluntary, involuntary or by operation of Law.

Dissolution Event — Section 12.01(a)

Duncan Energy Partners - initial paragraph.

Effective Date — initial paragraph.

Existing Agreement — Recitals.

Indemnitee — Section 8.05(a).

Law — any applicable constitutional provision, statute, act, code (including the Code), law, regulation, rule, ordinance, order, decree, ruling, proclamation, resolution, judgment, decision, declaration or interpretative or advisory opinion or letter of a governmental authority.

Liability — any liability or obligation, whether known or unknown, asserted or unasserted, absolute or contingent, matured or unmatured, conditional or unconditional, latent or patent, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated, or due or to become due.

Member — any Person executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement as a member or hereafter admitted to the Company as a member as provided in this Agreement, but such term does not include any Person who has ceased to be a member in the Company.

Membership Interest — with respect to any Member, (a) that Member's status as a Member; (b) that Member's share of the income, gain, loss, deduction and credits of, and the right to receive distributions from, the Company; (c) all other rights, benefits and privileges enjoyed by that Member (under the Act, this Agreement, or otherwise) in its capacity as a

Attachment I – 2

Member; and (d) all obligations, duties and liabilities imposed on that Member (under the Act, this Agreement or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member, including any obligations to make Capital Contributions.

Merger Agreement — Section 13.01.

Officers — any person elected as an officer of the Company as provided in Section 8.02(a), but such term does not include any person who has ceased to be an officer of the Company.

Organizational Certificate — Section 2.01.

Person — a natural person, partnership (whether general or limited), limited liability company, governmental entity, trust, estate, association, corporation, venture, custodian, nominee or any other individual or entity in its own or any representative capacity.

Sharing Ratio — subject in each case to adjustments in accordance with this Agreement or in connection with Dispositions of Membership Interests, (a) in the case of a Member executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement or a Person acquiring such Member's Membership Interest, the percentage specified for that Member as its Sharing Ratio on <u>Exhibit A</u>, and (b) in the case of Membership Interests issued pursuant to Section 3.02, the Sharing Ratio established pursuant thereto; provided, however, that the total of all Sharing Ratios shall always equal 100%.

Surviving Business Entity — Section 13.02(b).

Voting Stock — with respect to any Person, Equity Interests in such Person, the holders of which are ordinarily, in the absence of contingencies, entitled to vote for the election of, or otherwise appoint, directors (or Persons with management authority performing similar functions) of such Person.

Withdraw, Withdrawing and Withdrawal — the withdrawal, resignation or retirement of a Member from the Company as a Member.

Attachment I – 3

Exhibit A

Name and Address of Partner

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Sharing Ratio

100%

Exhibit A – 1

[Andrews Kurth LLP Letterhead]

January 19, 2007

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002

Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel to Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), in connection with the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), of the offering and sale of up to an aggregate of 14,950,000 common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the "Common Units") by the Partnership.

As the basis for the opinion hereinafter expressed, we have examined such statutes, including the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "Delaware Act"), regulations, corporate records and documents, certificates of corporate and public officials, and other instruments and documents as we have deemed necessary or advisable for the purposes of this opinion. In making our examination, we have assumed that all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals and the conformity with the original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified, conformed or photostatic copies.

Based on the foregoing and on such legal considerations as we deem relevant, we are of the opinion that the Common Units, when issued and delivered on behalf of the Partnership against payment therefore as described in the Partnership's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Commission File No. 333-138371), as amended, relating to the Common Units (the "Registration Statement"), will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

We express no opinion other than as to the federal laws of the United States of America and the Delaware Act. We hereby consent to the reference to us under the heading "Validity of the Common Units" in the prospectus forming a part of the Registration Statement and to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not thereby admit that we are included in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the SEC issued thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Andrews Kurth LLP

[Andrews Kurth LLP Letterhead]

January 19, 2007

Duncan Energy Partners L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002

RE: REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-1

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel for Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Partnership"), a Delaware limited partnership, with respect to certain legal matters in connection with the offer and sale (the "Offering") of common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership ("Common Units"). We have also participated in the preparation of a Registration Statement on Form S-1 and the amendments thereto (No. 333-138371) (such registration statement, as amended, the "Registration Statement") to which this opinion is an exhibit. In connection therewith, we have participated in the preparation of the discussion set forth under the caption "Material Tax Consequences" (the "Discussion") in the Registration Statement.

The Discussion, subject to the qualifications and assumptions stated in the Discussion and the limitations and qualifications set forth herein, constitutes our opinion as to the material United States federal income tax consequences for purchasers of the Common Units pursuant to the Offering.

This opinion letter is limited to the matters set forth herein, and no opinions are intended to be implied or may be inferred beyond those expressly stated herein. Our opinion is rendered as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to update or supplement this opinion or any matter related to this opinion to reflect any change of fact, circumstances, or law after the date hereof. In addition, our opinion is based on the assumption that the matter will be properly presented to the applicable court.

Furthermore, our opinion is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or a court. In addition, we must note that our opinion represents merely our best legal judgment on the matters presented and that others may disagree with our conclusion. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will not take a contrary position or that a court would agree with our opinion if litigated.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the references to our firm and this opinion contained in the Discussion. In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are "experts" under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission relating thereto, with respect to any part of the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Andrews Kurth LLP

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.,

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC,

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.,

DEP OLPGP, LLC

AND

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

DATED AS OF [_____], 2007

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS; RECORDATION 1.1 Definitions

- ARTICLE II THE OFFERING AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS
- 2.1 Contribution by EPD OLP to MLP of the Subject Interests
- 2.2 2.3
- Public Cash Contribution MLP Receipt of Cash Contribution
- 2.4 MLP Cash Distribution to EPD OLP
- 2.5 Conveyance and Contribution by MLP (including 0.001% on behalf of OLP GP) to OLP of the Subject Interests
- ARTICLE III ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES
- 3.1
- Assumption of Subject Liabilities by MLP Assumptions of Subject Liabilities by OLP General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities 3.2 3.3
- ARTICLE IV FURTHER ASSURANCES
- 4.1 Further Assurances 4.2 Other Assurances
- ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS
- Order of Completion of Transactions Headings; References; Interpretation Successors and Assigns 5.1 5.2
- 5.3
- 5.4 No Third Party Rights
- 5.5 5.6
- 5.7
- Counterparts Governing Law Assignment of Agreement 5.8
- Amendment or Modification Director and Officer Liability Severability 5.9
- 5.10
- 5.11 Integration

-i-

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

THIS CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") dated as of [___], 2007, is made and entered into by and among Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("<u>EPD OLP</u>"), DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>General Partner</u>"), Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("<u>MLP</u>"), DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("<u>OLP</u>"), and DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>OLP GP</u>"). The above-named entities are sometimes referred to in this Agreement each as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Partner</u>." Certain capitalized terms used are defined in Article I hereof.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the General Partner and EPD OLP have formed MLP, pursuant to the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "Delaware LP Act"), for the purpose of engaging in any business activity that is approved by the General Partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware LP Act.

WHEREAS, in order to accomplish the objectives and purposes in the preceding recital, the following actions have been taken prior to the date hereof:

1. EPD OLP formed the General Partner, under the terms of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act"), to which EPD OLP contributed \$1,000 in exchange for a 100% membership interest in the General Partner.

2. The General Partner and EPD OLP formed MLP, under the terms of the Delaware LP Act, to which the General Partner contributed \$60 and EPD OLP contributed \$2,940.00 in exchange for a 2% general partner interest and 98% limited partner interest, respectively in MLP.

3. MLP formed OLP GP, under the terms of the Delaware LLC Act, to which MLP contributed \$1,000 in exchange for a 100% membership interest in OLP GP.

4. OLP GP and MLP formed the OLP, under the terms of the Delaware LP Act, to which OLP GP contributed \$0.01 and MLP contributed \$999.99 in exchange for a 0.001% general partner interest and 99.999% limited partner interest, respectively in OLP.

5. EPD OLP and Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., a Delaware corporation "EPD OLPGP"), formed Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Mont Belvieu LP"), under the terms of the Delaware LP Act, to which EPD OLPGP contributed \$0.01 and EPD OLP contributed \$999.99 in exchange for a 0.001% general partner interest and 99.999% limited partner interest, respectively, in Mont Belvieu LP.

6. EPD OLP formed South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("South Texas NGL"), under the terms of the Delaware LLC Act, to which EPD OLP contributed \$1,000 in exchange for a 100% membership interest in South Texas NGL.

7. Mont Belvieu LP filed the necessary certificates and documents, under the terms of the applicable laws of the State of Delaware and under the Delaware LP Act and the Delaware LLC Act, pursuant to which Mont Belvieu LP was converted into a Delaware limited liability company named Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC ("<u>Mont Belvieu LLC</u>") effective January 10, 2007, with EPD OLP and EPD OLPGP owning 99.999% and 0.001% of the membership interests, respectively.

8. MLP, OLP and certain other OLP subsidiaries have entered into a credit Agreement, dated as of January 5, 2007, with Wachovia Bank, as Administrative Agent and Lender, and the other Lenders named theretin (the "<u>Credit Facility</u>"), to, among other things, allow the MLP to borrow up to \$300 million under the Credit Facility (i) initially, in an amount not to exceed \$210 million, (A) for distribution to EPD OLP in connection with the contributions of assets under this Agreement contemplated in connection with the initial public offering of common units by the MLP (the "<u>IPO</u>"), and for payment of transaction and related offering expenses related to the transaction contemplated by this Agreement, the IPO and the Credit Facility, and related transactions, and (ii) thereafter, as a backstop for commercial paper and for working capital, acquisitions, capital expenditures and other company purposes.

9. EPD OLP, EPD OLPGP, Enterprise Products Texas Operating, LP, a Texas limited partnership ("<u>Texas Operating</u>") and Mont Belvieu LLC have entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated January ____, 2007 but effective on January ____, 2007, pursuant to which (i) Texas Operating (a) contributed and conveyed its Mont Belvieu East and Mont Belvieu West storage assets to Mont Belvieu LLC in exchange for membership interests in Mont Belvieu LLC, and (b) immediately upon receipt thereof distributed such Mont Belvieu membership interests 1% to EPD OLPG and 99% to EPD OLP, and (ii) EPD OLP contributed and conveyed its Mont Belvieu LLC was amended to adjust the membership interests to reflect the relative capital accounts of EPD OLP after giving effect to the capital contributions.

10. EPD OLP, Enterprise GC, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*Enterprise GC*"), Enterprise Holding III, LLC ("*Holdings III*"), Enterprise GTM Holdings LP ("*GTM Holdings*"), Enterprise GTMGP, LLC ("*GTMGP*") and South Texas NGL have entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated January _____, 2007, pursuant to which (i) Enterprise GC has conveyed the South Texas NGL pipeline assets, as set forth on the schedules thereto, to South Texas NGL effective on January ____, 2007, in exchange for membership interests of South Texas NGL, (ii) Enterprise GC distributed all of such South Texas NGL membership interests 99% to GTM Holdings and 1% to Holdings III distributed all of its South Texas NGL membership interests to GTM Holdings, (iv) GTM Holdings distributed all of its resulting South Texas NGL membership interests 99% to EPD OLP and 1% to GTMGP, (v) GTMGP distributed all of its membership interests to GTM, (vi) GTM distributed all of such membership interests to EPD OLP, and (vii) GTMGP distributed all of such membership interests to EPD OLP, with the result that EPD OLP remained the sole member of South Texas NGL.

-2-

WHEREAS, concurrently with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (the "Closing"), each of the following matters shall occur:

1. Each of Acadian Gas, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Acadian Gas"), South Texas NGL, Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P, a Texas limited partnership "Sabine LP"), Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership ("Lou-Tex LP"), and Mont Belvieu LLC will distribute its cash on hand, if any, to its respective members and partners.

2. After giving effect to such distributions of cash on hand, EPD OLP, for itself and on behalf of the General Partner for its respective interest in each of the Subject Interests to MLP in exchange for a continuation of the General Partner's 2% general partner interest in MLP, will contribute the following equity interests in its subsidiaries to MLP: (a) a 66% membership interest in Acadian Gas, (b) a 66% membership interest in South Texas NGL, (c) a 66% general partner interest in Sabine LP, (d) a 66% general partner interest in Lou-Tex LP and (e) a 66% membership interest in Mont Belvieu LLC (collectively, the "Subject Interests").

3. The public, through the Underwriters, will contribute \$ million net of the underwriters' discounts and commissions and structuring fees (the "Offering Proceeds"), to MLP in exchange for 13,000,000 Common Units representing a 62.8% limited partner interest in MLP.

4. MLP will use the net Offering Proceeds to (a) pay transaction expenses associated with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement in the estimated net amount of approximately \$2.9 million (exclusive of the underwriters' discounts and commissions and structuring fees, but net of a reimbursement for certain expenses received from the underwriters), (b) distribute an amount to EPD OLP as a portion of the cash consideration equal to:

(i) the Offering Proceeds, less

(ii) \$2.9 million (the estimated transaction expenses), less

(iii) the product of 66% multiplied by the difference between (x) \$101.7 million and (y) the actual construction and acquisition costs paid by EPD OLP or its Affiliates with respect to (A) the South Texas NGL pipeline (excluding the original pipeline purchase costs of approximately \$97.7 million) owned by South Texas NGL as of the date hereof and (B) the Mont Belvieu brine production and above-ground storage projects included in or for the benefit of the assets owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns as of the date hereof, prior to the contribution of interests in South Texas NGL and Mont Belvieu Caverns to us pursuant to this Agreement at the Closing (as defined below)(such amount, the "<u>Distributable Proceeds</u>").

(c) provide approximately \$18.9 million to make a capital contribution to South Texas NGL in connection with the planned expansions to the South Texas NGL pipeline, and (d) provide approximately \$9.3 million to make a capital contribution to Mont Belvieu LLC in connection with planned construction projects to expand brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs.

-3-

5. MLP will issue 7,301,571 Common Units to EPD OLP as partial consideration for the contribution of the Subject Interests.

6. MLP will contribute the Subject Interests and to OLP as a capital contribution.

7. MLP will borrow approximately \$200 million under the Credit Facility and distribute \$198.9 million of such funds under the Credit Facility to EPD OLP as partial consideration for the contribution of the Subject Interests.

8. If the Underwriters exercise their option to purchase up to an additional 1,950,000 Common Units, MLP shall use proceeds of that exercise, after deducting underwriters' discounts and commissions and structuring fees, to redeem an equal number of Common Units owned by EPD OLP.

9. The agreements of limited partnership and the limited liability company agreements of the aforementioned entities will be amended and restated to the extent necessary to reflect the applicable matters set forth above and as contained in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of their mutual undertakings and agreements hereunder, the Parties undertake and agree as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS; RECORDATION

1.1 Definitions. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined elsewhere in this Agreement shall have the meanings given such terms as is set forth below.

"Acadian Gas" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"<u>affiliate</u>" means, with respect to a specified person, any other person controlling, controlled by or under common control with that first person. As used in this definition, the term "control" includes (i) with respect to any person having voting securities or the equivalent and elected directors, managers or persons performing similar functions, the ownership of or power to vote, directly or indirectly, voting securities or the equivalent and person and (iii) the ability to direct the business and affairs of any person by acting as a general partner, manager or otherwise.

"Agreement" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Common Units" has the meaning assigned to such term in the MLP Agreement.

"Closing" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Credit Facility" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Delaware LLC Act" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Delaware LP Act" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Distributable Proceeds" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Effective Date" means [___], 2007.

"Enterprise GC" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"EPD OLP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"EPD OLPGP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"General Partner" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"IPO" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Laws" means any and all laws, statutes, ordinances, rules or regulations promulgated by a governmental authority, orders of a governmental authority, judicial decisions, decisions of arbitrators or determinations of any governmental authority or court.

"Lou-Tex LP" means Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership.

"MLP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"MLP Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership, dated as of ____, 2007, of the MLP.

"Mont Belvieu LLC" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Mont Belvieu LP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"<u>Offering Proceeds</u>" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"OLP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"OLP GP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Party" and "Parties" have the meanings assigned to such terms in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Prospectus" means the final prospectus related to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-138371) filed by the MLP with the Securities and Exchange Commission on _____, 2007, in connection with the MLP's initial public offering.

-5-

"Sabine LP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"South Texas NGL" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Subject Interests" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

"Subject Liabilities" means all obligations and liabilities relating to the Subject Interests.

"Texas Operating" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals.

ARTICLE II THE OFFERING AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

2.1 Contribution by EPD OLP to MLP of the Subject Interests. EPD OLP, for itself and on behalf of the General Partner for its respective interest in each of the Subject Interests to MLP in exchange for a continuation of the General Partner's 2% general partner interest in MLP, hereby grants, contributes, transfers, assigns and conveys to MLP, its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever, the Subject Interests, and MLP hereby accepts the distribution of the Subject Interests from EPD OLP for its own account as an additional capital contribution in exchange for 7,301,571 Common Units representing a 35.2% limited partner interest in MLP (and approximately 36.0% of the initial outstanding Common Units).

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the Subject Interests unto MLP, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, forever.

2.2 Public Cash Contribution. The Parties acknowledge the cash contribution of the Offering Proceeds from the public through the underwriters to MLP in connection with the Offering in exchange for 13,000,000 Common Units representing a 62.8% limited partner interest in MLP (and approximately 64.0% of the initial outstanding Common Units), which cash contribution is being made and which Common Units are being issued immediately after the effective time of the contribution and transfer of the Subject Interests to the MLP.

2.3 MLP Receipt of Cash Contribution. MLP acknowledges receipt of the Offering Proceeds (which are net of the underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees withheld by the underwriters from the Offering Proceeds as payment thereof) in cash as a capital contribution to MLP, and the Parties acknowledge that MLP has used all of such capital contributions to (a) pay transaction expenses associated with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement in the estimated amount of approximately \$2.9 million (exclusive of the underwriters' discounts and commissions and structuring fees and net of a reimbursement for certain expenses received from the underwriters), (b) distribute the Distributable Proceeds to EPD OLP as a portion of the cash consideration, (c) provide approximately \$18.9 million to make a capital contribution to South Texas NGL in connection with the planned expansions to the South Texas NGL pipeline, and (d) provide approximately \$9.3 million to make a capital contribution to Mont Belvieu LLC in connection with planned construction projects to expand brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoirs.

-6-

2.4 MLP Cash Distribution to EPD OLP. The Parties acknowledge the distribution by MLP of (1) \$198,900,000 from borrowings under the Credit Facility and (2) the Distributable Proceeds, and the receipt by EPD OLP of such cash amounts from MLP. A portion of these distributions have been made to satisfy the reimbursement for capital expenditures of EPD OLP.

2.5 Conveyance and Contribution by MLP (including 0.001% on behalf of OLP GP) to OLP of the Subject Interests. MLP hereby grants, contributes, transfers, assigns and conveys to OLP (including 0.001% on behalf of OLP GP), its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever, all of its rights, title and interest in and to the Subject Interests and OLP hereby accepts the Subject Interests as an additional capital contribution from each of MLP and OLP GP.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the Subject Interests unto OLP, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, forever.

ARTICLE III ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES

3.1 Assumption of Subject Liabilities by MLP. In connection with the contribution by EPD OLP of the Subject Interests to MLP, as set forth in Section 2.1 above, MLP hereby assumes and agrees to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge all of the Subject Liabilities, to the full extent that EPD OLP has been heretofore or would have been in the future obligated to pay, perform and discharge the Subject Liabilities were it not for such distribution and the execution and delivery of this Agreement; *provided, however*, that said assumption and agreement to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge the Subject Liabilities shall not (i) increase the obligation of MLP with respect to the Subject Liabilities beyond that of EPD OLP, (ii) waive any valid defense that was available to EPD OLP with respect to the Subject Liabilities.

3.2 Assumptions of Subject Liabilities by OLP. In connection with the contribution by MLP of the Subject Interests to OLP, as set forth in Section 2.5 above, OLP hereby assumes and agrees to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge all of the Subject Liabilities, to the full extent that MLP has been heretofore or would have been in the future obligated to pay, perform and discharge the Subject Liabilities were it not for such distribution and the execution and delivery of this Agreement; *provided, however*; that said assumption and agreement to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge the Subject Liabilities shall not (i) increase the obligation of OLP with respect to the Subject Liabilities by ond that of MLP, (ii) waive any valid defense that was available to MLP with respect to the Subject Liabilities or (iii) enlarge any rights or remedies of any third party under any of the Subject Liabilities.

3.3 General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement including, without limitation, the terms and provisions of this Article III, none of the Parties shall be deemed to have assumed, and the Subject Interests have not and are not being distributed or contributed, as the case may be, subject to, any liens or security interests securing consensual indebtedness covering such Subject

-7-

Interests, and all such liens and security interests shall be deemed to be excluded from the assumptions of liabilities made under this Article III.

ARTICLE IV FURTHER ASSURANCES

4.1 Further Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, the Parties agree to execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional deeds, assignments, bills of sale, conveyances, instruments, notices, releases, acquittances and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate (a) more fully to assure that the applicable Parties own all of the properties, rights, titles, interests, estates, remedies, powers and privileges granted by this Agreement, or which are intended to be so granted, (b) more fully and effectively to vest in the applicable Parties and their respective successors and assigns beneficial and record tille to the interests contributed and assigned by this Agreement or intended so to be and (c) to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

4.2 Other Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, each of the Parties shall execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional instruments, notices and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement. It is the express intent of the Parties that MLP or its subsidiaries own the Subject Interests that are identified in this Agreement and in the Prospectus.

ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

5.1 Order of Completion of Transactions. The transactions provided for in Article II and Article III of this Agreement shall be completed on the Effective Date in the following order:

First, the transactions provided for in Article II shall be completed in the order set forth therein; and

Second, the transactions provided for in Article III shall be completed in the order set forth therein.

5.2 Headings; References; Interpretation. All Article and Section headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All references herein to Articles and Sections shall, unless the context requires a different construction, be deemed to be references to the Articles and Sections of this Agreement, respectively. All personal pronouns used in this Agreement, whether used in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender, shall include all other genders, and the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. The use herein of the word "including" following any general statement, term or matter shall not be construed to limit such

-8-

statement, term or matter to the specific items or matters set forth immediately following such word or to similar items or matters, whether or not non-limiting language (such as "without limitation," "but not limited to," or words of similar import) is used with reference thereto, but rather shall be deemed to refer to all other items or matters that could reasonably fall within the broadest possible scope of such general statement, term or matter.

5.3 Successors and Assigns. The Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties signatory hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

5.4 No Third Party Rights. Except as provided herein, nothing in this Agreement is intended to or shall confer upon any person other than the Parties, and their respective successors and permitted assigns, any rights, benefits, or remedies of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement and no person is or is intended to be a third party beneficiary of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

5.5 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which together shall constitute one agreement binding on the parties hereto.

5.6 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the Laws of the State of Texas applicable to contracts made and to be performed wholly within such state without giving effect to conflict of law principles thereof, except to the extent that it is mandatory that the Law of some other jurisdiction, wherein the interests are located, shall apply.

5.7 Assignment of Agreement. Neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests, or obligations hereunder may be assigned by any Party without the prior written consent of each of the Parties.

5.8 Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties hereto and affected thereby.

5.9 Director and Officer Liability. Except to the extent that they are a party hereto, the directors, managers, officers, partners and securityholders of the Parties and their respective affiliates shall not have any personal liability or obligation arising under this Agreement (including any claims that another party may assert).

5.10 Severability. If any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal, or incapable of being enforced under applicable Law or public policy, all other conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated herein are not affected in any manner adverse to any Party. Upon such determination that any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal, or incapable of being enforced, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible in a mutually acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated herein are consummated as originally contemplated to the fullest extent possible.

5.11 Integration. This Agreement and the instruments referenced herein supersede any and all previous understandings or agreements among the Parties, whether oral or written,



with respect to their subject matter. This Agreement and such instruments contain the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof. No understanding, representation, promise or agreement, whether oral or written, is intended to be or shall be included in or form part of this Agreement or any such instrument unless it is contained in a written amendment hereto or thereto and executed by the Parties hereto or thereto after the date of this Agreement or such instrument.

[The Remainder of this Page is Intentionally Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the parties hereto as of the date first above written.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

By: ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC., its General Partner

By:

Name Title

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

By: DEP HOLDINGS, LLC, its General Partner

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, its General Partner

By:

Name Title

DEP OLPGP, LLC

By:

Name Title

Signature Page to Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P. ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC. ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS TEXAS OPERATING, L.P.

AND MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC

ARTICLE I DEFINITIO	Νς, ΒΕΟΟΒΡΑΤΙΟΝ		
1.1	Definitions		
1.1	Schedules		
ARTICLE II THE CONV			
2.1	Contribution and Conveyance of the Mont Belvieu Assets by EP Texas to MBLLC		
2.1	Distribution of MBLLC Interests		
2.2	EPOLP Contribution of Mont Belvieu North Assets to MBLLC		
2.3			
	Specific Conveyances		
2.5	Excluded Assets		
	TION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES		
3.1	Assumption of Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities by MBLLC		
3.2	General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities		
ARTICLE IV TITLE MATTERS			
4.1	Encumbrances		
4.2	Disclaimer of Warranties; Subrogation; Waiver		
ARTICLE V FURTHER	ASSURANCES		
5.1	Further Assurances		
5.2	Other Assurances		
ARTICLE VI POWER C	OF ATTORNEY		
6.1	EP Texas		
6.2	EPOLP		
ARTICLE VII MISCELI	ANEOUS		
7.1	Order of Completion of Transactions		
7.2	Consents; Restriction on Assignment		
7.3	Costs		
7.4	Headings; References; Interpretation		
7.5	Successors and Assigns		
7.6	No Third Party Rights		
7.7	Counterparts		
7.8	Governing Law		
7.9	Severability		
7.10	Deed; Bill of Sale; Assignment		
7.10	Amendment or Modification		
7.11	Integration		
/.12	Integration		

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

THIS CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT, dated as of _______, 2007 (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), is entered into by and among ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("<u>EPOLP</u>"), ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLEGP, INC., a Delaware corporation ("<u>EPOLPGP</u>"), ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS TEXAS OPERATING L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EP Texas"), and MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>MBLLC</u>"). The foregoing shall be referred to individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>." Certain capitalized terms used are defined in <u>ARTICLE I</u> hereof.

RECITALS

- 1. WHEREAS, Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("*EPOLPGP*"), as general partner, and EPOLP, as limited partner, formed Mont Belvieu Caverns, L.P. ("*MBLP*") pursuant to the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "*Delaware LP Act*") for the purpose of owning and operating certain storage assets and related facilities;
- 2. WHEREAS, EPOLPGP and EPOLP filed the necessary certificates and documents, under the terms of the applicable laws of the State of Delaware and under the Delaware LP Act and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act"), pursuant to which MBLP was converted into a Delaware limited liability company named MBLLC.
- 3. WHEREAS, EP Texas will convey the MBLLC East/West Assets (as defined herein) to MBLLC as a capital contribution with MBLLC assuming the Mont Belvieu East/West Asset Liabilities (as defined herein).
- 4. WHEREAS, EPOLP will contribute the Mont Belvieu North Assets (as defined herein) to MBLLC with MBLLC assuming the Mont Belvieu North Liabilities (as defined herein) in exchange for the continuation of its respective membership interest after giving effect to the capital contribution.
- 5. WHEREAS, in connection with the foregoing capital contributions, MBLLC will issue to EP Texas membership interest in MBLLC.
- 6. WHEREAS, EP Texas will distribute its membership interest in MBLLC to EPOLPGP (1%) and EPOLP (99%); and
- WHEREAS, as a result of such transactions, EPOLP will hold a membership interest in MBLLC with a Sharing Ratio of [99.365]% and EPOLPGP will hold a membership interest in MBLLC with a Sharing Ratio of [0.635]%.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of their mutual undertakings and agreements hereunder, the Parties undertake and agree as follows:

1.1 *Definitions*. The following capitalized terms have the meanings given below.

"<u>Agreement</u>" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Delaware LLC Act" has the meaning assigned to such term in the second recital of this Agreement.

"Delaware LP Act" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first recital of this Agreement.

"Effective Date" means _____, 2007.

"Effective Time" means the time when the transactions contemplated by Article II hereof have been consummated.

"EPOLP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"EPOLPGP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first recital of this Agreement.

"EP Texas" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Excluded Assets" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.5.

"Excluded Liabilities" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 3.2.

"Laws" means any and all laws, statutes, ordinances, rules or regulations promulgated by a governmental authority, orders of a governmental authority, judicial decisions, decisions of arbitrators or determinations of any governmental authority or court.

"Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities" shall mean all liabilities and obligations relating to the Mont Belvieu Assets. The Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities shall not include the Excluded Liabilities.

"Mont Belvieu Assets" means the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets and the Mont Belvieu North Assets, collectively.

"Mont Belvieu East/West Assets" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.1.

"Mont Belvieu East/West Liabilities" shall mean all liabilities and obligations relating to the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets.

"Mont Belvieu North Assets" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.3.

"Mont Belvieu North Liabilities" shall mean all liabilities and obligations relating to the Mont Belvieu North Assets.

"<u>MBLLC</u>" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Party and Parties" have the meanings assigned to such terms in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Registration Statement" means the registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-138371) filed by Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

"Restriction" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.2.

"Restriction Asset" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.2.

"Specific Conveyances" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.4.

1.2 *Schedules*. The following schedules are attached hereto:

(a) Schedule 2.1 — List of Mont Belvieu East/West Assets

(b) Schedule 2.3 — List of Mont Belvieu North Assets

(c) Schedule 2.5 — List of Excluded Assets

ARTICLE II THE CONVEYANCE

2.1 Contribution and Conveyance of the Mont Belvieu Assets by EP Texas to MBLLC. EP Texas hereby grants, contributes, transfers, assigns and conveys to MBLLC, its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever, all of its right, title and interest in and to all of the assets described on <u>Schedule 2.1</u> (the "<u>Mont Belvieu East/West Assets</u>"), and MBLLC hereby accepts the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets, as a contribution to the capital of MBLLC, in exchange for membership interests in MBLLC with a resulting Sharing Ratio after giving effect to the contribution of each of the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets and the Mont Belvieu North Assets (as defined below) of _____%, subject to all matters to be contained in the instruments of conveyance covering the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets to evidence such contribution and conveyance, if any. The Mont Belvieu East/West Assets shall not include the Excluded Assets.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets unto MBLLC, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, and in such instruments of conveyance, forever.

2.2 Distribution of MBLLC Interests. EP Texas hereby distributes, transfers and assigns all of its right, title and interest in and to its MBLLC membership interests received by it pursuant to Section 2.1 one percent (1%) to EPOLPGP and ninety nine percent (99%) to EPOLP,

respectively, and EPOLPGP and EPOLP each accept such membership interest distributed by EP Texas.

TO HAVE TO HOLD, said membership interest in MBLP unto each of EPOLPGP and EPOLP, respectively, their successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement.

2.3 EPOLP Contribution of Mont Belvieu North Assets to MBLLC. EPOLP hereby grants, contributes, transfers, assigns and conveys to MBLLC, its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever, all of its right, title and interest in and to all of the assets described on <u>Schedule 2.3</u> (the "<u>Mont Belvieu North Assets</u>") and MBLLC hereby accepts the Mont Belvieu North Assets as a contribution to the capital of MBLLC, in exchange for a continuation of its membership interest held by EPOLP, subject to adjustment of its resulting Sharing Ratio after giving effect to the contribution of each of the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets and the Mont Belvieu North Assets to evidence such contribution and conveyance, if any. The Mont Belvieu North Assets shall not include the Excluded Assets.

To HAVE TO HOLD, the Mont Belvieu North Assets unto MBLLC, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, and in such instruments of conveyance, forever.

2.4 Specific Conveyances. To further evidence the contributions of the Mont Belvieu Assets reflected in this Agreement, EP Texas and EPOLP may have executed and delivered to MBLLC certain conveyance, assignment and bill of sale instruments (the "Specific Conveyances"). The Specific Conveyances shall evidence and perfect such contribution and conveyance made by this Agreement and shall not constitute a second conveyance of any assets or interests therein and shall be subject to the terms of this Agreement. In addition, MBLLC and EPOLP hereby agree to execute an amendment to the limited liability company agreement of MBLLC or such other agreements as necessary to evidence the issuance of the MBLLC membership interest to EP Texas as consideration for the contributions made pursuant to Section 2.1 and the distribution of such membership interests pursuant to Section 2.2. Each of the parties hereto agree that as a result of such transactions, EPOLP will hold a membership interest in MBLLC with a Sharing Ratio of [0.635]%.

2.5 Excluded Assets. Notwithstanding anything contained in Article II to the contrary, neither EP Texas nor EPOLP shall grant, contribute, transfer, assign or convey to MBLLC (or cause to be granted, contributed, transferred, assigned or conveyed), and MBLLC shall neither assume, purchase nor acquire from EP Texas or EPOLP any of the assets described on Schedule 2.5 (collectively, the "Excluded Assets").

-4-

ARTICLE III ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES

3.1 Assumption of Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities by MBLLC. In connection with the respective contributions by EP Texas and EPOLP of the Mont Belvieu Asset to MBLLC, as set forth in <u>Sections 2.1</u> and <u>2.3</u> above, MBLLC hereby assumes and agrees to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge all of the Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities, to the full extent that EP Texas or EPOLP, respectively, has been heretofore or would have been in the future obligated to pay, perform and discharge the Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities were it not for such contributions and the execution and delivery of this Agreement; provided, however, that said assumption and agreement to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge the Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities shall not (a) increase the obligation of MBLLC with respect to the Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities beyond that of EP Texas or EPOLP, respectively, (b) waive any valid defense that was available to EP Texas or EPOLP, respectively, with respect to the Mont Belvieu Asset Liabilities.

3.2 General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement to the contrary, EP Texas, EPOLP and MBLLC agree that MBLLC shall not be obligated to, and shall not, assume any liabilities or obligations related to the Excluded Assets (collectively, the "*Excluded Liabilities*").

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement including, without limitation, the terms and provisions of this <u>ARTICLE III</u>, MBLLC shall not be deemed to have assumed, and the Mont Belvieu Assets have not been or are not being contributed subject to, any liens or security interests securing consensual indebtedness covering any of the Mont Belvieu Assets, and all such liens and security interests shall be deemed to be excluded from the assumptions of liabilities made under this <u>ARTICLE III</u>.

ARTICLE IV TITLE MATTERS

4.1 Encumbrances.

(a) Except to the extent provided in <u>Section 3.2</u> or any other document executed in connection with this Agreement, the contribution and conveyance (by operation of Law or otherwise) of the Mont Belvieu Assets as reflected in this Agreement are made expressly subject to all recorded encumbrances, agreements, defects, restrictions, and adverse claims covering the Mont Belvieu Assets and all Laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, judgments and orders of governmental authorities or tribunals having or asserting jurisdiction over the Mont Belvieu Assets and operations conducted thereon or therewith, in each case to the extent the same are valid and enforceable and affect the Mont Belvieu Assets, including, without limitation, (i) all matters that a current on the ground survey, title insurance commitment or policy, or visual inspection of the Mont Belvieu Assets would reflect, (ii) the applicable liabilities assumed in <u>Article III</u>, and (iii) all matters contained in the Specific Conveyances.

-5-

(b) To the extent that certain jurisdictions in which the Mont Belvieu Assets are located may require that documents be recorded in order to evidence the transfers of title reflected in this Agreement, then the provisions set forth in <u>Section 4.1(a)</u> immediately above shall also be applicable to the conveyances under such documents.

4.2 Disclaimer of Warranties; Subrogation; Waiver.

(a) EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT NONE OF THE PARTIES HAS MADE, DOES NOT MAKE, AND EACH SUCH PARTY SPECIFICALLY NEGATES AND DISCLAIMS, ANY REPRESENTATIONS, WARANTIES, PROMISES, COVENANTS, AGREEMENTS OR GUARANTIES OF ANY KIND OR CHARACTER WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, ORAL OR WRITTEN, PAST OR PRESENT, REGARDING (A) THE VALUE, NATURE, QUALITY OR CONDITION OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE WATER, SOIL, GEOLOGY OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS GENERALLY, INCLUDING THE PRESENCE OR LACK OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OR OTHER MATTERS ON THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS, (B) THE INCOME TO BE DERIVED FROM THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS, (C) THE SUITABILITY OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS FOR ANY AND ALL ACTIVITIES AND USES THAT MAY BE CONDUCTED THEREON, (D) THE COMPLIANCE OF OR BY THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS OR THEIR OPERATION WITH ANY LAWS (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY ZENTING, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, POLLUTION OR LAND USE LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, ORDERS OR REQUIREMENTS), OR (E) THE HABITABILITY, MARKETABILITY, PROFITABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT EACH HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS, AND EACH IS RELYING SOLELY ON ITS OWN INVESTIGATION OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS AND NOT ON ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED OR TO BE PROVIDED BY ANY OF THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT EACH HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS, AND EACH IS RELYING SOLELY ON ITS OWN INVESTIGATION OF THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS AND NOT ON ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED OR TO BE PROVIDED BY ANY OF THE PARTIES ACKOPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, NONE OF THE PARTIES IS LIABLE OR BOUND IN ANY MANNER BY ANY V

INTENDED TO BE A COMPLETE EXCLUSION AND NEGATION OF ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, WITH RESPECT TO THE MONT BELVIEU ASSETS THAT MAY ARISE PURSUANT TO ANY LAW NOW OR HEREAFTER IN EFFECT, OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT.

(b) To the extent that certain jurisdictions in which the Mont Belvieu Assets are located may require that documents be recorded in order to evidence the transfers of title reflected in this Agreement, then the disclaimers set forth in Section 4.2(a) immediately above shall also be applicable to the conveyances under such documents.

(c) The contributions of the Mont Belvieu Assets made under this Agreement are made with full right of substitution and subrogation of MBLLC, and all persons claiming by, through and under MBLLC, to the extent assignable, in and to all covenants and warranties by the predecessors-in-title of the parties contributing the Mont Belvieu Assets, and with full subrogation of all rights accruing under applicable statutes of limitation and all rights of action of warranty against all former owners of the Mont Belvieu Assets.

(d) Each of the Parties agrees that the disclaimers contained in this Section 4.2 are "conspicuous" disclaimers. Any covenants implied by statute or Law by the use of the words "grant," "convey," "bargain," "sell," "assign," "transfer," "deliver," or "set over" or any of them or any other words used in this Agreement or any schedules hereto are hereby expressly disclaimed, waived or negated.

(e) Each of the Parties hereby waives compliance with any applicable bulk sales Law or any similar Law in any applicable jurisdiction in respect of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

ARTICLE V FURTHER ASSURANCES

5.1 Further Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, the Parties agree to execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional deeds, assignments, bills of sale, conveyances, instruments, notices, releases, acquittances and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate (a) more fully to assure that MBLLC own all of the properties, rights, titles, interests, estates, remedies, powers and privileges granted by this Agreement, or which are intended to be so granted, (b) more fully and effectively to vest in MBLLC and their respective successors and assigns beneficial and record title to the interests contributed and assigned by this Agreement or intended so to be and (c) to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

5.2 Other Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, each of the Parties shall execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional instruments, notices and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate to more fully and

-7-

effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge that the Parties have used their good faith efforts to attempt to identify all of the assets being contributed to MBLLC as required in connection with this Agreement. However, due to the age of some of those assets and the difficulties in locating appropriate data with respect to some of the assets it is possible that assets intended to be contributed to MBLLC own all assets necessary to operate the assets that are identified in this Agreement and in the Registration Statement. To the extent any assets were not identified but are necessary to the operation of assets that were identified, then the intent of the Parties is that all such unidentified assets are identified at a later date that were not intended by the parties to be conveyed as reflected in the Registration Statement, the Parties shall take the appropriate actions required in order to convey all such assets to the appropriate party.

ARTICLE VI POWER OF ATTORNEY

6.1 *EP Texas.* EP Texas hereby constitutes and appoints MBLLC and its successors and assigns, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution for it and in its name, place and stead or otherwise on behalf of EP Texas and its successors and assigns, and for the benefit of MBLLC and its successors and assigns, to demand and receive from time to time the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets and to execute in the name of EP Texas and its successors and assigns, instruments of fourveyance, instruments of turther assurance and to give receipts and releases in respect of the same, and from time to time to institute and prosecute in the name of EP Texas for the benefit of MBLLC as may be appropriate, any and all proceedings at law, in equity or otherwise which MBLLC and its successors and assigns, may deem proper in order to (a) collect, assert or enforce any claims, rights or titles of any kind in and to the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets, (b) defend and compromise any and all actions, suits or proceedings in respect of the Mont Belvieu East/West Assets, and (c) do any and all such acts and things in furtherance of this Agreement as MBLLC or its successors or assigns shall deem advisable. EP Texas hereby declares that the appointments hereby made and the powers hereby granted are coupled with an interest and are and shall be irrevocable and perpetual and shall not be terminated by any act of EP Texas or its successors or assigns or by operation of law.

6.2 **EPOLP**. EPOLP hereby constitutes and appoints MBLLC and its successors and assigns, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution for it and in its name, place and stead or otherwise on behalf of EPOLP and its successors and assigns, and for the benefit of MBLLC and its successors and assigns, to demand and receive from time to time the Mont Belvieu North Assets and to execute in the name of EPOLP and its successors and assigns, instruments of conveyance, instruments of further assurance and to give receipts and releases in respect of the same, and from time to time to institute and prosecute in the name of EPOLP for the benefit of MBLLC as may be appropriate, any and all proceedings at law, in equity or otherwise which MBLLC and its successors and assigns, may deem proper in order to (a) collect, assert or enforce any claims, rights or titles of any kind in and to the Mont Belvieu North Assets. (b) defend and compromise any and all actions, suits or proceedings in respect of any of the

-8-

Mont Belvieu North Assets, and (c) do any and all such acts and things in furtherance of this Agreement as MBLLC or its successors or assigns shall deem advisable. EPOLP hereby declares that the appointments hereby made and the powers hereby granted are coupled with an interest and are and shall be irrevocable and perpetual and shall not be terminated by any act of EPOLP or its successors or assigns or by operation of law.

ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS

7.1 Order of Completion of Transactions. The transactions provided for in ARTICLE II and ARTICLE III of this Agreement shall be completed on the Effective Date in the following order:

First, the transactions provided for in ARTICLE II shall be completed in the order set forth therein; and

Second, the transactions provided for in ARTICLE III shall be completed in the order set forth therein.

7.2 Consents; Restriction on Assignment. If there are prohibitions against or conditions to the contribution and conveyance of one or more of the Mont Belvieu Assets without the prior written consent of third parties, including, without limitation, governmental agencies (other than consents of a ministerial nature which are normally granted in the ordinary course of business), which if not satisfied would result in a breach of such prohibitions or conditions or would give an outside party the right to terminate rights of MBLLC to whom the applicable Mont Belvieu Assets were intended to be conveyed with respect to such portion of the Mont Belvieu Assets (herein called a "Restriction"), then any provision contained in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, the transfer of tille to or interest in each such portion of the Mont Belvieu Assets (herein called the "Restriction Asset") pursuant to this Agreement shall not become effective unless and until such Restriction Asset subject thereto shall become effective automatically as of the Effective Time, without further action on the part of any Party. Each of the applicable Contractual provisions, the assignment of the Mont Belvieu Asset subject thereto shall become effective automatically as of the Effective Time, without further applicable to any Restriction Asset conveyed by or acquired by any of them. The description of any portion of the Mont Belvieu Asset as a "Restriction Asset" shall not be construed as an admission that any Restriction exists with respect to the transfer of such portion of the Mont Belvieu Assets. In the event that any Restriction Asset efforts to provide such other Asset will enter into other agreements, or take such other action as it may deem necessary, in order to ensure that applicable Party to whom such Restriction Asset was intended to be conveyed and to otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to provide such other Asset as a mathin store of such other action Asset was intended to be conveyed and to otherwise use its reasona

7.3 Costs. MBLLC shall pay all sales, use and similar taxes arising out of the contributions, conveyances and deliveries to be made hereunder, and shall pay all documentary, filing, recording, transfer, deed, and conveyance taxes and fees required in connection therewith. In addition, MBLLC shall be responsible for all costs, liabilities and expenses (including court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the satisfaction or waiver of any Restriction pursuant to Section 7.2 to the extent such Restriction was disclosed to MBLLC on or before the Effective Date.

7.4 Headings; References; Interpretation. All Article and Section headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All references herein to Articles and Sections shall, unless the context requires a different construction, be deemed to be references to the Articles and Sections of this Agreement, respectively, and all such Schedules attached hereto are hereby incorporated herein and made a part hereof for all purposes. All personal pronouns used in this Agreement, whether used in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender, shall include all other genders, and the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. The use herein of the word "including" following any general statement, term or matter shall not be construed to limit such statement, term or matters to the specific items or matters, whether or not non-limiting language (such as "without limitation," "but not limited to," or words of similar import) is used with reference thereto, but rather shall be deemed to refer to all other items or matters that could reasonably fall within the broadest possible scope of such general statement, term or matter.

7.5 Successors and Assigns. The Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

7.6 No Third Party Rights. The provisions of this Agreement are intended to bind the Parties hereto as to each other and are not intended to and do not create rights in any other person or confer upon any other person any benefits, rights or remedies and no person is or is intended to be a third party beneficiary of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

7.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which together shall constitute one agreement binding on the parties hereto.

7.8 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the Laws of the State of Texas applicable to contracts made and to be performed wholly within such state without giving effect to conflict of law principles thereof, except to the extent that it is mandatory that the Law of some other jurisdiction, wherein the interests are located, shall apply.

7.9 Severability. If any of the provisions of this Agreement are held by any court of competent jurisdiction to contravene, or to be invalid under, the Laws of any political body having jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof, such contravention or invalidity shall not invalidate the entire Agreement. Instead, this Agreement shall be construed as if it did not contain the particular provision or provisions held to be invalid, and an equitable adjustment

-10-

shall be made and necessary provision added so as to give effect to the intention of the Parties as expressed in this Agreement at the time of execution of this Agreement.

7.10 Deed; Bill of Sale; Assignment. To the extent required and permitted by applicable Law, this Agreement shall also constitute a "deed," "bill of sale" or "assignment" of the Mont Belvieu Assets.

7.11 Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties hereto and affected thereby.

7.12 *Integration*. This Agreement and the instruments referenced herein supersede all previous understandings or agreements among the Parties, whether oral or written, with respect to its subject matter. This Agreement and such instruments contain the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof. No understanding, representation, promise or agreement, whether oral or written, is intended to be or shall be included in or form part of this Agreement unless it is contained in a written amendment hereto executed by the Parties hereto after the date of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the parties hereto as of the date first above written.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

By: Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., its general partner

By:

Richard H. Bachmann Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC., a Delaware corporation

By:

Richard H. Bachmann Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS TEXAS OPERATING, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

By: Name:

Title:

Signature Page to Asset Contribution Agreement

MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: Name: Title:

Signature Page to Asset Contribution Agreement

SCHEDULE 2.1 LIST OF MONT BELVIEU EAST/WEST ASSETS

The "Mont Belvieu East/West Assets" are described below and are collectively, in whole or in part, hereinafter referred to as the "Storage Assets" or individually as a "Storage Asset".

- A. Storage and Brine Wells. The storage and brine wells identified on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.1 (collectively, the "Storage Wells").
- B. <u>Permits</u>. To the extent transferable without termination, the environmental and other governmental permits, licenses, orders, franchises, and related instruments or rights relating to the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets (the "Permits"), including without limitation, those listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.1.
- C. <u>Pipelines</u>. The pipelines listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.1 (the "Pipelines").
- D. Contracts. All contracts, leases and other agreements that relate primarily to the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets, including without limitation, those described on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.1.
- E. <u>Real Estate/Real Property Interests</u>. The fee properties, leases, easements, interests in real estate, licenses, permits and other agreements related to the operation of the Storage Assets, including without limitation, those listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.1.
- F. <u>Warranties</u>. To the extent transferable, all covenants and warranties to the extent related to the Storage Assets, express or implied (including title warranties and manufacturers', suppliers' and contractors' warranties).
- G. <u>Records</u>. All books, records and files relating to the Storage Assets and the Mont Belvieu East/West Asset Liabilities, including, without limitation, accounting records, operating records, customer lists and information, charts, maps, surveys, drawings, prints and any physical embodiment of the intellectual property interests relating to the Storage Assets (the "Records").
- H. Intellectual Property. All intellectual property interests identified on Exhibit "A", including all claims for infringement and other proprietary rights associated therewith.
- I. <u>Other Personal Property</u>. The personal property and equipment listed on Exhibit "A".
- J. Other Assets. All cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes receivable, other rights to receive payment and cash receipts arising from the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets and attributable to revenue recognized after the Effective Time.

Schedule 2.1

Exhibit "A" to Schedule 2.1

EXHIBIT "A" TO SCHEDULE 2.1 MONT BELVIEU EAST/WEST ASSETS

SCHEDULE 2.3 LIST OF MONT BELVIEU NORTH ASSETS

The "Mont Belvieu North Assets" are described below and are collectively, in whole or in part referred to as the "Storage Assets" or individually as a "Storage Asset".

- A. Storage and Brine Wells. The storage and brine wells identified on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.3 (collectively, the "Storage Wells").
- B. <u>Permits</u>. To the extent transferable without termination, the environmental and other governmental permits, licenses, orders, franchises, and related instruments or rights relating to the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets (the "Permits"), including without limitation, those listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.3.
- C. <u>Pipelines</u>. The pipelines listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.3 (the "Pipelines").
- D. Contracts. All contracts, leases and other agreements that relate primarily to the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets, including without limitation, those described on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.3.
- E. <u>Real Estate/Real Property Interests</u>. The fee properties, leases, easements, interests in real estate, licenses, permits and other agreements related to the operation of the Storage Assets, including without limitation, those listed on Exhibit "A" to this Schedule 2.3.
- F. <u>Warranties</u>. To the extent transferable, all covenants and warranties to the extent related to the Storage Assets, express or implied (including title warranties and manufacturers', suppliers' and contractors' warranties).
- G. <u>Records.</u> All books, records and files relating to the Storage Assets and the Mont Belvieu East/West Asset Liabilities, including, without limitation, accounting records, operating records, customer lists and information, charts, maps, surveys, drawings, prints and any physical embodiment of the intellectual property interests relating to the Storage Assets (the "Records").
- H. Intellectual Property. All intellectual property interests identified on Exhibit "A", including all claims for infringement and other proprietary rights associated therewith.
- I. <u>Other Personal Property</u>. The personal property and equipment listed on Exhibit "A".
- J. Other Assets. All cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes receivable, other rights to receive payment and cash receipts arising from the ownership or operation of the Storage Assets and attributable to revenue recognized after the Effective Time.

Schedule 2.3

EXHIBIT "A" TO SCHEDULE 2.3 MONT BELVIEU NORTH ASSETS

Exhibit "A" to Schedule 2.3

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

ENTERPRISE GC, L.P.,

ENTERPRISE HOLDING III, L.L.C.

ENTERPRISE GTM HOLDINGS L.P.,

ENTERPRISE GTMGP, LLC

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS GTM, LLC

AND

SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS; RECORDATION

- Definitions Schedules 1.1 1.2

ARTICLE II THE CONVEYANCE

- Contribution and Conveyance of the South Texas Assets by Enterprise GC to STX NGL Excluded Assets 2.1 2.2
- 2.3
- Specific Conveyances Distribution of STX NGL Interest 2.4

ARTICLE III ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES

3.1 3.2 Assumption of South Texas Asset Liabilities by STX NGL General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities

ARTICLE IV TITLE MATTERS 4.1 4.2

Encumbrances Disclaimer of Warranties; Subrogation; Waiver

ARTICLE V FURTHER ASSURANCES5.1Further Assurances5.2Other Assurances

ARTICLE VI POWER OF ATTORNEY

6.1 Enterprise GC

ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS

7.1	Order of Completion of Transactions
7.2	Consents; Restriction on Assignment
7.3	Costs
7.4	Headings; References; Interpretation
7.5	Successors and Assigns
7.6	No Third Party Rights
7.7	Counterparts
7.8	Governing Law
7.9	Severability
7.10	Deed; Bill of Sale; Assignment
7.11	Amendment or Modification
7.12	Integration

CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

THIS CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT, dated as of ____, 2006 (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), is entered into by and among ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*EPOLP*"), ENTERPRISE GC, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*Enterprise GC*"), ENTERPRISE HOLDING III, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company ("Holding III"), ENTERPRISE GTM HOLDINGS L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*GTM Holdings*"), ENTERPRISE GTMGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*GTMGP*"), ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS GTM, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*GTMGP*") and SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*STX NGL*"). The foregoing shall be referred to individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties.</u>" Certain capitalized terms used are defined in <u>Article I</u> hereof.

RECITALS

- 1. WHEREAS, EPOLP entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with ExxonMobil Pipeline Company, a Delaware corporation ("EMPCO") for the acquisition of certain pipeline assets;
- 2. WHEREAS, EPOLP assigned its rights as buyer under the Purchase Agreement to Enterprise GC;
- 3. WHEREAS, EMPCO conveyed and assigned certain of the South Texas Assets (as herein defined) to Enterprise GC pursuant to the Purchase Agreement;
- 4. WHEREAS, EPOLP formed STX NGL pursuant to the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act") and contributed \$1,000 in exchange for all of the membership interests in STX NGL;
- 5. WHEREAS, Enterprise GC will convey the South Texas Assets (as defined herein) to STX NGL as a capital contribution with STX NGL assuming the South Texas Asset Liabilities (as defined herein);
- 6. WHEREAS, Enterprise GC will distribute its membership interests in STX NGL 1% to Holding III (Holding III in turn distributes such membership interests to GTM Holdings) and 99% to GTM Holdings;
- 7. WHEREAS, GTM Holdings will distribute its membership interests in STX NGL 1% to GTMGP (GTMGP in turn distributes such membership interests to GTM and GTM in turn distributes such membership interests to EPOLP) and 99% to EPOLP; and
- 8. WHEREAS, after giving effect to and as a result of the foregoing transactions, EPOLP will remain the sole member of STX NGL.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of their mutual undertakings and agreements hereunder, the Parties undertake and agree as follows:

1.1 Definitions. The following capitalized terms have the meanings given below.

"<u>Agreement</u>" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Delaware LLC Act" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first recital of this Agreement.

"Effective Date" means _____, 2007.

"Effective Time" means the time when the transactions contemplated by Article II hereof have been consummated.

"Enterprise GC" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"EPOLP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"*Excluded Assets*" has the meaning assigned to such term in <u>Section 2.2</u>.

"Excluded Liabilities" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 3.2.

"GTM" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"GTMGP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"GTM Holdings" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Holding III" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Laws" means any and all laws, statutes, ordinances, rules or regulations promulgated by a governmental authority, orders of a governmental authority, judicial decisions, decisions of arbitrators or determinations of any governmental authority or court.

"Party and Parties" have the meanings assigned to such terms in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

"Registration Statement" means the registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-138371) filed by Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

"Restriction" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.2.

"Restriction Asset" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.2.

"South Texas Assets" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.1.

"South Texas Asset Liabilities" shall mean all liabilities and obligations relating to the South Texas Assets. The South Texas Asset Liabilities shall not include the Excluded Liabilities.

"Specific Conveyances" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.3.

"STX NGL" has the meaning assigned to such term in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

1.2 Schedules. The following schedules are attached hereto:

- (a) Schedule 2.1 List of South Texas Assets
- (b) Schedule 2.2 List of Excluded Assets

ARTICLE II THE CONVEYANCE

2.1 Contribution and Conveyance of the South Texas Assets by Enterprise GC to STX NGL. Enterprise GC hereby grants, contributes, transfers, assigns and conveys to STX NGL, its successor and assigns, for its and their own use forever, all of its right, title and interest in and to all of the assets described on <u>Schedule 2.1</u> (the "<u>South Texas Assets</u>"), and STX NGL hereby accepts the South Texas Assets, as a contribution to the capital of STX NGL in exchange for membership interests in STX NGL, subject to all matters to be contained in the instruments of conveyance covering the South Texas Assets to evidence such contribution and conveyance, if any. The South Texas Assets shall not include the Excluded Assets.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the South Texas Assets unto STX NGL, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, and in such instruments of conveyance, forever.

2.2 Excluded Assets. Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 2.1 to the contrary, Enterprise GC shall not grant, contribute, transfer, assign or convey to STX NGL (or cause to be granted, contributed, transferred, assigned or conveyed), and STX NGL shall neither assume, purchase nor acquire from Enterprise GC any of the assets described on Schedule 2.2 (collectively, the "Excluded Assets").

-3-

2.3 Specific Conveyances. To further evidence the contributions of the South Texas Assets reflected in this Agreement, Enterprise GC may have executed and delivered to STX NGL certain conveyance, assignment and bill of sale instruments (the "<u>Specific Conveyances</u>"). The Specific Conveyances shall evidence and perfect such contribution and conveyance made by this Agreement and shall not constitute a second conveyance of any assets or interests therein and shall be subject to the terms of this Agreement.

2.4 Distribution of STX NGL Interest. Enterprise GC hereby distributes, transfers and assigns all of its right, title and interest in and to its membership interest in STX NGL to Holding III and GTM Holdings, 1% and 99%, respectively. Holding III in turn distributes such 1% membership interest to GTM Holdings. GTM Holdings accepts such membership interest distributed by Enterprise GC.

GTM Holdings hereby distributes, transfers and assigns all of its right, title and interest in and to its membership interest in STX NGL to GTMGP and EPOLP, 1% and 99%, respectively. GTMGP in turn distributes such 1% membership interests to GTM and GTM in turn distributes such membership interests to EPOLP. EPOLP accepts such membership interests in STX NGL distributed by GTM Holdings and GTM.

TO HAVE TO AND TO HOLD, said membership interest in STX NGL unto EPOLP, its successors and assigns, together with all and singular the rights and appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging, subject, however, to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement.

ARTICLE III ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES

3.1 Assumption of South Texas Asset Liabilities by STX NGL. In connection with the contribution by Enterprise GC of the South Texas Assets to STX NGL, as set forth in Section 2.1 above, STX NGL hereby assumes and agrees to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge all of the South Texas Asset Liabilities, to the full extent that Enterprise GC has been heretofore or would have been in the future obligated to pay, perform and discharge the South Texas Asset Liabilities shall not (a) increase the obligation of STX NGL with respect to the South Texas Asset Liabilities shall not (a) increase the obligation of STX NGL with respect to the South Texas Asset Liabilities. In addition, STX NGL and each of the other parties hereto hereby agree to execute an amendment to the limited liability company agreement of STX NGL or such other agreements as necessary to evidence the issuance of the STX NGL membership interest to Enterprise GC as a consideration for the contributions made pursuant to Section 2.1 and the distributions of such membership interests pursuant to Section 2.2. Each of the parties hereto agree that after giving effect to and as a result of such transactions, EPOLP will remain the sole member of STX NGL.

3.2 General Provisions Relating to Assumption of Liabilities

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement to the contrary, Enterprise GC and STX NGL agree that STX NGL shall not be obligated to, and shall not, assume any liabilities or obligations related to the Excluded Assets (collectively, the "*Excluded Liabilities*").

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement including, without limitation, the terms and provisions of this <u>Article III</u>, STX NGL shall not be deemed to have assumed, and the South Texas Assets have not been or are not being contributed subject to, any liens or security interests securing consensual indebtedness covering any of the South Texas Assets, and all such liens and security interests shall be deemed to be excluded from the assumptions of liabilities made under this <u>Article III</u>.

ARTICLE IV TITLE MATTERS

4.1 Encumbrances.

(a) Except to the extent provided in <u>Section 3.2</u> or any other document executed in connection with this Agreement, the contribution and conveyance (by operation of Law or otherwise) of the South Texas Assets as reflected in this Agreement are made expressly subject to all recorded encumbrances, agreements, defects, restrictions, and adverse claims covering the South Texas Assets and all Laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, judgments and orders of governmental authorities or tribunals having or asserting jurisdiction over the South Texas Assets and operations conducted thereon or therewith, in each case to the extent the same are valid and enforceable and affect the South Texas Assets, including, without limitation, (i) all matters that a current on the ground survey, title insurance commitment or policy, or visual inspection of the South Texas Assets would reflect, (ii) the applicable liabilities assumed in <u>Article III</u>, and (iii) all matters contained in the Specific Conveyances.

(b) To the extent that certain jurisdictions in which the South Texas Assets are located may require that documents be recorded in order to evidence the transfers of title reflected in this Agreement, then the provisions set forth in Section 4.1(a) immediately above shall also be applicable to the conveyances under such documents.

4.2 Disclaimer of Warranties; Subrogation; Waiver

(a) EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT NONE OF THE PARTIES HAS MADE, DOES NOT MAKE, AND EACH SUCH PARTY SPECIFICALLY NEGATES AND DISCLAIMS, ANY REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, PROMISES, COVENANTS, AGREEMENTS OR GUARANTIES OF ANY KIND OR CHARACTER WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, ORAL OR WRITTEN, PAST OR PRESENT, REGARDING (A) THE VALUE, NATURE, QUALITY OR CONDITION OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE WATER, SOIL, GEOLOGY OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS GENERALLY, INCLUDING THE PRESENCE OR LACK OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

-5-

OR OTHER MATTERS ON THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS, (B) THE INCOME TO BE DERIVED FROM THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS, (C) THE SUITABILITY OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS FOR ANY AND ALL ACTIVITIES AND USES THAT MAY BE CONDUCTED THEREON, (D) THE COMPLIANCE OF OR BY THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS OR THEIR OPERATION WITH ANY LAWS (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY ZONING, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, POLLUTION OR LAND USE LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, ORDERS OR REQUIREMENTS), OR (E) THE HABITABILITY, MERCHANTABILITY, MARKETABILITY, OF THE NOTHESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT EACH HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS, AND EACH IS RELYING SOLELY ON ITS OWN INVESTIGATION OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS AND NOT ON ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED OR TO BE PROVIDED BY ANY OF THE PARTIES. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, REPRESENTATIONS OR INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS FURNISHED BY ANY AGENT, EMPLOYEE, SERVANT OR THIRD PARTY. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, REPRESENTATIONS OR INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS FURNISHED BY ANY AGENT, EMPLOYEE, SERVANT OR THIRD PARTY. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN ANY OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED OR DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT, EACH OF THE PARTIES ACKNOWLEDGES THAT TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS A PROVIDED FOR HEREIN IS MADE IN AN "AS IS." "WHERE IS" CONDITION WITH ALL FAULTS, AND THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS ARE CONTRIBUTED AND CONVEYED SUBJECT TO ALL OF THE MATTERS CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION. THIS SECTION WITH ALL FAULTS, AND THE SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS ARE CONTRIBUTED AND CONVEYED SUBJECT TO ALL OF THE MATTERS CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION. THIS SECTION SOF THIS SECTION AND ARE INTENDED TO BE A COMPLETE EXCLUSION AN

(b) To the extent that certain jurisdictions in which the South Texas Assets are located may require that documents be recorded in order to evidence the transfers of title reflected in this Agreement, then the disclaimers set forth in Section 4.2(a) immediately above shall also be applicable to the conveyances under such documents.

(c) The contribution of the South Texas Assets made under this Agreement is made with full right of substitution and subrogation of STX NGL, and all persons claiming by, through and under STX NGL, to the extent assignable, in and to all covenants and warranties by the predecessors-in-title of the parties contributing the South Texas Assets, and with full

-6-

subrogation of all rights accruing under applicable statutes of limitation and all rights of action of warranty against all former owners of the South Texas Assets.

(d) Each of the Parties agrees that the disclaimers contained in this Section 4.2 are "conspicuous" disclaimers. Any covenants implied by statute or Law by the use of the words "grant," "convey," "bargain," "sell," "assign," "transfer," "deliver," or "set over" or any of them or any other words used in this Agreement or any schedules hereto are hereby expressly disclaimed, waived or negated.

(e) Each of the Parties hereby waives compliance with any applicable bulk sales Law or any similar Law in any applicable jurisdiction in respect of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

ARTICLE V FURTHER ASSURANCES

5.1 Further Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, the Parties agree to execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional deeds, assignments, bills of sale, conveyances, instruments, notices, releases, acquittances and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate (a) more fully to assure that STX NGL own all of the properties, rights, titles, interests, estates, remedies, powers and privileges granted by this Agreement, or which are intended to be so granted, (b) more fully and effectively to vest in STX NGL and their respective successors and assigns beneficial and record title to the interests contributed and assigned by this Agreement or intended so to be and (c) to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

5.2 Other Assurances. From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration, each of the Parties shall execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional instruments, notices and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable Law, as may be necessary or appropriate to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge that the Parties have used their good faith efforts to attempt to identify all of the assets being contributed to STX NGL as required in connection with this Agreement. However, due to the age of some of those assets and the difficulties in locating appropriate data with respect to some of the assets is possible that assets intended to be contributed to STX NGL. It is the express intent of the Parties that STX NGL own all assets necessary to operate the assets that are identified and there fore are not included in the assets onto identified but are necessary to the operation of assets that were identified, then the intent of the Parties is that all such unidentified assets are intended to be conveyed to STX NGL. To the extent such assets are identified at later date, the Parties shall take the appropriate actions required in order to convey all such assets to strawes, to the extent that assets are identified as a later date, the Parties shall take the appropriate actions required in order to convey all such assets to the appropriate party.

-7-

ARTICLE VI POWER OF ATTORNEY

6.1 Enterprise GC. Enterprise GC hereby constitutes and appoints STX NGL and its successors and assigns, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution for it and in its name, place and stead or otherwise on behalf of Enterprise GC and its successors and assigns, and for the benefit of STX NGL and its successors and assigns, to demand and receive from time to time the South Texas Assets and to execute in the name of Enterprise GC and its successors and assigns, instruments of conveyance, instruments of further assurance and to give receipts and releases in respect of the same, and from time to time to institute and prosecute in the name of Enterprise GC for the benefit of STX NGL as may be appropriate, any and all proceedings at law, in equity or otherwise which STX NGL and its successors and assigns, may deem proper in order to (a) collect, assert or enforce any claims, rights or titles of any kind in and to the South Texas Assets, (b) defend and compromise any and all actions, suits or proceedings in respect of any of the South Texas Assets, and (c) do any and all such as the and things in furtherance of this Agreement as STX NGL or its successors or assigns shall deem advisable. Enterprise GC hereby declares that the appointments hereby made and the powers hereby granted are coupled with an interest and are and shall be irrevocable and perpetual and shall not be terminated by any act of Enterprise GC or its successors or assigns or by operation of law.

ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS

7.1 Order of Completion of Transactions. The transactions provided for in Article II and Article III of this Agreement shall be completed on the Effective Date in the following order:

First, the transactions provided for in Article II shall be completed in the order set forth therein; and

Second, the transactions provided for in Article III shall be completed in the order set forth therein.

7.2 Consents; Restriction on Assignment. If there are prohibitions against or conditions to the contribution and conveyance of one or more of the South Texas Assets without the prior written consent of third parties, including, without limitation, governmental agencies (other than consents of a ministerial nature which are normally granted in the ordinary course of business), which if not satisfied would result in a breach of such prohibitions or conditions or would give an outside party the right to terminate rights of STX NGL to whom the applicable South Texas Assets were intended to be conveyed with respect to such portion of the South Texas Assets (herein called a "<u>Restriction</u>"), then any provision contained in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, the transfer of title to or interest in each such portion of the South Texas Assets (herein called the "<u>Restriction Asser</u>") pursuant to this Agreement shall not become effective unless and until such Restriction is satisfied, waived or no longer applies. When and if such a Restriction is so satisfied, waived or no longer applies.

-8-

applicable Law and any applicable contractual provisions, the assignment of the Restriction Asset subject thereto shall become effective automatically as of the Effective Time, without further action on the part of any Party. Each of the applicable Parties that were involved with the conveyance of a Restriction Asset agree to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain on a timely basis satisfaction of any Restriction applicable to any Restriction Asset conveyed by or acquired by any of them. The description of any portion of the South Texas Assets as a "Restriction Asset" shall not be construed as an admission that any Restriction exists with respect to the transfer of such portion of the South Texas Assets. In the event that any Restriction Asset exists, the applicable Party agrees to continue to hold such Restriction Asset in trust for the exclusive benefit of the applicable Party to whom such Restriction Asset was intended to be conveyed and to otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to provide such other Party with the benefits thereof, and the party holding such Restriction Asset will enter into other agreements, or take such other action as it may deem necessary, in order to ensure that the applicable Party to whom such Restriction Asset was intended to be conveyed has the assets and concomitant rights necessary to enable the applicable Party to operate such Restriction Asset in all material respects as it was operated prior to the Effective Time.

7.3 Costs. STX NGL shall pay all sales, use and similar taxes arising out of the contributions, conveyances and deliveries to be made hereunder, and shall pay all documentary, filing, recording, transfer, deed, and conveyance taxes and fees required in connection therewith. In addition, STX NGL shall be responsible for all costs, liabilities and expenses (including court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the satisfaction or waiver of any Restriction pursuant to <u>Section 7.2</u> to the extent such Restriction was disclosed to STX NGL on or before the Effective Date.

7.4 Headings; References; Interpretation. All Article and Section headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All references herein to Articles and Sections shall, unless the context requires a different construction, be deemed to be references to the Articles and Sections of this Agreement, respectively, and all such Schedules attached hereto are hereby incorporated herein and made a part hereof for all purposes. All personal pronouns used in this Agreement, twhether used in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender, shall include all other genders, and the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. The use herein of the word "including" following any general statement, term or matter shall not be construed to limit such statement, term or matters to the specific items or matters set forth immediately following such word or to similar items or matters, whether or non-limiting language (such as "without limitation," "but not limited to," or words of similar import) is used with reference thereto, but rather shall be deemed to refer to all other items or matters that could reasonably fall within the broadest possible scope of such general statement, term or matter.

7.5 Successors and Assigns. The Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

7.6 No Third Party Rights. The provisions of this Agreement are intended to bind the Parties hereto as to each other and are not intended to and do not create rights in any other person or confer upon any other

-9-

person any benefits, rights or remedies and no person is or is intended to be a third party beneficiary of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

7.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which together shall constitute one agreement binding on the parties hereto.

7.8 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the Laws of the State of Texas applicable to contracts made and to be performed wholly within such state without giving effect to conflict of law principles thereof, except to the extent that it is mandatory that the Law of some other jurisdiction, wherein the interests are located, shall apply.

7.9 Severability. If any of the provisions of this Agreement are held by any court of competent jurisdiction to contravene, or to be invalid under, the Laws of any political body having jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof, such contravention or invalidity shall not invalidate the entire Agreement. Instead, this Agreement shall be construed as if it did not contain the particular provision or provisions held to be invalid, and an equitable adjustment shall be made and necessary provision added so as to give effect to the intention of the Parties as expressed in this Agreement at the time of execution of this Agreement.

7.10 Deed; Bill of Sale; Assignment. To the extent required and permitted by applicable Law, this Agreement shall also constitute a "deed," "bill of sale" or "assignment" of the South Texas Assets.

7.11 Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties hereto and affected thereby.

7.12 Integration. This Agreement and the instruments referenced herein supersede all previous understandings or agreements among the Parties, whether oral or written, with respect to its subject matter. This Agreement and such instruments contain the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof. No understanding, representation, promise or agreement, whether oral or written, is intended to be or shall be included in or form part of this Agreement unless it is contained in a written amendment hereto executed by the Parties hereto after the date of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the parties hereto as of the date first above written.

ENTERPRISE GC, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

By: Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE HOLDING III, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company

By:

Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE GTM HOLDINGS L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

By: Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE GTMGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS GTM, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: Name: Title:

Signature Page to Asset Contribution Agreement

SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

v:

By: Name: Title:

Signature Page to Asset Contribution Agreement

SCHEDULE 2.1

LIST OF SOUTH TEXAS ASSETS

A. 1. Seller's Corpus Christi to Fairmont Parkway pipeline system consisting of approximately 215 miles of 16" pipe originating near Corpus Christi, Texas and connecting to approximately 10.83 miles of 12" mainline pipe and terminating near Fairmont Parkway in Pasadena, Texas. This pipeline system is more particularly described in Exhibit A to this Schedule 2.1.

2. Seller's 10-mile long 18" pipeline segment commonly known as the P-61 pipeline running from Mont Belvieu to Teppco's Baytown terminal.

3. Seller's 32 mile long 6" pipeline segment commonly referred to as the Helen Gohlke Pipeline which extends from approximately 8 miles south of Seller's Armstrong plant to within 1 mile of Seller's Corpus Christi to Fairmont Parkway pipeline system in Victoria County, Texas.

The pipelines listed in 1-3 above are collectively the "Pipelines".

B. All above ground and below ground improvements necessary to operate the Pipeline, including, without limitation, all buildings, stations, meters and regulatory equipment, valves, pumps, motors, tanks and other personal property.

C. All real property interests, including all fee, leasehold, easements, permits, licenses, approvals and similar rights in land, and the rights in right-of-way and Department of Transportation permits and files used in connection with the operation of the Pipeline.

D. Every contract, agreement or other arrangement or understanding of any kind relating to the operation of the foregoing facilities and pipelines described in this <u>Schedule 2.1</u>, including, without limitation, those listed on Exhibit B to this <u>Schedule 2.1</u>.

EXHIBIT "A" To SCHEDULE 2.1

EXHIBIT "B" To SCHEDULE 2.1

Specific Contracts

1. Facilities Sharing Agreement dated August 1, 2006 between Enterprise GC, L.P. and ExxonMobil Pipe Line Company.

2. Shared Services Agreement dated August 1, 2006 between Enterprise GC, L.P. and ExxonMobil Pipe Line Company.

SCHEDULE 2.2 LIST OF EXCLUDED ASSETS

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT

OF

MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

AMENDED AND RESTATED AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

2 2

3

3 3

6 8

- 1.01 Definitions
- 1.02 Construction

ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION

- 2.01 2.02 2.03 Formation Name
- Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices
- 2.04 2.05 2.06 Purpose
- Term No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal

ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS

3.01 Members

- Creation of Additional Membership Interest Liability to Third Parties 3.02 3.03

ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

- 4.01 Initial Capital Contributions
- Net Measurement Loss Additional Capital Contributions Expansion Project Additional Capital Contributions Loans 4.02 4.03
- 4.04
- Return of Contributions 4.05
- 4.06 Capital Accounts

ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

- 5.01 Allocations
- 5.02 Distributions

i

ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS

6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability 8 9 9 9 9 9 6.02 6.03 6.04 Return of Distributions Priority and Return of Capital Competition 6.05 Admission of Additional Members Resignation Indemnification 6.06 6.07 ARTICLE 7 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS Meetings Place of Meetings Notice of Meetings Meeting of All Members Action by Members Without a Meeting 7.01 7.02 7.03 7.04 9 10 10 10 10 7.05 7.06 Waiver of Notice 10 7.07 Delegation to Board 10 ARTICLE 8 MANAGEMENT 8.01 Management by Board of Directors 10 10 12 15 15 15 8.02 Officers Duties of Officers and Directors 8.03 8.04 Compensation Indemnification 8.05 8.06 Liability of Indemnitees 17 ARTICLE 9 ACCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS 9.01 9.02 Accounting Method Accounting Period 17 17 17 17 9.03 Records, Audits and Reports 9.04 Inspection ARTICLE 10 TAX MATTERS 10.01 Tax Returns 18 10.02 Tax Elections 18 10.03 Tax Matters Partner 18 ii

ARTICLE 11 RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

11.01 Transfer Restrictions

ARTICLE 12 BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

12.01 12.02 Maintenance of Books

Reports Bank Accounts 12.03

12.04 Tax Statements

ARTICLE 13 DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION

13.01 13.02

Dissolution Winding-Up and Termination

ARTICLE 14 MERGER

Authority

14.01 14.02 14.03 14.04 Procedure for Merger or Consolidation Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation Certificate of Merger or Consolidation

14.05 Effect of Merger or Consolidation

> ARTICLE 15 GENERAL PROVISIONS

15.01	Notices
15.02	Entire Agreement; Supersedure
15.03	Effect of Waiver or Consent
15.04	Amendment or Restatement
15.05	Binding Effect
15.06	Governing Law; Severability
15.07	Further Assurances
15.08	Offset
15.09	Counterparts
15.10	Execution of Additional Instruments
15.11	Severability

15. Headings 15.12

iii

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC

A Delaware Limited Liability Company

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT (this "*Agreement*") of MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "*Company*"), executed on January [], 2007 (the "*Effective Date*"), is adopted, executed and agreed to, by Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*EPD OLP*"), Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("*EPD OLPGP*"), and DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*DEP OLP*"), as the Members of the Company.

RECITALS

A. The Company was originally formed as a Delaware limited partnership on October 5, 2006 by the filing of a Certificate of Limited Partnership with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

B. The Company was converted into a Delaware limited liability company on January 10, 2007 by the filing of a Certificate of Conversion with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

C. The Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company was executed effective January 10, 2007 by its Members, EPD OLP and EPD OLPGP (the "Existing Agreement").

D. EPD OLP, EPD OLPGP, Enterprise Products Texas Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*EP Texas*"), and the Company entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement dated as of January _____, 2007 (the "Asset Contribution Agreement"), pursuant to which (i) EP Texas conveyed certain Mont Belvieu East and West assets to the Company as a capital contribution, with the Company assuming certain liabilities in connection therewith, (ii) EPD OLP contributed certain Mont Belvieu North assets to the Company as a capital contribution in exchange for a continuation of its respective membership interest after giving effect to the capital contributions, and (iii) EP Texas distributed 1.0% its membership interest to EPD OLP and 99.0% of its membership interest to EPD OLPGP, with the EPD OLP owned a membership interest with a Sharing Ratio of [9.355]% and EPD OLPGP owned a membership interest with a Sharing Ratio of [9.355]% and EPD OLPGP owned a membership interest with a Sharing Ratio of [9.355]% and EPD OLPGN.

E. DEP OLP entered into that certain Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement by and among DEP Holdings, LLC, Duncan Energy Partners L.P. ("*MLP*"), DEP OLPGP, LLC and EPD OLP on the Effective Date (the "*Contribution Agreement*"), pursuant to which (i) EPD OLP contributed 66% of its membership interests in the Company (the "*Interest*") to MLP for the consideration set forth in the Contribution Agreement, and (ii) MLP contributed the Interest (including 0.001% on behalf of DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*DEP OLPGPP*"), to OLP as a capital contribution.

F. EPD OLP deems it advisable to amend and restate the Existing Agreement in its entirety as set forth herein to reflect (i) the contributions of the Interest from EPD OLP to MLP, and from MLP (including 0.001% on behalf of DEP OLPGP) to DEP OLP, and (ii) the admission of DEP OLP as a Member of the Company.

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 Definitions. Each capitalized term used herein shall have the meaning given such term in Attachment I.

1.02 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) the gender (or lack of gender) of all words used in this Agreement includes the masculine, feminine and neuter; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) references to Laws refer to such Laws as they may be amended from time to time, and references to particular provisions of a Law include any corresponding provisions of any succeeding Law; (d) references to money refer to legal currency of the United States of America; (e) "including" means "including without limitation" and is a term of illustration and not of limitation; (f) all definitions set forth herein is shall be deemed applicable whether the words defined are used herein in the singular or the plural; and (g) neither this Agreement nor any other agreement, document or instrument referred to herein or executed and delivered in connection herewith shall be construed against any Person as the principal draftsperson hereof.

ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION

2.01 Formation. The Company was originally organized as a Delaware limited partnership by the filing of a Certificate of Limited Partnership on October 5, 2006 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. The Company was converted into a limited liability company by the filing of a Certificate of Conversion ("Organizational Certificate") on January 10, 2007 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware under and pursuant to the Act.

2.02 Name. The name of the Company is "Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC" and all Company business must be conducted in that name or such other names that comply with Law as the Board of Directors may select.

2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. The registered office of the Company required by the Act to be maintained in the State of Delaware shall be the office of the initial registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other office (which need not be a place of business of the Company) as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The registered agent for service of process of the Company in the State of Delaware shall be the initial registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law.

The principal office of the Company in the United States shall be at such a place as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate, which need not be in the State of Delaware, and the Company shall maintain records there and shall keep the street address of such principal office at the registered office of the Company in the State of Delaware. The Company may have such other offices as the Board of Directors may designate.

2.04 Purpose. The purposes of the Company are the transaction of any or all lawful business for which limited liability companies may be organized under the Act.

2.05 Term. The period of existence of the Company commenced on January 10, 2007 and shall end at such time as a Certificate of Cancellation is filed in accordance with Section 13.02(c).

2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal. It is the intent that the Company shall be a limited liability company formed under the Laws of the State of Delaware and shall not be a partnership (including a limited partnership) or joint venture, and that the Members not be a partner or joint venturer of any other party for any purposes other than federal and state tax purposes, and this Agreement may not be construed to suggest otherwise. A Member does not have the right to Withdraw from the Company; provided, however, that a Member shall have the power to Withdraw at any time in violation of this Agreement. If a Member exercises such power in violation of this Agreement, (a) such Member shall be liable to the Company and its Affiliates for all monetary damages suffered by them as a result of such Withdrawal; and (b) such Member shall not have any rights under Section 18.604 of the Act. In no event shall the Company have the right, through specific performance or otherwise, to prevent a Member from Withdrawing in violation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3 MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS

3.01 Members.

(a) EPD OLP has previously been admitted as a Member of the Company.

(b) DEP OLP is admitted as a Member of the Company as of the date of this Agreement.

3.02 Creation of Additional Membership Interest. The Company may issue additional Membership Interests in the Company only in compliance with the provisions in Article 5 of the Omnibus Agreement. The Company shall be bound by the terms of such Omnibus Agreement.

3.03 Liability to Third Parties. No Member or beneficial owner of any Membership Interest shall be liable for the Liabilities of the Company.

4.01 Initial Capital Contributions.

(a) The amount of money and the fair market value (as of the date of contribution) of any property (other than money) contributed to the Company by a Member shall constitute a "*Capital Contribution*." Any reference in this Agreement to the Capital Contribution of a Member shall include a Capital Contribution of its predecessors in interest.

(b) EPD OLP is the assignee of its Membership Interests, and the Member or its predecessor in interest has made certain Capital Contributions.

(c) DEP OLP is the assignee of its Membership Interests, and the Member or its predecessor in interest has made certain Capital Contributions.

4.02 Net Measurement Loss Additional Capital Contributions.. To the extent the Board of Directors determines in its reasonable judgment that a Net Measurement Loss exists as of the end of any month, EPD OLP shall make additional Capital Contributions of cash in an amount equal to such Net Measurement Loss. The Board of Directors shall provide written notice to EPD OLP of the date such contributions are due, which date shall not be more than 10 Days following the date of such notice, and setting forth in reasonable detail the determination of the amount of such Net Measurement Loss. The Sharing Ratios of the Members shall not be adjusted as the result of additional Capital Contributions, if any, in respect of any such Net Measurement Loss. In addition to all other remedies available, including, without limitation, those provided in the Act, a Member must pay the Company interest, at a rate comparable to the rate the Company could obtain from third parties, on all Capital Contributions that Member fails to make at or before the time required from the time required until actual paid.

4.03 Expansion Project Additional Capital Contributions.

(a) The Company may require additional Capital Contributions to fund Expansion Projects ("*Expansion Cash Calls*"). Except as otherwise provided in this Section 4.03(b), any such required Capital Contributions for Expansion Cash Calls shall be made by the Members in accordance with their Sharing Ratios.

(b) The Board of Directors shall provide written notice to the Members of the date contributions are due, which date shall be not less than 30 nor more than 90 Days following the date of such notice, the aggregate amount of the Capital Contribution required and each Member's share thereof, and setting forth in reasonable detail the proposed Expansion Project and Expansion Costs associated therewith. Each Member shall advise the Board of Directors in writing within 20 Days whether it elects to participate in such Expansion Project. Any failure to respond within such 20 day period shall be deemed an election not to participate in such Expansion Project.

(c) If DEP OLP elects to participate (within 20 Days after notice of such Expansion Cash Call), then (i) EPD OLP may make additional Capital Contributions of cash in an amount up to the product of its Sharing Ratio and the amount of such Expansion Cash Call,

(ii) DEP OLP shall make additional Capital Contributions of cash equal to the excess of the Expansion Cash Call over amounts elected to be contributed by EPD OLP under clause (i) immediately preceding, and (iii) the Sharing Ratios of the Members shall immediately be adjusted as a result of such additional Capital Contributions if the amounts elected to be contributed by EPD OLP are less than the product of its Sharing Ratio and the amount of such Expansion Cash Call.

(d) If DEP OLP elects not to participate (within 20 Days after notice of such Expansion Cash Call), then EPD OLP may make additional Capital Contributions of cash in an amount equal to 100% of such Expansion Cash Call and the Sharing Ratios of the Members shall be adjusted as a result of such additional Capital Contributions on the date 90 Days after the applicable Initial Commencement Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, DEP OLP may subsequently elect to participate in any Expansion Project by paying to EPD OLP, within 90 Days following the applicable Initial Commencement Date, an amount equal to the product of (i) the sum of (A) the amount of the Expansion Cash Call, *plus* (B) the effective cost of capital to EPD OLP based on the weighted average interest rate of EPD OLP incurred for borrowings during such period as determined by the Board of Directors in its reasonable judgment, *minus* (C) any amounts distributed to EPD OLP pursuant to the provisions of Section 5.02(b), and (ii) the Sharing Ratio of DEP OLP makes a payment pursuant to this Section 4.03, then (x) DEP OLP shall be deemed to make a cash Capital Contribution to the Company in an amount equal to such payment, (y) the Company shall be deemed to make a cash distribution to EPD OLP in an amount equal to such payment, and (z) the Sharing Ratios of the Members shall not be adjusted as the result of any additional Capital Contributions for such Expansion Capital Call.

4.04 Loans. If the Company does not have sufficient cash to pay its obligations, any Member that may agree to do so may, upon approval by the Board of Directors, advance all or part of the needed funds for such obligation to or on behalf of the Company. An advance described in this Section 4.04 constitutes a loan from the Member to the Company, shall bear interest at a rate comparable to the rate the Company could obtain from third parties, from the date of the advance until the date of repayment, and is not a Capital Contribution.

4.05 Return of Contributions. A Member is not entitled to the return of any part of its Capital Contributions or to be paid interest in respect of its Capital Contributions. An unrepaid Capital Contribution is not a liability of the Company or of any Member. No Member will be required to contribute or to lend any cash or property to the Company to enable the Company to return any Member's Capital Contributions.

4.06 Capital Accounts. A capital account shall be established and maintained for each Member. Each Member's capital account (a) shall be increased by (i) the amount of money contributed by that Member to the Company, (ii) the fair market value of property contributed by that Member to the Company, (iii) the fair market value of property contributed by that Member to the Company, (iii) allocations to that Member of the Company income and gain (or items of income and gain, including income and gain exempt from tax and income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2) (iv)(g), but excluding income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i), and (b) shall be decreased by (i) the amount of money distributed to that Member by

the Company, (ii) the fair market value of property distributed to that Member by the Company (net of liabilities secured by the distributed property that the Member is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code, (iii) allocations to that Member of expenditures of the Company described in section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code, and (iv) allocations of Company loss and deduction (or items of loss and deduction), including loss and deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g), but excluding items described in clause (b)(iii) above and loss or deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i) or § 1.704-1(b)(4)(iii). The Members' capital accounts also shall be maintained and adjusted as permitted by the provisions of Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f) and as required by the other provisions of Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv) and 1.704-1(b)(4), including adjustments to reflect the allocations to the Members of depreciation, amortization, and gain or loss as computed for box purposes, as required by Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g). A Member that has more than one Membership Interests hall have a single capital account that reflects all its Membership Interests, regardless of the class of the class

ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

5.01 Allocations.

(a) Except as otherwise set forth in Section 5.01(b), for purposes of maintaining the capital accounts and in determining the rights of the Members among themselves, all items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit of the Company shall be allocated among the Members in accordance with their Sharing Ratios.

(b) The following special allocations shall be made prior to making any allocations provided for in 5.01(a) above:

(i) Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision hereof to the contrary, if there is a net decrease in Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2) for a taxable year (or if there was a net decrease in Minimum Gain for a prior taxable year and the Company did not have sufficient amounts of income and gain during prior years to allocate among the Members under this subsection 5.01(b)(i), then items of income and gain shall be allocated to each Member in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in such Minimum Gain (as determined pursuant to Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(g)(2)). It is the intent of the Members that any allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(i) shall constitute a "minimum gain chargeback" under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 5, except subsection 5.01(b)(i), if there is a net decrease in Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1 or § 1.704-2), during any taxable year, any Member who has a share of the Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain shall be allocated such amount of income and gain for such year (and subsequent years, if necessary) determined in the manner required by Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(i)(4) as is necessary to meet the requirements for a chargeback of Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain.

(iii) Qualified Income Offset. Except as provided in subsection 5.01(b)(i) and (ii) hereof, in the event any Member unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(i)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Company income and gain shall be specifically allocated to such Member in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Allocation Regulations, the deficit balance, if any, in its adjusted capital account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible.

(iv) Gross Income Allocations. In the event any Member has a deficit balance in its adjusted capital account at the end of any Company taxable period, such Member shall be specially allocated items of Company gross income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(iv) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Member would have a deficit balance in its adjusted capital account after all other allocations provided in this Section 5.01 have been tentatively made as if subsection 5.01(b)(iv) were not in the Agreement.

(v) Company Nonrecourse Deductions. Company Nonrecourse Deductions (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(c)) for any fiscal year shall be allocated among the Members in proportion to their Membership Interests.

(vi) Member Nonrecourse Deductions. Any Member Nonrecourse Deductions (as defined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i)(2)) shall be allocated pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i) to the Member who bears the economic risk of loss with respect to the partner nonrecourse debt to which it is attributable.

(vii) Code Section 754 Adjustment. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Company asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, to be taken into account in determining capital accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the capital accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Members in a manner consistent with the manner in which their capital accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations.

(viii) Curative Allocation. The special allocations set forth in subsections 5.01(b)(i)-(vi) (the "Regulatory Allocations") are intended to comply with the Allocation Regulations. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 5.01, the Regulatory Allocations shall be taken into account in allocating items of income, gain, loss and deduction among the Members such that, to the extent possible, the net amount of allocations of such items and the Regulatory Allocations to each Member shall be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to each Member if the Regulatory Allocations had not occurred.

(ix) Measurement Gains and Measurement Losses. All items of Company income, gain, deduction or loss attributable to, or arising from, Measurement Gains and Measurement Losses shall be allocated 100% to EPD OLP.

(c) For federal income tax purposes, except as otherwise required by the Code, the Allocation Regulations or the following sentence, each item of Company income, gain, loss, deduction and credit shall be allocated among the Members in the same manner as corresponding items are allocated in Section 5.01(a). Notwithstanding any provisions contained herein to the contrary, solely for federal income tax purposes, items of income, gain, depreciation, gain or loss with respect to property contributed or deemed contributed to the Company by a Member or whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations shall be allocated among the Members so as to take into account the variation between the Company's tax basis in such property and its Carrying Value in the manner provided under section 704(c) of the Code and Treas. Reg. § 1.704-3(d) (i.e. the "remedial method").

5.02 Distributions

(a) At least once each month prior to commencement of winding up under Section 13.01, the Board of Directors shall determine in its reasonable judgment to what extent (if any) the Company's cash on hand exceeds its current and anticipated needs, including, without limitation, for operating expenses, debt service, acquisitions, and a reasonable contingency reserve. Except as otherwise set forth in Section 4.02 or this Section 5.02, if such an excess exists, the Board of Directors shall cause the Company to distribute to the Members, in accordance with their Sharing Ratios, an amount in cash equal to that excess.

(b) If DEP OLP elects not to participate in Expansion Cash Calls in accordance with Section 4.03(d), then for the period beginning on the Initial Commencement Date and ending on the earlier of the date 90 Days following the Initial Commencement Date or the date DEP OLP makes a payment to EPD OLP in accordance with Section 4.03(d), the Board of Directors shall cause the Company to distribute 100% of the Company's cash on hand attributable to the applicable Expansion Project to EPD OLP.

(c) Within 45 Days following the end of any fiscal quarter, the Board of Directors shall cause the Company to distribute to EPD OLP an amount in cash equal to the Net Measurement Gain, if any, for such period.

(d) From time to time the Board of Directors also may cause property of the Company other than cash to be distributed to the Members, which distribution must be made in accordance with their Sharing Ratios and may be made subject to existing liabilities and obligations. Immediately prior to such a distribution, the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted as provided in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f).

ARTICLE 6

RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS

6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability. The Members shall not perform any act on behalf of the Company, incur any expense, obligation or indebtedness of any nature on behalf of the Company, or in any manner participate in the management of the

Company, except as specifically contemplated hereunder. No Member shall be liable under a judgment, decree or order of a court, or in any other manner, except as agreed to by any such Member, for the indebtedness or any other obligations or liabilities of the Company or liable, responsible or accountable in damages to the Company or its Members for breach of fiduciary duty as a Member, for any acts performed within the scope of the authority conferred on it by this Agreement, or for its failure or refusal to perform any acts except those expressly required by or pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, or for any debt or loss in connection with the affairs of the Company, except as required by the Delaware Act.

6.02 Return of Distributions. In accordance with Section 18-607 of the Delaware Act, a Member will be obligated to return any distribution from the Company only as provided by applicable law.

6.03 Priority and Return of Capital. Except as may be provided in this Agreement, no Member shall have priority over any other Member, either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions; provided that this Section shall not apply to loans (as distinguished from Capital Contributions) that a Member has made to the Company.

6.04 Competition. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Member may engage in or possess an interest in any other business venture or ventures, including any activity that is competitive with the Company without offering any such opportunity to the Company, and neither the Company nor the other Member shall have any rights in or to such venture or ventures or activity or the income or profits derived therefrom.

6.05 Admission of Additional Members. The Company shall not admit additional Members without the prior written consent of all of the Members.

6.06 Resignation. Without the prior approval of all other Members, no Member may resign from the Company.

6.07 Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, the Company shall (to the extent of the assets of the Company) indemnify, defend and hold harmless each Member and each officer, employee and director of such Member from and against all losses, expenses, claims or liabilities, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of or in connection with the indebtedness or any other obligation or liabilities of the Company, other than losses, expenses, claims or liabilities of such indemnified Member which result from a violation in any material respect of any of the provisions of this Agreement or fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or misappropriation of funds. The foregoing indemnity expressly includes an indemnity with respect to the negligence (excluding the gross negligence) of a Member.

ARTICLE 7 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

7.01 Meetings. Meetings of the Members, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by law, may be called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company or by any Member. The chairperson at any meeting shall be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.



7.02 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Members shall be held at the principal place of business of the Company or at such other place as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.

7.03 Notice of Meetings. Except as provided in Section 7.04, written notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting and the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called shall be sent not less than five days before the date of the meeting, either personally, by facsimile or by mail, by or at the direction of the person calling the meeting, to each Member.

7.04 Meeting of All Members. If all of the Members shall meet at any time and place and consent to the holding of a meeting at such time and place, such meeting shall be valid without call or notice, and at such meeting any lawful action may be taken.

7.05 Action by Members Without a Meeting. Action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of Members may be taken without a meeting if the action is evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by all Members and delivered to the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company for inclusion in the minutes or for filing with the Company records. Action taken under this Section is effective when all Members have signed the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

7.06 Waiver of Notice. When any notice is required to be given to any Member, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the Person entitled to such notice, whether before, at or after the time stated therein, shall be equivalent to the giving of such notice.

7.07 Delegation to Board. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act, the Members agree that they shall act solely through the mechanisms provided herein relating to the appointment and authority of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 8 MANAGEMENT

8.01 Management by Board of Directors.

(a) Generally. Subject to any powers reserved to the Members under this Agreement, the business and affairs of the Company shall be fully vested in, and managed by, a Board of Directors (the "Board") and subject to the discretion of the Board, officers elected pursuant to this Article 8. The Directors and officers shall collectively constitute "managers" of the Company within the meaning of the Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the authority and functions of the Board, on the one hand, and of the officers, on the other hand, shall be identical to the authority and functions of the board of directors and officers, respectively, of a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The officers shall be vested with such powers and duties as are set forth in this Article 8 and as are specified by the Board. Accordingly, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the outpers and be used under the direction of the Board, and the day-to-day activities of the Company shall be conducted on the Company's behalf by the officers who shall be agents of the Company.

(b) *Number*; *Qualification*; *Tenure*. The number of Directors constituting the initial Board of Directors shall be four. The number of Directors constituting the Board of Directors may be increased from time to time by resolution of the Members. Except as provided in Section 8.01(e) hereof, Directors shall be elected by the Members holding a plurality of the Member Interests, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the full term to which he shall have been elected and until his successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may resign at any time upon notice to the Company. A Director need not be a Member of the Company or a resident of the State of Delaware.

(c) Regular Meetings. Regular quarterly and annual meetings of the Board shall be held at such time and place as shall be designated from time to time by resolution of the Board. Notice of such regular quarterly and annual meetings shall not be required.

(d) Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any time, whenever called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the President of the Company or a majority of Directors then in office, at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as may be stated in the notice of the meeting. Notice of the time and place of a special meeting must be given by the person or persons calling such meeting at least twenty-four (24) hours, before the special meeting. The attendance of a Director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a Director attends a meeting for the sole purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting.

(e) *Term; Resignation; Vacancies; Removal.* Each Director shall hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified or until his earlier resignation or removal. Any Director may resign at any time upon written notice to the Board, the Chairman of the Board, to the Chief Executive Officer or to any other Officer. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein, and unless otherwise specified therein no acceptance of such resignation shall be necessary to make it effective. Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of Directors or from any other cause shall be filled by an affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Directors then in office, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining Director, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the remainder of the full term in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until such Director's successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may be removed, with or without cause, by a majority of the Members at any time, and the vacancy in the Board caused by any such removal shall be filled by a majority of the Members.

(f) Quorum; Required Vote for Action. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law or this Agreement, at all meetings of the Board of Directors a majority of the whole Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of the Directors present at any meeting of the Board of Directors at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

(g) Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board of Directors, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, and in the absence of a designation by the Board of Directors of an alternate member to replace the absent or disqualified member, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he, she or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any absent or disqualified members. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors establishing such committee, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board of Directors when required.

The designation of any such committee and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors, or any member thereof, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him by law, nor shall such committee function where action of the Board of Directors is required under applicable law. The Board of Directors shall have the power at any time to change the membership of any such committee and to fill vacancies in it. A majority of the members of any such committee shall constitute a quorum. Each such committee may elect a chairman and appoint such subcommittees and assistants as it may deem necessary. Except as otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, meetings of any committee shall be conducted in the same manner as the Board of Directors conducts its business pursuant to this Agreement, as the same shall from time to time be amended. Any member of any such committee elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Company will be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Election or appointement of a member of a committee shall not of itself create contract rights.

8.02 Officers.

(a) Generally. The officers of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. Unless provided otherwise by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Officers shall have the titles, power, authority and duties described below in this Section 8.02.

(b) *Titles and Number*. The Officers of the Company shall be the Chairman of the Board (unless the Board of Directors provides otherwise), the Chief Executive Officer, the President, any and all Vice Presidents (including any Vice Presidents who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President), the Secretary, the Chief Financial Officer, any Treasurer and any and all Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers and the General Counsel. There shall be appointed from time to time such Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, Treasurers and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may desire. Any person may hold more than one office.

(c) Appointment and Term of Office. The Officers shall be appointed by the Board of Directors at such time and for such term as the Board of Directors shall determine. Any Officer may be removed, with or without cause, only by the Board of Directors. Vacancies in any office may be filled only by the Board of Directors.

(d) Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and he shall be a non-executive unless and until other executive powers and duties are assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors.

(e) Chief Executive Officer. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company ang legally take. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors.

(f) President. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the President, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company in the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company may legally take. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Members and, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board and a Chief Executive Officer, the President shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The President shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by this Agreement or the Board of Directors, including any duties and powers stated in any employment agreement approved by the Board of Directors.

(g) Vice Presidents. In the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and the President, each Vice President (including any Vice Presidents designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President) appointed by the Board of Directors shall have all of the powers and duties conferred upon the President, including the same power as the President to execute documents on behalf of the Company. Each such Vice President shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(h) Secretary and Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall record or cause to be recorded in books provided for that purpose the minutes of the meetings or actions of the Board of Directors, shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and as required by law, shall be custodian of all records (other than financial), shall see that the books, reports, statements, certificates and all other documents and records required by law are properly kept and filed, and, in general, shall perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may, from time to time, be assigned to him by this Agreement, the Board of Directors or the President. The Assistant Secretaries shall exercise the powers of the Secretary during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act.

(i) *Chief Financial Officer*. The Chief Financial Officer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of account of the Company. He shall receive and deposit all moneys and other valuables belonging to the Company in the name and to the credit of the Company and shall disburse the same and only in such manner as the Board of Directors or the appropriate Officer of the Company may from time to time determine. He shall render to the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer, whenever any of them request it, an account of all his transactions as Chief Financial Officer and of the financial condition of the Company shall perform such further duties as the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer may require. The Chief Financial Officer shall have the same power as the Chief Executive Officer to execute documents on behalf of the Company.

(j) Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers. The Treasurer shall have such duties as may be specified by the Chief Financial Officer in the performance of his duties. The Assistant Treasurers shall exercise the power of the Treasurer during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act. Each of the Assistant Treasurers shall possess the same power as the Treasurer to sign all certificates, contracts, obligations and other instruments of the Company. If no Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer is appointed and serving or in the absence of the appointed Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer, the Senior Vice President, or such other Officer as the Board of Directors shall select, shall have the powers and duties conferred upon the Treasurer.

(k) General Counsel. The General Counsel subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors, shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day legal affairs of the Company. The General Counsel shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(1) Powers of Attorney. The Company may grant powers of attorney or other authority as appropriate to establish and evidence the authority of the Officers and other persons.

(m) Delegation of Authority. Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the Board of Directors, no Officer shall have the power or authority to delegate to any person such Officer's rights and powers as an Officer to manage the business and affairs of the Company.

(n) Officers. The Board of Directors shall appoint Officers of the Company to serve from the date of such appointment until the death, resignation or removal by the Board of Directors with or without cause of such officer.

8.03 Duties of Officers and Directors. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the duties and obligations owed to the Company and to the Board of Directors by the Officers of the Company and by members of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be the same as the respective duties and obligations owed to a corporation organized under the Delaware General Corporation Law by its officers and directors, respectively.

8.04 Compensation. The members of the Board of Directors who are neither Officers nor employees of the Company shall be entitled to compensation as directors and committee members as approved by the Board and shall be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending meetings of the Board of Directors or committees thereof.

8.05 Indemnification.

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by Law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, each Indemnitee (as defined below) shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities (joint or several), expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements and other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any such person may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of such person's status as (i) a present or former member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, (ii) a present or former Member, (iii) a present or former Officer, or (iv) a Person serving at the request of the Company in another entity in a similar capacity as that referred to in the immediately preceding clauses (i) or (iii), *provided*, that the Person described in the immediately preceding clauses (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) ("**Indemnitee**") shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05, the Indemnitee ated in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05 shall be made only out of the assets of the Company.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 8.05(a) in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Company prior to the final disposition of such claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding upon receipt by the Company of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this Section 8.05.

(c) The indemnification provided by this Section 8.05 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, as a matter of

law or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity, and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity.

(d) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance, on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors, the Officers and such other persons as the Board of Directors shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against or expense that may be incurred by such person in connection with the Company's activities, regardless of whether the Company would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.

(e) For purposes of this Section 8.05, the Company shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by the Indemnitee of such Indemnitee's duties to the Company also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, the Indemnitee to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of Section 8.05(a); and action taken or omitted by the Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan purpose reasonably believed by such Indemnitee to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose which is in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject any Members of the Company to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions of this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 8.05 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 8.05 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees, their heirs, successors, assigns and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.05 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair either the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Company or the obligation of the Company to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 8.05 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted, and such Person became and Indemnitee hereunder prior to such amendment, modification or repeal.

(j) THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION 8.05 ARE INTENDED BY THE PARTIES TO APPLY EVEN IF SUCH PROVISIONS HAVE THE EFFECT OF EXCULPATING THE INDEMNITEE FROM LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PERSON'S NEGLIGENCE, FAULT OR OTHER CONDUCT.

8.06 Liability of Indemnitees.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Company, the Members or any other Person for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered in a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) Subject to its obligations and duties as set forth in this Article 8, the Board of Directors and any committee thereof may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through the Company's Officers or agents, and neither the Board of Directors nor any committee thereof shall be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such Officer or agent appointed by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof in good faith.

(c) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.06 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on liability under this Section 8.06 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may be asserted.

ARTICLE 9 ACCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS

9.01 Accounting Method. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained in accordance with the accrual method of accounting.

9.02 Accounting Period. The Company's accounting period shall be the Fiscal Year.

9.03 Records, Audits and Reports. At the expense of the Company, the Board of Directors shall maintain books and records of account of all operations and expenditures of the Company.

9.04 Inspection. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained at the principal place of business of the Company or such other location as shall be determined by the Board of Directors and shall be open to inspection by the Members at all reasonable times during any business day.

ARTICLE 10 TAX MATTERS

10.01 Tax Returns. The Board shall cause to be prepared and filed all necessary federal and state income tax returns for the Company, including making the elections described in Section 10.02. Each Member shall furnish to the Board all pertinent information in its possession relating to Company operations that is necessary to enable the Company's income tax returns to be prepared and filed.

10.02 Tax Elections. The Company shall make the following elections on the appropriate tax returns:

(a) to adopt a fiscal year ending on December 31 of each year;

(b) to adopt the accrual method of accounting and to keep the Company's books and records on the income-tax method;

(c) to adjust the basis of Company properties pursuant to section 754 of the Code; and

(d) any other election the Board may deem appropriate and in the best interests of the Members.

Neither the Company nor any Member may make an election for the Company to be excluded from the application of the provisions of subchapter K of chapter 1 of subtitle A of the Code or any similar provisions of applicable state law.

10.03 Tax Matters Partner. DEP OLP shall be the "tax matters partner" of the Company pursuant to section 6231(a)(7) of the Code. Tax matters partner shall take such action as may be necessary to cause each Member to become a "notice partner" within the meaning of section 6223 of the Code. The tax matters partner shall inform each Member of all significant matters that may come to its attention in its capacity as tax matters partner by giving notice on or before the fifth Business Day after becoming aware of the matter and, within that time, shall forward to each Member copies of all significant written communications it may receive in that capacity.

ARTICLE 11 RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

11.01 Transfer Restrictions. Except as set forth in Article 4 of the Omnibus Agreement, no Member shall be permitted to sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, or mortgage, hypothecate or otherwise encumber, or permit or suffer any encumbrance of, all or any portion of its Member Interest without the prior written consent of all other Members (which consent may be withheld in the sole discretion of such Members).

ARTICLE 12 BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

12.01 Maintenance of Books.

(a) The Board of Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Company or at such other location approved by the Board of Directors complete and accurate books and records of the Company, supporting documentation of the transactions with respect to the conduct of the Company's business and minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors and any other books and records that are required to be maintained by applicable Law.

(b) The books of account of the Company shall be maintained on the basis of a fiscal year that is the calendar year and on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, consistently applied, except that the capital accounts of the Members shall be maintained in accordance with Section 4.06.

12.02 Reports. The Board of Directors shall cause to be prepared and delivered to each Member such reports, forecasts, studies, budgets and other information as the Members may reasonably request from time to time.

12.03 Bank Accounts. Funds of the Company shall be deposited in such banks or other depositories as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All withdrawals from any such depository shall be made only as authorized by the Board of Directors and shall be made only by check, wire transfer, debit memorandum or other written instruction.

12.04 Tax Statements. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to furnish, within 90 Days of the close of each taxable year of the Company, estimated tax information reasonably required by the Members for federal and state income tax reporting purposes.

ARTICLE 13 DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION

13.01 Dissolution.

(a) The Company shall dissolve and its affairs shall be wound up on the first to occur of the following events (each a "Dissolution Event"):

(i) the unanimous consent of the Members in writing;

(ii) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Company under Section 18-802 of the Act;

(iii) at any time there are no Members of the Company, unless the Company is continued in accordance with the Act or this Agreement.

(b) No other event shall cause a dissolution of the Company.

(c) Upon the occurrence of any event that causes there to be no Members of the Company, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the personal representative of the last remaining Member is hereby authorized to, and shall, within 90 days after the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member in the Company, agree in writing (i) to continue the Company and (ii) to the admission of the personal representative or its nominee or designee, as the case may be, as a substitute Member of the Company, effective as of the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Bankruptcy of a Member shall not cause such Member to cease to be a member of the Company and, upon the occurrence of such an event, the Company shall continue without dissolution.

13.02 Winding-Up and Termination

(a) On the occurrence of a Dissolution Event, the Board of Directors shall select one or more Persons to act as liquidator. The liquidator shall proceed diligently to wind up the affairs of the Company and make final distributions as provided herein and in the Act. The costs of winding up shall be borne as a Company expense. Until final distribution, the liquidator shall continue to operate the Company properties with all of the power and authority of the Board of Directors. The steps to be accomplished by the liquidator are as follows:

(i) as promptly as possible after dissolution and again after final winding up, the liquidator shall cause a proper accounting to be made by a recognized firm of certified public accountants of the Company's assets, liabilities, and operations through the last calendar day of the month in which the dissolution occurs or the final winding up is completed, as applicable;

(ii) the liquidator shall discharge from Company funds all of the debts, liabilities and obligations of the Company or otherwise make adequate provision for payment and discharge thereof (including the establishment of a cash escrow fund for contingent liabilities in such amount and for such term as the liquidator may reasonably determine); and

(iii) all remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed to the Members as follows:

(A) the liquidator may sell any or all Company property, including to Members, and any resulting gain or loss from each sale shall be computed and allocated to the capital accounts of the Members;

(B) with respect to all Company property that has not been sold, the fair market value of that property shall be determined and the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted to reflect the manner in which the unrealized income, gain, loss, and deduction inherent in property that has not been reflected in the capital accounts previously would be allocated among the Members if there were a taxable disposition of that property for the fair market value of that property on the date of distribution; and

(C) Company property shall be distributed among the Members in accordance with the positive capital account balances of the Members, as determined after taking into account all capital account adjustments for the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company occurs (other than those made by reason of this clause (iii)); and those distributions shall be made by the end of the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company after the date of the liquidation).

(b) The distribution of cash or property to a Member in accordance with the provisions of this Section 13.02 constitutes a complete return to the Member of its Capital Contributions and a complete distribution to the Member of its share of all the Company's property and constitutes a compromise to which all Members have consented within the meaning of Section 18-502(b) of the Act. No Member shall be required to make any Capital Contribution to the Company to enable the Company to make the distributions described in this Section 13.02.

(c) On completion of such final distribution, the liquidator shall file a Certificate of Cancellation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and take such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the existence of the Company.

ARTICLE 14 MERGER

14.01 Authority. The Company may merge or consolidate with one or more limited liability companies, corporations, business trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a general partnership or limited partnership, formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction, pursuant to a written agreement of merger or consolidation ("Merger Agreement") in accordance with this Article 14.

14.02 Procedure for Merger or Consolidation. The merger or consolidation of the Company pursuant to this Article 14 requires the prior approval of a majority the Board of Directors and compliance with Section 14.03. Upon such approval, the Merger Agreement shall set forth:

(a) The names and jurisdictions of formation or organization of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(b) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation ("Surviving Business Entity");

(c) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(d) The manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (i) if any general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of any constituent business entity are not to be exchanged or

converted solely for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited partnership, limited liability company, corporation, trust or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such interests, rights, securities or obligations of the constituent business entity are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, their interests, rights, securities or obligations and (ii) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or limited partnership or limited partnership, is eventiles or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or limited partnership or limited partnership or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or limited partnership or limited partnership or limited partnership or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or be delivered;

(e) A statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership or limited liability company or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;

(f) The effective time of the merger or consolidation, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.04 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (*provided*, that if the effective time of the merger or consolidation is to be later than the date of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation and stated therein); and

(g) Such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation as are deemed necessary or appropriate by the Board of Directors.

14.03 Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) The Board of Directors, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement, shall direct that the Merger Agreement be submitted to a vote of the Members, whether at a meeting or by written consent. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a meeting or the written consent.

(b) After approval by vote or consent of the Members, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation pursuant to Section 14.04, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement.

14.04 Certificate of Merger or Consolidation. Upon the required approval by the Board of Directors and the Members of a Merger Agreement, a certificate of merger or consolidation shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in conformity with the requirements of the Act.

14.05 Effect of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) At the effective time of the certificate of merger or consolidation:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were property of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interest in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity, and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) A merger or consolidation effected pursuant to this Article 14 shall not (i) be deemed to result in a transfer or assignment of assets or liabilities from one entity to another having occurred or (ii) require the Company (if it is not the Surviving Business Entity) to wind up its affairs, pay its liabilities or distribute its assets as required under Article 13 of this Agreement or under the applicable provisions of the Act.

ARTICLE 15 GENERAL PROVISIONS

ENERAL PROVISIONS

15.01 Notices. Except as expressly set forth to the contrary in this Agreement, all notices, requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered to the recipient in person, by courier or mail or by facsimile or other electronic transmission and a notice, request or consent given under this Agreement is effective on receipt by the Person to receive it; *provided, however*, that a facsimile or other electronic transmission that is transmitted after the normal business hours of the recipient shall be deemed effective on the next Business Day. All notices, requests and consents to be sent to a Member must be sent to or made at the addresses given for that Member as that Member may specify by notice to the other Members. Any notice, request or consent to the Company must be given to all of the Members. Whenever any notice is required to be given by applicable Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given by Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given by Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

15.02 Entire Agreement; Supersedure. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Members and their respective Affiliates relating to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior contracts or agreements with respect to such subject matter, whether oral or written.

15.03 Effect of Waiver or Consent. Except as provided in this Agreement, a waiver or consent, express or implied, to or of any breach or default by any Person in the performance by that Person of its obligations with respect to the Company is not a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by that Person of the same or any other obligations of that Person with respect to the Company. Except as provided in this Agreement, failure on the part of a Person to complain of any act of any Person or to declare any Person in default with respect to the Company, irrespective of how long that failure continues, does not constitute a waiver by that Person of its rights with respect to that default until the applicable statute-of-limitations period has run.

15.04 Amendment or Restatement. This Agreement may be amended or restated only by a written instrument executed by all Members.

15.05 Binding Effect. This Agreement is binding on and shall inure to the benefit of the Members and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.

15.06 Governing Law; Severability. THIS AGREEMENT IS GOVERNED BY AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, EXCLUDING ANY CONFLICT-OF-LAWS RULE OR PRINCIPLE THAT MIGHT REFER THE GOVERNANCE OR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS AGREEMENT TO THE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION. In the event of a direct conflict between the provision of the Act provides that it may be varied or superseded in the limited liability company agreement (or otherwise by agreement of the members or managers of a limited liability company), such provision shall be deemed superseded and waived in its entirety if this Agreement and the application addressing the same issue or subject matter. If any provision of this Agreement or thereof to any Person or circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, (a) the remainder of this Agreement and the application of the provision to other Persons or circumstances is not affected thereby and that provision shall be deemed supersolution with a new provision shall be new provision with a new provision that is valid and enforceable and that put to the Members or managers and legal position as they would have been in if the original provision had been valid and enforceable.

15.07 Further Assurances. In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, each Member shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and those transactions.

15.08 Offset. Whenever the Company is to pay any sum to any Member, any amounts that a Member owes the Company may be deducted from that sum before payment.

15.09 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signing parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and constitute the same instrument.

15.10 Execution of Additional Instruments. Each Member hereby agrees to execute such other and further statements of interest and holdings, designations, powers of attorney and other instruments necessary to comply with any laws, rules or regulations.

15.11 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application thereof shall not be affected and shall be enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

15.12 Headings. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and are in no way intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Members have executed this Agreement as of the date first set forth above.

MEMBERS:

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner

By: Name: Title:

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

By: Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., its general partner

By: Richard H. Bachmann

Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC.

By: Richard H. Bachmann Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

Attachment I

Defined Terms

Act - the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act and any successor statute, as amended from time to time.

Affiliate - with respect to any Person, each Person Controlling, Controlled by or under common Control with such first Person.

Agreement - this Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company, as the same may be amended, modified, supplemented or restated from time to time.

Allocation Regulations – means Treas. Reg. §§ 1.704-1(b), 1.704-2 and 1.704-3 (including any temporary regulations) as such regulations may be amended and in effect from time to time and any corresponding provision of succeeding regulations.

Asset Contribution Agreement - Recitals.

Bankrupty or **Bankrupt** – with respect to any Person, that (a) such Person (i) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors; (ii) files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; (iii) is insolvent, or has entered against such Person an order for relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding; (iv) files a petition or answer seeking for such Person any reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any Law; (v) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against such Person in a proceeding of the type described in subclauses (i) through (iv) of this clause (a); or (vi) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; or (b) 120 Days have passed after the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties, if the appointment is not vacated or stayed, or 90 Days have passed after the date of expiration of any such stay, if the appointment has not been vacated.

Board of Directors or Board - Section 8.01.

Business Day – any Day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a Day on which national banking associations in the State of Texas are authorized or required by Law to close.

Capital Contribution – with respect to any Member of the Company, the amount of money and the initial Carrying Value of any property (other than money) contributed to the Company by such Member.

Carrying Value – means (a) with respect to property contributed to the Company, the fair market value of such property at the time of contribution reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, depletion (computed as a separate item of deduction), amortization and cost

recovery deductions charged to the Members' capital accounts, (b) with respect to any property whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, the adjusted value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partner's capital accounts and (c) with respect to any other Company property, the adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination.

Company - initial paragraph.

Control – shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power and authority to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership or control of Voting Stock, by contract or otherwise.

Contribution Agreement - Recitals.

Day – a calendar Day; provided, however, that, if any period of Days referred to in this Agreement shall end on a Day that is not a Business Day, then the expiration of such period shall be automatically extended until the end of the first succeeding Business Day.

Delaware General Corporation Law - Title 8 of the Delaware Code, as amended from time to time.

Director – each member of the Board of Directors elected as provided in Section 8.01.

Dispose, Disposing or Disposition means, with respect to any asset, any sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, gift, exchange or other disposition of such asset, whether such disposition be voluntary, involuntary or by

operation of Law

Dissolution Event – Section 13.01(a)

Effective Date – initial paragraph.

EPD OLP – initial paragraph.

Existing Agreement – Recitals.

Expansion Cash Call – Section 4.03(a).

Expansion Costs - expenditures for Expansion Projects funded exclusively out of Capital Contributions made by the Members.

Expansion Project – any expansion activities with respect to the Company's facilities, including without limitation, development of new entries into and the conversion of existing storage wells and the installation of new piping and related facilities.

Indemnitee – Section 8.05(a).

Initial Commencement Date – the date on which the Board of Directors provides written notice to EPD OLP that any pipeline or storage portion of an Expansion Project is placed in service *Initial Member* – EPD OLP.

Law – any applicable constitutional provision, statute, act, code (including the Code), law, regulation, rule, ordinance, order, decree, ruling, proclamation, resolution, judgment, decision, declaration or interpretative or advisory opinion or letter of a governmental authority.

Liability – any liability or obligation, whether known or unknown, asserted or unasserted, absolute or contingent, matured or unmatured, conditional or unconditional, latent or patent, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated, or due or to become due.

Measurement Gains – items of the Company's income or gain relating to product movements to and from the Company's storage facility, including amounts retained or deducted by the Company as handling losses on product transferred into storage.

Measurement Losses - items of the Company's loss or deduction relating to product movements to and from the Company's storage facility.

Member – any Person executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement as a member or hereafter admitted to the Company as a member as provided in this Agreement, but such term does not include any Person who has ceased to be a member in the Company.

Membership Interest – with respect to any Member, (a) that Member's status as a Member; (b) that Member's share of the income, gain, loss, deduction and credits of, and the right to receive distributions from, the Company; (c) all other rights, benefits and privileges enjoyed by that Member (under the Act, this Agreement, or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member; and (d) all obligations, duties and liabilities imposed on that Member (under the Act, this Agreement or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member; including any obligations to make Capital Contributions.

Merger Agreement - Section 14.01.

MLP – Recitals.

Net Measurement Gain - for any applicable period, the excess, if any, of the Company's Measurement Gains for such period over the Company's Measurement Losses for such period.

Net Measurement Loss - for any applicable period, the excess, if any, of the Company's Measurement Losses for such period over the Company's Measurement Gains for such period.

Officers – any person elected as an officer of the Company as provided in Section 8.02(a), but such term does not include any person who has ceased to be an officer of the Company.

Omnibus Agreement – means the Omnibus Agreement between EPD OLP, DEP Holdings, LLC, MLP, DEP OLPGP, LLC, DEP OLP, Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P., Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., Acadian Gas, LLC, South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC and the Company, dated _____, 2007, as amended or restated from time to time.

Organizational Certificate - Section 2.01.

Person – a natural person, partnership (whether general or limited), limited liability company, governmental entity, trust, estate, association, corporation, venture, custodian, nominee or any other individual or entity in its own or any representative capacity.

Sharing Ratio – subject in each case to adjustments as determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with this Agreement or in connection with Dispositions of Membership Interests, (a) in the case of a Member executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement or a Person acquiring such Member's Membership Interest, the percentage specified for that Member as its Sharing Ratio on <u>Exhibit A</u>, and (b) in the case of Membership Interests issued pursuant to Section 3.02, the Sharing Ratio established pursuant thereto; provided, however, that the total of all Sharing Ratios shall always equal 100%.

Surviving Business Entity - Section 14.02(b).

Voting Stock – with respect to any Person, Equity Interests in such Person, the holders of which are ordinarily, in the absence of contingencies, entitled to vote for the election of, or otherwise appoint, directors (or Persons with management authority performing similar functions) of such Person.

Withdraw, Withdrawing and Withdrawal – the withdrawal, resignation or retirement of a Member from the Company as a Member.

Exhibit A			
Name and Address of Partner DEP Operating Partnership, L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10 th Floor Houston, Texas 77002	Sharing Ratio 66.000%		
Enterprise Products Operating L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002	[33.365]%%		
Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10 th Floor Houston, Texas 77002	[0.365]%		
	Exhibit A - 1		

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT

OF

SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC A Delaware Limited Liability Company

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 1.02	Definitions Construction		2 2	
		ARTICLE 2		
		ORGANIZATION		
2.01	Formation		2	
2.02	Name		2	
2.03 2.04	Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices		2 3	
2.04	Purpose Term		3	
2.05	No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal		3	
2.00	To otale Law Fulleromp, Waldawa		0	
ARTICLE 3				
		MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS		
3.01	Members		3	
3.02	Creation of Additional Membership Interest		3	
3.03	Liability to Third Parties		3	
		ARTICLE 4		
		CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
4.01	Capital Contributions		3	
4.02	Loans		4	
4.03	Return of Contributions		4	
4.04	Capital Accounts		4	
	,	ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS		
5.01	Allocations		5	
5.02	Distributions		6	
i				
		*		

ARTICLE 6 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS

6.01	Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability		7
6.02	Return of Distributions		7
6.03	Priority and Return of Capital		7
6.04 6.05	Competition Admission of Additional Members		7 7
6.05	Resignation		7
6.07	Indemnification		7
0.07	indeminication		/
		ARTICLE 7	
		MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	
7.01	Meetings		8
7.02	Place of Meetings		8
7.03	Notice of Meetings		8
7.04	Meeting of All Members		8
7.05	Action by Members Without a Meeting		8
7.06	Waiver of Notice		8
7.07	Delegation to Board		8
		ARTICLE 8	
		MANAGEMENT	
8.01	Management by Board of Directors		9
8.02	Officers		11
8.03	Duties of Officers and Directors		13
8.04	Compensation Indemnification		13
8.05			13 15
8.06	Liability of Indemnitees		15
		ARTICLE 9	
	A	CCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS	
9.01	Accounting Method		16
9.02	Accounting Period		16
9.03	Records, Audits and Reports		16
9.04	Inspection		16
		ARTICLE 10	
		TAX MATTERS	
10.01			10
10.01	Tax Returns Tax Elections		16 16
10.02			16 16
10.03	Tax Matters Partner		10
		ü	
		-	

ARTICLE 11 RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

11.01 Transfer Restrictions

ARTICLE 12 BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

12.01 12.02 12.03 12.04	Maintenance of Books Reports Bank Accounts Tax Statements	
		ARTICLE 13 DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION
13.01 13.02	Dissolution Winding-Up and Termination	
		ARTICLE 14 MERGER
14.01	Authority	
14.02	Procedure for Merger or Consolidation	
14.03	Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation	
14.04	Certificate of Merger or Consolidation	
14.05	Effect of Merger or Consolidation	
		ARTICLE 15 GENERAL PROVISIONS
15.01	Notices	
15.02	Entire Agreement; Supersedure	
15.03	Effect of Waiver or Consent	
15.04	Amendment or Restatement	
15.05	Binding Effect	
15.06	Governing Law; Severability	
15.07	Further Assurances	
15.08	Offset	
15.09	Counterparts	
15.10	Execution of Additional Instruments	
15.11	Severability	
15.12	Headings	

iii

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC

A Delaware Limited Liability Company

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT (this "*Agreement*") of SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "*Company*"), executed on January [], 2007 (the "*Effective Date*"), is adopted, executed and agreed to, by Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*EPD OLP*") and DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*DEP OLP*"), as the Members of the Company.

RECITALS

A. The Company was formed on October 5, 2006 by the filing of a Certificate of Formation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

B. The Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company was executed effective October 6, 2006 by its sole Member, EPD OLP (the "Existing Agreement").

C. EPD OLP, Enterprise GC, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("*Enterprise GC*"), Enterprise Holding III, LLC ("*Holdings III*"), Enterprise GTM Holdings LP ("*GTM Holdings*"), Enterprise GTMGP, LLC ("*GTMGP*") and the Company entered into a Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated January _____, 2007 (the "*Asset Contribution Agreement*"), pursuant to which (i) Enterprise GC conveyed the South Texas NGL pipeline assets, as set forth on the schedules thereto, to the Company effective on January _____, 2007, in exchange for Membership Interests of the Company, (ii) Enterprise GC distributed all of such Membership Interests 99% to GTM Holdings and 1% to Holdings III, (iii) Holdings III distributed all of its Membership Interests to GTM Holdings, (iv) GTM Holdings (iv) GTMGP distributed all of such Membership Interests to GFM, (vi) GTM distributed all of such Membership Interests to EPD OLP, and (vii) GTMGP distributed all of such Membership Interests to EPD OLP, with the result that EPD OLP remained the sole member of the Company after giving effect to the transactions under the Asset Contribution Agreement.

D. DEP OLP entered into that certain Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement by and among DEP Holdings, LLC, Duncan Energy Partners L.P. ("*MLP*"), DEP OLPGP, LLC and EPD OLP on the Effective Date (the "*Contribution Agreement*"), pursuant to which (i) EPD OLP contributed 66% of its membership interests in the Company (the "*Interest*") to MLPfor the consideration set forth in the Contribution Agreement and (ii) MLP contributed the Interest (including 0.001% on behalf of DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*DEP OLPGPP*"), to DEP OLP as a capital contribution.

E. EPD OLP deems it advisable to amend and restate the Existing Agreement in its entirety as set forth herein to reflect (i) the contributions of the Interest from EPD OLP to MLP,

and from MLP (including 0.001% on behalf of DEP OLPGP to DEP OLP, and (ii) the admission of DEP OLP as a Member of the Company.

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 Definitions. Each capitalized term used herein shall have the meaning given such term in Attachment I.

1.02 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) the gender (or lack of gender) of all words used in this Agreement includes the masculine, feminine and neuter; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) references to Laws refer to such Laws as they may be amended from time to time, and references to particular provisions of a Law include any corresponding provisions of any succeeding Law; (d) references to more prefer to legal currency of the United States of America; (e) "including" means "including without limitation" and is a term of illustration and not of limitation; (f) all definitions set forth herein shall be deemed applicable whether the words defined are used herein in the singular or the plural; and (g) neither this Agreement nor any other agreement, document or instrument referred to herein or executed and delivered in connection herewith shall be construed against any Person as the principal draftsperson hereof or thereof.

ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION

2.01 Formation. The Company was organized as a Delaware limited liability company by the filing of a Certificate of Formation ("Organizational Certificate") on October 5, 2006 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

2.02 Name. The name of the Company is "South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC" and all Company business must be conducted in that name or such other names that comply with Law as the Board of Directors may select.

2.03 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. The registered office of the Company required by the Act to be maintained in the State of Delaware shall be the office of the initial registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other office (which need not be a place of business of the Company) as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The registered agent for service of process named in the Organizational Certificate or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Directors may designate in the manner provided by Law. The principal office of the Company in the United States shall be at such a place as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate, which need not be in the State of Delaware, and the Company shall maintain records there and shall keep the street address of such principal office at the registered office of the Company in the State of Delaware. The Company may have such other offices as the Board of Directors may designate.

2.04 Purpose. The purposes of the Company are the transaction of any or all lawful business for which limited liability companies may be organized under the Act.

2.05 Term. The period of existence of the Company commenced on October 5, 2006 and shall end at such time as a Certificate of Cancellation is filed in accordance with Section 13.02(c).

2.06 No State-Law Partnership; Withdrawal. It is the intent that the Company shall be a limited liability company formed under the Laws of the State of Delaware and shall not be a partnership (including a limited partnership) or joint venture, and that the Members not be a partner or joint venture of any other party for any purposes other than federal and state tax purposes, and this Agreement may not be construed to suggest otherwise. A Member does not have the right to Withdraw from the Company; provided, however, that a Member shall have the power to Withdraw at any time in violation of this Agreement. If a Member exercises such power in violation of this Agreement, (a) such Member shall be liable to the Company and its Affiliates for all monetary damages suffered by them as a result of such Withdrawal; and (b) such Member shall not have any rights under Section 18.604 of the Act. In no event shall the Company have the right, through specific performance or otherwise, to prevent a Member from Withdrawing in violation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3

MATTERS RELATING TO MEMBERS

3.01 Members.

(a) EPD OLP has previously been admitted as a Member of the Company.

(b) DEP OLP is admitted as a Member of the Company as of the date of this Agreement.

3.02 Creation of Additional Membership Interest. The Company may issue additional Membership Interests in the Company only in compliance with the provisions in Article 5 of the Omnibus Agreement. The Company shall be bound by the terms of such Omnibus Agreement.

3.03 Liability to Third Parties. No Member or beneficial owner of any Membership Interest shall be liable for the Liabilities of the Company.

ARTICLE 4 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

4.01 Capital Contributions.

(a) The amount of money and the fair market value (as of the date of contribution) of any property (other than money) contributed to the Company by a Member shall constitute a "*Capital Contribution*." Any reference in this Agreement to the Capital Contribution of a Member shall include a Capital Contribution of its predecessors in interest.

(b) EPD OLP is the assignee of its Membership Interests, and the Member or its predecessor in interest has made certain Capital Contributions.

(c) DEP OLP is the assignee of its Membership Interests, and the Member or its predecessor in interest has made certain Capital Contributions.

4.02 *Loans*. If the Company does not have sufficient cash to pay its obligations, any Member that may agree to do so may, upon approval by the Board of Directors, advance all or part of the needed funds for such obligation to or on behalf of the Company. An advance described in this Section 4.02 constitutes a loan from the Member to the Company, shall bear interest at a rate comparable to the rate the Company could obtain from third parties, from the date of the advance until the date of repayment, and is not a Capital Contribution.

4.03 Return of Contributions. A Member is not entitled to the return of any part of its Capital Contributions or to be paid interest in respect of its Capital Contributions. An unrepaid Capital Contribution is not a liability of the Company or of any Member. No Member will be required to contribute or to lend any cash or property to the Company to enable the Company to return any Member's Capital Contributions.

4.04 Capital Accounts. A capital account shall be established and maintained for each Member. Each Member's capital account (a) shall be increased by (i) the amount of money contributed by that Member to the Company, (ii) the fair market value of property contributed by that Member to the Company (net of liabilities secured by the contributed property that the Company is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), and (iii) allocations to that Member of Company income and gain (or items of income and gain), including income and gain exempt from tax and income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g), but excluding income and gain described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i), and (b) shall be decreased by (i) the amount of money distributed to that Member by the Company, (iii) the fair market value of property distributed to that Member by the Company (net of liabilities secured by the distributed property that the Member is considered to assume or take subject to under section 752 of the Code), (iii) allocations to that Member of expenditures of the Company described in section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code, and (iv) allocations of Company loss and deduction (or items of loss and deduction), including loss and deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g), but excluding items described in clause (b)(iii) above and loss or deduction described in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(4)(i) or § 1.704-1(b)(4)(ii). The Members' capital accounts also shall be maintained and adjusted as permitted by the provisions of Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g) and 1.704-1(b)(4), including adjustments to reflect the allocations to the Members of depreciation, depletion, amortization, and gain or loss as computed for book purposes rather than the allocation of the corresponding items as computed for tax purposes, as required by that a single capital account that reflects all its Membership Interests, regardless of the class of Membership Interests were acquired.



ARTICLE 5 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

5.01 Allocations.

(a) Except as otherwise set forth in Section 5.01(b), for purposes of maintaining the capital accounts and in determining the rights of the Members among themselves, all items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit of the Company shall be allocated among the Members in accordance with their Sharing Ratios.

(b) The following special allocations shall be made prior to making any allocations provided for in 5.01(a) above:

(i) *Minimum Gain Chargeback*. Notwithstanding any other provision hereof to the contrary, if there is a net decrease in Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1 or § 1.704-2) for a taxable year (or if there was a net decrease in Minimum Gain for a prior taxable year and the Company did not have sufficient amounts of income and gain during prior years to allocate among the Members under this subsection 5.01(b)(i), then items of income and gain shall be allocated to each Member in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in such Minimum Gain (as determined pursuant to Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(g)(2)). It is the intent of the Members that any allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(i) shall constitute a "minimum gain chargeback" under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 5, except subsection 5.01(b)(i), if there is a net decrease in Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain (as generally defined under Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1) or § 1.704-2), during any taxable year, any Member who has a share of the Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain shall be allocated such amount of income and gain for such year (and subsequent years), if necessary) determined in the manner required by Treas. Reg. § 1.704-2(i)(4) as is necessary to meet the requirements for a chargeback of Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain.

(iii) Qualified Income Offset. Except as provided in subsection 5.01(b)(i) and (ii) hereof, in the event any Member unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(i)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Company income and gain shall be specifically allocated to such Member in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Allocation Regulations, the deficit balance, if any, in its adjusted capital account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible.

(iv) Gross Income Allocations. In the event any Member has a deficit balance in its adjusted capital account at the end of any Company taxable period, such Member shall be specially allocated items of Company gross income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this subsection 5.01(b)(iv) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Member would have a deficit balance in its

adjusted capital account after all other allocations provided in this Section 5.01 have been tentatively made as if subsection 5.01(b)(iv) were not in the Agreement.

(v) Company Nonrecourse Deductions. Company Nonrecourse Deductions (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(c)) for any fiscal year shall be allocated among the Members in proportion to their Membership Interests.

(vi) Member Nonrecourse Deductions. Any Member Nonrecourse Deductions (as defined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i)(2)) shall be allocated pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.704-2(i) to the Member who bears the economic risk of loss with respect to the partner nonrecourse debt to which it is attributable.

(vii) Code Section 754 Adjustment. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Company asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, to be taken into account in determining capital accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the capital accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Members in a manner consistent with the manner in which their capital accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations.

(viii) Curative Allocation. The special allocations set forth in subsections 5.01(b)(i)-(vi) (the "Regulatory Allocations") are intended to comply with the Allocation Regulations. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 5.01, the Regulatory Allocations shall be taken into account in allocating items of income, gain, loss and deduction among the Members such that, to the extent possible, the net amount of allocations of such items and the Regulatory Allocations to each Member shall be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to each Member if the Regulatory Allocations had not occurred.

For federal income tax purposes, except as otherwise required by the Code, the Allocation Regulations or the following sentence, each item of Company income, gain, loss, deduction and credit shall be allocated among the Members in the same manner as corresponding items are allocated in Section 5.01(a). Notwithstanding any provisions contained herein to the contrary, solely for federal income tax purposes, items of income, gain, depreciation, gain or loss with respect to property contributed or deemed contributed to the Company by a Member or whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations shall be allocated among the Members so as to take into account the variation between the Company's tax basis in such property and its Carrying Value in the manner provided under section 704(c) of the Code and Treas. Reg. § 1.704-3(d) (i.e. the "remedial method").

5.02 Distributions.

(a) At least once each month prior to commencement of winding up under Section 13.01, the Board of Directors shall determine in its reasonable judgment to what extent (if any) the Company's cash on hand exceeds its current and anticipated needs, including, without limitation, for operating expenses, debt service, acquisitions, and a reasonable contingency reserve. If such an excess exists, the Board of Directors shall cause the Company



to distribute to the Members, in accordance with their Sharing Ratios, an amount in cash equal to that excess.

(b) From time to time the Board of Directors also may cause property of the Company other than cash to be distributed to the Members, which distribution must be made in accordance with their Sharing Ratios and may be made subject to existing liabilities and obligations. Immediately prior to such a distribution, the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted as provided in Treas. Reg. § 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f).

ARTICLE 6

RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS

6.01 Limitation of Members' Responsibility, Liability. The Members shall not perform any act on behalf of the Company, incur any expense, obligation or indebtedness of any nature on behalf of the Company, or in any manner participate in the management of the Company, except as specifically contemplated hereunder. No Member shall be liable under a judgment, decree or order of a court, or in any other manner, except as agreed to by any such Member, for the indebtedness or any other obligations or liabilities of the Company or liable, responsible or accountable in damages to the Company or its Members for breach of fiduciary duty as a Member, for any acts performed within the scope of the authority conferred on it by this Agreement, or for its failure or refusal to perform any acts except those expressly required by or pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, or for any debt or loss in connection with the affairs of the Company, except as required by the Delaware Act.

6.02 Return of Distributions. In accordance with Section 18-607 of the Delaware Act, a Member will be obligated to return any distribution from the Company only as provided by applicable law.

6.03 Priority and Return of Capital. Except as may be provided in this Agreement, no Member shall have priority over any other Member, either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions; provided that this Section shall not apply to loans (as distinguished from Capital Contributions) that a Member has made to the Company.

6.04 Competition. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Member may engage in or possess an interest in any other business venture or ventures, including any activity that is competitive with the Company without offering any such opportunity to the Company, and neither the Company nor the other Member shall have any rights in or to such venture or ventures or activity or the income or profits derived therefrom.

6.05 Admission of Additional Members. The Company shall not admit additional Members without the prior written consent of all of the Members.

6.06 Resignation. Without the prior approval of all other Members, no Member may resign from the Company.

6.07 Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, the Company shall (to the extent of the assets of the Company) indemnify, defend and hold harmless each Member and each officer, employee and director of such Member from and against all losses, expenses,

claims or liabilities, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of or in connection with the indebtedness or any other obligation or liabilities of the Company, other than losses, expenses, claims or liabilities of such indemnified Member which result from a violation in any material respect of any of the provisions of this Agreement or fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or misappropriation of funds. The foregoing indemnity expressly includes an indemnity with respect to the negligence (excluding the gross negligence) of a Member.

ARTICLE 7 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

7.01 Meetings. Meetings of the Members, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by law, may be called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company or by any Member. The chairperson at any meeting shall be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.

7.02 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Members shall be held at the principal place of business of the Company or at such other place as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the President of the Company.

7.03 Notice of Meetings. Except as provided in Section 7.04, written notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting and the purposes for which the meeting is called shall be sent not less than five days before the date of the meeting, either personally, by facsimile or by mail, by or at the direction of the person calling the meeting, to each Member.

7.04 Meeting of All Members. If all of the Members shall meet at any time and place and consent to the holding of a meeting at such time and place, such meeting shall be valid without call or notice, and at such meeting any lawful action may be taken.

7.05 Action by Members Without a Meeting. Action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of Members may be taken without a meeting if the action is evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by all Members and delivered to the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company for inclusion in the minutes or for filing with the Company records. Action taken under this Section is effective when all Members have signed the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

7.06 Waiver of Notice. When any notice is required to be given to any Member, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the Person entitled to such notice, whether before, at or after the time stated therein, shall be equivalent to the giving of such notice.

7.07 Delegation to Board. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act, the Members agree that they shall act solely through the mechanisms provided herein relating to the appointment and authority of the Board of Directors.

8.01 Management by Board of Directors.

(a) Generally. Subject to any powers reserved to the Members under this Agreement, the business and affairs of the Company shall be fully vested in, and managed by, a Board of Directors (the "Board") and subject to the discretion of the Board, officers elected pursuant to this Article 8. The Directors and officers shall collectively constitute "managers" of the Company within the meaning of the Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the authority and functions of the Board, on the one hand, and of the officers, on the other hand, shall be identical to the authority and functions of the board of directors and officers, respectively, of a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The officers shall be vested with such powers and duties as are set forth in this Article 8 and as are specified by the Board. Accordingly, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the Company shall be agents of the Company shall be managed under the direction of the Board, and the day-to-day activities of the Company shall be conducted on the Company's behalf by the officers who shall be agents of the Company.

(b) *Number; Qualification; Tenure*. The number of Directors constituting the initial Board of Directors shall be four. The number of Directors constituting the Board of Directors may be increased or decreased from time to time by resolution of the Members. Except as provided in Section 8.01(e) hereof, Directors shall be elected by the Members holding a plurality of the Member Interests, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the full term to which he shall have been elected and until his successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may resign at any time upon notice to the Company. A Director need not be a Member of the Company or a resident of the State of Delaware.

(c) Regular Meetings. Regular quarterly and annual meetings of the Board shall be held at such time and place as shall be designated from time to time by resolution of the Board. Notice of such regular quarterly and annual meetings shall not be required.

(d) Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any time, whenever called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the President of the Company or a majority of Directors then in office, at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as may be stated in the notice of the meeting. Notice of the time and place of a special meeting must be given by the person or persons calling such meeting at least twenty-four (24) hours, before the special meeting. The attendance of a Director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a Director attends a meeting for the sole purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

(e) Term; Resignation; Vacancies; Removal. Each Director shall hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified or until his earlier resignation or removal.

Any Director may resign at any time upon written notice to the Board, the Chairman of the Board, to the Chief Executive Officer or to any other Officer. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein, and unless otherwise specified therein no acceptance of such resignation shall be necessary to make it effective. Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of Directors or from any other cause shall be fulled by an affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Directors then in office, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining Director, and each Director so elected shall hold office for the remainder of the full term in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until such Director's successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any Director may be removed, with or without cause, by a majority of the Members at any time, and the vacancy in the Board caused by any such removal shall be filled by an affirmative vote.

(f) Quorum; Required Vote for Action. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law or this Agreement, at all meetings of the Board of Directors a majority of the whole Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of the Directors present at any meeting of the Board of Directors at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors the Directors, the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

(g) Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board of Directors, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, and in the absence of a designation by the Board of Directors of an alternate member to replace the absent or disqualified member, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he, she or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any absent or disqualified member. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors establishing such committee, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board of Directors when required.

The designation of any such committee and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors, or any member thereof, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him by law, nor shall such committee function where action of the Board of Directors is required under applicable law. The Board of Directors shall have the power at any time to change the membership of any such committee and to fill vacancies in it. A majority of the members of any such committee shall constitute a quorum. Each such committee that becaute a chairman and appoint such subcommittees and assistants as it may deem necessary. Except as otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, meetings of any committee shall be conducted in the same manner as the Board of Directors is business pursuant to this Agreement, as

the same shall from time to time be amended. Any member of any such committee elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Company will be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Election or appointment of a member of a committee shall not of itself create contract rights.

8.02 Officers.

(a) Generally. The officers of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. Unless provided otherwise by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Officers shall have the titles, power, authority and duties described below in this Section 8.02.

(b) *Titles and Number*. The Officers of the Company shall be the Chairman of the Board (unless the Board of Directors provides otherwise), the Chief Executive Officer, the President, any and all Vice Presidents (including any Vice Presidents who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President), the Secretary, the Chief Financial Officer, any Treasurer and any and all Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers and the General Counsel. There shall be appointed from time to time such Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, Treasurers and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may desire. Any person may hold more than one office.

(c) Appointment and Term of Office. The Officers shall be appointed by the Board of Directors at such time and for such term as the Board of Directors shall determine. Any Officer may be removed, with or without cause, only by the Board of Directors. Vacancies in any office may be filled only by the Board of Directors.

(d) Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and he shall be a non-executive unless and until other executive powers and duties are assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors.

(e) *Chief Executive Officer*. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company and gealty take. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by this Agreement or the Board of Directors, including any duties and powers stated in any employment agreement approved by the Board of Directors.

(f) President. Subject to the limitations imposed by this Agreement, any employment agreement, any employee plan or any determination of the Board of Directors, the President, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company in the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and shall be responsible for the

management and direction of the day-to-day business and affairs of the Company, its other Officers, employees and agents, shall supervise generally the affairs of the Company and shall have full authority to execute all documents and take all actions that the Company may legally take. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Members and, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board and a Chief Executive Officer, the President shall preside at all meetings (should he be a director) of the Board of Directors. The President shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by this Agreement or the Board of Directors, including any duties and powers stated in any employment agreement approved by the Board of Directors.

(g) Vice Presidents. In the absence of a Chief Executive Officer and the President, each Vice President (including any Vice Presidents designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President) appointed by the Board of Directors shall have all of the powers and duties conferred upon the President, including the same power as the President to execute documents on behalf of the Company. Each such Vice President shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(h) Secretary and Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall record or cause to be recorded in books provided for that purpose the minutes of the meetings or actions of the Board of Directors, shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and as required by law, shall be custodian of all records (other than financial), shall see that the books, reports, statements, certificates and all other documents and records required by law are properly kept and filed, and, in general, shall perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may, from time to time, be assigned to him by this Agreement, the Board of Directors or the President. The Assistant Secretaries shall exercise the powers of the Secretary during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act.

(i) Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of account of the Company. He shall receive and deposit all moneys and other valuables belonging to the Company in the name and to the credit of the Company and shall disburse the same and only in such manner as the Board of Directors or the appropriate Officer of the Company may from time to time determine. He shall render to the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer, whenever any of them request it, an account of all his transactions as Chief Financial Officer and of the financial condition of the Company, and shall perform such further duties as the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer may require. The Chief Financial Officer shall have the same power as the Chief Executive Officer to execute documents on behalf of the Company.

(j) Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers. The Treasurer shall have such duties as may be specified by the Chief Financial Officer in the performance of his duties. The Assistant Treasurers shall exercise the power of the Treasurer during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act. Each of the Assistant Treasurers shall possess the same power as the Treasurer to sign all certificates, contracts, obligations and other instruments of the Company. If no Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer is appointed and serving or in the absence of the appointed Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer, the Senior Vice President, or such other Officer as the Board of Directors shall select, shall have the powers and duties conferred upon the Treasurer.

(k) General Counsel. The General Counsel subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors, shall be responsible for the management and direction of the day-to-day legal affairs of the Company. The General Counsel shall perform such other duties and may exercise such other powers as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board of Directors or the President.

(1) Powers of Attorney. The Company may grant powers of attorney or other authority as appropriate to establish and evidence the authority of the Officers and other persons.

(m) Delegation of Authority. Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the Board of Directors, no Officer shall have the power or authority to delegate to any person such Officer's rights and powers as an Officer to manage the business and affairs of the Company.

(n) Officers. The Board of Directors shall appoint Officers of the Company to serve from the date of such appointment until the death, resignation or removal by the Board of Directors with or without cause of such officer.

8.03 Duties of Officers and Directors. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the duties and obligations owed to the Company and to the Board of Directors by the Officers of the Company and by members of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be the same as the respective duties and obligations owed to a corporation organized under the Delaware General Corporation Law by its officers and directors, respectively.

8.04 Compensation. The members of the Board of Directors who are neither Officers nor employees of the Company shall be entitled to compensation as directors and committee members as approved by the Board and shall be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending meetings of the Board of Directors or committees thereof.

8.05 Indemnification

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by Law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, each Indemnitee (as defined below) shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities (joint or several), expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements and other amounts arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which any such person may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of such person's status as (i) a present or former member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, (ii) a present or former Member, (iii) a present or former Officer, or (iv) a Person serving at the request of the Company in another entity in a similar capacity as that referred to in the immediately preceding clauses (i) or (ii), *provided*, that the Person described in the immediately preceding clauses (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) ("Indemnitee") shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect

of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 8.05 shall be made only out of the assets of the Company.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 8.05(a) in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Company prior to the final disposition of such claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding upon receipt by the Company of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this Section 8.05.

(c) The indemnification provided by this Section 8.05 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, as a matter of law or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity, and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity.

(d) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance, on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors, the Officers and such other persons as the Board of Directors shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against or expense that may be incurred by such person in connection with the Company's activities, regardless of whether the Company would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.

(e) For purposes of this Section 8.05, the Company shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by the Indemnitee of such Indemnitee's duties to the Company also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, the Indemnitee to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of Section 8.05(a); and action taken or omitted by the Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan in the performance of such Indemnitee's duties for a purpose reasonably believed by such Indemnitee to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose which is in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject any Members of the Company to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions of this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 8.05 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 8.05 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees, their heirs, successors, assigns and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.05 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair either the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Company or the obligation of the Company to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 8.05 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal.

(j) THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION 8.05 ARE INTENDED BY THE PARTIES TO APPLY EVEN IF SUCH PROVISIONS HAVE THE EFFECT OF EXCULPATING THE INDEMNITEE FROM LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PERSON'S NEGLIGENCE, FAULT OR OTHER CONDUCT.

8.06 Liability of Indemnitees

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Company, the Members or any other Person for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered in a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) Subject to its obligations and duties as set forth in this Article 8, the Board of Directors and any committee thereof may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through the Company's Officers or agents, and neither the Board of Directors nor any committee thereof shall be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such Officer or agent appointed by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof in good faith.

(c) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 8.06 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on liability under this Section 8.06 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may be asserted.

ARTICLE 9 ACCOUNTING METHOD, PERIOD, RECORDS AND REPORTS

9.01 Accounting Method. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained in accordance with the accrual method of accounting.

9.02 Accounting Period. The Company's accounting period shall be the Fiscal Year.

9.03 Records, Audits and Reports. At the expense of the Company, the Board of Directors shall maintain books and records of account of all operations and expenditures of the Company.

9.04 Inspection. The books and records of account of the Company shall be maintained at the principal place of business of the Company or such other location as shall be determined by the Board of Directors and shall be open to inspection by the Members at all reasonable times during any business day.

ARTICLE 10 TAX MATTERS

10.01 *Tax Returns.* The Board shall cause to be prepared and filed all necessary federal and state income tax returns for the Company, including making the elections described in Section 10.02. Each Member shall furnish to the Board all pertinent information in its possession relating to Company operations that is necessary to enable the Company's income tax returns to be prepared and filed.

10.02 Tax Elections. The Company shall make the following elections on the appropriate tax returns:

(a) to adopt a fiscal year ending on December 31 of each year;

(b) to adopt the accrual method of accounting and to keep the Company's books and records on the income-tax method;

(c) to adjust the basis of Company properties pursuant to section 754 of the Code; and

(d) any other election the Board may deem appropriate and in the best interests of the Members.

Neither the Company nor any Member may make an election for the Company to be excluded from the application of the provisions of subchapter K of chapter 1 of subtitle A of the Code or any similar provisions of applicable state law.

10.03 Tax Matters Partner. DEP OLP shall be the "tax matters partner" of the Company pursuant to section 6231(a)(7) of the Code. Tax matters partner shall take such action as may be necessary to cause each Member to become a "notice partner" within the meaning of section 6223 of the Code. The tax matters partner shall inform each Member of all significant

matters that may come to its attention in its capacity as tax matters partner by giving notice on or before the fifth Business Day after becoming aware of the matter and, within that time, shall forward to each Member copies of all significant written communications it may receive in that capacity.

ARTICLE 11 RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

11.01 Transfer Restrictions. Except as set forth in Article 4 of the Omnibus Agreement, no Member shall be permitted to sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, or mortgage, hypothecate or otherwise encumber, or permit or suffer any encumbrance of, all or any portion of its Member Interest without the prior written consent of all other Members (which consent may be withheld in the sole discretion of such Members).

ARTICLE 12

BOOKS, RECORDS, REPORTS, AND BANK ACCOUNTS

12.01 Maintenance of Books.

(a) The Board of Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Company or at such other location approved by the Board of Directors complete and accurate books and records of the Company, supporting documentation of the transactions with respect to the conduct of the Company's business and minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors and any other books and records that are required to be maintained by applicable Law.

(b) The books of account of the Company shall be maintained on the basis of a fiscal year that is the calendar year and on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, consistently applied, except that the capital accounts of the Members shall be maintained in accordance with Section 4.04.

12.02 Reports. The Board of Directors shall cause to be prepared and delivered to each Member such reports, forecasts, studies, budgets and other information as the Members may reasonably request from time to time.
12.03 Bank Accounts. Funds of the Company shall be deposited in such banks or other depositories as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All withdrawals from any such depository shall be made only as authorized by the Board of Directors and shall be made only by check, wire transfer, debit memorandum or other written instruction.

12.04 Tax Statements. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to furnish, within 90 Days of the close of each taxable year of the Company, estimated tax information reasonably required by the Members for federal and state income tax reporting purposes.



ARTICLE 13 DISSOLUTION, WINDING-UP AND TERMINATION

13.01 Dissolution.

(a) The Company shall dissolve and its affairs shall be wound up on the first to occur of the following events (each a "Dissolution Event"):

(i) the unanimous consent of the Members in writing;

(ii) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Company under Section 18-802 of the Act;

(iii) at any time there are no Members of the Company, unless the Company is continued in accordance with the Act or this Agreement.

(b) No other event shall cause a dissolution of the Company.

(c) Upon the occurrence of any event that causes there to be no Members of the Company, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the personal representative of the last remaining Member is hereby authorized to, and shall, within 90 days after the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member in the Company, agree in writing (i) to continue the Company and (ii) to the admission of the personal representative or its nominee or designee, as the case may be, as a substitute Member of the Company, effective as of the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of such Member in the Company.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Bankruptcy of a Member shall not cause such Member to cease to be a member of the Company and, upon the occurrence of such an event, the Company shall continue without dissolution.

13.02 Winding-Up and Termination

(a) On the occurrence of a Dissolution Event, the Board of Directors shall select one or more Persons to act as liquidator. The liquidator shall proceed diligently to wind up the affairs of the Company and make final distributions as provided herein and in the Act. The costs of winding up shall be borne as a Company expense. Until final distribution, the liquidator shall continue to operate the Company properties with all of the power and authority of the Board of Directors. The steps to be accomplished by the liquidator are as follows:

(i) as promptly as possible after dissolution and again after final winding up, the liquidator shall cause a proper accounting to be made by a recognized firm of certified public accountants of the Company's assets, liabilities, and operations through the last calendar day of the month in which the dissolution occurs or the final winding up is completed, as applicable;

(ii) the liquidator shall discharge from Company funds all of the debts, liabilities and obligations of the Company or otherwise make adequate provision for payment and discharge thereof (including the establishment of a cash escrow fund for contingent liabilities in such amount and for such term as the liquidator may reasonably determine); and

(iii) all remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed to the Members as follows:

(A) the liquidator may sell any or all Company property, including to Members, and any resulting gain or loss from each sale shall be computed and allocated to the capital accounts of the Members;

(B) with respect to all Company property that has not been sold, the fair market value of that property shall be determined and the capital accounts of the Members shall be adjusted to reflect the manner in which the unrealized income, gain, loss, and deduction inherent in property that has not been reflected in the capital accounts previously would be allocated among the Members if there were a taxable disposition of that property for the fair market value of that property on the date of distribution; and

(C) Company property shall be distributed among the Members in accordance with the positive capital account balances of the Members, as determined after taking into account all capital account adjustments for the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company occurs (other than those made by reason of this clause (iii)); and those distributions shall be made by the end of the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company occurs (other than those made by reason of this clause (iii)); and those distributions shall be made by the end of the taxable year of the Company during which the liquidation of the Company accurs (or, if later, 90 days after the date of the liquidation).

(b) The distribution of cash or property to a Member in accordance with the provisions of this Section 13.02 constitutes a complete return to the Member of its Capital Contributions and a complete distribution to the Member of its share of all the Company's property and constitutes a compromise to which all Members have consented within the meaning of Section 18-502(b) of the Act. No Member shall be required to make any Capital Contribution to the Company to enable the Company to make the distributions described in this Section 13.02.

(c) On completion of such final distribution, the liquidator shall file a Certificate of Cancellation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and take such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the existence of the Company.

ARTICLE 14 MERGER

14.01 Authority. The Company may merge or consolidate with one or more limited liability companies, corporations, business trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a general partnership or limited partnership, formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction, pursuant to a written agreement of merger or consolidation ("Merger Agreement") in accordance with this Article 14.

14.02 *Procedure for Merger or Consolidation.* The merger or consolidation of the Company pursuant to this Article 14 requires the prior approval of a majority the Board of Directors and compliance with Section 14.03. Upon such approval, the Merger Agreement shall set forth:

(a) The names and jurisdictions of formation or organization of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(b) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation ("Surviving Business Entity");

(c) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(d) The manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (i) if any general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company, interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company, corporation, trust or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such interests, rights, securities or obligations of any general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the constituent business entity are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, their interests, rights, securities or obligations of the constituent business entity are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, their interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity) or upon the surreder of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partnership or limited liability company interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity), or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;

(e) A statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership or limited liability company or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;

(f) The effective time of the merger or consolidation, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.04 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (*provided*, that if the effective time of the merger or consolidation is to be later than the date of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation and stated therein); and

(g) Such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation as are deemed necessary or appropriate by the Board of Directors.



14.03 Approval by Members of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) The Board of Directors, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement, shall direct that the Merger Agreement be submitted to a vote of the Members, whether at a meeting or by written consent. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a meeting or the written consent.

(b) After approval by vote or consent of the Members, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation pursuant to Section 14.04, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement.

14.04 Certificate of Merger or Consolidation. Upon the required approval by the Board of Directors and the Members of a Merger Agreement, a certificate of merger or consolidation shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in conformity with the requirements of the Act.

14.05 Effect of Merger or Consolidation.

(a) At the effective time of the certificate of merger or consolidation:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were property of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interest in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity, and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) A merger or consolidation effected pursuant to this Article 14 shall not (i) be deemed to result in a transfer or assignment of assets or liabilities from one entity to another having occurred or (ii) require the Company (if it is not the Surviving Business Entity) to wind up its affairs, pay its liabilities or distribute its assets as required under Article 13 of this Agreement or under the applicable provisions of the Act.

ARTICLE 15 GENERAL PROVISIONS

15.01 Notices. Except as expressly set forth to the contrary in this Agreement, all notices, requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered to the recipient in person, by courier or mail or by facsimile or other electronic transmission and a notice, request or consent given under this Agreement is effective on receipt by the Person to receive it; *provided, however*, that a facsimile or other electronic transmission that is transmitted after the normal business hours of the recipient shall be deemed effective on the next Business Day. All notices, requests and consents to be sent to a Member must be sent to or made at the addresses given for that Member as that Member may specify by notice to the other Members. Any notice, request or consent to the Company must be given to all of the Members. Whenever any notice is required to be given by applicable Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given by Law, the Organizational Certificate or this Agreement, a written waiver thereof, signed by the Person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

15.02 Entire Agreement; Supersedure. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Members and their respective Affiliates relating to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior contracts or agreements with respect to such subject matter, whether oral or written.

15.03 Effect of Waiver or Consent. Except as provided in this Agreement, a waiver or consent, express or implied, to or of any breach or default by any Person in the performance by that Person of its obligations with respect to the Company is not a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by that Person of the same or any other obligations of that Person with respect to the Company. Except as provided in this Agreement, failure on the part of a Person to complain of any act of any Person or to declare any Person in default with respect to the Company, irrespective of how long that failure continues, does not constitute a waiver by that Person of its rights with respect to that default until the applicable statute-of-limitations period has run.

15.04 Amendment or Restatement. This Agreement may be amended or restated only by a written instrument executed by all Members.

15.05 Binding Effect. This Agreement is binding on and shall inure to the benefit of the Members and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.

15.06 Governing Law; Severability. THIS AGREEMENT IS GOVERNED BY AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, EXCLUDING ANY CONFLICT-OF-LAWS RULE OR PRINCIPLE THAT MIGHT REFER THE GOVERNANCE OR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS AGREEMENT TO THE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION. In the event of a direct conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and (a) any provision of the Organizational Certificate, or (b) any

mandatory, non-waivable provision of the Act, such provision of the Organizational Certificate or the Act shall control. If any provision of the Act provides that it may be varied or superseded in the limited liability company agreement (or otherwise by agreement of the members or managers of a limited liability company), such provision shall be deemed superseded and waived in its entirety if this Agreement contains a provision addressing the same issue or subject matter. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any Person or circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, (a) the remainder of this Agreement and the application of that provision shall be enforced to the greatest extent permitted by Law, and (b) the Members or Directors (as the case may be) shall negotiate in good faith to replace that provision with a new provision that is valid and enforceable and that puts the Members in substantially the same economic, business and legal position as they would have been in if the original provision had been valid and enforceable.

15.07 Further Assurances. In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, each Member shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and those transactions.

15.08 Offset. Whenever the Company is to pay any sum to any Member, any amounts that a Member owes the Company may be deducted from that sum before payment.

15.09 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signing parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and constitute the same instrument.

15.10 Execution of Additional Instruments. Each Member hereby agrees to execute such other and further statements of interest and holdings, designations, powers of attorney and other instruments necessary to comply with any laws, rules or regulations.

15.11 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application thereof shall not be affected and shall be enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

15.12 Headings. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and are in no way intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

MEMBERS:

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

By:	DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
ENTER By:	PRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.
	Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc.,

Richard H. Bachmann Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

Attachment I

Defined Terms

Act - the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act and any successor statute, as amended from time to time.

Affiliate — with respect to any Person, each Person Controlling, Controlled by or under common Control with such first Person.

Agreement — this Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Company, as the same may be amended, modified, supplemented or restated from time to time.

Allocation Regulations — means Treas. Reg. §§ 1.704-1(b), 1.704-2 and 1.704-3 (including any temporary regulations) as such regulations may be amended and in effect from time to time and any corresponding provision of succeeding regulations.

Asset Contribution Agreement — Recitals.

Bankrupt — with respect to any Person, that (a) such Person (i) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors; (ii) files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; (iii) is insolvent, or has entered against such Person an order for relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding; (iv) files a petition or answer seeking for such Person any reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any Law; (v) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against such Person in a proceeding of the type described in subclauses (i) through (iv) of this clause (a); or (vi) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; or (b) 120 Days have passed after the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; or 90 Days have passed after the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; if the appointment is not vacated or stayed, or 90 Days have passed after the date of expiration of any such stay, if the appointment has not been vacated.

Board of Directors or Board - Section 8.01.

Business Day — any Day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a Day on which national banking associations in the State of Texas are authorized or required by Law to close.

Capital Contribution — with respect to any Member of the Company, the amount of money and the initial Carrying Value of any property (other than money) contributed to the Company by such Member.

Carrying Value — means (a) with respect to property contributed to the Company, the fair market value of such property at the time of contribution reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, depletion (computed as a separate item of deduction), amortization and cost

Attachment I — 1

recovery deductions charged to the Members' capital accounts, (b) with respect to any property whose value is adjusted pursuant to the Allocation Regulations, the adjusted value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partner's capital accounts and (c) with respect to any other Company property, the adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination.

Company — initial paragraph.

Control — shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power and authority to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership or control of Voting Stock, by contract or otherwise.

Contribution Agreement - Recitals.

Day — a calendar Day; provided, however, that, if any period of Days referred to in this Agreement shall end on a Day that is not a Business Day, then the expiration of such period shall be automatically extended until the end of the first succeeding Business Day.

Delaware General Corporation Law — Title 8 of the Delaware Code, as amended from time to time.

Director — each member of the Board of Directors elected as provided in Section 8.01.

Dispose, Disposing or Disposition means, with respect to any asset, any sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, gift, exchange or other disposition of such asset, whether such disposition be voluntary, involuntary or by operation of Law.

Dissolution Event — Section 13.01(a)

Effective Date — initial paragraph.

Enterprise GC - Recitals.

EPD OLP — initial paragraph.

Existing Agreement — Recitals.

GTM Holdings - Recitals.

GTMGP - Recitals.

Holdings III - Recitals.

Indemnitee — Section 8.05(a).

Initial Member — EPD OLP.

Attachment I — 2

Law — any applicable constitutional provision, statute, act, code (including the Code), law, regulation, rule, ordinance, order, decree, ruling, proclamation, resolution, judgment, decision, declaration or interpretative or advisory opinion or letter of a governmental authority.

Liability — any liability or obligation, whether known or unknown, asserted or unasserted, absolute or contingent, matured or unmatured, conditional or unconditional, latent or patent, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated, or due or to become due.

Member — any Person executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement as a member or hereafter admitted to the Company as a member as provided in this Agreement, but such term does not include any Person who has ceased to be a member in the Company.

Membership Interest — with respect to any Member, (a) that Member's status as a Member; (b) that Member's share of the income, gain, loss, deduction and credits of, and the right to receive distributions from, the Company; (c) all other rights, benefits and privileges enjoyed by that Member (under the Act, this Agreement, or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member; and (d) all obligations, duties and liabilities imposed on that Member (under the Act, this Agreement or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member; and (d) all obligations, duties and liabilities imposed on that Member (under the Act, this Agreement or otherwise) in its capacity as a Member, including any obligations to make Capital Contributions.

Merger Agreement — Section 14.01.

MLP — Recitals.

Officers — any person elected as an officer of the Company as provided in Section 8.02(a), but such term does not include any person who has ceased to be an officer of the Company.

Omnibus Agreement — means the Omnibus Agreement between EPD OLP, DEP Holdings, LLC, MLP, DEP OLPGP, LLC, DEP OLP, Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline L.P., Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., Acadian Gas, LLC, Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC and the Company, dated _____, 2007, as amended or restated from time to time.

Organizational Certificate - Section 2.01.

Person — a natural person, partnership (whether general or limited), limited liability company, governmental entity, trust, estate, association, corporation, venture, custodian, nominee or any other individual or entity in its own or any representative capacity.

Sharing Ratio — subject in each case to adjustments in accordance with this Agreement or in connection with Dispositions of Membership Interests, (a) in the case of a Member executing this Agreement as of the date of this Agreement or a Person acquiring such Members's Membership Interest, the percentage specified for that Member as its Sharing Ratio on Exhibit A, and (b) in the case of Membership Interests issued pursuant to Section 3.02, the Sharing Ratio established pursuant thereto; provided, however, that the total of all Sharing Ratios shall always equal 100%.

Surviving Business Entity — Section 14.02(b).

Attachment I - 3

Voting Stock — with respect to any Person, Equity Interests in such Person, the holders of which are ordinarily, in the absence of contingencies, entitled to vote for the election of, or otherwise appoint, directors (or Persons with management authority performing similar functions) of such Person.

Withdraw, Withdrawing and Withdrawal — the withdrawal, resignation or retirement of a Member from the Company as a Member.

Attachment I — 4

Name and Address of Partner

DEP Operating Partnership, L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002

Enterprise Products Operating L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002

Exhibit A — 1

Exhibit A

Sharing Ratio

66%

34%

FORM OF FOURTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AGREEMENT

(formerly called, EPCO AGREEMENT)

by and among

EPCO, INC. (formerly known as Enterprise Products Company)

ENTERPRISE GP HOLDINGS L.P.

EPE HOLDINGS, LLC

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS GP, LLC

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC.

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

TEPPCO PARTNERS, L.P.

TEXAS EASTERN PRODUCTS PIPELINE COMPANY, LLC

TE PRODUCTS PIPELINE COMPANY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

TEPPCO MIDSTREAM COMPANIES, L.P.

TCTM, L.P.

and

TEPPCO GP, INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1: DEFINITIONS

1.1	Definitions		2
1.2	Construction		2
		ARTICLE 2: SERVICES	
2.1	EPCO Services; Term		2
2.2	EPCO Compensation		- 3
2.3	Dispute Regarding Services or Calculation of Costs		3
2.4	Invoices		3
2.5	Disputes; Default		3
2.6	Input Regarding EPCO Services		3
2.7	Limitation Regarding EPCO Services		4
2.8	Representations Regarding Use of Services		4
2.9	Warranties; Limitation of Liability		4
2.10	Force Majeure		4
2.11	Affiliates		4
2.12	Dedication of EPCO Employees		4
		ADTICLE 2: LICE OF NAME AND MADY	
		ARTICLE 3: USE OF NAME AND MARK	
3.1	Grant of License		4 5
3.2	Reimbursement of Costs		5
		ARTICLE 4: EPCO'S INDEMNIFICATION FOR EXCLUDED LIABILITIES	
41	Indemnification		5
4.1 4.2	Indemnification Indemnification Procedures		5 5
4.1 4.2	Indemnification Indemnification Procedures		5 5
		ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5 5
4.2	Indemnification Procedures	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	
4.2 5.1	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5
4.2 5.1 5.2	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5 5 5
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5 5 5 6
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS	5 5 5
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities		5 5 5 6
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities	ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS ARTICLE 6: MISCELLANEOUS	5 5 5 6
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 6.1	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction		5 5 6 8 8
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction Notices		5 5 6 8
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 6.1 6.2 6.3	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction Notices Entire Agreement; Supersedure		5 5 6 8 8 8 9
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction Notices Entire Agreement; Supersedure Effect of Waiver of Consent		5 5 6 8 8 8 8 9 9
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 6.1 6.2 6.3	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction Notices Entire Agreement; Supersedure		5 5 6 8 8 8 8 9
4.2 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Indemnification Procedures Insurance Matters Sublease of Equipment EPCO's Employees Business Opportunities Adoption of Policies and Procedures Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction Notices Entire Agreement; Supersedure Effect of Waiver of Consent		5 5 6 8 8 8 8 9 9

6.6	Assignment	9
6.7	Counterparts	9
6.8	Severability	9
6.9	Further Assurances	9
6.10	Withholding or Granting of Consent	9
6.11	U.S. Currency	9
6.12	Laws and Regulations	9
6.13	Negation of Rights of Third Parties	9

Exhibit A — Definitions

Exhibit B — Policies and Procedures

Schedule 2.12 — Schedule of Initial Dedicated EPCO Employees

FOURTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AGREEMENT

THIS FOURTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into this ______ day of _____, 2007, but effective as of ______, 2007 (the "Effective Date"), by and among EPCO, Inc., a Texas corporation formerly known as Enterprise Products Company ("EPCO"), Enterprise GP Holdings L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EPP"), EPE Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("EPE GP"), Enterprise Products Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EPD OLP"), Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited liability company ("EPE GP"), Enterprise Products OPC, a Delaware corporation ("EPD OLPGP"), DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("EPE DOP"), Enterprise Products OPC, a Delaware corporation ("EPD OLPGP"), DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("DEP Holdings"), Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("DEP"), DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("DEP"), DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("DEP"), Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC, a Delaware limited partnership ("TPP"), Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC, a Delaware limited partnership ("TPP"), Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC, a Delaware limited partnership ("TEPCO Midstream"), TCTM, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("TEPCO Midstream"), TCTM, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("TEPCO GP, Inc., a Delaware limited partnership ("TEPCO Inc."). Capitalized terms not otherwise defined below have the meanings ascribed to such terms as set forth on <u>Exhibit A</u> to this Agreement.

RECITALS

The purpose of this Agreement is to amend and restate, in its entirety, that certain Third Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement (the "*Third Amendment*"), dated August 15, 2005 but effective as of February 24, 2005, among certain of the Parties hereto.

The Parties hereto (other than EPE, EPE GP, EPD OLPGP, DEP Holdings, DEP, DEP OLP, TPP, TPP GP, TE LP, TEPPCO Midstream, TCTM and TEPPCO Inc.) originally entered into that certain EPCO Agreement, dated as of July 31, 1998, in connection with the initial public offering of EPD units, pursuant to which EPCO and its Affiliates (other than the EPD Partnership Entities) agreed to provide certain operational and financial support to the EPD Partnership Entities.

Effective as of December 10, 2003, EPD OLPGP succeeded EPD GP as the general partner of EPD OLP.

Effective as of January 1, 2004, the Parties hereto (other than EPE, EPE GP, DEP Holdings, DEP, DEP OLP, TPP, TPP GP, TE LP, TEPPCO Midstream, TCTM and TEPPCO Inc.) amended and restated the EPCO Agreement pursuant to the First Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement (the "*First Amendment*"), (i) to reduce the operational and financial support provided by the EPCO Group to the EPD Partnership Entities, (ii) to change the manner in which the EPD Partnership Entities were charged for certain administrative, management, and operating services provided by EPCO, from a fixed fee to allocating the cost of such services to the EPD Partnership Entities on a pro rata basis, (iii) to assign certain contract rights, initially retained by EPCO, but which related to assets owned by the EPD Partnership Entities to the EPD Partnership Entities, and (iv) to reflect certain other understandings between the EPCO Group and the EPD Partnership Entities.

Effective as of June 21, 2004, EPCO assigned the Name and the Mark to EPD GP, and effective as of October 1, 2004, Enterprise GP assigned the Name and Mark to EPD OLP.

Effective October 1, 2004, the Parties hereto (other than EPE, EPE GP, DEP Holdings, DEP, DEP OLP, TPP, TPP, GP, TE LP, TEPPCO Midstream, TCTM and TEPPCO Inc.) amended and restated the First Amendment to evidence, among other matters the terms and conditions upon which (i) the EPCO Group would provide certain services to the EPD Partnership Entities, (ii) EPD OLP would license the use of the Name and the Mark to EPCO and (iii) EPCO would provide indemnification to the EPD Partnership Entities for certain matters.

On February 24, 2005, an Affiliate of EPCO acquired TPP GP. Effective February 24, 2005, the Parties to the Second Amendment executed Amendment No. 1 to the Second Amendment to exclude the TPP Partnership Entities from the definition of EPCO Group and exclude such entities from the business opportunity agreements set forth in the Second Amendment.

Effective February 24, 2005, the parties hereto (other than DEP Holdings, DEP and DEP OLP) amended and restated the Second Amendment to evidence, among other matters the terms and conditions pursuant to which (i) the EPCO Group provided certain services to the TPP Partnership Entities and (iii) a variety of additional matters were handled among the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities and the TPP Partnership Entities.

EPE completed the initial public offering of its units in August 2005.

Effective February 13, 2006, the Parties executed a waiver regarding certain provisions of the Conflicts Policies and Procedures set forth in the Third Amendment.

On November 2, 2006, DEP filed a registration statement on Form S-1 and is in the process of completing the initial public offering of its common units.

The Parties hereto desire, by their execution of this Agreement, to evidence the terms and conditions pursuant to which (i) the EPCO Group will provide certain services to the DEP Partnership Entities and (ii) a variety of additional matters will be handled among the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and the TPP Partnership Entities.

AGREEMENTS

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the covenants, conditions, and agreements contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1: DEFINITIONS

1.1 Definitions. The definitions listed on Exhibit A shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

1.2 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns, pronouns and verbs shall include the plural and vice versa; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) the terms "include", "include", "including" or words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation"; and (d) the terms "hereof", "herein" or "hereunder" refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only, and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 2: SERVICES

2.1 EPCO Services; Term. During the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending on December 31, 2010, subject to the terms of this Article 2 and Exhibit B to this Agreement and in exchange for the reimbursement described in Section 2.2, EPCO hereby agrees to provide, or to cause EPCO Holdings, Inc., a Texas corporation ("EPCO Holdings"), to provide, the Partnership Entities with such selling, general and administrative services and such management and operating services as may be necessary to manage and operate the business, properties and assets of the Partnership Entities in accordance with Prudent Industry Practices; it being understood and agreed by the Partnership Entities that in connection with the provision of such services", and content or otherwise retain the services of such personnel as may be necessary to cause the business, properties and assets of the Partnership Entities to be so managed and operated (individually, an "EPCO Service" and, collectively, the "EPCO Service").

-2-

2.2 EPCO Compensation. As compensation for the provision by EPCO of the EPCO Services to each of the Partnership Entities, EPCO shall be entitled to receive, and each of the Partnership Entities agrees to pay to EPCO, without duplication, an amount equal to the sum of all costs and expenses (direct or indirect) incurred by EPCO which are directly or indirectly related to the business or activities of such Partnership Entity (including, without limitation, expenses, direct or indirect, reasonably allocated to such Partnership Entity by EPCO). In addition, each of the Partnership Entities shall pay all sales, use, excise, value added or similar taxes, if any, that may be applicable from time to time in respect of the EPCO Services provided to such Partnership Entity by EPCO. The aggregate amount payable by the Partnership Entities to EPCO pursuant to this Section 2.2 with respect to a given period of time shall be referred to herein as such entity's "Administrative Services Fee". It is the intention of the Partnership Entities, the Administrative Services Fee with respect to the Partnership Entities, the Partnership Entities, the Administrative Services Fee of the EPCO are agreed and administrative expenses, capital expenses and other costs for Shared Services borne or performed by EPCO, or any of the other members of the EPCO Group, for the benefit of any Partnership Entity.

2.3 Dispute Regarding Services or Calculation of Costs. Should there be a dispute over the nature or quality of the EPCO Services, or the calculation and allocation of any Administrative Services Fee, relating to any of the EPCO Services, EPCO and the applicable Partnership Entity or Entities shall first attempt to resolve such dispute, acting diligently and in good faith, using the past practices of such Parties and documentary evidence of costs as guidelines for such resolution. If EPCO and the applicable Partnership Entity or Entities are unable to resolve any such dispute within thirty days, or such additional time as may be reasonable under the circumstances, the dispute shall be referred to the Audit and Conflicts Committee of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings or TPP GP, as applicable. EPCO shall provide to each of the Partnership Entities and a detailed statement of the EPCO costs and expenses allocated to all of the Partnership Entities and a detailed statement of the EPCO costs and expenses that are allocated to particular group of Partnership Entities and representative of such Partnership Entities' Administrative Service Fee (including an explanation of such allocation, which shall generally be consistent from period to period); provided that one group of Partnership Entities will not receive the detailed statement of the TPP Partnership Entities' costs and expenses, and vice-versa). The Parties agree that the applicable Audit and Conflicts Committee shall have the authority to settle any such dispute, in its sole discretion, recognizing that it is the intent of all Parties that all shared expenses or services be allocated among the EPCO Group and the applicable Partnership Entities on a fair and reasonable basis.

2.4 Invoices. EPCO shall invoice the applicable Billing Agent on or before the last day of each month for the estimated Administrative Services Fee for the next succeeding month, plus or minus any adjustment necessary to correct prior estimated billings to actual billings. All invoices shall be due and payable on the last day of the month which the invoice covers. Upon request from the applicable Billing Agent, EPCO shall furnish in reasonable detail a description of the EPCO Services performed for the corresponding Partnership Entity or Entities during any month or other relevant period.

2.5 Disputes; Default. Notwithstanding any provision of this Article 2 to the contrary, should the applicable Billing Agent fail to pay EPCO, when due, any amounts owing in respect of the applicable EPCO Services, except as set forth in the third succeeding sentence, upon 30 days' notice, EPCO may terminate this Article 2 as to those EPCO Services that relate to the unpaid portion of the invoice. Should there be a dispute as to the propriety of invoiced amounts, the applicable Billing Agent shall pay all undisputed amounts on each invoice, but shall be entitled to withhold payment of any amount in dispute and shall promptly notify EPCO of such disputed amount. EPCO shall promptly provide the applicable Billing Agent with records relating to the disputed amount so as to enable EPCO and the applicable Partnership Entities to resolve the dispute. So long as such parties are attempting in good faith to resolve the dispute, EPCO shall not be entitled to terminate the EPCO Services that relate to the disputed amount.

2.6 Input Regarding EPCO Services. Subject to the Conflicts Policies and Procedures attached as <u>Exhibit B</u>, any records, information or other input from the Partnership Entities that is necessary for EPCO to perform any EPCO Services shall be submitted, upon EPCO's written request therefor, to EPCO by such Partnership Entities. If the Partnership Entities fail to supply such records, information or other input to EPCO and such failure renders EPCO's performance of any EPCO Services unreasonably difficult, in EPCO's reasonable judgment, EPCO, upon reasonable notice to the applicable Partnership Entity, may refuse to perform such EPCO Services until such records, information or other input is supplied.

-3-

2.7 Limitation Regarding EPCO Services. The Partnership Entities acknowledge that EPCO shall only be required to perform and provide (i) those EPCO Services with respect to the business of such Partnership Entities as operated on the Effective Date in the case of the EPD Partnership Entities, the TPP Partnership Entities, and the EPE Partnership Entities, and as of the closing date of DEP's initial public offering, in the case of the DEP Partnership Entities, and (ii) such additional EPCO Services as may be mutually agreed orally or in writing by EPCO and the Partnership Entities, which agreement regarding additional or fewer EPCO Services shall reflect an appropriate adjustment to the applicable Administrative Services Fee. EPCO shall not be required to perform any EPCO Services hereunder for the benefit of any Person other than the Partnership Entities.

2.8 Representations Regarding Use of Services. The Partnership Entities represent and agree that they will use the EPCO Services only in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations, and in accordance with the reasonable conditions, rules, regulations, and specifications that may be set forth in any manuals, materials, documents, or instructions furnished from time to time by EPCO to such Partnership Entities. EPCO reserves the right to take all actions, including, without limitation, termination of any portion of the EPCO Services for any Partnership Entity that it reasonably believes is required to be terminated in order to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

2.9 Warranties; Limitation of Liability. The EPCO Services shall be provided in accordance with the Services Standard. EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, EPCO MAKES NO (AND HEREBY DISCLAIMS AND NEGATES ANY AND ALL) WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE EPCO SERVICES. IN NO EVENT SHALL EPCO OR ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES BE LIABLE TO ANY OF THE PERSONS RECEIVING ANY EPCO SERVICES OR TO ANY OTHER PERSON FOR ANY EXEMPLARY, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY ERROR IN THE PERFORMANCE OF SUCH SERVICE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON PROVIDING SUCH SERVICE, IS AFFILIATES, OR OTHERS MAY BE WHOLLY, CONCURRENTLY, PARTIALLY, OR SOLELY NEGLIGENT OR OTHERWISE AT FAULT, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT SUCH EXEMPLARY, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES ARE PAID BY THE PARTY INCURRING SUCH DAMAGES TO A THIRD PARTY.

2.10 Force Majeure. EPCO shall have no obligation to perform the EPCO Services if its failure to do so is caused by or results from any act of God, governmental action, natural disaster, strike, failure of essential equipment, or any other cause or circumstance, whether similar or dissimilar to the foregoing causes or circumstances, beyond the reasonable control of EPCO.

2.11 Affiliates. At its election, EPCO may cause one or more of its Affiliates or third party contractors reasonably acceptable to the Party receiving any EPCO Services to provide such EPCO Services; provided, however, EPCO shall remain responsible for the provision of such EPCO Service in accordance with this Agreement.

2.12 Dedication of EPCO Employees. EPCO shall cause the employees initially set forth on <u>Schedule 2.12</u> to perform EPCO Services exclusively for the benefit of the corresponding DEP Partnership Entity or its successor set forth on <u>Schedule 2.12</u>. In addition, EPCO shall designate and cause such additional personnel necessary to provide EPCO Services exclusively for the benefit of such entities or any other DEP Partnership Entity or its successor as DEP Holdings shall reasonably request.

ARTICLE 3: USE OF NAME AND MARK

3.1 Grant of License. Effective as of October 1, 2004, EPD OLP has granted EPCO a worldwide royalty-free, five year right and license to use the Name and Mark pursuant to the License Agreement.

-4-

3.2 Reimbursement of Costs. EPD OLP shall reimburse EPCO for the cost of removing the Name and Mark from EPCO's trucks in order to meet the schedule for removal of all Names and Marks on or before the end of the term of the License Agreement.

ARTICLE 4: EPCO'S INDEMNIFICATION FOR EXCLUDED LIABILITIES

4.1 Indemnification. From and after the date hereof and subject to the remaining provisions of this Article 4, EPCO shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Partnership Entities from and against any loss, cost, claim, liability, prepayment or similar penalty, damage, expense, attorneys fees, judgment, award or settlement of any kind or nature whatsoever (other than out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by the Partnership Entities in connection with the discharge of their obligations pursuant to Section 4.2(b)) (collectively, "*Losses*") incurred by the Partnership Entities in connection obligation, or the term "*Losses*," cover or include exemplary, punitive, special, consequential, indirect, or incidental damages or lost profits suffered by the Partnership Entities in connection with the Excluded Liabilities, except to the extent such exemplary, punitive, special, consequential and against or lost profits are actually paid by any Partnership Entity to a third party.

4.2 Indemnification Procedures.

(a) EPCO shall have the right to control all aspects of the defense of any claims (and any counterclaims) related to the Excluded Liabilities, including, without limitation, the selection of counsel, determination of whether to appeal any decision of any court and the settling of any such matter or any issues relating thereto; *provided, however*, that no such settlement shall be entered into without the consent of the applicable Partnership Entities unless (i) it includes a full release of the applicable Partnership Entities from such matter or issues, as the case may be or (ii) following such settlement there is no realistic scenario under which the applicable Partnership Entities could be held liable for such matter or issues.

(b) The Partnership Entities agree, at their own cost and expense, to cooperate fully with EPCO with respect to all aspects of the defense of any claims related to the Excluded Liabilities, including, without limitation, the prompt furnishing to EPCO of any correspondence or other notice relating thereto that the applicable Partnership Entities may receive, permitting the names of the applicable Partnership Entities to be utilized in connection with such defense and the making available to EPCO of any files, records or other information of the applicable Partnership Entities that EPCO considers relevant to such defense; *provided, however*, that in connection therewith EPCO agrees to use reasonable efforts to minimize the impact thereof on the operations of such Partnership Entities. In no event shall the obligation of the applicable Partnership Entities to cooperate with EPCO as set forth in the immediately preceding sentence be construed as imposing upon the applicable Partnership Entities an obligation to hire and pay for counsel in connection with the defense of any claims related to the Excluded Liabilities.

ARTICLE 5: OTHER AGREEMENTS

5.1 Insurance Matters. EPCO hereby agrees to cause the Partnership Entities to be named as additional insureds in EPCO's insurance program, as in effect from time to time. Subject to Section 2.5, each of the Partnership Entities shall be allocated, and pay for, such insurance coverage in an amount equal to EPCO's cost of insuring the assets and operations of such partnership entities.

5.2 Sublease of Equipment. Effective June 1, 1998, EPCO and EPD OLP entered into one or more Sublease Agreements (the "Sublease Agreements"), pursuant to which EPCO agreed to sublease to EPD OLP the equipment covered by the Retained Leases. EPCO has assigned to EPD OLP all options held by EPCO to purchase any and all equipment subject to the Sublease Agreements and the Retained Leases.

5.3 EPCO's Employees.

(a) The obligation of each Billing Agent to pay the Administrative Services Fee shall, as such obligation relates to EPCO's expenses incurred to compensate its employees providing the EPCO Services,

-5-

reimburse EPCO for the appropriate pro rata cost of such employees' salaries, wages, bonuses, benefits, social security and other taxes, workers compensation insurance, retirement and insurance benefits, training, and other direct and indirect costs of such employee fringe benefits. The applicable Billing Agent shall not be obligated to pay any amount directly to EPCO's employees; *provided, however*, if EPCO ever fails to pay any employee providing EPCO Services within 30 days following the date such employee's payment is due:

(i) the applicable Billing Agent or any Affiliate may (w) pay such employee directly, (x) employ such employee directly, (y) notify EPCO and begin to pay all employees providing EPCO Services directly, or (z) notify EPCO that the portion of this Agreement relating to the EPCO Services is terminated and employ directly any or all of such employees, or employ such other individuals as the applicable Billing Agent and its Affiliates may choose in their sole discretion, and

(ii) EPCO shall reimburse the applicable Billing Agent for any amount that such Billing Agent or its Affiliate paid to EPCO, for EPCO's employees providing the EPCO Services, that EPCO did not pay to, or on behalf of, such employees.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in Section 5.3(a) to the contrary, the applicable Billing Agent, shall have the right, at any time upon at least 90 days notice to EPCO, to terminate the portion of this Agreement relating to the EPCO Services and to employ any or all of EPCO's employees providing the EPCO Services directly, or employ such other individuals as the applicable Billing Agent or its Affiliates may choose in its sole discretion.

5.4 Business Opportunities

(a) If any member of the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, or the DEP Partnership Entities (the "Business Opportunity Parties") is offered by a third party, Guity Securities (an "Equity Business Opportunity"), the Business Opportunity Party that is offered or discovers such Equity Business Opportunity shall promptly advise the Board of Directors of EPE GP and present such Equity Business Opportunity to EPE. EPE shall be presumed to desire to acquire the Equity Securities until such time as EPE GP advises the EPCO Group, EPD GP (on behalf of the EPD Partnership Entities) and DEP Holdings (on behalf of the DEP Partnership Entities) that EPE has abandoned the pursuit of such Equity Business Opportunity. In the event that the purchase price of the Equity Business Opportunity shall be made by the Chief Executive Officer of EPE GP after consultation with and subject to the approval of its Audit and Conflicts Committee. If the purchase price is reasonably likely to be less than \$100 million, the Chief Executive Officer of EPE GP may make the determination to decline the Equity Business Opportunity without consulting the Audit and Conflicts Committee of EPE GP. In the event that EPE abandons the Equity Business Opportunity. EPD shall be presumed to desire to acquire the equity securities until such time as EPD GP advises the EPCO Group and DEP Holdings (on behalf of the DEP Partnership Entities), EPD shall have the second right to pursue such Equity Business Opportunity. EPD shall be presumed to desire to acquire the equity securities until such time as EPD GP will follow the same procedures applicable to EPE, as described above but utilizing EPD GP's Chief Executive Officer and Audit and Conflicts Committee. EPD, in its sole discretors, may also keep and designate such Equity Business Opportunity or (ii) EPD abandons such Equity Business Opportunity for both itself and for the benefit of DEP. In such event, DEP shall have the expert pursue such acquirities and the Equity Business

-6-

(b) If any Business Opportunity Party is offered by a third party, or discovers a business opportunity not covered by Section 5.4(a) (a "*Non-Equity Securities Opportunity*"), the Business Opportunity Party that is offered or discovers such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity shall promptly advise the Board of Directors of EPD GP and present such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity to EPD. EPD shall be presumed to desire to pursue the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity until such time as EPD GP advises the EPCO Group, EPE GP (on behalf of the EPE Partnership Entities) and DEP Holdings (on behalf of the DEP Partnership Entities) that EPD has abandoned the pursuit of such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity.

In the event that the purchase price of the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity is reasonably likely to equal or exceed \$100 million, any decision to decline the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity shall be made by the Chief Executive Officer of EPD GP after consultation with and subject to the approval of its Audit and Conflicts Committee. If the purchase price is reasonably likely to be less than \$100 million, the Chief Executive Officer of EPD GP any make the determination to decline the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity without consulting the Audit and Conflicts Committee of EPD GP. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this agreement, the Chief Executive Officer of EPD GP is not required to present such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity equal to or in excess of \$100 million to such Audit and Conflicts Committee in order to decline such opportunity unless such opportunity is to be reoffered to, or is desired to be taken by, another Party to this Agreement or their Affiliates.

EPD, in its sole discretion, may also keep and designate such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity for the benefit and pursuit by DEP. In such event, DEP shall have the opportunity to pursue such acquisition until the earlier of (i) the Board of Directors of DEP Holdings notifies EPD that DEP does not intend to pursue such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity or (ii) EPD abandons such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity for both itself and for the benefit of DEP.

In the event that EPD abandons the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity and so notifies the EPCO Group, EPE GP (on behalf of the EPE Partnership Entities) and DEP Holdings (on behalf of the DEP Partnership Entities), EPE shall have the second right to pursue such Non-Equity Securities Opportunity. EPE shall be presumed to desire to pursue the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity until such time as EPE GP advises the EPCO Group that EPE has abandoned the pursuit of such opportunity. In determining whether or not to pursue the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity, EPE will follow the same procedures applicable to EPD, as described above but utilizing EPE GP's Chief Executive Officer and Audit and Conflicts Committee.

In the event that EPE abandons the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity and so notifies the EPCO Group, the EPCO Group may either pursue the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity or offer the Non-Equity Securities Opportunity to EPCO Holdings or the TPP Partnership Entities, in either case, without any further obligation to the Business Opportunity Parties.

(c) None of the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities nor the DEP Partnership Entities shall have any obligation to present any Business Opportunity to any of the TPP Partnership Entities. None of the TPP Partnership Entities shall have any obligation to present any Business Opportunity to the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities.

(d) Any Business Opportunity offered to or discovered by any EPCO employee solely responsible for the business and affairs of any of the TPP Partnership Entities shall not be subject to the Business Opportunity agreements contained in this Section 5.4 other than Section 5.4(c).

(e) Any Business Opportunity offered to or discovered by an EPCO employee solely responsible for the business and affairs of any of the EPE Partnership Entities shall be considered a Business Opportunity of the EPE Partnership Entities for purposes of this Section 5.4.

(f) Any Business Opportunity offered to or discovered by an EPCO employee solely responsible for the business and affairs of any of the EPD Partnership Entities shall be considered a Business Opportunity of the EPD Partnership Entities for purposes of this Section 5.4.

-7-

(g) Any Business Opportunity offered to or discovered by EPCO employee solely responsible for the business and affairs of any of the DEP Partnership Entities shall be considered a Business Opportunity of the DEP Partnership Entities for purposes of this Section 5.4 only to the extent expressly designated as an Business Opportunity for the DEP Partnership Entities in accordance with the agreement of limited partnership of DEP or DEP OLP, and otherwise shall be considered a Business Opportunity of the EPD Partnership Entities for purposes of this Section 5.4. DEP and DEP OLP acknowledge and agree that such partnerships have renounced their interest in Business Opportunities to the extent set forth in their respective partnership agreements, and hereby agree that, to the extent such opportunities are abandoned by EPD, EPE, the EPCO Group or other third parties may rely on such agreements in their respective partnership agreements in connection with their pursuit of such Business Opportunities.

(h) Any Business Opportunity offered to or discovered by any EPCO employee who performs Shared Services shall be allocated to the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities and/or the TPP Partnership Entities:

(i) to the extent that the Business Opportunity is first presented to such employee in such employee's capacity as a representative of the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, such Business Opportunity shall be allocated to the Partnership Entities then represented by such employee (or to the EPD Partnership Entities with respect to a representative of the DEP Partnership Entities to the extent not expressly designated as an Business Opportunity for the DEP Partnership Entities in accordance with the agreement of limited partnership of DEP or DEP or DEP. OLP); and

(ii) to the extent that the Business Opportunity is first presented to such employee in such employee's individual capacity without regard to his representation of any Partnership Entity, such Business Opportunity shall be allocated to the Partnership Entity for which such employee devotes the most significant amount of such employee's time (or to the EPD Partnership Entities with respect to a representative of the DEP Partnership Entities to the extent not expressly designated as an Business Opportunity for the DEP Partnership Entities in accordance with the agreement of limited partnership of DEP or DEP OLP).

(i) EPCO has caused all EPCO employees who may receive Business Opportunities to acknowledge and agree to comply with the Business Opportunity agreements set forth in this Section 5.4.

5.5 Adoption of Policies and Procedures. The Boards of Directors of EPCO, EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP have adopted the Conflicts Policies and Procedures attached hereto as Exhibit B (the "Conflicts Policy"). EPCO agrees to, and agrees to use all reasonable efforts to cause its employees to, comply with the Conflicts Policy.

ARTICLE 6: MISCELLANEOUS

6.1 Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction. This Agreement shall be subject to and governed by the laws of the State of Texas. Each Party hereby submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts in the State of Texas and to exclusive venue in Houston, Harris County, Texas.

6.2 Notices. All notices or requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given pursuant to this Agreement must be in writing and must be given by depositing same in the United States mail, addressed to the Party to be notified, postpaid, and registered or certified with return receipt requested or by delivering such notice in person or by facsimile to such Party. Notice given by personal delivery or mail shall be effective upon actual receipt. Notice given by facsimile shall be effective upon actual receipt if received during the recipient's normal business hours, or at the beginning of the recipient's next business day after receipt if not received during the recipient's normal business hours. All notices to be sent to a Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be sent to or made at the address set forth below such Party's signature to this Agreement, or at such other address as such Party stipulate to the other Parties in the manner provided in this Section 6.2.

-8-

6.3 Entire Agreement; Supersedure. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties relating to the matters contained herein, superseding all prior contracts or agreements among the parties, whether oral or written, relating to the matters contained herein.

6.4 Effect of Waiver of Consent. No Party's express or implied waiver of, or consent to, any breach or default by any Party in the performance by such Party of its obligations hereunder shall be deemed or construed to be a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by such Party of the same or any other obligations of such Party hereunder. Failure on the part of a Party to complain of any act of any Party or to declare any Party in default, irrespective of how long such failure continues, shall not constitute a waiver by such Party of its rights hereunder until the applicable statute of limitations period has run.

6.5 Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the agreement of all the Parties affected by any such amendment; *provided, however*, that EPE, EPD, DEP and TPP may not, without the prior approval of its Audit and Conflicts Committee, agree to any amendment or modification of this Agreement that, in the reasonable discretion of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings, or TPP GP, as applicable, will materially and adversely affect the holders of units of EPE, EPD, DEP or TPP, as applicable.

6.6 Assignment. No Party shall have the right to assign or delegate its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other Parties.

6.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all Parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one and the same instrument.

6.8 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any Party or circumstance shall be held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application of such provision to other Parties or circumstances shall not be affected thereby and shall be enforced to the greatest extent permitted by law.

6.9 Further Assurances. In connection with this Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement, each Party hereto agrees to execute and deliver such additional documents and instruments and to perform such additional acts as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, carry out and perform all of the terms, provisions and conditions of this Agreement and all such transactions.

6.10 Withholding or Granting of Consent. Unless the consent or approval of a Party is expressly required not to be unreasonably withheld (or words to similar effect), each Party may, with respect to any consent or approval that it is entitled to grant pursuant to this Agreement, grant or withhold such consent or approval in its sole and uncontrolled discretion, with or without cause, and subject to such conditions as it shall deem appropriate.

6.11 U.S. Currency. All sums and amounts payable or to be payable pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement shall be payable in coin or currency of the United States of America that, at the time of payment, is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts in the United States of America.

6.12 Laws and Regulations. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, no Party hereto shall be required to take any act, or fail to take any act, under this Agreement if the effect thereof would be to cause such Party to be in violation of any applicable law, statute, rule or regulation.

6.13 Negation of Rights of Third Parties. The provisions of this Agreement are enforceable solely by the Parties, and no limited partner of EPE, EPD, DEP or TPP or other Person shall have the right to enforce any provision of this Agreement or to compel any Party to comply with the terms of this Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

-9-

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of ______, 2007, to be effective as of the Effective Date.

EPCO, INC. (formerly known as Enterprise Products Company, a Texas corporation)

By: Name: Richard H. Bachmann Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer

<u>Address for Notice:</u> 1100 Louisiana, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-6500

[signature page]

ENTERPRISE GP HOLDINGS L.P.

EPE HOLDINGS, LLC Individually and as Sole General Partner of Enterprise GP Holdings L.P.

By:

W. Randall Fowler Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Address for Notice: 1100 Louisiana, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-___

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS GP, LLC, Individually and as Sole General Partner of Enterprise Products Partners L.P., and

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OLPGP, INC., Individually and as Sole General Partner of Enterprise Products Operating L.P.

By: W. Randall Fowler Senior Vice President and Treasurer

Address for Notice: 1100 Louisiana, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-____

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC Individually and as Sole General Partner of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

By:

W. Randall Fowler Senior Vice President and Treasurer

<u>Address for Notice:</u> 1100 Louisiana, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-__

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, as Sole General Partner

By: Randall Fowler Senior Vice President and Treasurer

Address for Notice: 1100 Louisiana, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-____

[signature page]

TEPPCO PARTNERS, L.P.

TEXAS EASTERN PRODUCTS PIPELINE COMPANY, LLC Individually and as Sole General Partner of TEPPCO Partners, L.P.

By: Patricia A. Totten, Vice President and General Counsel

<u>Address for Notice:</u> 1100 Louisiana, Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-4039

TE PRODUCTS PIPELINE COMPANY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

TEPPCO MIDSTREAM COMPANIES, L.P.

TCTM, L.P.

TEPPCO GP, Inc. Individually and as Sole General Partner of TE Products Pipeline Company, Limited Partnership, TEPPCO Midstream Companies, L.P. and TCTM, L.P.

By:

Patricia A. Totten, Vice President and General Counsel

Address for Notice: 1100 Louisiana, Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77002 Facsimile No.: (713) 381-4039

[signature page]

DEFINED TERMS

"Administrative Services Fee" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2.

"Affiliate" shall mean, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term "control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Person shall only be considered an "Affiliate" of the general partner of EPE, EPD, DEP or TPP, as applicable, if such Person owns, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the voting securities of such general partner or otherwise possesses the sole power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such general partner.

"Agreement" shall mean this Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement, as it may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

"Audit and Conflicts Committee" means a committee of the Board of Directors of EPE GP, EPD GP. DEP Holdings or TPP GP, as applicable, composed entirely of three or more directors who meet the independence, qualification and experience requirements established by the Securities Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and by The New York Stock Exchange, and with respect to EPD GP and TPP GP, at least two of whom also meet the S&P Criteria.

"Billing Agent" shall mean (i) in the case of the EPE Partnership Entities, EPE Holdings, LLC, (ii) in the case of the EPD Partnership Entities, Enterprise Products GP, LLC, (iii) in the case of the DEP Partnership Entities, DEP Holdings, and (iv) in the case of TPP, TEPPCO GP, Inc.

"Business Opportunity" shall mean, collectively or individually, as the context may require, an Equity Business Opportunity and/or a Non-Equity Securities Opportunity.

"Business Opportunity Parties" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(a).

"Commission" shall mean the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"DEP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"DEP Holdings" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"DEP OLP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"DEP Partnership Entities" shall mean DEP Holdings, DEP, DEP OLP and any Affiliate controlled (and only so long as such Affiliates are controlled) by DEP Holdings, DEP or DEP OLP (as the term "control" is used in the definition of "Affiliate").

"Effective Date" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPCO" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPCO Group" shall mean EPCO and its Affiliates (other than the Partnership Entities).

"EPCO Holdings" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(a).

"EPCO Services" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.1.

"EPD" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPD GP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPD OLP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPD OLPGP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPD Partnership Entities" shall mean EPD GP, EPD, EPD OLP and any Affiliate controlled (and only so long as such Affiliates are controlled) by EPD GP, EPD or EPD OLP (as the term "control" is used in the definition of "Affiliate").

"EPE" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPE GP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"EPE Partnership Entities" shall mean EPE GP, EPE and any Affiliate controlled (and only so long as such Affiliates are controlled) by EPE GP or EPE (as the term "control" is used in the definition of "Affiliate") but excluding the EPD Partnership Entities.

"Equity Business Opportunity" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(a).

"Equity Securities" shall mean (i) general partner interests (or securities which have characteristics similar to general partner interests) and incentive distribution rights or similar rights in publicly traded partnerships or interests in Persons that own or control such general partner or similar interests (collectively, "GP Interests") and securities convertible, exercisable, exchangeable or otherwise representing ownership or control of such GP Interests and (ii) incentive distribution rights and limited partner interests (or securities which have characteristics similar to incentive distribution rights or limited partner interests) in publicly traded partnerships or interests in Persons that own or control such limited partner interests (collectively, "non-GP Interests"); provided that such non-GP Interests are associated with GP Interests and are owned by the owners of GP Interests or their respective Affiliates.

"Excluded Liabilities" shall mean the following liabilities and obligations:

(a) all indebtedness of EPCO and its Affiliates other than the Partnership Entities for borrowed money; and

(b) any income tax liability of EPCO that may result from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the First Amendment, the Second Amendment or this Agreement.

"First Amendment" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Independent Director" shall mean an individual who meets the independence, qualification and experience requirements of the New York Stock Exchange

"License Agreement," shall mean that certain Trademark License Agreement, effective August 18, 2004, by and between EPD OLP and EPCO.

"Losses" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.1.

"Name" and "Mark" shall mean the name "Enterprise", as described in Registration Number 1,236,995 registered on May 10, 1983 and issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office, and the mark "Enterprise", as described in Application Registration Number 1,292,612 registered on September 4, 1984 and issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

A-2

"Non-Equity Securities Opportunity" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(b).

"Party" shall mean any one of the Persons that executes this Agreement.

"Partnership Entities" or "Partnership Entities" shall mean the individual or collective reference, as the context may require, to the EPD Partnership Entities, the EPE Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and/or the TPP Partnership Entities.

"Person" means an individual or a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.

"Prudent Industry Practices" shall mean, at a particular time, any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment, will result in the proper operation and maintenance of the assets owned by a Party or its Affiliates and shall include, without limitation, the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the industry at such time with respect to the assets of the same or similar types as the assets owned by such Party or its Affiliates. Prudent Industry Practices are not intended to be limited to optimum practices, methods or acts, to the exclusion of all others, but rather represent a spectrum of possible practices, methods and acts which could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a commercially reasonable cost in a reliable, safe and timely fashion, in compliance with the applicable limited partnership agreement and limited liability company agreement and in accordance with all applicable laws. Prudent Industry Practices are intended to entail the same standards as the Parties would, in the prudent management of their own properties, use from time to time.

"Retained Leases" shall mean the operating leases relating to (i) one cogeneration unit, and (ii) approximately 100 rail cars, the liabilities of each of which were retained by EPCO in connection with the formation of EPD and EPD OLP.

"S&P Criteria" shall mean a duly appointed member of the Audit and Conflicts Committee who had not been, at the time of such appointment or at any time in the preceding five years, (a) a direct or indirect legal or beneficial owner of interests in EPD or TPP, as applicable, or any of its Affiliates (secluding de minimis ownership interests having a value of less than \$1 million), (b) a creditor, supplier, employee, officer, director, family member, manager or contractor of EPD or TPP, as applicable, or any of its Affiliates, or (c) a person who controls (whether directly, indirectly or otherwise) EPD or TPP, as applicable, or any of its Affiliates.

"Second Amendment" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble

"Securities Act" shall mean the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

"Securities Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

"Services Standard" shall mean, with respect to the performance of the EPCO Services, the good faith undertaking, on a commercially reasonable basis, to perform the EPCO Services (i) in the case of the EPD Partnership Entities, at least the same quality and manner as EPCO Services were provided by EPCO or its Affiliates to the EPD Partnership Entities during calendar year 2004, (ii) in the case of the TPP Partnership Entities, at least the same quality and manner as services were provided by Duke Energy Field Services LLC or its Affiliates to the TPP Partnership Entities during calendar year 2004 and (iii) in all material respects in compliance with applicable laws and Prudent Industry Practices.

"Shared Services" shall mean the performance of services for more than one of the groups of entities comprising the EPCO Group, the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and the TPP Partnership Entities.

A-3

"Sublease Agreements" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.2.

"TCTM" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"TE LP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"TEPPCO Midstream" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"TEPPCO Inc." shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Third Amendment" shall have the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"TPP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"TPP GP" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"TPP Partnership Entities" shall mean TPP GP, TPP and any Affiliate controlled (and only so long as such Affiliates are controlled) by TPP GP or TPP (as the term "control" is used in the definition of "Affiliate").

Conflicts Policies and Procedures

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Exhibit B shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in that certain Fourth Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement, effective ______, 2007, of which this Exhibit B forms a part.

This Exhibit B outlines the corporate governance structure and the policies and procedures that have been adopted by EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP to address potential conflicts among, protect the confidential information of, and govern the sharing of EPCO personnel among, the Partnership Entities.

Corporate Governance

Boards of Directors —

(a) <u>Independent Directors</u>. Each of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP will have at least three Independent Directors on its board of directors. None of such Independent Directors will overlap among EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP. Each of EPE GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP shall maintain a majority of Independent Directors on its board of directors to the extent required under applicable rules of the securities exchange on which securities of EPE, EPD, DEP and TPP trade, but otherwise shall not be required to maintain a majority of Independent Directors on its board of directors.

(b) <u>Other Directors</u>. Other than the persons expressly noted below, no director shall serve on more than one of the boards of directors of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP. Dan L. Duncan, Robert G. Phillips, Michael A. Creel, W. Randall Fowler and/or Richard H. Bachmann may serve on more than one of the foregoing boards of directors or any committee thereof.

Notwithstanding the foregoing in clauses (a) and (b) above, Mr. Duncan and any one or more of the other individuals serving as directors of EPE GP, EPD GP or DEP Holdings and any one or more of the individuals serving as directors of TPP GP may attend the meetings of the board of directors of the Partnership Entity of which Mr. Duncan and/or such individuals are not directors, but only at the invitation of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings or TPP GP, as applicable, and so long as no information concerning Commercial and Development Activities involving Potential Overlapping Assets is provided to Mr. Duncan and/or such individuals while in attendance at such meetings.

Separate Commercial Management and Employees — EPCO employees performing Commercial and Development Activities involving Potential Overlapping Assets for the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, on the one hand, and the TPP Partnership Entities, on the other hand, shall not overlap. EPCO employees performing Commercial and Development Activities which do not involve Potential Overlapping Assets for the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities, and/or the TPP Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and/or the TPP Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and/or the TPP Partnership Entities may overlap.

Shared Services — EPCO employees may be assigned to perform Shared Services for all or any of the Partnership Entities. EPCO employees performing Shared Services may be appointed to officer positions (including executive officer positions) at more than one of EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP or their respective controlled Affiliates. However, as stated above, EPCO employees performing Commercial and Development Activities for either the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, and/or the DEP Partnership Entities, on the one hand, or the TPP Partnership Entities, on the other hand, may perform Shared Services for any group of Entities except to the extent that such Shared Services constitute Commercial and Development Activities involving Potential Overlapping Assets. As a result of their performance of Shared Services, Shared Employees may obtain Commercial Information that relates to more than one of the groups of Partnership Entities. To the extent that any Shared Employee has Commercial Information that relates to the EPE Partnership Entities and involves Potential Overlapping Assets, such Shared Employee shall not engage in any activities to which such Commercial Information relates unless such

activities are approved by both the Screening Officer of the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and the Screening Officer of the TPP Partnership Entities.

Information Screening for Shared Employees

To the fullest extent possible, Shared Employees should avoid access to Commercial Information for any Partnership Entities for which they do not perform Commercial and Development Activities. To the extent that any Shared Employee who engages in Commercial and Development Activities becomes privy to Commercial Information relating to Potential Overlapping Assets of any Partnership Entities for which such employee does not perform Commercial and Development Activities, such Shared Employee must report that fact and the nature of the Confidential Information to the Screening Officers who will maintain a record of the name of the person, the date of the report, and the nature of the Commercial Information by the Shared Employee.

Except as expressly permitted by the Screening Officers, to the extent required to effectively perform the Shared Services or in connection with existing or potential joint venture arrangements between any of the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities and the DEP Partnership Entities, on the one hand, and any of the TPP Partnership Entities, on the other hand, (i) Shared Employees shall not disclose Commercial Information relating to Potential Overlapping Assets of the TPP Partnership Entities or any director, officer or employee associated with the EPE Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities; and (ii) Shared Employees shall not disclose Commercial Information relating to Potential Overlapping Assets of the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities; and (iii) Shared Employees sociated with the TPP Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities to any director, officer or employee associated with the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities to any director, officer or employee associated with the EPE Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities to any director, officer or employee associated with the TPP Partnership Entities or the DEP Partnership Entities to any director, officer or employee associated with the TPP Partnership Entities.

Shared Employees should seek guidance on the foregoing restrictions from the Screening Officers to the extent that they are uncertain as to an appropriate course of action.

Information Screening for Dan L. Duncan

Mr. Dan L. Duncan and his Affiliates directly and indirectly own and control EPE GP, EPD GP, DEP Holdings and TPP GP. As a result of the potential conflicts generated by this cross-ownership, Mr. Duncan shall limit his access to information and his ability to control the management of the TPP Partnership Entities as described below.

Mr. Duncan will be screened from any information relating to the Potential Overlapping Assets of the TPP Partnership Entities except (a) information that the TPP Partnership Entities have made available to the public, (b) aggregated financial information and budgets of the TPP Partnership Entities and (c) information related to environmental matters. The foregoing restrictions shall not apply if it is determined that Mr. Duncan requires access to additional information concerning the TPP Partnership Entities and the Screening Officer of the TPP Partnership Entities determines that the information would not be competitively sensitive; provided, the foregoing shall apply to the extent sharing of additional information concerning the TPP Partnership Entities (including information concerning shippers who store NGLs in Mont Belvieu Storage Partners, L.P. terminals, or in any other storage facility, or on the TEPPCO mainline delivery system, in each case as described in the Consent and Order of the U.S. Federal Trade Commission applicable to the TPP Partnership Entities) would violate any applicable governmental order.

Mr. Duncan will not participate in activities involving Commercial Information related to Potential Overlapping Assets of the TPP Partnership Entities. All information to be provided to Mr. Duncan will first be given to the Screening Officer for the TPP Partnership Entities who will ensure that all Commercial Information relating to the Potential Overlapping Assets has been removed.

Definitions

For purposes of these policies and procedures, capitalized terms used but not defined above shall have the following meanings:

"Commercial Information" shall mean information about Commercial and Development Activities or other competitively sensitive information of any Partnership Entities. Commercial Information includes information regarding prices, costs, margins, volumes and contractual terms for any particular customer, any method, tool or computer program used to determine prices for any asset; all plans or strategies used or adopted to negotiate, target or identify a particular customer for any asset; all information regarding plans and prospective budgets to expand or build a new facility; all information regarding a proposal to buy an existing facility; capacity and capacity utilization of any facility.

"Commercial and Development Activities" shall mean operations of the Partnership Entities relating to sales, marketing, or other services provided to customers; operation of or proposed changes to, such Partnership Entities' assets, and the plans and strategies dealing with the business of such Partnership Entities.

"Independent Director" shall mean an individual directors who meets the independence, qualification and experience requirements established by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder and by The New York Stock Exchange.

"Potential Overlapping Assets" shall mean (i) with respect to the TPP Partnership Entities, (a) the TE Products Pipeline (to the extent that such pipeline transports propane), (b) the Val Verde Gathering System, (c) the Chaparral Pipeline, (d) the Quanah Pipeline and (e) Mont Belvieu Storage Partners, L.P. terminals, or in any other storage facility, or on the TEPPCO mainline delivery system (with respect to the assets described in clause (e), as described in the Consent and Order of the U.S. Federal Trade Commission applicable to the TPP Partnership Entities) and (ii) with respect to the EPE Partnership Entities and the EPD Partnership Entities, the Lou-Tex NGL Pipeline, the Dixie Pipeline, the San Juan Gathering System, the Seminole Pipeline System and the natural gas liquids storage facilities located at Mont Belvieu, Texas.

"Screening Officer" shall mean any of Roy Monarch, Michael A. Creel, Richard H. Bachmann or Stephanie C. Hildebrandt, or subsequent persons designated by the Boards of each of EPE GP and EPD GP, in the case of the EPE Partnership Entities and the EPD Partnership Entities and the DEP Partnership Entities, and William G. Manias or Patricia A. Totten, or subsequent persons designated by the Board of TPP GP, in the case of the TPP Partnership Entities.

"Shared Employees" shall mean EPCO employees providing Shared Services.

"Shared Services" shall mean services provided by EPCO employees to more than one of the groups of entities comprising the EPE Partnership Entities, the EPD Partnership Entities, the DEP Partnership Entities and the TPP Partnership Entities and such services shall include, but not be limited to, human resources, information technology, financial and accounting services, legal services and such other services that do not involve Commercial and Development Activities.

South Texas NGL Pipeline, LLC

Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC

OMNIBUS AGREEMENT

AMONG

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

DEP OLPGP, LLC,

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.,

ENTERPRISE LOU-TEX PROPYLENE PIPELINE L.P.

SABINE PROPYLENE PIPELINE L.P.

ACADIAN GAS, LLC

MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC

SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC

OMNIBUS AGREEMENT

THIS OMNIBUS AGREEMENT is entered into on, and effective as of, the Closing Date, among Enterprise Products Operating L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("EPD OLP"), DEP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>General Partner</u>"), Duncan Energy Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership"), DEP OLPGP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>Operating Partnership</u>"), DEP Operating Partnership ("Lou-Tex"), DEP Delaware limited partnership ("Lou-Tex"), Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership ("Lou-Tex"), Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership ("Lou-Tex"), Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership ("Lou-Tex"), Sabine Propylene Pipeline L.P., a Texas limited partnership ("Sabine"), Acadian Gas, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("South Texas NGL", and collectively with Lou-Tex, Sabine, Acadian Gas and Mont Belvieu Caverns, the "Initial Subsidiaries"). The above-named entities are sometimes referred to in this Agreement each as a "<u>Partny</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Partnes</u>." Capitalized terms used in this Agreement have the meanings ascribed thereto in Article 1 of this Agreement.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their understanding, as more fully set forth in Article 2 of this Agreement, with respect to certain indemnification obligations of EPD Entities.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their understanding, as more fully set forth in Article 3 of this Agreement, with respect to certain reimbursment obligations of EPD Entities. WHEREAS, the Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their understanding, as more fully set forth in Article 4 of this Agreement, with respect to certain rights of first refusal EPD OLP with

respect to the current and future Subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their understanding, as more fully set forth in Article 5 of this Agreement, with respect to certain preemptive rights of EPD Entities with respect to the Initial Subsidiaries.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 Construction

Section 1.1 Definitions. Capitalized terms used, but not defined herein, shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the respective meanings set forth below:

"Acadian Gas" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement

"Acceptance Deadline" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.2(b).

"Agreement" means this Omnibus Agreement, as it may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof.

"Audit and Conflicts Committee" has the meaning given such term in the Partnership Agreement.

"Business Day," means any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York City are authorized or required by law to remain closed.

"Capital Stock" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.1(a).

"Closing Date" means the date of the closing of the initial public offering of common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership.

"Common Unit" has the meaning given such term in the Partnership Agreement.

"<u>Covered Environmental Losses</u>" means all environmental losses, damages, liabilities, claims, demands, causes of action, judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, costs and expenses of any Environmental Activity, court costs and reasonable attorney's and experts' fees) of any and every kind or character, known or unknown, fixed or contingent, suffered or incurred by the Partnership Group by reason of or arising out of:

(i) any violation or correction of violation, including without limitation performance of any Environmental Activity, of Environmental Laws; or

(ii) any event, omission or condition associated with ownership or operation of the Partnership Assets (including, without limitation, the exposure to or presence of Hazardous Substances on, under, about or migrating to or from the Partnership Assets or the exposure to or Release of Hazardous Substances arising out of operation of the Partnership Assets at non-Partnership Asset locations) including, without limitation, (A) the cost and expense of any Environmental Activities, (B) the cost or expense of the preparation and implementation of any closure, remedial or corrective action or other plans required or necessary under Environmental Laws and (C) the cost and expense for any environmental or toxic tort pre-trial, trial or appellate legal or litigation support work; *provided*, in the case of clauses (A) and (B), such cost and expense shall not include the costs of and associated with project management and soil and ground water monitoring;

but only to the extent that such violation complained of under clause (i), or such events or conditions included in clause (ii), occurred before the Closing Date.

"Credit Facility." means the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of January 5, 2007, by and among the Partnership, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, The Bank of Nova Scotia and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Syndication Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd., as Co-Documentation Agents, and the other arrangers and lenders named therein, as the same may be amended, restated or modified from time to time.

"Environmental Activities" shall mean any investigation, study, assessment, evaluation, sampling, testing, monitoring, containment, removal, disposal, closure, corrective action,

remediation (regardless of whether active or passive), natural attenuation, restoration, bioremediation, response, repair, corrective measure, cleanup, or abatement that is required or necessary under any applicable Environmental Law, including, but not limited to, institutional or engineering controls or participation in a governmental voluntary cleanup program to conduct voluntary investigatory and remedial actions for the clean-up, removal or remediation of Hazardous Substances that exceed actionable levels established pursuant to Environmental Laws, or participation in a supplemental environmental project in partial or whole mitigation of a fine or penalty.

"Environmental Laws" means all federal, state, and local laws, statutes, rules, regulations, orders, judgments, ordinances, codes, injunctions, decrees, Environmental Permits and other legally enforceable requirements and rules of common law relating to (a) pollution or protection of the environment or natural resources including, without limitation, the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Clean Water Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, the Mammal Protection laws, each as amended through the Closing Date, (b) any Release or threatened Release of, or any exposure of any Person or property to, any Hazardous Substances and (c) the generation, manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment, storage, transport, or handling of any Hazardous Substances.

"Environmental Permit" means any permit, approval, identification number, license, registration, consent, exemption, variance, or other authorization required under or issued pursuant to any applicable Environmental Law.

"EPD" means Enterprise Products Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and its successors.

"EPD Entities" means EPD, EPD OLP, and any other Person controlled by EPD, other than the Partnership Entities. For purposes of this definition, "control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of Voting Securities, by contract or otherwise.

"EPD OLP" has the meaning given such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

"Expenditures" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.1.

"General Partner" has the meaning given such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Hazardous Substance" means (a) any substance that is designated, defined or classified as a hazardous waste, solid waste, hazardous material, pollutant, contaminant or toxic or hazardous substance, or terms of similar meaning, or that is otherwise regulated under any Environmental Law, including, without limitation, any hazardous substance as defined under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, as amended, (b) oil

as defined in the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, as amended, including oil, gasoline, natural gas, fuel oil, motor oil, waste oil, diesel fuel, jet fuel and other refined petroleum hydrocarbons and petroleum products and (c) radioactive materials, asbestos containing materials or polychlorinated biphenyls.

"Indemnified Party" means the Partnership Group or the EPD Entities, as the case may be, in their capacity as the parties entitled to indemnification in accordance with Article 2.

"Indemnifying Party," means either the Partnership Group or the EPD Entities, as the case may be, in their capacity as the parties from whom indemnification may be required in accordance with Article 2.

"Initial Subsidiaries" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Losses" means any losses, damages, liabilities, claims, demands, causes of action, judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, court costs and reasonable attorney's and experts' fees) of any and every kind or character, known or unknown, fixed or contingent.

"Lou-Tex" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement

"Mont Belvieu Caverns" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"OLPGP" has the meaning given such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Operating Partnership" has the meaning given such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Partnership" has the meaning given such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"Partnership Acquisition Proposal" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.2(a).

"Partnership Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of the Partnership, dated as of the Closing Date, as such agreement is in effect on the Closing Date, to which reference is hereby made for all purposes of this Agreement. An amendment or modification to the Partnership Agreement subsequent to the Closing Date shall be given effect for the purposes of this Agreement only if it has received the approval that would be required pursuant to Section 6.5 hereof if such amendment or modification were an amendment or modification of this Agreement.

"Partnership Assets" means the pipeline, natural gas liquids storage facilities or related equipment or asset, or portion thereof, conveyed, contributed or otherwise transferred to any member of the Partnership Group, or owned by or necessary for the operation of the business, properties or assets of any member of the Partnership Group, prior to or as of the Closing Date.

"Partnership Disposition Notice" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.2(a).

"Partnership Entities" means the General Partner and each member of the Partnership Group.

"Partnership Group" means the Partnership, OLPGP, the Operating Partnership and any Subsidiary of the Operating Partnership.

"Partnership Offer Price" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.2(a).

"Party" or "Parties" have the meaning assigned to such terms in the preamble.

"Person" means a natural person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated organization or any other entity.

"Proposed Transferee" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.1(a).

"Release" means any depositing, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, placing, emitting, discarding, abandoning, emptying, discharging, migrating, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment.

"ROFR Assets" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.1(b).

"Sabine" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"South Texas NGL" has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

"South Texas NGL Pipeline" means the 290-mile natural gas liquids pipeline system owned and operated by South Texas NGL.

"Subsequent Notice" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.1(b).

"Subsidiary" has the meaning given such term in the Partnership Agreement.

"Transfer" means any sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition.

"Voting Securities" means securities of any class of Person entitling the holders thereof to vote in the election of members of the board of directors or other similar governing body of the Person.

Section 1.2 <u>Construction</u>. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns, pronouns and verbs shall include the plural and vice versa; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; and (c) the term "include" or "includes" means includes, without limitation, and "including" means including, without limitation.

Section 2.1 Environmental Indemnification.

(a) Subject to the provisions of Section 2.3 and Section 2.4, EPD OLP shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Partnership Group from and against any Covered Environmental Losses suffered or incurred by the Partnership Group and arising from or relating to the Partnership Assets for a period of three (3) years from the Closing Date.

(b) The Partnership Group shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the EPD Entities from and against any Covered Environmental Losses relating to the Partnership Assets, except to the extent that the Partnership Group is indemnified with respect to any of such Covered Environmental Losses under Section 2.1(a)

Section 2.2 <u>Additional Indemnification</u>. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.3, the EPD OLP shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Partnership Group from and against any Losses suffered or incurred by the Partnership Group by reason of or arising out of:

(a) The failure of the applicable member of the Partnership Group to be the owner of valid and indefeasible easement rights, leasehold and/or fee ownership interests in and to the lands on which are located any Partnership Assets, and such failure renders the Partnership Group liable or unable to use or operate the Partnership Assets in substantially the same manner that the Partnership Assets were used and operated by the EPD Entities immediately prior to the Closing Date;

(b) (i) The failure of the applicable member of the Partnership Group to be the owner of such valid and indefeasible easement rights or fee ownership interests in and to the lands on which any of the Partnership Assets conveyed or contributed or otherwise transferred (including by way of a transfer of the ownership interest of a Person or by operation of law) to the applicable member of the Partnership Group on the Closing Date is located as of the Closing Date; (ii) the failure of the applicable member of the Partnership Group to have the consents, licenses and permits necessary to allow of the Partnership Assets to cross the roads, waterways railroads and other areas upon which any of the Partnership Assets as of the Closing Date; (iii) the cost of curing any condition set forth in clause (i) or (ii) above that does not allow any of the Partnership Assets to be operated in accordance with customary industry practice.

(c) All federal, state and local income tax liabilities attributable to the ownership or operation of the Partnership Assets prior to the Closing Date, including any such income tax liabilities of the EPD Entities that may result from the consummation of the formation transactions for the Partnership Group occurring on or prior to the Closing Date.

provided, however, that in the case of clauses (a) and (b) above, such indemnification obligations shall survive for three (3) years from the Closing Date; that in the case of clause (c) above, such indemnification obligations shall survive until sixty (60) days after the expiration of any applicable statute of limitations.

Section 2.3 Indemnification Procedures

(a) The Indemnified Party agrees that within a reasonable period of time after it becomes aware of facts giving rise to a claim for indemnification pursuant to this Article 2, it will provide notice thereof in writing to the Indemnifying Party specifying the nature of and specific basis for such claim.

(b) The Indemnifying Party shall have the right to control all aspects of the defense of (and any counterclaims with respect to) any claims brought against the Indemnified Party that are covered by the indemnification set forth in this Article 2, including, without limitation, the selection of counsel, determination of whether to appeal any decision of any court and the settling of any such matter or any issues relating thereto; *provided, however*, that no such settlement shall be entered into without the consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) of the Indemnified Party unless it includes a full release of the Indemnified Party form such matter or issues, as the case may be.

(c) The Indemnified Party agrees to cooperate fully with the Indemnifying Party with respect to all aspects of the defense of any claims covered by the indemnification set forth in Article 2, including, without limitation, the prompt furnishing to the Indemnifying Party of any correspondence or other notice relating thereto that the Indemnified Party may receive, permitting the names of the Indemnified Party to be utilized in connection with such defense, the making available to the Indemnifying Party of any files, records or other information of the Indemnified Party that the Indemnifying Party considers relevant to such defense and the making available to the Indemnified Party; *provided*, *however*, that in connection therewith the Indemnified Party agrees to use reasonable efforts to minimize the impact thereof on the operations of the Indemnified Party to cooperate with the Indemnifying Party as set forth in the immediately preceding sentence be construed as imposing upon the Indemnified Party an obligation to hire and pay for counsel in connection with the defense. The Indemnifying Party agrees to keep any such counsel hired by the Indemnified Party may, at its own option, cost and expense, hire and pay for counsel in connection with any such defense. The Indemnifying Party agrees to keep any such counsel hired by the Indemnified Party reasonable information furnished by the Indemnified Party may, at its own option, cost and expense, hire and pay for counsel in connection with any such defense.

(d) In determining the amount of any loss, cost, damage or expense for which the Indemnified Party is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement, the gross amount of the indemnification will be reduced by (i) any insurance proceeds realized by the Indemnified Party, and such correlative insurance benefit shall be net of any incremental insurance premium that becomes due and payable by the Indemnified Party as a result of such claim and (ii) all amounts recovered by the Indemnified Party under contractual indemnities from third Persons. The Partnership hereby agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to realize any applicable insurance proceeds or amounts recoverable under such contractual indemnities.

Section 2.4 Limitations on Liability.

(a) The aggregate liability of EPD OLP under Section 2.1(a) shall not exceed \$15.0 million.

(b) No claims may be made against EPD OLP for indemnification pursuant to Section 2.1(a) unless the aggregate dollar amount of such claims for indemnification exceed \$250,000, after such time EPD OLP shall be liable for the full amount of such claims, subject to the limitation of Section 2.4(a).

(c) In no event shall EPD OLP have any indemnification obligations under this Agreement for claims related to unknown Covered Environmental Losses made as a result of additions to or modifications of Environmental Laws promulgated after the Closing Date.

ARTICLE 3 Reimbursement

Section 3.1 General. EPD OLP hereby agrees to reimburse the Partnership Group for an amount equal to sixty-six percent (66%) of any expenditures by the Partnership Group related to construction costs, if any, in excess of (i) \$28.6 million for the current planned expansion of the South Texas NGL Pipeline and (ii) \$14.1 million for the current additional planned brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoir projects owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns (such excess expenditures, if any, made by the Partnership Group, the "Expenditures".

Section 3.2 <u>Reimbursement Procedures</u>. EPD OLP shall have no obligation to make any reimbursement to the Partnership Group pursuant to Section 3.1 until the three (3) business days following receipt by EPD OLP of written notice from the Partnership Group that the Partnership Group has actually paid or incurred Expenditures related to construction costs for either (i) the planned expansion of the South Texas NGL Pipeline or (ii) the planned brine production capacity and above-ground storage reservoir projects owned by Mont Belvieu Caverns. Upon receipt of such notice, EPD OLP shall promptly contribute to the Partnership Group funds in an amount equal to sixty-six percent (66%) of the amount of Expenditures specified in such notice.

ARTICLE 4 Rights of First Refusal

Section 4.1 Right of First Refusal.

(a) Subject to Section 4.1(b), for so long as an EPD Entity controls EPD OLP, (i) the Operating Partnership hereby grants to EPD OLP a right of first refusal on any proposed Transfer (other than a grant of a security interest to a bona fide third-party lender or a Transfer to another member of the Partnership Group) of any equity interest in the Subsidiaries held by the Operating Partnership and (ii) the Operating Partnership and each of the Initial Subsidiaries hereby grants to EPD OLP a right of first refusal on any proposed Transfer (other than a grant of a security interest to a bona fide third-party lender or a Transfer to another member of the Partnership Group) of any equity interest to a bona fide third-party lender or a Transfer to another member of the Partnership Group) of any assets held by the Partnership Group; *provided*, the foregoing shall not apply to Transfer of (i) any assets that are not material to the conduct of the business and operations of the Operating Partnership or any of the Initial Subsidiaries and (ii) inventory or other assets of the Partnership Group in the ordinary course of business; and *provided*, *further*,

that EPD OLP agrees to pay or to cause such other EPD Entity to pay no less than 100% of the purchase price offered by a bona fide, third-party prospective acquiror (a "Proposed Transferee").

(b) The Parties acknowledge that any potential Transfer of assets pursuant to this Article 4 (such assets, the "<u>ROFR Assets</u>") shall be subject to, conditioned on and in compliance with the terms and conditions in the Credit Facility and obtaining any and all necessary consents of equityholders, noteholders or other securityholders, governmental authorities, lenders or other third parties.

(c) The Operating Partnership and each of the Initial Subsidiaries hereby agree that it will not consent to, and direct any of their officers or directors not to consent to, the Transfer of any assets by any members of the Partnership Group who are not Parties to this Agreement in violation of this Article 4 and will use its best efforts to require any other members of the Partnership Group to comply with this Article 4 as if they were Parties to this Agreement.

Section 4.2 Procedures

(a) If a member of the Partnership Group proposes to Transfer any ROFR Assets to a Proposed Transferee (a "Partnership Acquisition Proposal"), then OLPGP shall promptly give written notice (a "Partnership Disposition Notice") thereof to EPD OLP. The Partnership Disposition Notice shall set forth the following information in respect of the proposed Transfer:

- (i) the name and address of the Proposed Transferee;
- (ii) the ROFR Asset(s) subject to the Partnership Acquisition Proposal;
- (iii) the purchase price offered by such Proposed Transferee (the "Partnership Offer Price");
- (iv) reasonable detail concerning any non-cash portion of the proposed consideration, if any, to allow EPD OLP to reasonably determine the fair value of such non-cash consideration;
- (v) OLPGP's estimate of the fair value of any non-cash consideration; and
- (vi) all other material terms and conditions of the Partnership Acquisition Proposal that are then known to OLPGP.

To the extent the Proposed Transferee's offer consists of consideration other than cash (or in addition to cash), the Partnership Offer Price shall be deemed equal to the amount of any such cash plus the fair value of such noncash consideration. If EPD OLP determines that it wishes to, or wishes to cause another EPD Entity to, purchase the applicable ROFR Assets on the terms set forth in the Partnership Disposition Notice (subject to the provisos set forth in Section 4.1(a), including without limitation the requirement therein to pay 100% of the purchase price specified in the Partnership Disposition Notice (the "<u>Acceptance Deadline</u>").



Failure to provide such notice within such 45-day period shall be deemed to constitute a decision not to purchase the applicable ROFR Assets, and EPD OLP shall be deemed to have waived its rights with respect to such proposed disposition of the applicable ROFR Assets, but not with respect to any future offer of such ROFR Assets. If the Transfer by the member of the Partnership Group to the Proposed Transferee is not consummated in accordance with the terms of the Partnership Acquisition Proposal within the later of (A) 180 days after the Acceptance Deadline, and (B) 10 days after the satisfaction of all consent, governmental approval or filing requirements, if any, the Partnership Acquisition Proposal shall be deemed to lapse, and the member of the Partnership Group may not Transfer any of the ROFR Assets described in the Partnership Disposition Notice without complying again with the provisions of this Article 4 if and to the extent then applicable.

(b) If requested by the transferee Party, the transferor Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain financial statements with respect to any ROFR Assets Transferred pursuant to this Article 4 as required under Regulation S-X promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any successor statute. EPD OLP and the Partnership Group shall cooperate in good faith in obtaining all necessary consents of equityholders, noteholders or other securityholders, governmental authorities, lenders or other third parties.

ARTICLE 5 Preemptive Rights

Section 5.1 Preemptive Rights in Initial Subsidiaries.

(a) If any Initial Subsidiary proposes to sell any of its authorized limited liability company interests, partnership interests, shares or other equity interests ("<u>Capital Stock</u>") to any Person in a transaction or transactions, as the case may be, other than (i) as consideration for the acquisition of any other Person, assets or businesses, or (ii) any equity securities (including convertible debt or warrants) issued in connection with a loan to or debt financing of the Initial Subsidiary, each of the Operating Partnership and EPD OLP shall have the right to purchase, at the same price per unit, percentage interest or share of such Capital Stock and upon substantially similar terms and conditions, a pro rata number or percentage interest of such Capital Stock based on the number or percentage interest of the Capital Stock as it owned immediately prior to such issuance.

(b) In the event of a proposed transaction or transactions, as the case may be, that would give rise to preemptive rights of the Operating Partnership and EPD OLP under this Article 5, the Operating Partnership shall provide notice to EPD OLP no later than thirty (30) days prior to the expected consummation of such transaction or transactions. Each Party possessing preemptive rights hereunder shall provide notice of its election to exercise such rights within ten (10) Business Days after delivery of such notice from the Operating Partnership. If any Party having a right to purchase Capital Stock under the preceding sentence shall elect not to exercise such right, then the other Party that has elected to exercise their rights with respect hereto shall have the right to purchase such additional Capital Stock from the Party upon which such right was not exercised; *provided*, *however*, that if, in connection with any proposed transactions giving rise to rights hereunder, any Capital Stock remains from those that were available to the Parties pursuant to their rights hereunder, no Party

preemptive rights under this Article 5 and the proposed transaction or transactions shall be consummated without any exercise of preemptive rights hereunder. In the event of a situation described in the preceding sentence in which a Party elects not to exercise its preemptive rights with respect to a proposed transaction or transactions, the Operating Partnership shall provide notice (the "<u>Subsequent Notice</u>") of such fact within five (5) Business Days following the receipt of all of the notices concerning such elections from the Parties possessing such preemptive rights. Each Party possessing the right to purchase the additional Capital Stock upon which the preemptive rights were not exercised shall respond to this Subsequent Notice by sending a response notice with respect thereto within five (5) Business Days after delivery of the Subsequent Notice. Failure of any Party to respond to such Subsequent Notice with a notice stating the election of such Party to purchase such additional Capital Stock shall be deemed to be an election not to purchase such Capital Stock, and the proposed transaction or transactions shall be consummated without any exercise of preemptive rights hereunder. Subsequent Notice with an otice stating the election of such Party to purchase such additional Capital Stock shall be deemed to be an election not to purchase such Capital Stock, and the proposed transaction or transactions shall be consummated without any exercise of preemptive rights hereunder. Subsequent Notices shall also not be required if EPD OLP has previously notified the Operating Partnership, and the Operating Partnership has notified EPD OLP, of their respective desires not to purchase additional Capital Stock.

(c) Each of the Operating Partnership and the Initial Subsidiary agrees that it shall not authorize or permit any direct or indirect Subsidiaries of the Initial Subsidiaries to issue (by initial issuance or by way of merger, consolidation or similar transaction) any of its Capital Stock to any Person other than (i) to a direct or indirect wholly owned Subsidiary of such Initial Subsidiary, (ii) pro rata based on the then-current percentage interests owned by such other Persons in a transaction in which the Initial Subsidiary shall maintain its then-current percentage interest, (iii) as consideration for the acquisition of any other Person, assets or businesses, or (iv) any equity securities (including convertible debt or warrants) issued in connection with a loan to or debt financing of the Initial Subsidiary. Each Initial Subsidiary agrees that it shall not issue any of its Capital Stock, in violation of this Article 5.

ARTICLE 6 Miscellaneous

Section 6.1 <u>Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction</u>. This Agreement shall be subject to and governed by the laws of the State of Texas, excluding any conflicts-of-law rule or principle that might refer the construction or interpretation of this Agreement to the laws of another state. Each Party hereby submits to the jurisdiction of the state and federal courts in the State of Texas and to venue in Texas.

Section 6.2 <u>Notice</u>. All notices or requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given pursuant to this Agreement must be in writing and must be given by depositing same in the United States mail, addressed to the Person to be notified, postpaid and registered or certified with return receipt requested or by delivering such notice in person or by fax to such Party. Notice given by personal delivery or mail shall be effective upon actual receipt. Notice given by fax shall be effective upon actual receipt if received during the recipient's normal business hours, or at the beginning of the recipient's next business day after receipt if not received during the recipient's normal business hours. All notices to be sent to a Party pursuant to this Agreement

shall be sent to or made at the address set forth below or at such other address as such Party may provide to the other Parties in the manner provided in this Section 6.2.

For notices to EPD OLP or its Affiliates: 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Phone: (713) 381-6500 Fax: (713) 381-8200 Attn: Chief Legal Officer

For notices to the Partnership Entities:

1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Phone: (713) 381-6500 Fax: (713) 381-8200

Attn: Chief Executive Officer

Section 6.3 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties relating to the matters contained herein, superseding all prior contracts or agreements, whether oral or written, relating to the matters contained herein.

Section 6.4 <u>Effect of Waiver or Consent</u>. No waiver or consent, express or implied, by any Party to or of any breach or default by any Person in the performance by such Person of its obligations hereunder shall be deemed or construed to be a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by such Person of the same or any other obligations of such Person hereunder. Failure on the part of a Party to complain of any act of any Person or to declare any Person in default, irrespective of how long such failure continues, shall not constitute a waiver by such Party of its rights hereunder until the applicable statute of limitations period has run.

Section 6.5 <u>Amendment or Modification</u>. This Agreement may be amended, restated or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties; *provided, however*, that no member of the Partnership Group may, without the prior approval of the Audit and Conflicts Committee, agree to any amendment or modification of this Agreement that will adversely affect the holders of Common Units. Each such instrument shall be reduced to writing and shall be designated on its face an "Amendment," "Addendum" or a "Restatement" to this Agreement.

Section 6.6 <u>Assignment</u>; <u>Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. No Party shall have the right to assign its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of all of the other Parties. Each of the Parties hereto specifically intends that each entity comprising the EPD Entities or the Partnership Entities, as applicable, whether or not a Party to this Agreement, shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as third-party beneficiaries hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to any such entity.

Section 6.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signatory Parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Section 6.8 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any Person or circumstance shall be held invalid or unenforceable to any extent by a court or regulatory body of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Agreement and the application of such provision to other Persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby and shall be enforced to the greatest extent permitted by law.

Section 6.9 Further Assurances. In connection with this Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement, each Party agrees to execute and deliver such additional documents and instruments and to perform such additional acts as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, carry out and perform all of the terms, provisions and conditions of this Agreement and all such transactions.

Section 6.10 <u>Withholding or Granting of Consent</u>. Except as expressly provided to the contrary in this Agreement, each Party may, with respect to any consent or approval that it is entitled to grant pursuant to this Agreement, grant or withhold such consent or approval in its sole and uncontrolled discretion, with or without cause, and subject to such conditions as it shall deem appropriate.

Section 6.11 Laws and Regulations. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, no Party shall be required to take any act, or fail to take any act, under this Agreement if the effect thereof would be to cause such Party to be in violation of any applicable law, statute, rule or regulation.

Section 6.12 <u>Negation Rights of Limited Partners, Assignees and Third Parties</u>. The provisions of this Agreement are enforceable solely by the Parties, and no limited partner, member or assignee of EPD OLP, the Partnership, the Operating Partnership or the Initial Subsidiaries or other Person shall have the right, separate and apart from EPD OLP, the Partnership, the Operating Partnership or the Initial Subsidiaries, to enforce any provision of this Agreement or to compel any Party to comply with the terms of this Agreement.

Section 6.13 <u>No Recourse Against Officers or Directors</u>. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of this Agreement shall not give rise to any right of recourse against any officer or director of any EPD Entity or any Partnership Entity.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on, and effective as of, the Closing Date.

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS OPERATING L.P.

By: Enterprise Products OLPGP, Inc., its General Partner

By: Name:

Title:

DEP HOLDINGS, LLC

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

DUNCAN ENERGY PARTNERS L.P.

By: DEP Holdings, LLC, its general partner

By: Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

DEP OLPGP, LLC

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

DEP OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner

By:

Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

ENTERPRISE LOU-TEX PROPYLENE PIPELINE L.P.

By: DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., its general partner

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner

By: Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive

SABINE PROPYLENE PIPELINE L.P.

By: DEP Operating Partnership, L.P., its general partner

By: DEP OLPGP, LLC, its general partner

By: Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive

ACADIAN GAS, LLC

By: Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

MONT BELVIEU CAVERNS, LLC

SOUTH TEXAS NGL PIPELINES, LLC

By: Richard H. Bachmann President and Chief Executive Officer

List of Subsidiaries of Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

67			
Name of Subsidiary Acadian Gas, LLC	Jurisdiction of Formation Delaware		
Acadian Acquisition, LLC	Delaware		
Acadian Consulting LLC	Delaware		
Acadian Gas Pipeline System	Texas		
Calcasieu Gas Gathering System	Texas		
Cypress Gas Marketing, LLC	Delaware		
Cypress Gas Pipeline, LLC	Delaware		
DEP OLPGP, LLC	Delaware		
DEP Operating Partnership, L.P.	Delaware		
Enterprise Lou-Tex Propylene Pipeline, L.P.	Texas		
Evangeline Gas Corp.	Delaware		
Evangeline Gulf Coast Gas, LLC	Delaware		
Evangeline Gas Pipeline Company, L.P.	Delaware		
MCN Acadian Gas Pipeline, LLC	Delaware		
MCN Pelican Interstate Gas, LLC	Delaware		
MCN Pelican Transmission LLC	Delaware		
Mont Belvieu Caverns, LLC	Delaware		
Neches Pipeline System	Texas		

Name of Subsidiary Ponchartrain Natural Gas System	Jurisdiction of Formation Texas
Sabine Propylene Pipeline, L.P.	Texas
South Texas NGL Pipelines, LLC	Delaware
Tejas-Magnolia Energy, LLC	Delaware
TXO-Acadian Gas Pipeline, LLC	Delaware

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Amendment No. 3 to Registration Statement No. 333-138371 on Form S-1 of (i) our report dated December 14, 2006 (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to the preparation of the combined financial statements of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor from the separate records maintained by Enterprise Products Partners L.P.), relating to the combined financial statement schedule of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and 2004, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005, (ii) our report dated November 1, 2006, with respect to the balance sheet of Duncan Energy Partners 20, 2006 and energy Partners L.P. as of September 30, 2006, and (iii) our report dated November 1, 2006, with respect to the balance sheet of DEP Holdings, LLC as of October 31, 2006 appearing in the Prospectus, which is a part of this Registration Statement.

We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Houston, Texas January 19, 2007 January 19, 2007

Mr. H. Christopher Owings Assistant Director Division of Corporation Finance United States Securities and Exchange Commission 450 Fifth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20549

Re: Duncan Energy Partners L.P.

Amendment No. 3 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 Filed January 22, 2007 File No. 333-138371

Dear Mr. Owings:

On behalf of Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (the "Registrant"), we are filing Amendment No. 3 to the above referenced registration statement (the "Registration Statement").

In this letter, we set forth the responses of the Registrant to the comments and requests for additional information contained in the letter from the staff (the "Staff") of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), dated January 19, 2007 (the "Comment Letter"), with respect to the above captioned filing. For your convenience, we have repeated the comments and requests for additional information as set forth in the Comment Letter. The Registrant's response to each comment or request is set forth immediately below the text of the applicable comment or request.

Information provided in this letter on behalf of the Registrant and its executive officers, directors and controlling persons has been provided to us by the Registrant.

Amendment No. 2 to Form S-1

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements, page F-2

ProForma Adjustments and Assumptions, page F-7

Comment 1

Please explain to us why applying Staff Accounting Bulletin 1:B:3 results in an accretive impact to pro forma net income per limited partners unit for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Also, tell us and disclose why you have applied the impact of the contemplated distribution to owners to the limited partner units rather than Enterprise Products Partners ownership interests.

Response:

Upon further review, we have removed the last paragraph of Note (h) on page F-12 since the Predecessor financial statements do not reflect net income per unit data for the historical periods.

The impact of the contemplated distribution to owners has been presented as a reduction in ownership interest held by Enterprise Products Partners. After the \$411.2 million distribution, the Parent's interest in the Partnership is \$305.2 million.

Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor Financial Statements, page F-13

Comment 2

Please provide a pro forma balance sheet as of September 30, 2006 reflecting the distribution accrual (but not giving effect to the offering proceeds) along side the historical balance sheet. Refer to SAB topic 1:B:3.

Response:

We acknowledge your comment and have provided the following supplemental information under Note (i) in our pro forma footnote disclosures. This information presents the pro forma effect that a distribution accrual would have had on the historical combined liabilities and equity of Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor at September 30, 2006 (before giving effect to the offering proceeds or other pro forma adjustments).

The following table presents the pro forma impact on Duncan Energy Partners' Predecessor combined liabilities and equity as of September 30, 2006 had the distribution of \$411.2 million been accrued at that date:

	Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor — Historical	Pro Forma Accrual of Distribution Payable to Parent	Duncan Energy Partners Predecessor — Pro Forma Accrual of Distribution Payable to Parent
Liabilities and Equity			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 74,409		\$ 74,409
Distribution payable to owners		\$ 411,232	\$411,232
Other current liabilities	9,582		9,582
Total current liabilities	83,991	411,232	495,223
Other long-term liabilities	1,033		1,033
Equity			
Owners' net investment	662,131	(411,232)	250,899
Total liabilities/owners' net investment	\$747,155	\$	\$747,155

The following table reconciles owners' net investment as shown in the preceeding table to the Parent's interest in the Partnership on an as adjusted pro forma basis at September 30, 2006 as presented in the Partnership's Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet:

Pro forma owners' net investment	\$ 250,899
Pro forma adjustment — Note (a)	52,520
Pro forma adjustment — Note (d)	1,814
As Adjusted Parent's interest in the Partnership	\$ 305,233

Mr. H. Christopher Owings January 19, 2007 Page 4

Please direct any questions that you have with respect to the foregoing or with respect to the amended Registration Statement to the undersigned at (713) 220-4301.

Regards, /s/ David C. Buck David C. Buck

Enclosures

cc: Richard H. Bachmann (Registrant)